

Digital Electronics- 2CS303

UNIT-1 Boolean Algebra Problems

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A. (A+B) = A

Boolean Algebric Theorems

Boolean Algebric Theorem. A+ AB= (A+B) 13. 1. A+0=A A.1 = A A(A+B) = AB 2. 14. A+1 = 13. 15. AB+AB = A 4-A. 0 = 0 16. (A+B) · (A+B) = A 5. A + A = A(AB+AC) = (A+C) (A+B) 17. 6. A. A = A (A+B) (A+C) = AC+AB 18. A+Ā = 1 AB+ AC+BC = AB+AC 19. 8. $A \circ \overline{A} = 0$ (A+B)(A+C) (B+C) = (A+B) (A+C) 20-9. A(B+C) = AB+AC A.B. C. -- = A+B+C+-21. 10. A+BC = (A+B).(A+C) A+B+C+--= A.B.C.---22 . 11. At AB = A 12.



AB+ ABC + AB = A.

$$AB + ABC + AB$$

$$AB(I+C) + AB$$

$$(I+C) = 1$$

$$AB \cdot I + AB = AB + AB$$

$$A(B+B) = A$$

$$(B+B) = 1$$



Problem-4

Use De-Morgan's theorem.

$$\overline{A} \cdot (\overline{A} + \overline{B}) + \overline{C} \cdot D$$

$$\overline{A} \cdot (A + \overline{B}) + \overline{C} \cdot D = \overline{A} \cdot A + \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} + \overline{C} \cdot D$$



$$\overline{A}(A+B)+\overline{C}+BC$$
 $\overline{A}A+\overline{A}B+\overline{C}+BC$
 $\overline{A}B+\overline{C}+BC$
, $\overline{B}\cdot B=0$

$$\overline{A}B + \overline{C} + B\overline{C} + BC = \overline{A}B + \overline{C} + B$$
, $C + \overline{C} = I$.
 $\overline{A}B + \overline{C} + B \cdot I = \overline{A}B + \overline{C} + B(I + \overline{A})$
 $\overline{A}B + \overline{C} + B + \overline{A}B \Rightarrow B(A + \overline{A}) + \overline{C} + B$.
 $\overline{A}B + \overline{C} + B \Rightarrow B + \overline{C}$



Simplify it:
$$F=X'YZ+X'YZ'+XZ$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \overline{\mathbf{X}}\mathbf{Y}\mathbf{Z} + \overline{\mathbf{X}}\mathbf{Y}\overline{\mathbf{Z}} + \mathbf{X}\mathbf{Z}$$

=
$$\overline{X}Y(Z + \overline{Z}) + XZ$$
 by identity 14

$$= \overline{X}Y \cdot 1 + XZ$$
 by identity 7

$$= \overline{X}Y + XZ$$
 by identity 2



$$\overline{AB}.\overline{AC} + \overline{ABC}$$

 $(\overline{A} + \overline{B}).(\overline{A} + \overline{C}) + \overline{ABC}$
 $\overline{A}.\overline{A} + \overline{AC} + \overline{AB} + \overline{BC} + \overline{ABC}$
 $\overline{A} + \overline{AC} + \overline{AB} + \overline{BC} + \overline{ABC}$
 $\overline{A} + \overline{ABC} + \overline{AB} + \overline{BC}$
 $\overline{A} + \overline{ABC} + \overline{AB} + \overline{BC}$
 $\overline{A}(1 + \overline{BC}) + \overline{AB} + \overline{BC}$
 $\overline{A} + \overline{AB} + \overline{BC}$
 $\overline{A}(1 + \overline{B}) + \overline{BC}$
 $\overline{A} + \overline{BC}$



$$(A + C) (AD + A\overline{D}) + AC + C$$

$$-(A + C) (AD + A\overline{D}) + AC + C$$

= $(A + C) A (D + \overline{D}) + AC + C$

$$= (A + C) A + C$$

$$= AA + AC + C$$

$$= A + C$$

Problem-9

Simplifying:

$$F = \overline{A} \overline{B} C + A (\overline{B} \overline{C} + \overline{B} C + B \overline{C} + B C)$$

$$F = \overline{A} \overline{B} C + A (\overline{B} (\overline{C} + C) + B (\overline{C} + C))$$

