

Project Name : “ QUIZ MASTER “

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Project overview

- **Objective :** The Quiz Game is an interactive C-based console application designed to test a user's general knowledge through a series of multiple-choice questions. The game provides a straightforward, user-friendly experience where the player can select a difficulty level, answer questions, and track their score. It is ideal for anyone looking to test their knowledge on a variety of topics while offering a fun and educational experience.
- **Features**
 - * User selects difficulty (Easy, Medium, or Hard).
 - * Questions are displayed with options A, B, C, D.
 - * User inputs an answer, and the program checks if it's correct.
 - * Score is updated and displayed after each question.
 - * After all questions, the final score and percentage are displayed.
 - * The player is asked if they want to play again. If yes, the quiz restarts.

Structure and Functionality

The code is structured into different parts:

Input

- The user provides input for:
 1. Selecting the difficulty level (`scanf("%d", &choice);`).
 2. Answering quiz questions (`scanf(" %c", &answer);`).
 3. Deciding whether to replay (`scanf(" %c", &playAgain);`).

Why is this needed?

- User input is essential to make the program interactive. It allows dynamic selection of difficulty levels and lets users participate actively.

Logic

1. Struct for Questions – The **struct Question** is used to store questions, multiple-choice options, and the correct answer.
2. Functionality Flow:
 - The quiz game starts and asks the user to choose a difficulty level.
 - The appropriate set of questions is selected and stored in an array.
 - Each question is displayed one by one, and the user's input is taken.
 - If the answer is correct, the score is incremented.
 - The final score and percentage are displayed after all questions.
 - The user is given the choice to play again.

Why is this needed?

- The logic ensures a structured and user-friendly experience. It follows a logical order to handle inputs, process the quiz, and display outputs efficiently.

Output

- Displays quiz questions with multiple-choice options.
- Shows the user's score after each question.
- At the end, it displays:
 1. The final score.
 2. The percentage.
 3. A prompt asking if the user wants to replay.

Why is this needed?

- Feedback is crucial for user engagement. Displaying scores and percentages helps users track their performance.

Identifying Key Elements

Operators Used

The code uses various operators:

- Assignment Operator (`=`) – Used to assign values (e.g., `quiz[0].correctAnswer = 'A';`).
- Arithmetic Operators (`+`, `/`, `*`) – Used in score calculation and percentage (`float percentage = (float)score / totalQuestions * 100;`).
- Comparison Operator (`==`) – Used to check if the user's answer is correct (`if (answer == q.correctAnswer)`).
- Logical Operator (`&&`, `||`) – Not used in this version, but could be useful for further validation.

Why are they used?

- These operators help in assigning values, performing calculations, and making decisions based on user inputs.

Conditional Statements

1. `if` Statements

- Used to check if the answer is correct:

```
if (answer == q.correctAnswer) {  
    correct = 1;  
}
```

Used in replay functionality:

```
if (playAgain == 'Y')
```

2. `switch` Statement

- Used to select the difficulty level and load the appropriate questions.

```
switch (choice) {  
    case 1:  
        // Load easy questions  
        break;  
    case 2:  
        // Load medium questions  
        break;  
    case 3:  
        // Load hard questions  
        break;  
}
```

Why are they used?

- if statements are necessary for decision-making at multiple points.
- The switch statement simplifies handling multiple difficulty levels efficiently.

Loops

for Loop

- Used to iterate through quiz questions:

```
for (i = 0; i < totalQuestions; i++) {  
    correct = askQuestion(quiz[i]);  
    score += correct;  
}
```

do-while Loop

- Used to keep playing until the user decides to stop:

```
do {  
    // Run the quiz  
} while (playAgain == 'Y');
```

Why are they used?

- The for loop ensures that all questions are asked in sequence.
- The do-while loop ensures that the game runs at least once and allows replaying.

