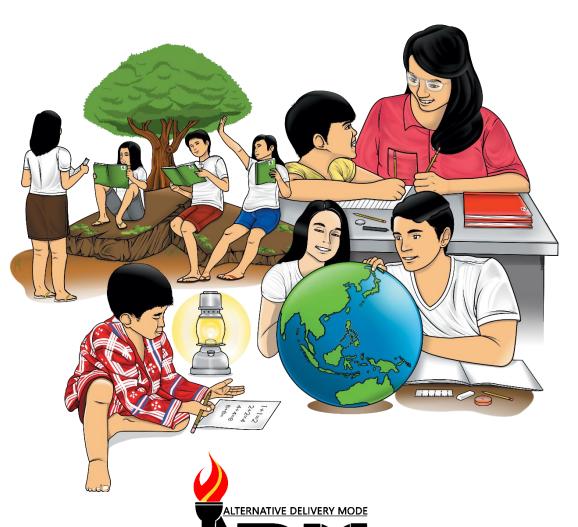




Science

Quarter 1 – Module 1: Classifying Objects and Materials



ON TO SAIL

Science – Grade 3 Alternative Delivery Mode

Quarter 1 - Module 1: Classifying Objects and Materials

First Edition, 2020

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Science

Quarter 1 – Module 1: Classifying Objects and Materials



Introductory Message

For the facilitator:

Welcome to the Science 3 Alternative Delivery Mode (ADM) Module on Classifying Objects and Materials.

This module was collaboratively designed, developed and reviewed by educators both from public and private institutions to assist you as teacher or facilitator in helping the learners meet the standards set by the K to 12 Curriculum while overcoming personal, social, and economic constraints in schooling.

This learning resource hopes to engage the learners into guided and independent learning activities at their own pace and time. Furthermore, this also aims to help learners acquire the needed 21st century skills while taking into consideration their needs and circumstances.

In addition to the material in the main text, you will also see this box in the body of the module:



Notes to the Teacher

This contains helpful tips or strategies that will help you in guiding the learners.

As a facilitator you are expected to orient the learners on how to use this module. You also need to keep track of the learners' progress while allowing them to manage their own learning. Furthermore, you are expected to encourage and assist the learners as they do the tasks included in the module.

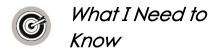
For the learner:

Welcome to the Science 3 Alternative Delivery Mode (ADM) Module on Classifying Objects and Materials.

The hand is one of the most symbolized part of the human body. It is often used to depict skill, action and purpose. Through our hands we may learn, create and accomplish. Hence, the hand in this learning resource signifies that you as a learner is capable and empowered to successfully achieve the relevant competencies and skills at your own pace and time.

This module was designed to provide you with fun and meaningful opportunities for guided and independent learning at your own pace and time. You will be enabled to process the contents of the learning resource while being an active learner.

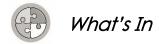
This module has the following parts and corresponding icons:



This will give you an idea of the skills or competencies you are expected to learn in the module.



This part includes an activity that aims to check what you already know about the lesson to take. If you get all the answers correct (100%), you may decide to skip this module, but if you got 50%-99% you will proceed with the module.



This is a brief drill or review to help you link the current lesson with the previous one.



What's New

In this portion, the new lesson will be introduced to you in various ways such as a story, a song, a poem, a problem opener, an activity or a situation.



What is It

This section provides a brief discussion of the lesson. This aims to help you discover and understand new concepts and skills.



What's More

This comprises activities for independent practice to strengthen your understanding and skills of the topic. You may check the answers to the exercises using the Answer Key at the end of the module.



What I Have Learned

This includes questions or blank sentence/paragraph to be filled in to process what you have learned from the lesson.



What I Can Do

This section provides an activity which will help you transfer your new knowledge or skill into real life situations.



Assessment

This is a task which aims to evaluate your level of mastery in achieving the learning competency.



Additional Activities

In this portion, another activity will be given to you to enrich your knowledge or skill on the lesson learned. This also tends retention of learned concepts.



This contains answers to all activities in the module.

At the end of this module you will also find:

References This is a list of all sources used in

developing this module

The following are some reminders in using this module:

- Use the module with care. Do not put unnecessary mark/s on any part of the module. Use a separate sheet of paper in answering the exercises.
- 2. Don't forget to answer *What I Know* before moving on to the other activities included in the module.
- 3. Read the instruction carefully before doing each task.
- 4. Observe honesty and integrity in doing the tasks and checking your answers.
- 5. Finish the task at hand before proceeding to the next.
- 6. Return this module to your teacher/facilitator once you are through with it.

