Network Namespace Simulation Assignment

Step 1: Creating namespaces and bridges:

NS1=ns1

NS2=ns2

ROUTER_NS=router-ns

BR0=br0

BR1=br1

VETH1=veth-ns1

VETH2=veth-ns2

VPEER1=veth-br0

VPEER2=veth-br1

VR1=vr1

VR2=vr2

VRP1=vrp1

VRP2=vrp2

echo "Creating namespaces and bridges..."

sudo ip netns add \$NS1

sudo ip netns add \$NS2

sudo ip netns add \$ROUTER NS

sudo ip link add \$BR0 type bridge

sudo ip link add \$BR1 type bridge

sudo ip link set \$BR0 up

sudo ip link set \$BR1 up

sudo ip netns list

Step 2: Create Virtual Interfaces for namespaces, router and bridges:

sudo ip link add \$VETH1 type veth peer name \$VPEER1

sudo ip link add \$VETH2 type veth peer name \$VPEER2

sudo ip link add \$VR1 type veth peer name \$VRP1

sudo ip link add \$VR2 type veth peer name \$VRP2

Step 3: Namespace assignments and bridge connections:

sudo ip link set \$VETH1 netns \$NS1

```
sudo ip link set $VETH2 netns $NS2
sudo ip link set $VR1 netns $ROUTER_NS
sudo ip link set $VR2 netns $ROUTER_NS
sudo ip link set $VPEER1 master $BR0
sudo ip link set $VPEER2 master $BR1
sudo ip link set $VRP1 master $BR0
sudo ip link set $VRP2 master $BR1
```

Step 4: Bring up veth interfaces

```
sudo ip link set $VPEER1 up
sudo ip link set $VPEER2 up
sudo ip link set $VRP1 up
sudo ip link set $VRP2 up
```

Step 5: Configure IP Addresses and bring up veth interfaces in namespaces:

```
sudo ip addr add 10.11.0.254/24 dev $BR0 sudo ip addr add 10.12.0.254/24 dev $BR1 sudo ip netns exec $NS1 ip addr add 10.11.0.2/24 dev $VETH1 sudo ip netns exec $NS2 ip addr add 10.12.0.2/24 dev $VETH2 sudo ip netns exec $ROUTER_NS ip addr add 10.11.0.1/24 dev $VR1 sudo ip netns exec $ROUTER_NS ip addr add 10.12.0.1/24 dev $VR2 sudo ip netns exec $NS1 ip link set $VETH1 up sudo ip netns exec $NS2 ip link set $VETH2 up sudo ip netns exec $ROUTER_NS ip link set $VR1 up sudo ip netns exec $ROUTER_NS ip link set $VR1 up sudo ip netns exec $ROUTER_NS ip link set $VR2 up
```

Step 6: Ensure correct MAC addresses are set

```
sudo ip netns exec $NS1 ip link set $VETH1 address 02:42:ac:11:00:02 sudo ip netns exec $NS2 ip link set $VETH2 address 02:42:ac:12:00:02 sudo ip netns exec $ROUTER_NS ip link set $VR1 address 02:42:ac:11:00:01 sudo ip netns exec $ROUTER_NS ip link set $VR2 address 02:42:ac:12:00:01
```

Step 7: Enable IP forwarding

```
echo "Enabling IP forwarding and setting routes..." sudo ip netns exec $ROUTER_NS sysctl -w net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
```

Step 8: Default routes in namespaces

sudo ip netns exec \$NS1 ip route add default via 10.11.0.1 sudo ip netns exec \$NS2 ip route add default via 10.12.0.1

Step 9: Flush ARP tables to refresh entries

echo "Flushing ARP tables..."
sudo ip netns exec \$NS1 ip neigh flush all
sudo ip netns exec \$NS2 ip neigh flush all
sudo ip netns exec \$ROUTER_NS ip neigh flush all

Step 10: Adding iptables forwarding

```
sudo iptables --append FORWARD --in-interface $BR0 --jump ACCEPT sudo iptables --append FORWARD --out-interface $BR0 --jump ACCEPT sudo iptables --append FORWARD --in-interface $BR1 --jump ACCEPT sudo iptables --append FORWARD --out-interface $BR1 --jump ACCEPT
```

Step 11: Setting up NAT in router namespace

sudo ip netns exec \$ROUTER_NS iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o \$VR1 -j MASQUERADE sudo ip netns exec \$ROUTER_NS iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o \$VR2 -j MASQUERADE

Step 12: Connectivity Test

echo "Testing connectivity from ns1 to ns2..." sudo ip netns exec \$NS1 ping -c 4 10.12.0.2

Step 13: Verify routing

sudo ip netns exec \$NS1 ip route sudo ip netns exec \$NS2 ip route sudo ip netns exec \$ROUTER NS ip route

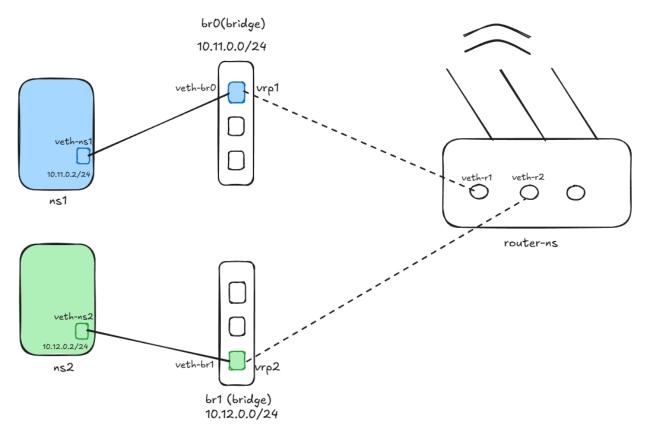


Fig: Network Diagram

IP Addressing Scheme:

ns1: 10.11.0.2/24

ns2: 10.12.0.2/24

router-ns (br0): 10.11.0.1/24

router-ns (br1): 10.12.0.1/24