

Resume

Applications:

The Pythagorean theorem has numerous applications in various fields:

- Architecture: Determining the heights of buildings and structures.
- Civil engineering: Calculating the lengths of bridges and other structures.

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- Land surveying: Measuring distances and areas of land.
- **Trigonometry:** Deriving trigonometric ratios.
- Navigation: Finding the distance between two points on the Earth's surface.

Example:

Consider a right-angled triangle with legs of length 3 cm and 4 cm. Using the Pythagorean theorem, we can find the length of the hypotenuse:

$$3^2 + 4^2 = c^2 9 + 16 = c^2 25 = c^2 c = \sqrt{25} c = 5 \text{ cm}$$

Therefore, the length of the hypotenuse is 5 cm.

Proof:

There are various ways to prove the Pythagorean theorem, including:

- **Geometric proof:** Dividing the square on the hypotenuse into four right triangles and rearranging them to form squares on the legs.
- Algebaic proof: Using the properties of similar triangles.
- Coordinate geometry proof: Using the distance formula and the slopes of the lines forming the triangle.

Historical Significance:

The Pythagorean theorem is attributed to the Greek mathematician Pythagoras, who is believed to have lived in the 6th century BC. It is one of the oldest and most well-known mathematical theorems.