$$F = \overline{A} \overline{B} C + A (\overline{B} + B)$$

$$F = \overline{A} \overline{B} C + A$$

$$F = B C + A$$



$$(\overline{A} + B).(\overline{A}.(B + A))$$

$$(\overline{A} + B).(\overline{A}.B + \overline{A}.A)$$
 [expansion of brackets]

$$(\overline{A} + B). (\overline{A}. B)$$
 [use of identities $X. \overline{X} = 0$ and $X+0 = X$]

$$\overline{A}$$
. \overline{A} . \overline{B} + \overline{B} . \overline{A} . \overline{B} [expansion of brackets]

$$\overline{A}.B + \overline{A}.B$$
 [use of identity $X.X = X$ twice]

$$\overline{A}.B$$
 [use of identity $X + X = X$]

$$= (A+B)(A + AB + AB + BB)$$

$$= (\overline{A}+B)(A(1+B+B) + \overline{B}B)$$

$$= (\overline{A}+B)(A(1) + \overline{B}B)$$

$$= (\overline{A}+B)A$$

$$= (\overline{A}+B)(A+B)$$

$$= (\overline{A}+B)A$$

$$= (\overline{A}+B)A$$

$$= (\overline{A}+B)A$$

$$= (\overline{A}+B)A$$

$$= (\overline{A} + \overline{B})(AA + AB + \overline{B}A + \overline{B}B) = AB$$



$$AB + \overline{A}C + BC = AB + \overline{A}C$$
 (Consensus Theorem)

$$AB + \overline{A}C + BC$$

$$= AB + \overline{A}C + 1 \cdot BC$$

$$AB + \overline{A}C + (A + \overline{A}) \cdot BC$$

$$AB + \overline{AC} + ABC + \overline{ABC}$$

Identity element

Complement

Distributive

 $AB + ABC + \overline{AC} + \overline{ACB}$ $AB \cdot 1 + ABC + \overline{AC} \cdot 1 + \overline{ACB}$ $AB (1+C) + \overline{AC} (1+B)$

 $\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot 1 + \overrightarrow{AC} \cdot 1$

AB + AC

Commutative Identity element Distributive

1+X=1

Identity element

Problem-13

$$AB+A(B+C)+B(B+C)$$

Apply distributive law,

$$AB+AB+AC+BB+BC$$

$$AB+AC+B+BC$$

$$AB+AC+B$$

Apply (AB + B = B) to the first and third terms.



$$Z = (A + \overline{B} + \overline{C})(A + \overline{B}C)$$

$$Z = AA + A\overline{B}C + A\overline{B} + \overline{B}\overline{B}C + A\overline{C} + \overline{B}C\overline{C}$$

$$Z = A(1 + \overline{B}C + \overline{B} + \overline{C}) + \overline{B}C + \overline{B}C\overline{C}$$

$$Z = A + \overline{B}C$$

Problem-15

$$Z = A'BC + AB'C' + AB'C + ABC' + ABC$$

$$= AB'C + AB'C' + A'BC + ABC' + ABC'$$

$$= AB'(C + C') + A'BC + AB(C' + C)$$

$$= AB' + A'BC + AB$$

$$=$$
 AB' + AB + A'BC

$$= A(B' + B) + A'BC$$

$$= A + A'BC$$

rearrange distributive

comp.

rearrange

distributive

comp.



$$F_4 = PS + P\overline{Q}\overline{S} + PQS$$

 $F_4 = P(S + \overline{Q}\overline{S}) + PQS$; Theorem #12A

 $F_4 = P(S + \overline{Q}) + PQS$; Theorem #13C

 $F_4 = PS + P\overline{Q} + PQS$; Theorem #12A

 $F_4 = PS(1+Q) + P\overline{Q}$; Theorem #12A

 $F_4 = PS(1) + P\overline{Q}$; Theorem #6

 $F_4 = PS + P\overline{Q}$; Theorem #2

<u>Problem-17</u> Simplify $A.(\overline{A} + B) + A.\overline{B}$.