Arrays and Strings

- **Arrays**

- The quiz questions and options are stored in an array:

```
struct Question quiz[3];
```

- **Strings**

- Used to store question text and answer choices (`char question[200];`).
- String functions like `strcpy()` are used to assign values.

Why are they used?

- Arrays store multiple questions efficiently.
- Strings are needed for handling text-based input/output.

Explanation of the Code

- 1. Defining the `Question` Structure
 - Holds the question, four answer choices, and the correct answer.
- 2. Function `displayScore()`
 - Calculates and prints the final score and percentage.
- 3. Function `askQuestion()`
 - Displays the question and options, takes user input, and checks correctness.
- 4. Function `selectDifficulty()`
 - Lets the user choose a difficulty level and loads corresponding questions.
- 5. Main Function (`main()`)
 - Controls the entire game flow:
 - Calls `selectDifficulty()` .
 - Uses a loop to ask questions and track the score.
 - Displays the final score.
 - Allows the user to replay.

Summary of Why Each Component is Used

Component	Purpose
<code>struct Question</code>	Stores quiz details.
<code>displayScore()</code>	Displays results.
<code>askQuestion()</code>	Handles user input and answer checking.
<code>selectDifficulty()</code>	Loads questions based on user choice.
<code>main()</code>	Runs the quiz and handles replaying.
<code>for</code> loop	Iterates through questions.
<code>do-while</code> loop	Allows replaying the game.
<code>if</code> statements	Checks user answers and game continuation.
<code>switch</code> statement	Selects difficulty level efficiently.
Arrays	Stores multiple questions.
Strings	Handles text for questions and options.

CODE :

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>

#include <ctype.h>

struct Question {

    char question[200];

    char options[4][100];

    char correctAnswer;

};

void displayScore(int score, int totalQuestions) {

    float percentage = (float)score / totalQuestions * 100;

    printf("\nYour total score: %d out of %d\n", score, totalQuestions);

    printf("Your percentage: %.2f%%\n", percentage);

}

int askQuestion(struct Question q) {

    char answer;

    int correct = 0;

    printf("\n%s\n", q.question);

    printf("A. %s\n", q.options[0]);

    printf("B. %s\n", q.options[1]);

    printf("C. %s\n", q.options[2]);

    printf("D. %s\n", q.options[3]);

    printf("Your answer (A, B, C, D): ");

    scanf(" %c", &answer);
```

```

    answer = toupper(answer);
    if (answer == q.correctAnswer) {
        correct = 1;
    }

    return correct;
}

void selectDifficulty(struct Question quiz[]) {
    int choice;

    printf("Welcome to the Quiz Game!\n");
    printf("Select your difficulty level:\n");
    printf("1. Easy\n");
    printf("2. Medium\n");
    printf("3. Hard\n");
    printf("Enter your choice (1/2/3): ");
    scanf("%d", &choice);

    switch (choice) {
        case 1:
            // Easy questions
            strcpy(quiz[0].question, "What is the capital of France?");
            strcpy(quiz[0].options[0], "Paris");
            strcpy(quiz[0].options[1], "London");
            strcpy(quiz[0].options[2], "Berlin");
            strcpy(quiz[0].options[3], "Madrid");
            quiz[0].correctAnswer = 'A';

```



```
strcpy(quiz[1].question, "Which planet is known as the Red Planet?");
strcpy(quiz[1].options[0], "Earth");
strcpy(quiz[1].options[1], "Mars");
strcpy(quiz[1].options[2], "Venus");
strcpy(quiz[1].options[3], "Jupiter");
quiz[1].correctAnswer = 'B';
```

```
strcpy(quiz[2].question, "What is 2 + 2?");
strcpy(quiz[2].options[0], "3");
strcpy(quiz[2].options[1], "4");
strcpy(quiz[2].options[2], "5");
strcpy(quiz[2].options[3], "6");
quiz[2].correctAnswer = 'B';
break;
```

case 2:

```
strcpy(quiz[0].question, "Who wrote 'To Kill a Mockingbird'?");
strcpy(quiz[0].options[0], "Harper Lee");
strcpy(quiz[0].options[1], "J.K. Rowling");
strcpy(quiz[0].options[2], "Mark Twain");
strcpy(quiz[0].options[3], "F. Scott Fitzgerald");
quiz[0].correctAnswer = 'A';
```

```
strcpy(quiz[1].question, "What is the chemical symbol for water?");
strcpy(quiz[1].options[0], "H2O");
strcpy(quiz[1].options[1], "CO2");
strcpy(quiz[1].options[2], "O2");
```

```
strcpy(quiz[1].options[3], "NaCl");  
quiz[1].correctAnswer = 'A';
```

```
strcpy(quiz[2].question, "Which element has the atomic number 1?");  
strcpy(quiz[2].options[0], "Helium");  
strcpy(quiz[2].options[1], "Hydrogen");  
strcpy(quiz[2].options[2], "Oxygen");  
strcpy(quiz[2].options[3], "Carbon");  
quiz[2].correctAnswer = 'B';  
break;
```

case 3:

```
strcpy(quiz[0].question, "What is the fastest land animal?");  
strcpy(quiz[0].options[0], "Lion");  
strcpy(quiz[0].options[1], "Cheetah");  
strcpy(quiz[0].options[2], "Leopard");  
strcpy(quiz[0].options[3], "Elephant");  
quiz[0].correctAnswer = 'B';
```

```
strcpy(quiz[1].question, "Who developed the theory of relativity?");  
strcpy(quiz[1].options[0], "Isaac Newton");  
strcpy(quiz[1].options[1], "Albert Einstein");  
strcpy(quiz[1].options[2], "Galileo");  
strcpy(quiz[1].options[3], "Nikola Tesla");  
quiz[1].correctAnswer = 'B';
```

```
strcpy(quiz[2].question, "Which programming language is known as 'C's successor'?");
```

```

        strcpy(quiz[2].options[0], "Java");
        strcpy(quiz[2].options[1], "C++");
        strcpy(quiz[2].options[2], "Python");
        strcpy(quiz[2].options[3], "Swift");
        quiz[2].correctAnswer = 'B';
        break;
    }
}

int main() {
    struct Question quiz[3];
    int score = 0, totalQuestions = 3, i, correct;
    char playAgain;

    do {
        selectDifficulty(quiz);
        printf("Quiz Started! Good luck!\n");

        for (i = 0; i < totalQuestions; i++) {
            correct = askQuestion(quiz[i]);
            score += correct;
            printf("Your score so far: %d\n", score);
        }
        displayScore(score, totalQuestions);
        printf("\nDo you want to play again? (Y/N): ");
        scanf(" %c", &playAgain);
        playAgain = toupper(playAgain);
    } while (playAgain == 'Y');
}

```

```
printf("Thanks for playing! Goodbye!\n");  
return 0;  
}
```

CONCLUTION

The **Quiz Game** is an interactive and user-friendly program that tests a player's knowledge across different difficulty levels. It provides a structured gameplay experience by incorporating **question selection, user input handling, answer validation, and score tracking**. The game ensures a smooth flow by using structured programming concepts such as **loops, conditional statements, functions, and arrays**.

Key strengths of the game include:

1. **Dynamic Difficulty Selection** – Allows players to choose between Easy, Medium, and Hard levels.
2. **Interactive Question-Answer Format** – Engages users with multiple-choice questions.
3. **Real-Time Score Updates** – Keeps players informed of their progress.
4. **Replay Feature** – Encourages repeated play for learning and improvement.

Overall, this quiz game serves as a great example of fundamental programming concepts in C while also being a fun and engaging way to test knowledge. It can be further expanded by adding **a larger question bank, a timer for answering questions, and a leaderboard system** to enhance the experience.