

TASK FIFTEEN

DVWA

SQL INJECTION

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CONTENTS

1. SETTING UP DVWA	3
2. SQL INJECTION (LOW)	6
3. SQL INJECTION (MEDIUM).....	8
4. SQL INJECTION (HIGH)	11

1. SETTING UP DVWA

1.1. Cloned the pentestlab github repository using “git clone”

cmd : `git clone https://github.com/eystsen/pentestlab.git`

1.2. Then moved into the pentestlab directory.

cmd: `cd pentestlab`

1.3. Then listed the available pentest applications.

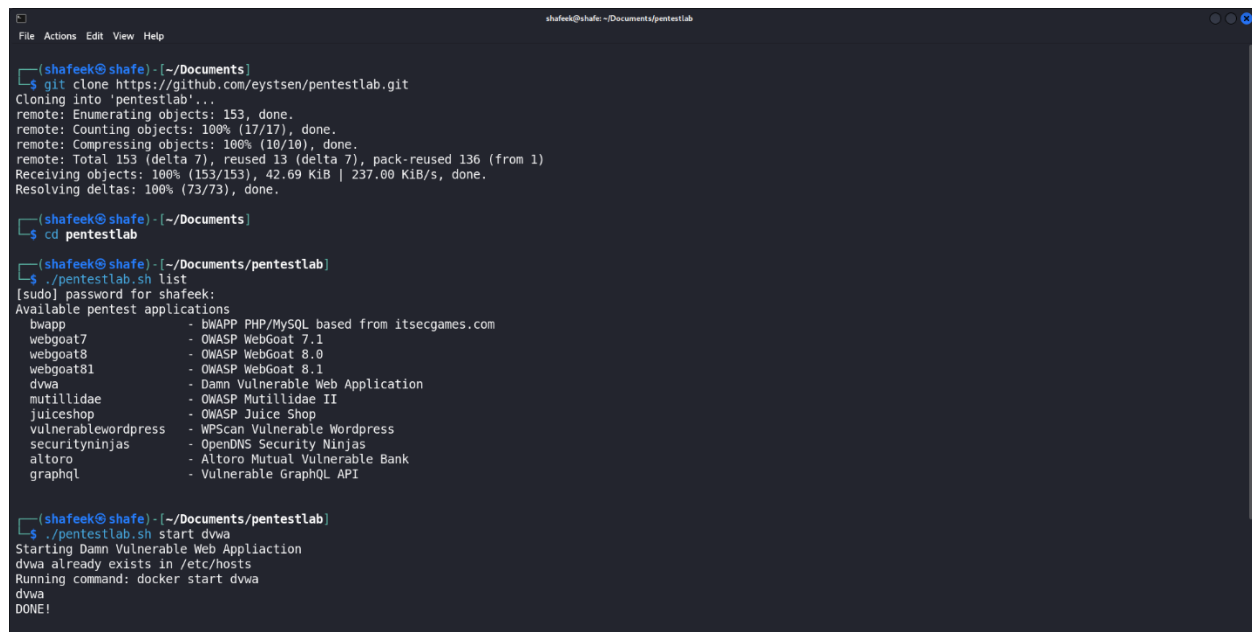
cmd: `./pentestlab.sh list`

1.4. Then selected the DVWA application from the list.

cmd: `./pentestlab.sh start dvwa`

1.5. After the successful installation, the DVWA app is then automatically added to `/etc/hosts` and it can be accessed from browser using :

