Aayush Shah Batch D1 19BCE245 29 April 2021

Practical 8

Do as directed.

1.	Write a	query	to	determine	who	earns	more	than	Mr. Le	Χ.

•	SQL> SELECT first_name, salary FROM employees out WHERE salary>(SELECT salary FROM employees WHERE first_name='Lex'):
	FIRST_NAME SALARY
	Steven 24000

2. Write a query find the job with the highest average salary.

• SQL> ed
Wrote file afiedt.buf
1 SELECT job_id, AVG(salary)
2 FROM employees
3 GROUP BY job_id
4* HAVING AVG(salary) = (SELECT MAX(AVG(salary)) FROM employees GROUP BY job_id) SQL> /
JOB_ID AVG(SALARY)

PRESIDENT 24000

3. Write a query to print employee id along with their manager id. SQL> SELECT employee_id,manager_id FROM employees;

EMPLOYEE_ID MANAGER_ID

100 103

- 4. Write a query to print employees name who earns more than that of their managers.
 - SQL> ed

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1* SELECT first_name, salary FROM employees out WHERE salary>(SELECT salary FROM employees WHERE out.manager_id=employee_id)

SQL>/

FIRST_NAME SALARY

Steven 24000

- 5. Write a query to print the name of employee who earns more than that of their department's average.
 - SQL> ed

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1* SELECT first_name, salary FROM employees out WHERE salary>(SELECT AVG(salary) FROM employees WHERE out.department_id=department_id)

SQL>/
FIRST_NAME SALARY

Steven 24000

Alexander 9000

Den 11000

6. Write a query to print the name and id of those department whose total no employee is greater than at least one of the departments.

SQL> ed

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1* SELECT dname, department_id, count(*) FROM employees e INNER JOIN department ON dept_no = department_id GROUP BY dname, department_id HAVING count(*) > (SELECT MIN(count(*)) FROM employees GROUP BY department_id)

SQL>/

DNAME DEPARTMENT_ID COUNT(*)

RESEARCH 604

ACCOUNTING 30 2 SALES 90 4

7. Write a query to print the name of employee who draw second lowest salary in the company.

SQL> ed

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- 1 SELECT first name, salary
- 2 FROM employees
- 3* WHERE salary = (SELECT MIN(salary) FROM employees WHERE

salary>(SELECT MIN(salary) FROM employees)) SQL>/

FIRST_NAME SALARY

David 4800

- 8. Write a query to print the name of employee who draw second lowest salary in their respective departments. What should be the output of the following query:
 - SQL> SELECT to.* FROM employees to JOIN(SELECT MAX(tl.salary) AS max, tl.department_id FROM employees tl WHERE

2 t1.salary<(SELECT MAX(salary) FROM employees t2 WHERE t1.department_id=t2.department_id)GROUP BY

3 tl.department_id) t3 ON t0.department_id=t3.department_id AND t0.salary=t3.max;

EMPLOYEE_ID FIRST_NAME LAST_NAME EMAIL PHONE_NUMBER HIRE_DATE JOB_ID SALARY COMMISSION_PCT MANAGER_ID DEPARTMENT_ID							
101 Neena	Koc	nhar	NKOCHHAR				
515.123.4568	18-JUN-12 VICE	PRESIDENT	17000				
0 100	90						
102 Lex	De	Haan	LDEHAAN				
123.515.4569	19-JUN-17 VICE	17000					
100 90	3						
104 Bruce	Ernst	BERNST	590.423.4568				
20-MAY-14 FINANCIAL MANAGER 6000 0							
103 60							
119 Karen	Coln	nenares	KCOLMENA				
515.127.4566		2500					
114 30	oo jen or dinn	u.	2300				
111							

- 9. select employee_id from employees where salary < all (select salary from employees where department_id=30);
 - select employee_id from employees where salary < all (select salary from employees where department_id=30); OUTPUT:

no rows selected

→Trying with a different employee ID so that output can be known SQL> select employee_id from employees where salary < all (select salary from employees where department_id=90);

EMPLOYEE_ID

114

103

206

104

105106

119

- 10. select employee_id from employees where salary < (select min(salary) from employees where department_id=60);
 - select employee_id from employees where salary < (select min(salary) from employees where department_id=60);
 OUTPUT:

- 11. select last_name from employees where department_id in(select department_id from departments where department_name='Sales');
 - SQL> SELECT last_name FROM employees WHERE department_id IN(SELECT dept_no FROM department WHERE dname='SALES'); LAST_NAME

De

Haan

Kochhar King