If you encounter any difficulty in answering the tasks in this module, do not hesitate to consult your teacher or facilitator. Always bear in mind that you are not alone.

We hope that through this material, you will experience meaningful learning and gain deep understanding of the relevant competencies. You can do it!



This module was designed and written with you in mind. It is here to help you master the skill in classifying objects and materials as solid, liquid and gas based on some observable characteristics (S3MT-Ic-d-2). The scope of this module allows it to be used in many different learning situations. The language used recognizes the different vocabulary level of students. The lessons are arranged to follow the standard sequence of the course. But the order in which you read them can be changed to be similar with the textbook you are now using.

The module is divided into four lessons, namely:

- Lesson 1 Objects and Materials Around Us and their Properties
- Lesson 2 Solid Objects or Materials and their Characteristics
- Lesson 3 Liquid Objects or Materials and their Characteristics
- Lesson 4 Gaseous Objects or Materials and their Characteristics

After going through this module, you are expected to be able to:

- Identify and describe objects and materials at home, in school and in the surroundings and classify them as solid, liquid and gas.
- 2. Recognize and describe the observable characteristics of solid as to color, size, shape, and texture.
- 3. Describe observable characteristics of liquid as to its ability to flow and how they occupy space.
- 4. Name and describe observable characteristics of gas.



Directions: Choose the letter of the best answer. Write the chosen letter on a separate sheet of paper. If you answer correctly all the five questions you may skip this module but if you do not, you are going to continue with the activities of this module.

1.	Helen walks every day to school. One afternoon, when she was on her way back to their house, it rained very hard. "Aha! It is good that I brought with me my umbrella", she				
	•	s an example o		y diffibrella , site	
		B. liquid		D. solid and gas	
2.	_	is <u>yellow</u> . Which e underlined wo		stic of solid	
		B. shape	C. color	D. texture	
3.	Which of the fo	ollowing materi	als is gas?		
	A. smoke	B. water	C. alcoho	ol D. paper	
4.	Which of the t	following is NOT	true?		
	A. Solid has	weight and oc	cupies spac	e.	
	B. Liquid flo	ws and takes th	ne shape of	the containers.	
	C. Gas is ev	erywhere and i	t has weight	and it occupies	
	space.				
	D. Liquid ar	d gas have no	weight but	occupy space.	

- B. Gas cannot fill the shape of the container.
- C. Liquid flows and has no weight.

5. Which of the following statement is true?

size, shape and texture.

D. Solid, liquid and gas can be classified according to shape and odor only.

A. Solid objects and materials can be classified as to color,

Lesson
1

Objects and Materials Around Us and their Properties

Matter Around Us By: Amor M. Garcia

Solid, Liquid, Gas

These are things around us

We can see them, we can touch them

And sometimes we can only feel them

Solid, Liquid, Gas, we see them everyday
We feel them everyday, they are lovely
Cause they differ in many ways

They differ in size, they differ in shape

They even differ in color, specially their texture

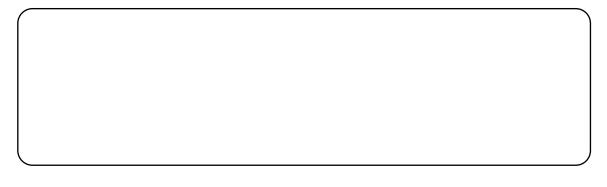
Solid, Liquid, Gas... they are useful for us

Let's observe them and learn more about them.



There are different objects and materials that can be found at home, in school or in the community. They are called matters. They can be solid, liquid and gas.

Name five (5) objects or materials that can be found at home. Write them in the box below and tell something about their characteristics. Do this in a separate piece of paper.





What's New

Everything around us is matter. Matter is anything that has weight and takes up space. Everything you can see and touch is made up of matter. Matter comes in different shapes and sizes.

Why does matter comes in different sizes and shapes? Well, that is because matter comes in three forms: solid, liquid and gas. Solid, liquid and gas will fill up space in different ways depending upon how big, small, long or short the object is.

Let us explore more about them and their properties!



Solids are objects that we can touch and see. Flowers, tables and chairs are examples of solid. It has shape, color, texture and size.