`http://dvwa` or `http://127.8.0.1`



```
(shafeek@shafe)-[~/Documents]
$ git clone https://github.com/eystsen/pentestlab.git
Cloning into 'pentestlab'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 153, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (17/17), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (10/10), done.
remote: Total 153 (delta 7), reused 13 (delta 7), pack-reused 136 (from 1)
Receiving objects: 100% (153/153), 42.69 KiB | 237.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (73/73), done.

(shafeek@shafe)-[~/Documents]
$ cd pentestlab

(shafeek@shafe)-[~/Documents/pentestlab]
$ ./pentestlab.sh list
[sudo] password for shafeek:
Available pentest applications
bwapp          - bWAPP PHP/MySQL based from itsecgames.com
webgoat7       - OWASP WebGoat 7.1
webgoat8       - OWASP WebGoat 8.0
webgoat81      - OWASP WebGoat 8.1
dvwa           - Damn Vulnerable Web Application
mutillidae     - OWASP Mutillidae II
juiceshop      - OWASP Juice Shop
vulnerableword - WPScan Vulnerable Wordpress
securityninjas - OpenDNS Security Ninjas
altoro         - Altoro Mutual Vulnerable Bank
graphql        - Vulnerable GraphQL API

(shafeek@shafe)-[~/Documents/pentestlab]
$ ./pentestlab.sh start dvwa
Starting Damn Vulnerable Web Application
dvwa already exists in /etc/hosts
Running command: docker start dvwa
dvwa
DONE!
```

Fig 1.1

1.7. Upon successful login, we are redirected to a setup page where we can create or reset the database. After making the necessary changes, click on the

4

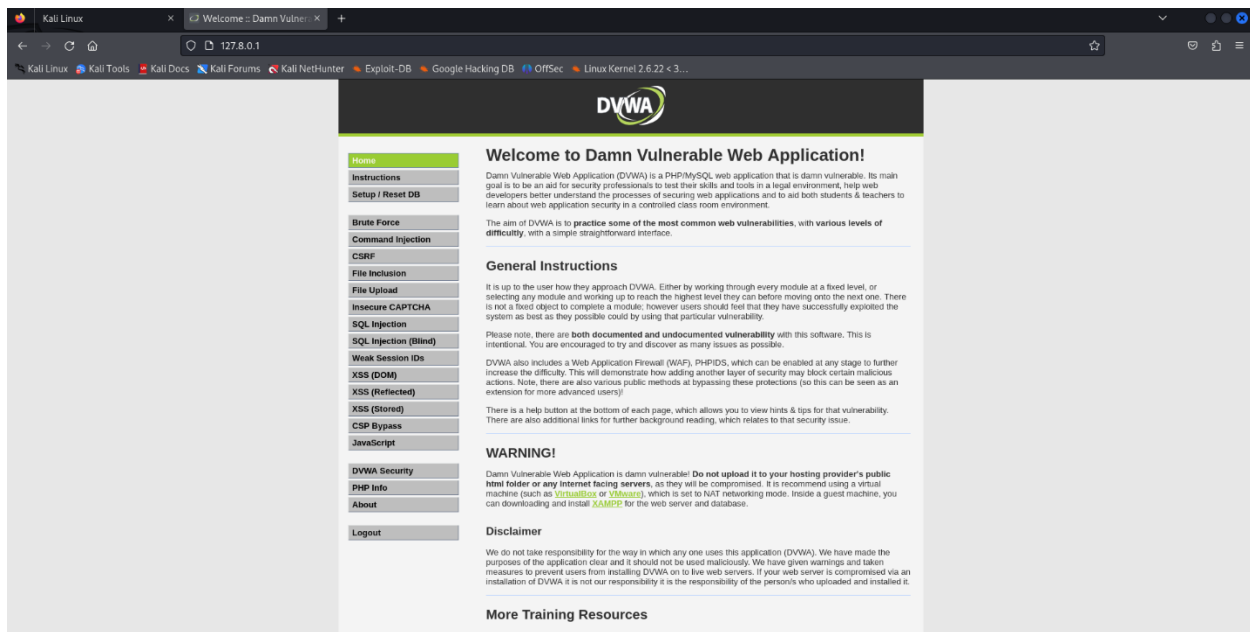


Fig 1.3

2. SQL INJECTION (LOW)

After selecting the SQL Injection vulnerability, we will see a page where we can see a text field and a submit button. This text field is where we can the code malicious code to dump the details of the users.

