

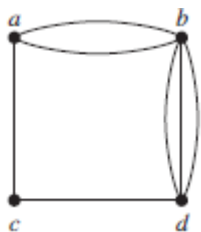
Instructions:

Max. Points: 100

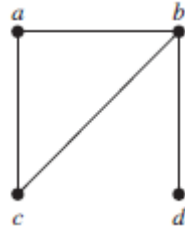
- 1- This is hand written assignment.
- 2- Just write the question number instead of writing the whole question.
- 3- You can only use A4 size paper for solving the assignment.

1. Determine whether the graph shown in figure i to iv has directed or undirected edges, whether it has multiple edges, and whether it has one or more loops. Use your answers to determine the type of graph.

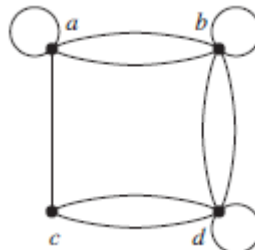
i)



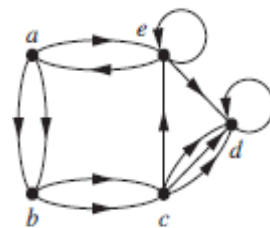
ii)



iii)



iv)



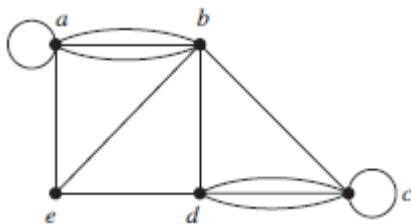
2. The intersection graph of a collection of sets A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n is the graph that has a vertex for each of these sets and has an edge connecting the vertices representing two sets if these sets have a nonempty intersection. Construct the intersection graph of these collections of sets.

i) $A_1 = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$, $A_2 = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $A_3 = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$, $A_4 = \{5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$, $A_5 = \{0, 1, 8, 9\}$

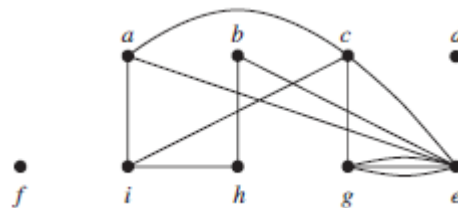
ii) $A_1 = \{\dots, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0\}$, $A_2 = \{\dots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots\}$, $A_3 = \{\dots, -6, -4, -2, 0, 2, 4, 6, \dots\}$, $A_4 = \{\dots, -5, -3, -1, 1, 3, 5, \dots\}$, $A_5 = \{\dots, -6, -3, 0, 3, 6, \dots\}$

3. (a) Find the number of vertices, the number of edges, and the degree of each vertex in the given undirected graph. Also find the neighborhood vertices of each vertex in given graphs.

i)

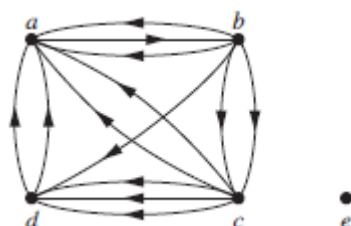


ii)

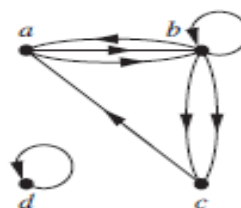


- (b) Determine the number of vertices and edges and find the in-degree and out-degree of each vertex for the given directed multigraph.

i)



ii)

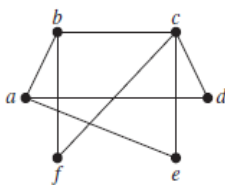


4. (a) Suppose that a new company has five employees: Zamora, Agraharam, Smith, Chou, and Macintyre. Each employee will assume one of six responsibilities: planning, publicity, sales, marketing, development, and industry relations. Each employee is capable of doing one or more of these jobs: Zamora could do planning, sales, marketing, or industry relations; Agraharam could do planning or development; Smith could do publicity, sales, or industry relations; Chou could do planning, sales, or industry relations; and Macintyre could do planning, publicity, sales, or industry relations. Model the capabilities of these employees using appropriate graph.