$$=A\overline{A}+AB+A\overline{B}$$

$$=AB+A.\overline{B}$$

$$=A(B+\overline{B})$$

$$= A(1)$$

=A



Simplify - AB + A(B + C) + B(B + C)

$$AB + AB + AC + BB + BC$$

 $AB + AB + AC + B + BC$

$$AB + AC + B + BC$$

 $AB + AC + B$

 $F_2 = \overline{YZ} + \overline{XZ}$

Problem-19

$$F_{1} = A(\overline{A} + AB)$$

$$-$$

$$F_{1} = A(\overline{A} + B)$$

$$F_{1} = A\overline{A} + AB$$

$$F_{1} = 0 + AB$$

$$F_{1} = AB$$

$$F_{2} = X\overline{Y}Z + \overline{X}YZ + \overline{X}YZ$$

$$F_{2} = \overline{Y}Z(X + \overline{X}) + \overline{X}YZ$$

$$F_{2} = \overline{Y}Z(1) + \overline{X}YZ$$

$$F_{2} = \overline{Y}Z + \overline{X}YZ$$

$$F_{2} = Z(\overline{Y} + Y\overline{X})$$

$$F_{2} = Z(\overline{Y} + \overline{X}Y)$$



$$F_{4} = (B + \overline{B})(A\overline{B} + A\overline{B}\overline{C})$$

$$F_{4} = (1)(A\overline{B} + A\overline{B}\overline{C})$$

$$F_{4} = A\overline{B}(1 + \overline{C})$$

$$F_{4} = A\overline{B}(1)$$

$$F_{4} = A\overline{B}$$

$$F_6 = JK + (\overline{J} + \overline{K})L + JK$$

 $F_6 = JK + JK + (\overline{JK})L$
 $F_6 = JK + (\overline{JK})L$
 $F_6 = JK + L$

$$F_{6} = JK + (\overline{J} + \overline{K})L + JK$$

$$F_{6} = JK + \overline{J}L + \overline{K}L + JK$$

$$F_{6} = JK + \overline{J}L + \overline{K}L$$

$$F_{6} = JK + \overline{J}L(K + \overline{K}) + \overline{K}L$$

$$F_{6} = JK + \overline{J}KL + \overline{J}KL + \overline{K}L$$

$$F_{6} = JK + \overline{J}KL + \overline{K}L(\overline{J} + 1)$$

$$F_{6} = JK + \overline{J}KL + \overline{K}L(1)$$

$$F_{6} = JK + \overline{J}KL + \overline{K}L$$

$$F_{6} = K(J + \overline{J}L) + \overline{K}L$$

$$F_{6} = K(J + \overline{J}L) + \overline{K}L$$

$$F_{6} = JK + KL + \overline{K}L$$

$$F_{6} = JK + L(K + \overline{K})$$

$$F_{6} = JK + L(1)$$

$$F_{6} = JK + L$$



$$Fs = (N + \overline{N}M)(\overline{N} + NM)(N + M)$$

$$F_8 = (N+M)(N+M)(N+M)$$

$$F_8 = (N+M)(N+M)(N+M)$$
 $F_8 = (NN+NM+NM+MM)(N+M)$

$$F_8 = (0 + MN + M\overline{N} + M)(N + M)$$

$$F = (M + MN + M\overline{N})(N + M)$$

$$F s = (M + M\overline{N})(N + M)$$

$$F s = (M)(N + M)$$

$$F s = MN + MM$$

$$F s = MN + M$$

$$F_8 = M$$

$$F_4 = (B + \overline{B})(A\overline{B} + A\overline{B}\overline{C})$$

$$F_4 = (1)(A\overline{B} + A\overline{B}\overline{C})$$

$$F_4 = A\overline{B}(1+\overline{C})$$

$$F_4 = A\overline{B}(1)$$

$$F_4 = A\overline{B}$$



$$X = ABC + \overline{A} C$$
$$= C (AB + \overline{A})$$

$$= C (A + B)$$

$$= C \overline{A} + C$$

Problem-26

Y =
$$(Q + R)(\overline{Q} + \overline{R})$$

= $0 + Q\overline{R} + R\overline{Q} + 0$

Problem-27

Q =
$$\overline{RST} (\overline{R} + \overline{S} + \overline{T})$$

= $\overline{R} + \overline{S} + \overline{T} (\overline{RS} \overline{T})$
= $\overline{RS} \overline{T} + \overline{RS} \overline{T} + \overline{RS} \overline{T}$
= $\overline{RS} \overline{T}$

Problem-28 Try these three and simplify them

$$[A\overline{B}(C+BD)+\overline{A}\overline{B}]C$$

$$\overline{A}BC+A\overline{B}\overline{C}+\overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}+A\overline{B}C+ABC$$

$$\overline{AB+AC}+\overline{A}\overline{B}C$$