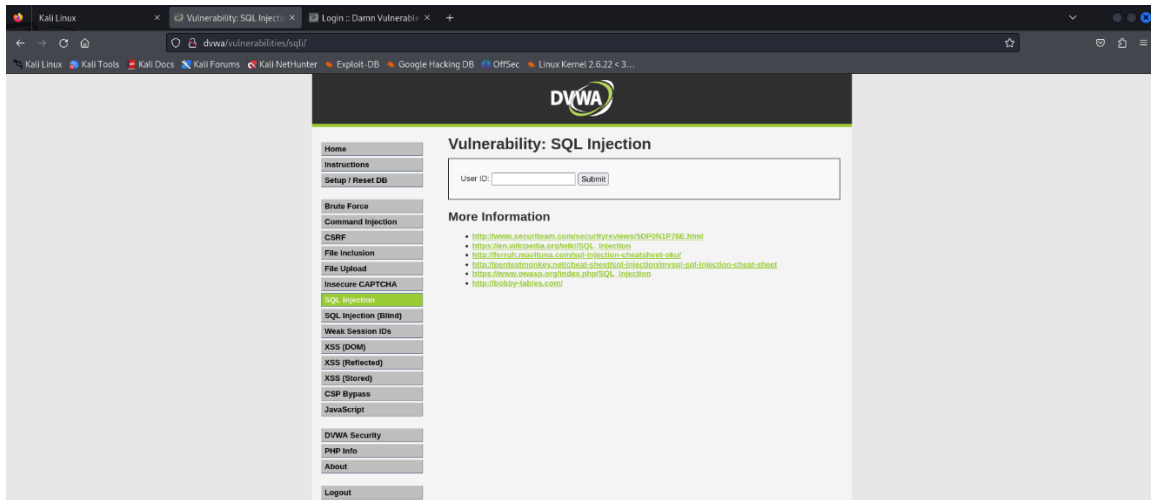


Fig 2.1

So I tried entering just “1” and submitted, then it displayed the details of the user with user id 1. So then tried entering **%' and 1=0 union select null, concat(first_name,0x0a,last_name,0x0a,user,0x0a,password) from users #** and submitted , this code dumped the details of all the users present in the database (fig 2.2).

The resulting page displays details of users such as first name, last name, username, and hashed passwords.