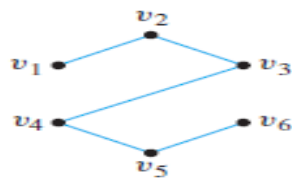
(b) Suppose that there are four employees in the computer support group of the School of Engineering of a large university. Each employee will be assigned to support one of four different areas: hardware, software, networking, and wireless. Suppose that Ping is qualified to support hardware, networking, and wireless; Quiggley is qualified to support software and networking; Ruiz is qualified to support networking and wireless, and Sitea is qualified to support hardware and software. Use appropriate graph to model the four employees and their qualifications.

5. Find which of the following graphs are bipartite. Redraw the bipartite graphs so that their bipartite nature is evident. Also write the disjoint set of vertices.

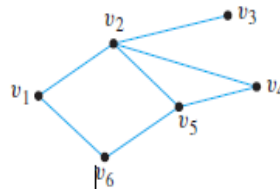
i)



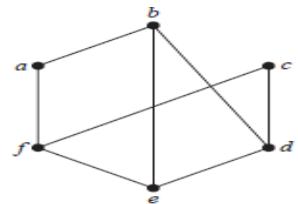
ii)



iii)



iv)



6. Draw a graph with the specified properties or show that no such graph exists.

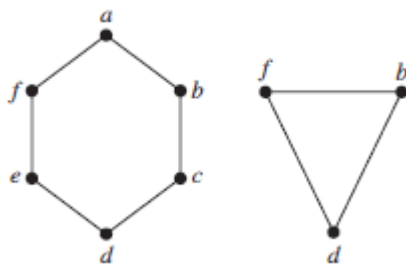
- A graph with four vertices of degrees 1, 1, 2, and 3
- A graph with four vertices of degrees 1, 1, 3, and 3
- A simple graph with four vertices of degrees 1, 1, 3, and 3

7. a) In a group of 15 people, is it possible for each person to have exactly 3 friends? Explain. (Assume that friendship is a symmetric relationship: If x is a friend of y , then y is a friend of x .)

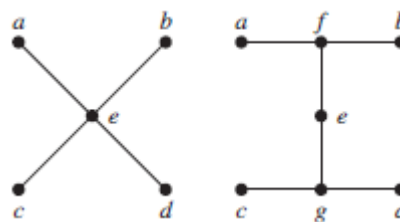
b) In a group of 4 people, is it possible for each person to have exactly 3 friends? Why?

8. (a) Find the union of the given pair of simple graphs. (Assume edges with the same endpoints are the same.)

i)



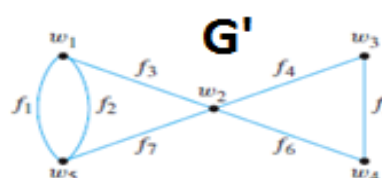
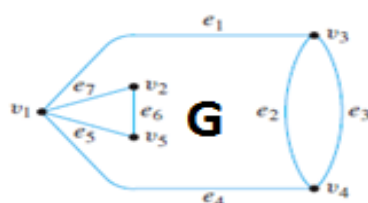
ii)



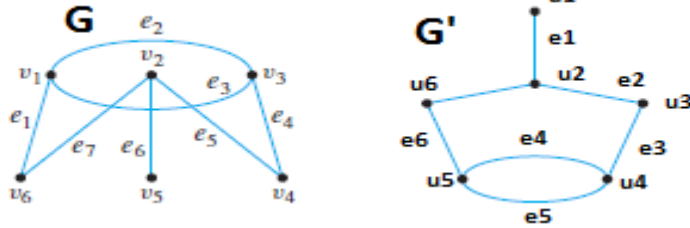
- b) How many vertices does a regular graph of degree four with 10 edges have?

9. For given pair (G, G') of graphs. Determine whether they are isomorphic. If they are, give function $g: V(G) \rightarrow V(G')$ that define the isomorphism. If they are not, give an invariant for graph isomorphism that they do not share.

