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19BCE245

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Compiler Construction

Practical 3

Find First() and Follow() of a grammer

• Code :

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
void FIRST(char[],char );
void addToResultSet(char[],char);
int numOfProductions;
char productionSet[10][10];
int n,m=0,p,i=0,j=0;
char a[10][10],followResult[10];
void follow(char c);
void first(char c);
void addToResult(char);

void first_util()
{
    int i;
    char choice;
    char c;
    char result[20];
    printf("How many number of productions ? :");
    scanf(" %d",&numOfProductions);
    for(i=0;i<numOfProductions;i++)//read production
string eg: E=E+T
    {
        printf("Enter productions Number %d : ",i+1);
        scanf(" %s",productionSet[i]);
    }
}
```

```

printf("\n-----
\n");
printf("Finding First of the set of productions \n");

printf("\n-----
\n");

do
{
    printf("\n Find the FIRST of :");
    scanf(" %c",&c);
    FIRST(result,c); //Compute FIRST; Get Answer in
'result' array
    printf("\t FIRST(%c)= { ",c);
    for(i=0;result[i]!='\0';i++)
        printf(" %c ",result[i]);          //Display
result

    printf("}\n\n");
    printf("press 'y' to continue : ");
    scanf(" %c",&choice);
}
while(choice=='y' || choice == 'Y');
}

void follow_util()
{
    int i;
    char choice;
    char c,ch;
    /*printf("Enter the no.of productions: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf(" Enter %d productions\nProduction with
multiple terms should be give as separate productions
\n", n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%s%c",a[i],&ch);
        // gets(a[i]);*/

    printf("\n");

```

```

printf("\n-----\n");
printf("Finding Follow for the set of productions\n");

printf("\n-----\n");
do
{
    m=0;
    printf("Find FOLLOW of -->");
    scanf(" %c",&c);
    follow(c);
    printf("FOLLOW(%c) = { ",c);
    for(i=0;i<m;i++)
        printf("%c ",followResult[i]);

    printf(" }\n\n");
    printf("press 'y' to continue : ");
    scanf(" %c",&choice);
}
while(choice=='y' || choice == 'Y');
}

int main()
{
    first_util();
    printf("\n");
    follow_util();
    return 0;
}

/*
*Function FIRST:
*Compute the elements in FIRST(c) and write them
*in Result Array.
*/
void FIRST(char* Result,char c)
{
    int i,j,k;

```

```

char subResult[20];
int foundEpsilon;
subResult[0]='\0';
Result[0]='\0';
//If X is terminal, FIRST(X) = {X}.
if(!(isupper(c)))
{
    addToResultSet(Result,c);
    return ;
}
//If X is non terminal
//Read each production
for(i=0;i<numOfProductions;i++)
{
//Find production with X as LHS
if(productionSet[i][0]==c)
{
    //If  $X \rightarrow \epsilon$  is a production, then add  $\epsilon$  to
FIRST(X).
    if(productionSet[i][2]=='$')
addToResultSet(Result,'$');
    //If X is a non-terminal, and  $X \rightarrow$ 
Y1 Y2 ... Yk
    //is a production, then add a to
FIRST(X)
    //if for some i, a is in
FIRST(Yi),
    //and  $\epsilon$  is in all of FIRST(Y1),
..., FIRST(Yi-1).
    else
    {
        j=2;
        while(productionSet[i][j]!='\0')
        {
            foundEpsilon=0;
            FIRST(subResult,productionSet[i]
[j]);
            for(k=0;subResult[k]!='\0';k++)
addToResultSet(Result,subResult[k]);
            for(k=0;subResult[k]!='\0';k++)
            if(subResult[k]=='$')
            {

```

```

                                foundEpsilon=1;
                                break;
                            }
                        //No  $\epsilon$  found, no need to check
next element
                                if(!foundEpsilon)
                                    break;
                                j++;
                            }
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        }
        return ;
    }
    /* addToResultSet adds the computed
    *element to result set.
    *This code avoids multiple inclusion of elements
    */
    void addToResultSet(char Result[],char val)
    {
        int k;
        for(k=0 ;Result[k]!='\0';k++)
            if(Result[k]==val)
                return;
        Result[k]=val;
        Result[k+1]='\0';
    }

    void follow(char c)
    {
        if(productionSet[0][0]==c)addToResult('$');

        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            for(j=2;j<strlen(productionSet[i]);j++)
            {
                if(productionSet[i][j]==c)
                {
                    if(productionSet[i][j+1]!
= '\0')first(productionSet[i][j+1]);
                    if(productionSet[i][j+1]=='\0'&&c!
=productionSet[i][0])

```

```

        follow(productionSet[i][0]);
    }
}

void first(char c)
{
    int k;

    if(!isupper(c))
        addToResult(c);
    for(k=0;k<n;k++)
    {
        if(a[k][0]==c)
        {
            if(a[k][2]=='$')
                follow(a[i][0]);
            else if(islower(a[k][2]))
                addToResult(a[k][2]);
            else first(a[k][2]);
        }
    }
}

void addToResult(char c)
{
    int i;
    for( i=0;i<=m;i++)
        if(followResult[i]==c)
            return;
    followResult[m++]=c;
}

```

output

```

C
practical3.c
Run Stop Run Settings...
practical3.c
Filter All Output
How many number of productions ? :4
Enter productions Number 1 : S=AaAb
Enter productions Number 2 : S=BbBa
Enter productions Number 3 : A=$
Enter productions Number 4 : B=$

-----
Finding First of the set of productions
-----

Find the FIRST of :S
FIRST(S)= { $ a b }

press 'y' to continue : y

Find the FIRST of :A
FIRST(A)= { $ }

press 'y' to continue : y

Find the FIRST of :B
FIRST(B)= { $ }

press 'y' to continue : n

-----
Finding Follow for the set of productions
-----

Find FOLLOW of -->B
FOLLOW(B) = { }

press 'y' to continue : y
Find FOLLOW of -->A
FOLLOW(A) = { }

press 'y' to continue : y
Find FOLLOW of -->S
FOLLOW(S) = { $ }

press 'y' to continue : n

Run Succeeded Time 18 ms Peak Memory 508K f addToResult Spaces:

```