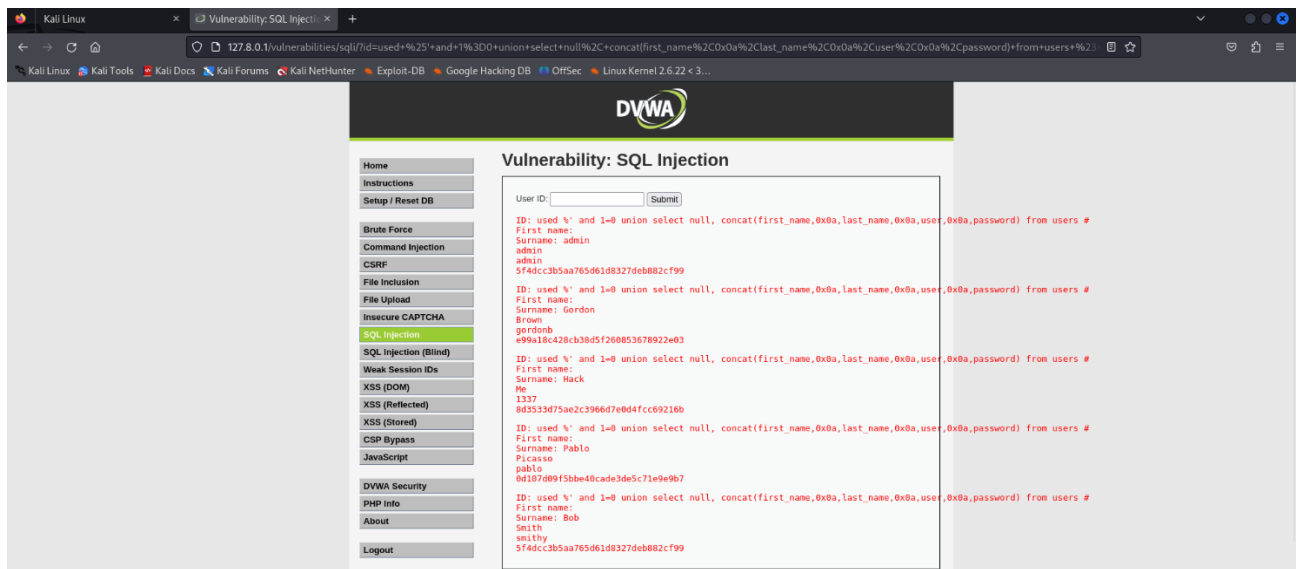


Fig 2.2

3. SQL INJECTION (MEDIUM)

After changing the security settings to “Medium” and SQL Injection page appeared different from last time. This time there is no text field give an input rather we have select the user id from a drop down list to get the details of the users.

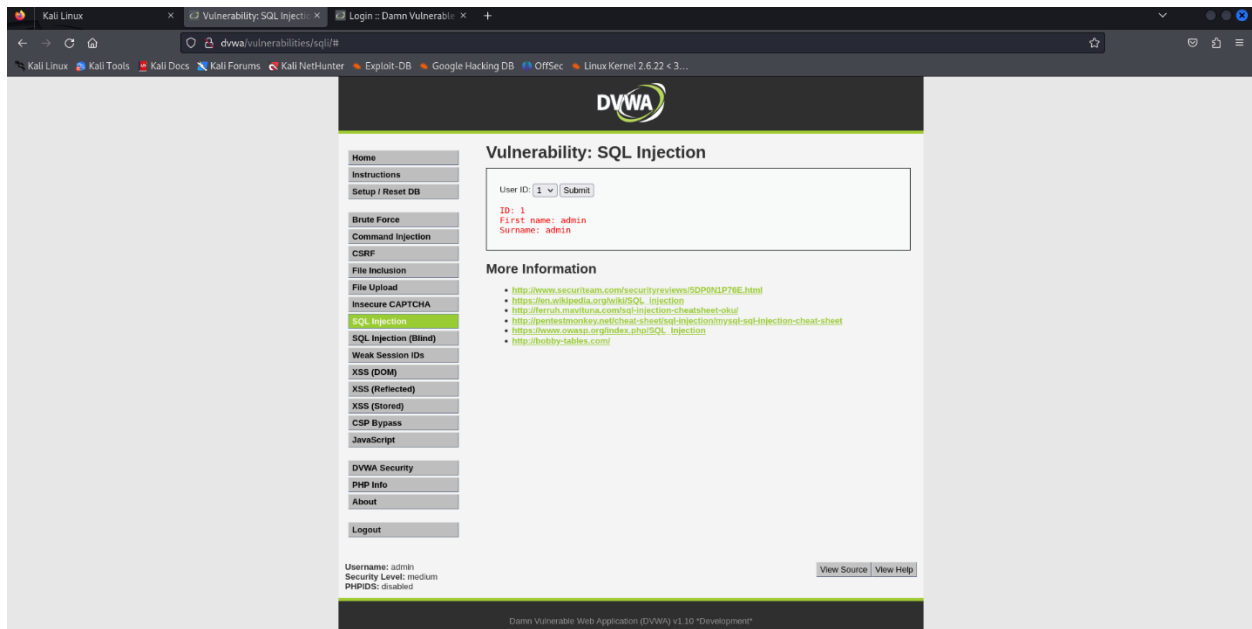


Fig 3.1

So I opened this page in Burpsuite to look what is happening in the background.

Eventhough the security settings have been changed to medium, Burpsuite still displays the page with low security settings since cookie settings have not been automatically updated.