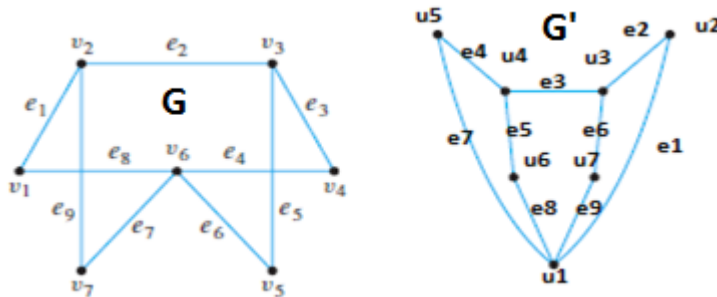
i)



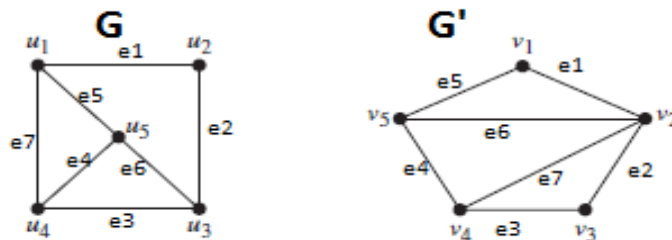
ii)



iii)

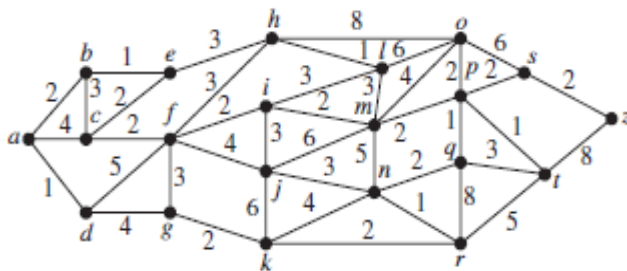


iv)

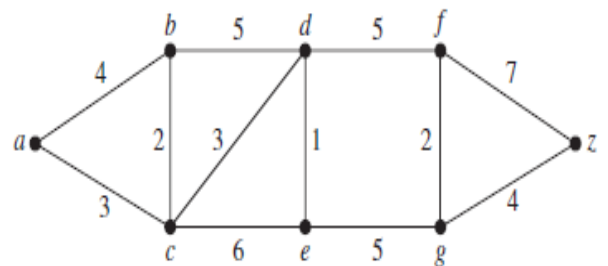


10. Find the length of a shortest path between a and z in the given weighted graph by using Dijkstra's algorithm.

i)

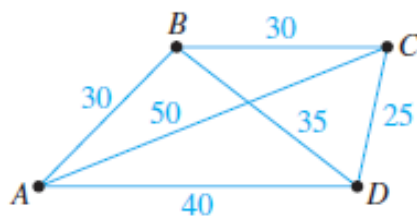


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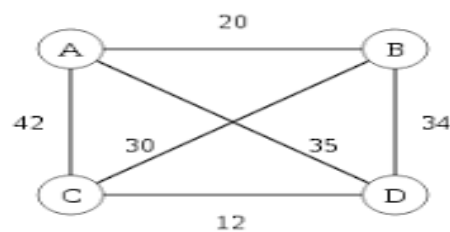


11. Imagine that the drawing below is a map showing four cities and the distances in kilometers between them. Suppose that a salesman must travel to each city exactly once, starting and ending in city A. Which route from city to city will minimize the total distance that must be traveled?

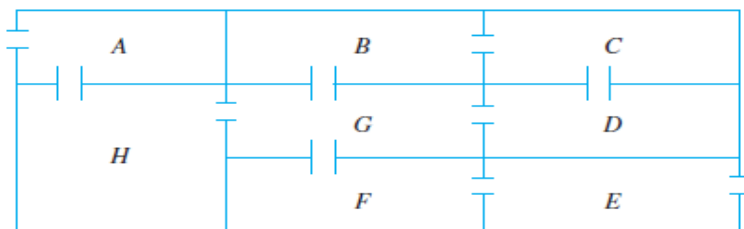
i)



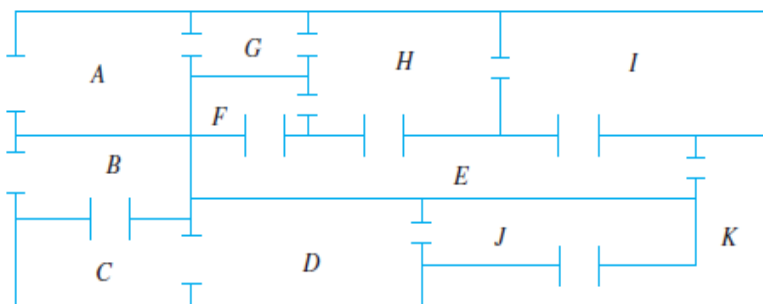
ii)



12. (a) The following is a floor plan of a house. Is it possible to enter the house in room A, travel through every interior doorway of the house exactly once, and exit out of room E? If so, how can this be done?

