Direct and Reported Speech

Lesson

I

This lesson describes the importance and differences between direct and reported speech. This also explains different ways and processes to be considered in converting direct speech to reported speech and vice versa. You are expected to identify the difference between direct and reported speech; use direct and reported speech appropriately; and understand and follow the rules

Learning Task 1: Analyze the group of statements below. Write down your observations in your notebook.

Direct Speech	Reported Speech	
Joan said, "I will finish my assignments."	Joan said that she would finish her assignments.	
He said to me, "What are you cooking?"	He asked me what I was cooking.	
She said, "My friend visited yesterday."	She said that her friend had visited the day before.	
Kenneth said to Lisa, "Close the door."	Kenneth ordered Lisa to close the door.	
Dianne said, "Will I pass the test?"	Dianne asked whether she would pass the test.	



Learning Task 2: Tell whether each of the following statements is a direct or reported speech. Write your answers in your notebook.

- 1. Rey writes, "To see is to believe."
- 2. Bonnie said, "I am one in a million."
- 3. Jonathan said that he joined the *Tiktok* Dance Challenge.
- 4. He announced that he would marry next month.
- 5. They wrote that they found a new treasure.
- 6. Carla says, "I am a woman."
- 7. Trisha said to me, "Did you get home safely?"
- 8. David said that he is going to Cavite today.
- 9. James said, "I bought my own car."
- 10. Trisha asked me if I had gotten home safely.

DIRECT AND REPORTED SPEECH

In **direct speech**, the message of the speaker is conveyed or reported in his own actual words without any change. It is also known as quoted speech. The exact message of the speaker is enclosed by quotation marks "...."

Examples: The boy said, "I ate pancakes."

The mother ordered, "Clean the house."

"Is everything clear?" asked John.

A direct speech commonly has a reporting clause, reporting verb, reported clause and reported verb.

Examples: Reporting clause - The boy said, "I ate pancakes."

Reporting verb - The boy said, "I ate pancakes."

Reported clause - The boy said, "I ate pancakes."

Reported verb - The boy said, "I ate pancakes."

Reported speech is also known as indirect speech. It is a report on what someone else said or wrote without using that person's exact words. Unlike direct speech, it doesn't have quotation marks.

Examples: The boy said that he had eaten pancakes.

The mother ordered to clean the house. John asked if everything was clear.

Basic Rules in Changing Direct Speech (DS) to Reported Speech (RS)

1. Changes in Person of Pronouns

• 1st person pronouns in reported clause are always changed according to the subject of the reporting clause.

Examples: DS: Anna said, "I am happy."

RS: Anna said that she was happy.

• 2nd person pronouns in reported clause are always changed according to the object of the reporting clause.

Examples: DS: Joy said to Paul, "You passed the exam."

RS: Joy told *Paul* that *he* had passed the exam.

• 3rd Person pronouns in reported clause are not changed.

Examples: DS: Joana said, "She looks sad."

RS: Joana said she looked sad.

2. Changes in Verbs

• If the reporting clause is in **present tense** or **future tense**, then **no change** is **required** to be made in the verb of reported clause. This verb could be in any tense.

Example: DS: He says, "I am going to the library."

RS: He says that he is going to the library.

• If the reporting verb is in past tense, then the reported verb will be changed depending on its tense.

Changes in Tense of the Verb		
Direct Speech	Reported/Indirect Speech	
Present Simple	Past Simple	
• The man said, "I <i>join</i> the club."	• The man said that he <i>joined</i> the club.	
Present Progressive	Past Progressive	
• She said, "The cat is sleeping."	• She said that the cat was sleeping."	

Direct Speech	Reported Speech	
Present Perfect	Past Perfect	
• They said, "We have prepared snacks."	• They said that they had prepared snacks.	
Past Simple	Past Perfect	
• My friend announced, "The meeting started."	• My friend announced that the meeting <i>had started</i> .	
Past Progressive	Past Perfect Progressive	
• Shane said, "The children were laughing at my cleverness."	• Shane said that the children had been laughing at her cleverness.	
Past Perfect	Past Perfect	
• The boy said, "I had studied abroad."	• The boy said that he <i>had studied</i> abroad.	