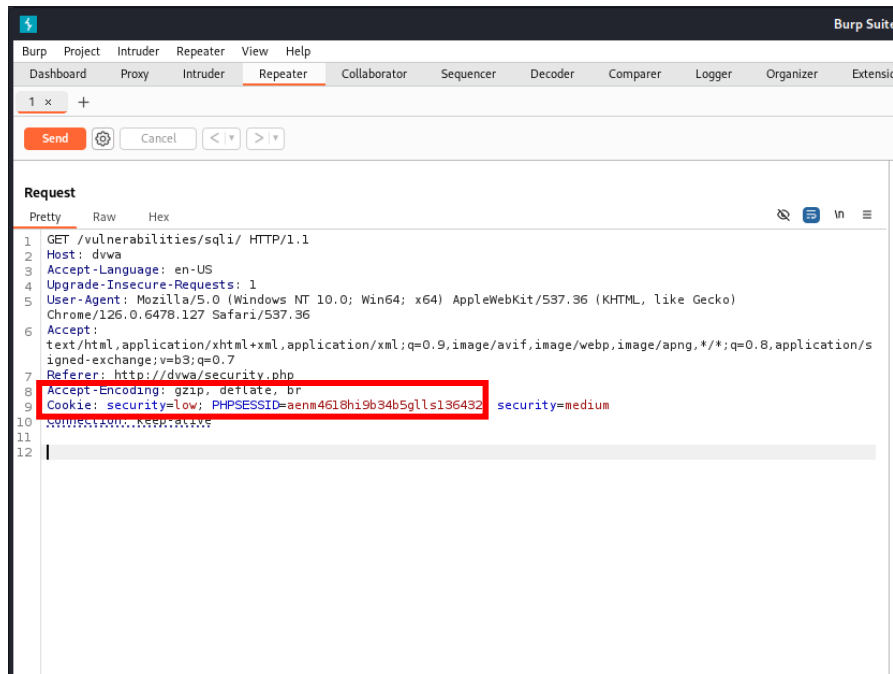


Fig 3.2

So I manually changed the cookie settings to medium using Burpsuite Repeater. Now it displays page with medium security settings.

Now I checked the Burpsuite history and found a POST request, so I send that page to Burpsuite Repeater.

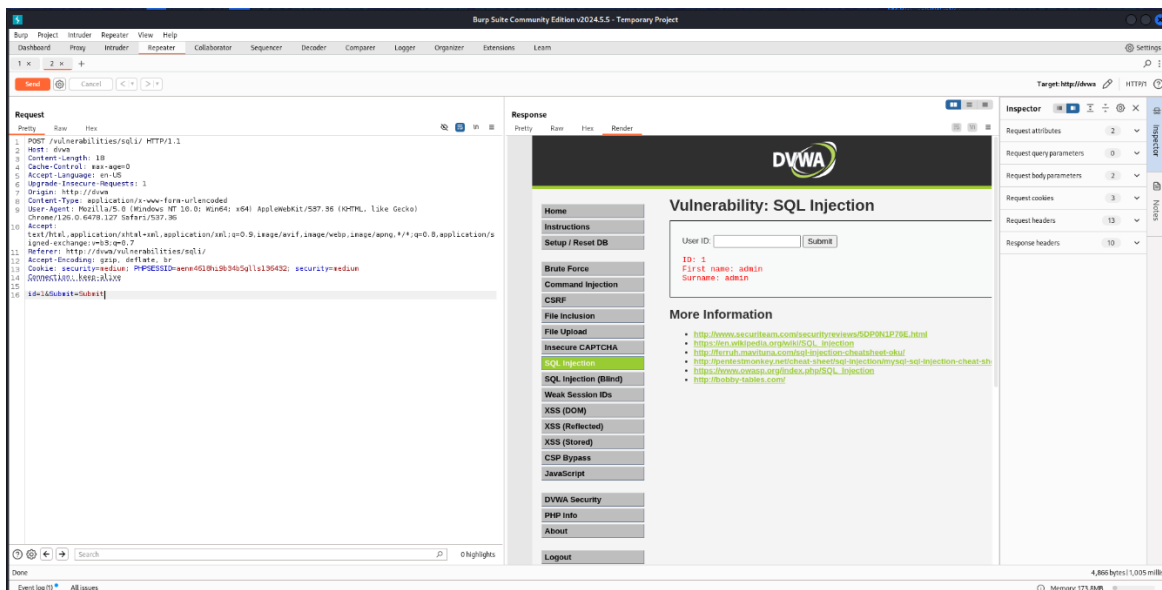


Fig 3.3

I then edited id =1 to **id=1 UNION SELECT user, password FROM users** – in the POST request and send the request. The response gave me page which dumped the details of the users (Fig 3.4).