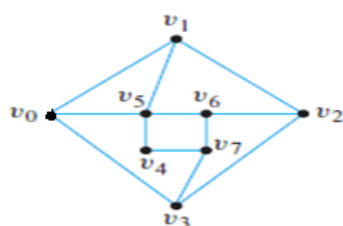


- (b) The floor plan shown below is for a house that is open for public viewing. Is it possible to find a trail that starts in room A, ends in room B, and passes through every interior doorway of the house exactly once? If so, find such a trail.

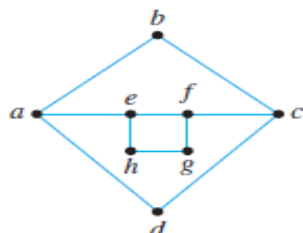


13. Find Hamiltonian circuits AND Path for those graphs that have them. Explain why the other graphs do not.

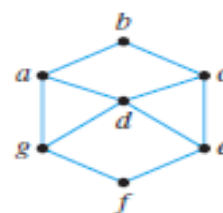
i)



ii)

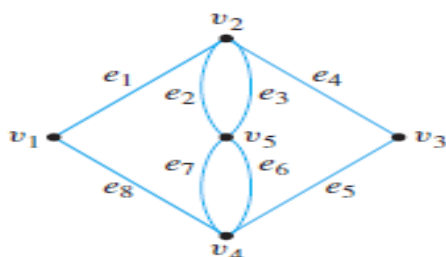


iii)

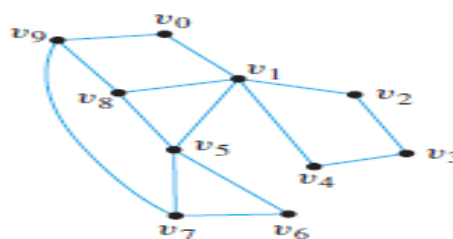


14. a) Determine which of the graphs have Euler circuits. If the graph does not have an Euler circuit, explain why not. If it does have an Euler circuit, describe one.

i)

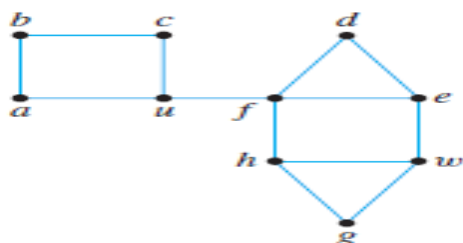


ii)

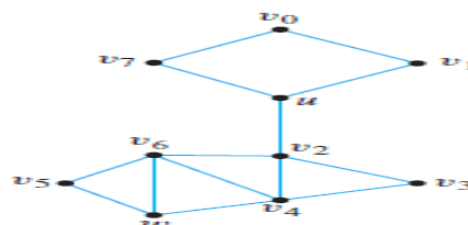


- b) Determine whether there is an Euler path from u to w. If the graph does not have an Euler path, explain why not. If it does have an Euler path, describe one.

i)

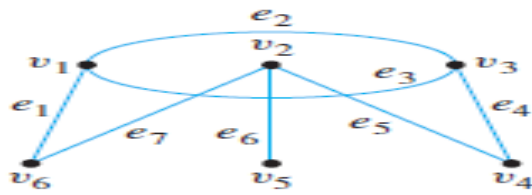


ii)

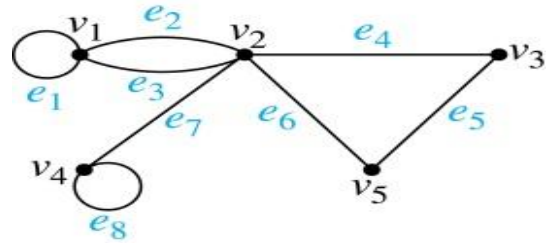


15. (a) Use an incidence matrix to represent the graph shown below.

