Nirma University

Institute of Technology

Semester End Examination, December - 2020

B.Tech., Semester – V(Open Elective) 2ECOE76: MATLAB for Engineers

Roll /		Supervisor's initia	$\operatorname{al} $
Exam No.		With date	
Time: 1.5 Hours		Max. Marks: 40	
Instructions:	1. Attempt all questions.		
	2. Figure to right indicate full marks.		
	3 Draw neat sketches wherever necessary		

4. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

Q.1 (A) Write a MATLAB code which generates the following function.

$$y(t) = 3t^2 - 2t + 6$$
 for $t < -5$
= $4t^2 - 3t + 5$ for $-5 \le t \le 5$ at step size 1
= $4t + 17$ for $t > 5$

(05)

OR

(A) Write a MATLAB code which generates the following function. (05)

$$y(2j) = \frac{x(j) + x(j-1)}{2}$$
 and $y(2j-1) = \frac{x(j) - x(j-1)}{2}$

Where the given array x=[2,7,10,5,4,8,7,6,3,14].

- (B) Write a MATLAB program that accepts a string from a user with the (05) input function, chops that string into a series of tokens, sorts the tokens into ascending order, and prints them out.
- (C) Write a MATLAB program that returns the following plots: (10)
 - 1. y1=sin(x) versus x
 - 2. y2=cos(x) versus x
 - 3. y3=[sin(x)+cos(x)] versus x
 - 4. y4=[sin(x)-cos(x)] versus x

over the range $0 \le x \le 2\pi$ using the following specs:

- 1. Twenty points to create each plot
- 2. Label the x- and y-axis
- 3. Choose color, markers, and line style for each curve
- 4. Create the continuous plots in the same figure window with a grid
- 5. Limit the plotting range over $1.5 \le y \le -2$
- 6. Remove the axis
- 7. Identify each curve by a text string
- 8. Also, plot each curve in an individual subwindow
- Q.2 (A) Create a 3-D plot in MATLAB from a 2-D, 11 × 11 matrix (in the *xy* (05) plane) having ones along the main diagonals, zeros everywhere else, with the center element having a magnitude of 2. It is desired that the *zx* planes indicate the magnitudes of the elements position on the *xy* plane all having triangular shapes.

(A) Create the MATLAB script file that performs the operations indicated (05) as follows:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3e^{(j\pi/3)} & 6\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) + i6\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \\ 3 + 4i & 4.23e^{(-i\pi/18)} + 9 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 - 9j & 5e^{(j(\pi/3 + \pi/5))} \\ (2 - 3j)^{3.3} & \log(6 - 8j) \end{bmatrix}$$

- 1. C = determinant of A
- 2. D = conjugate of A
- 3. E = square of A
- 4. F = A. $\land B$
- 5. G = Transpose of A
- (B) If there is a group of n people in a room, then write a MATLAB program that calculates the probability that two or more of n people will have the same birthday, where n is a calling argument.
 (Hint: To do this, the function should create an array of size n and generate n birthdays in the range 1 to 365 randomly. It should then check to see if any of the n birthdays are identical. The function should perform this experiment at least 5000 times and calculate the fraction of those times in which two or more people had the same birthday.)
- (C) Write a MATLAB function that will accept a structure array of student (C) and calculate the final average of each one, assuming that all exams have equal weighting. Add a new field to each array to contain the final average for that student, and return the updated structure to the calling program. Also, calculate and return the final class average.
- (D) Write a MATLAB function that will accept a cell array of strings and (05) sort them into ascending order according to *alphabetical order*. (This implies that you must treat 'A' and 'a' as the same letter.)