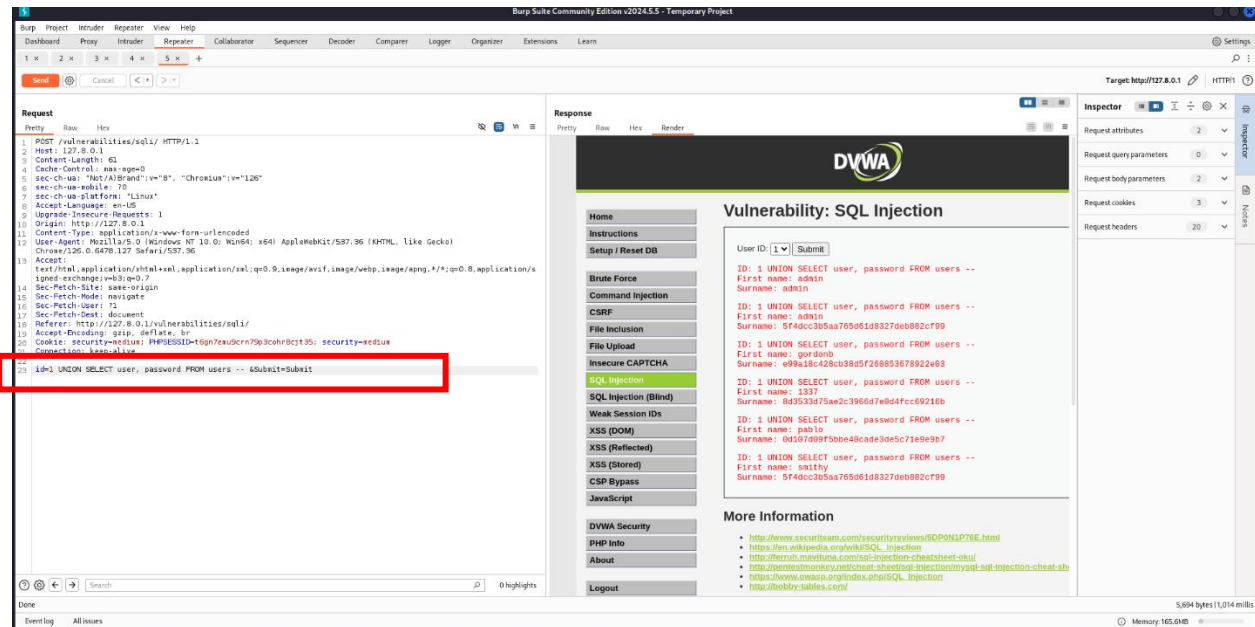


Fig 3.4

The result includes the details of users such as username and hashed password.

4. SQL INJECTION (HIGH)

After the security settings to “HIGH” again the page appeared different to last time. This time instead of input text field or drop down list there appeared a hyperlink which redirected to another on clicking it (fig 4.1). The page which was redirected to contains an input field where we have enter the user id to get the details of the users.