i)



ii)



(b) Draw a graph using below given incidence matrix.

i)

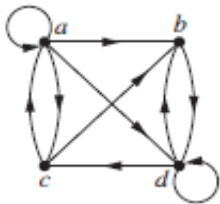
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

ii)

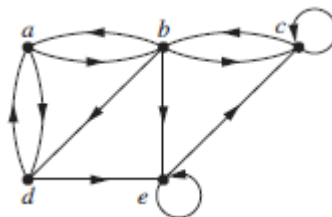
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

16. Use an adjacency list and adjacency matrix to represent the given graph.

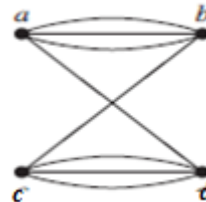
i)



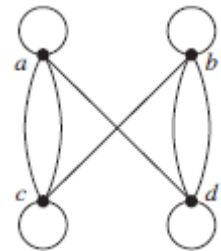
ii)



iii)



iv)



17. Consider the tree shown at right with root a.

i) What is the level of n?

iii) What is the height of this rooted tree?

v) What is the parent of g?

vii) What are the descendants of f?

ix) What are the ancestors of z?

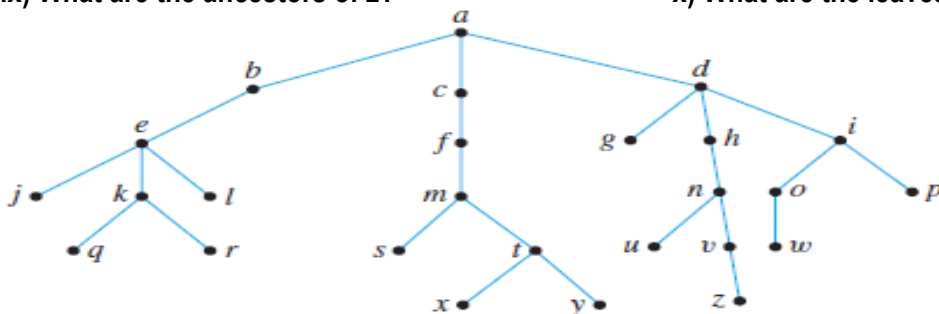
ii) What is the level of a?

iv) What are the children of n?

vi) What are the siblings of j?

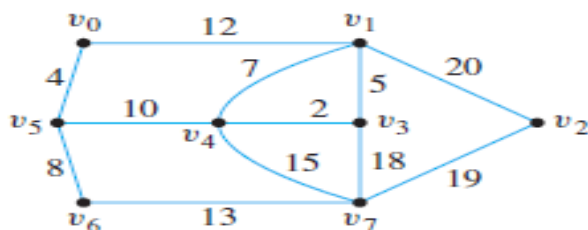
viii) What are the internal nodes?

x) What are the leaves?

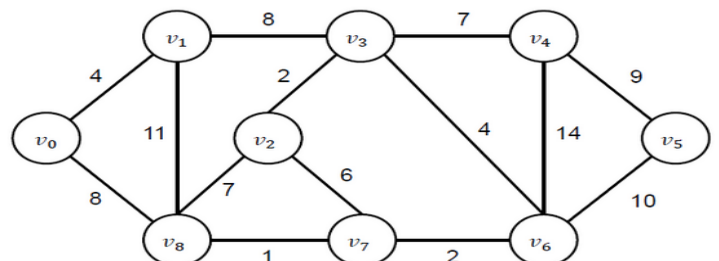


18. Use Prim's algorithm to find a minimum spanning tree starting from V_0 for given graphs. Indicate the order in which edges are added to form each tree.

i)

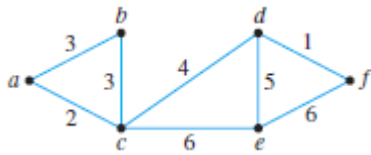


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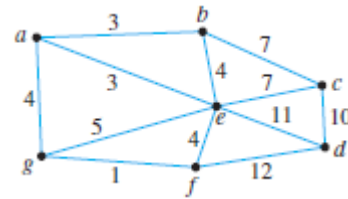


19. Use Kruskal's algorithm to find a minimum spanning tree for given graphs. Indicate the order in which edges are added to form each tree.

i)



ii)



20. (a) i) Build a binary search tree for the word's banana, peach, apple, pear, coconut, mango, and papaya using alphabetical order.

ii) Build a binary search tree for the word's oenology, phrenology, campanology, ornithology, ichthyology, limnology, alchemy, and astrology using alphabetical order.

