

Ans. To The Q.No.3

Yes, the formula Generator

Loss = $-\log(D(G(z)))$ is correct.

It is an alternative loss function

for the generator in GAN. The

original function is $\log(1 - D(G(z)))$.

~~where~~ However, this loss function

can saturate and give poor gradient

information to the generator, making

it difficult to train. To solve

this problem, the loss function

can be changed to $-\log(D(G(z)))$.

Ans. To The Q. No. 2

DiscoGAN is a type of GAN that is designed to discover cross-domain relations between two unpaired, unlabeled datasets. Unlike traditional GAN which requires paired data to learn,

The key difference between DiscoGAN and the traditional GAN is its ability to learn relations ~~via~~ using unpaired data. This makes it a powerful tool for tasks such as style transfer and image-to-image translation.