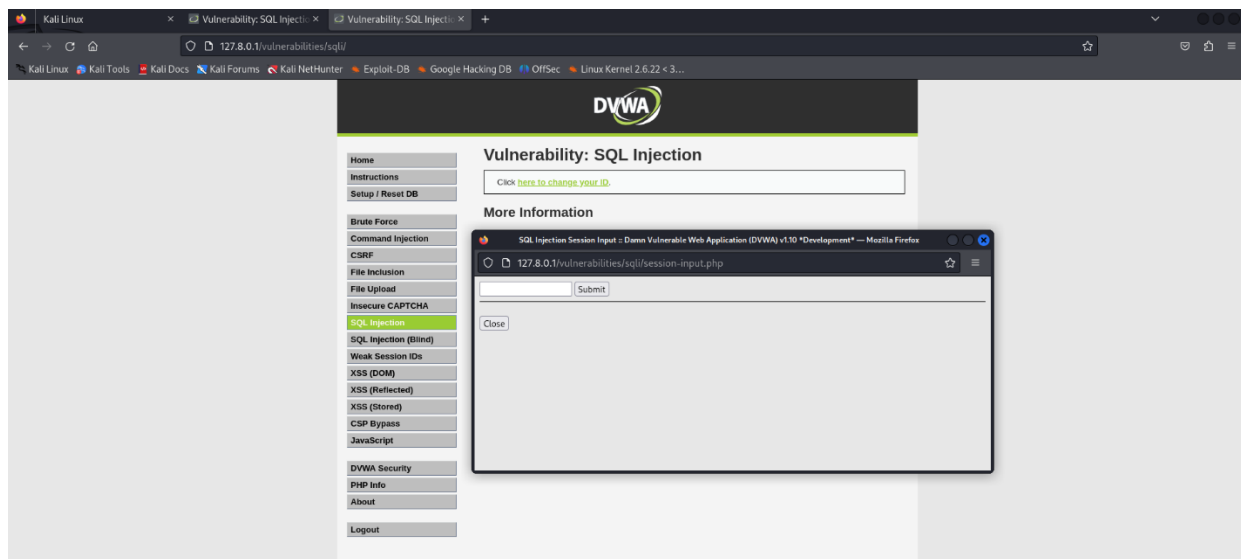


Fig 4.1

In the input field I tried entering just “1” and submitted, then it displayed the details of the user with user id 1. Then changed the input to **1' UNION SELECT user,password from users #** and submitted. Then the resulting page displayed the details of the users (fig 4.2).

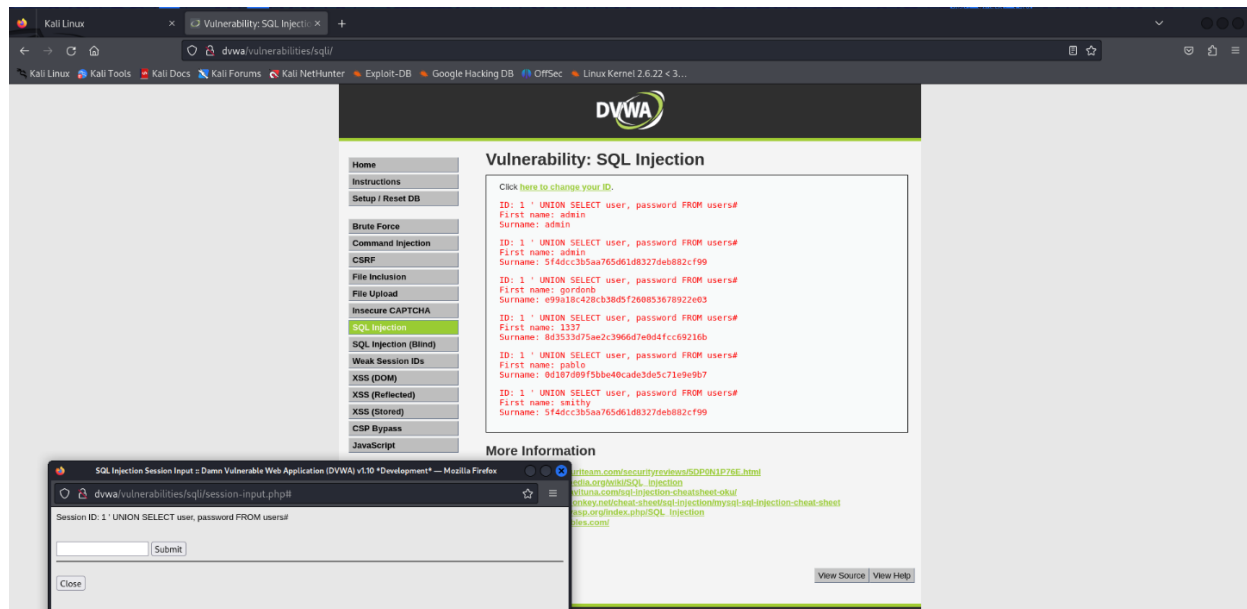


Fig 4.2

The result includes the details of users such as username and hashed password.