Change in Modal Verbs			
will/shall	would/should		
Bryan said, "I <i>will</i> try to finish my report."	• Bryan said that he <i>would</i> try to finish his report.		
can	could		
• My father said to me, "I can pick you up."	• My father told me he <i>could</i> pick me up.		
may	might		
• Troy said, "I <i>may</i> invite them to the	• Troy said that he <i>might</i> invite them		
party."	to the party.		
must	must/had to		
• Jane said, "I <i>must</i> stop smoking."	 Jane said that she must/had to stop smoking. 		

3. Other significant word changes

Direct		Reported	
now	yesterday	then	the day before
here	tonight	there	that night
today	this	that day	that
tomorrow	these	the next day	those

4. Conversion of Interrogative and Imperative Direct Speech

- The reporting verb said or said to is changed to asked, demanded or inquired.
- For yes/no questions, *if* or *whether* is used in place of *that*.
 - DS: Joseph said to Jana, "Will you attend the flag ceremony?"
 - RS: Joseph asked Jana if she would attend the flag ceremony.
- For WH questions, neither *if* is used nor any other word is added.
 - DS: My little brother said to the waitress, "What are you doing?"
 - RS: My little brother asked the waitress what she was doing.
- For imperative (command), the reporting verb *said* or *said* to is changed to *ordered* or *commanded*.

DS: The librarian *said to* me, "Keep quiet." RS: The librarian *ordered* me *to* keep quiet.

• For imperative (request), the reporting verb said or said to is changed to requested.

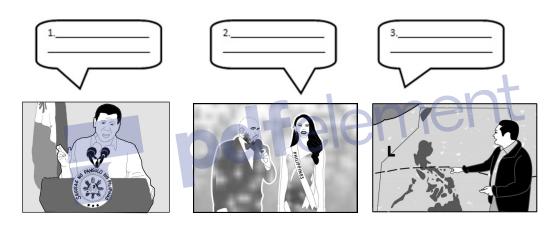
DS: He *told* me, "Please call me." RS: He *requested* me *to* call him.

* Note: The use of the word "that" is optional in reported speech. Both of the following sentences are correct:

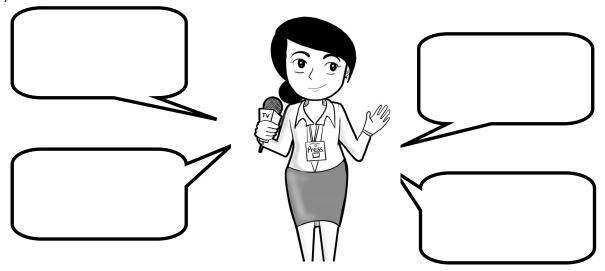
The student said that he had gained weight.

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Learning Task 3: Study the images believe. Fill the speech bubbles with what you think he/she could be saying. Write your answers in your notebook.



Learning Task 4: Imaging yourself as a news reporter. Convert the messages of the people from Learning Task 1 into a news report. Write your answers in your notebook.



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Learning Task 5: Change direct speech to reported speech. The first number is done for you. Write down your observations in your notebook.

Direct Speech	Indirect Speech
1. Nicole said, "Tell me the truth."	Nicole demanded to tell her the truth.
2. My brother said, "I love to sing."	
3. The teacher said to her, "Will you join the contest?"	
4. They said, "We are veterans."	
5.Sheila said, "They came here yesterday."	
6. She said to me, "Are you sure?"	
7. The doctor said to her, "You are not sick."	
8. The guard said to me, "Wear your uniform."	ant
9. Pedro said to me, "I saw your puppy outside."	emeric
10. The little boy said, "I will be a police-	
man."	