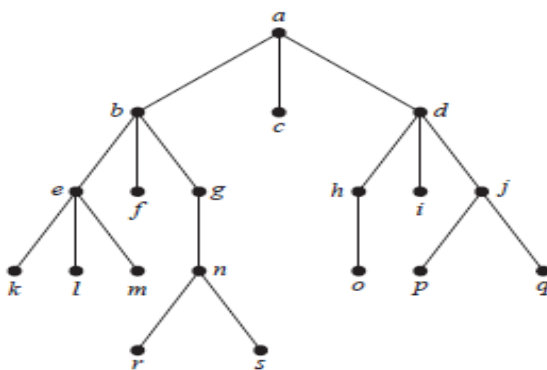
(b) Represent these expressions using binary trees.

i) $(x + xy) + (x / y)$

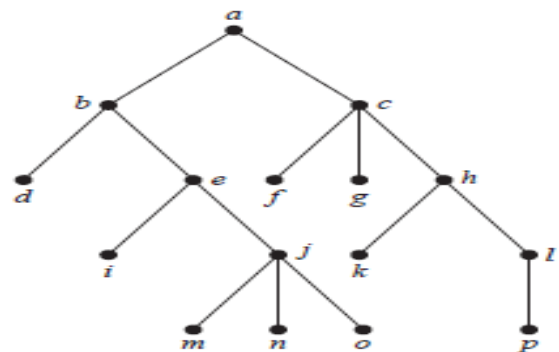
ii) $x + ((xy + x) / y)$

21. Determine the order in which preorder, Inorder and Postorder traversal visits the vertices of the given ordered rooted tree.

i)



ii)



22. (a) How many edges does a tree with 10000 vertices have?

(b) How many edges does a full binary tree with 1000 internal vertices have?

(c) How many vertices does a full 5-ary tree with 100 internal vertices have?

23. (a) Write these expressions in Prefix and Postfix notation:

i) $(x + xy) + (x / y)$

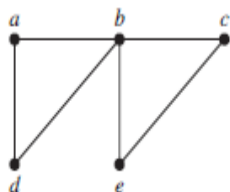
ii) $x + ((xy + x) / y)$

(b) i) What is the value of this prefix expression $+ - \uparrow 3 2 \uparrow 2 3 / 6 - 4 2$

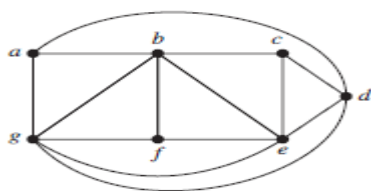
ii) What is the value of this postfix expression $4 8 + 6 5 - * 3 2 - 2 2 + * /$

-

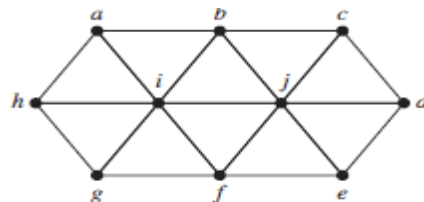
(i)



ii)



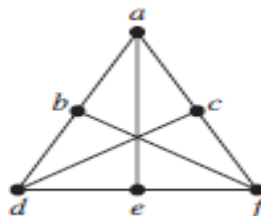
iii)



(a)



(b)



- (a) Propositional Logic
- (b) Predicates and quantifiers
- (c) Number theory and Cryptography
- (d) Functions and Relations
- (e) Graph theory
- (f) Trees

Q1-15 (Assignment 70 Marks)
Q27 (Report-Bonus 30 Marks)
Q16-26 (Practice)

Assistant Prof: Jamilusmani