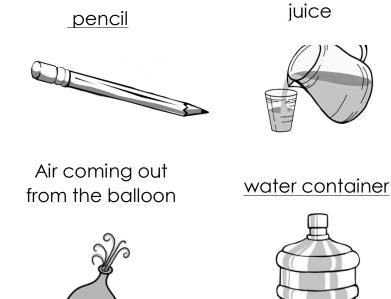
Liquids are objects that we can also touch and see. They change shape depending on the container. It has weight. Water is the famous example of liquid.

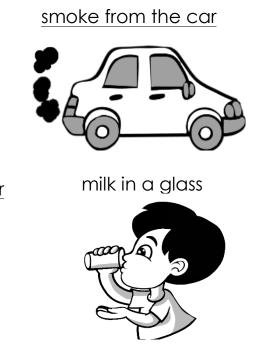
Gas is another form of matter. It cannot be seen but is around us. We can feel it. Gas has weight and occupies space. It has no shape or size. The air we inhale is a gas.



What's More

Everything around us is matter. You can classify them into solid, liquid and gas.





Which object is solid?	
Which object is liquid?	
Which object is gas?	

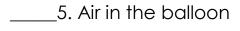
Write <u>S</u> if the object is solid and <u>L</u> if the object is liquid and <u>G</u> if it is gas.















What I Have Learned

- ✓ Matter is everything around us.
- ✓ It has mass and weight.
- ✓ Three forms or states of matter are Solid, Liquid and Gas

What I Can Do

Objects and materials found at home are matter. Can you identify them? Draw three (3) examples for each phase.

Solid	Liquid	Gas

Answer the following questions.

1. What state of matter is the object of material that you draw?

Assessment

Direction: Write \underline{I} if the statement is true and \underline{F} if it is false.
1. Solid has no definite shape and weight.
2. A solid can be described through its shape, color, size
and texture.
3. Liquid has the ability to flow.
4. Gas occupies the space of the container.
5. Liquid and gas take the shape of the container.



Directions: Compare the following states of matter. Write \underline{Yes} if the statement will answer the state of matter and \underline{No} if it is not.

Description	Solid	Liquid	Gas
1. It can be touched.			
2. It can be seen.			
3. It has definite shape.			
4. It has volume.			
5. It takes the shape of			
the container.			

Lesson

2

Solid Objects or Materials and their Characteristics



What's In

In the previous lesson, you have learned that there are three forms or states of matter namely solid, liquid and gas. In this lesson, you will learn more about solid. Solid has different observable characteristics. It has shape, size, color, and texture.

Solids have different shapes such as round, square, rectangle, triangle and oblong. Solids have different colors, too. They can be red, blue, yellow, orange, green, brown, gray, white and black.

Solid has its own size. You can measure their length and width by using a ruler for small objects and a meter stick for longer objects. It may have similar and different sizes such as tall, long, short, big, and small.

Through your sense of touch, you can describe the objects and materials' texture whether it is rough, smooth, hard, and soft.



Describe how these of objects were classified. Try this.

Object	Color	Shape	Size	Texture
ball	red	circle	small	rough
book	green	rectangle	big	smooth
box	blue	square	small	smooth
wall clock	black	circle	big	smooth
pillow	yellow	square	big	smooth

For Example:

The color of the ball is red. The ball is small. Its shape is a circle. It is rough when you touch it.

Now it is your turn!

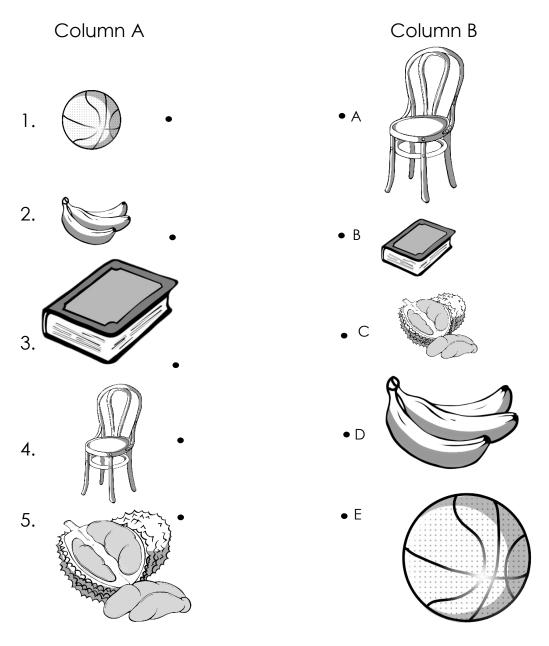
Look for solid materials around you. List them below and tell their observable characteristics. Do this in your notebook.

OBJECT	COLOR	SHAPE	SIZE	TEXTURE

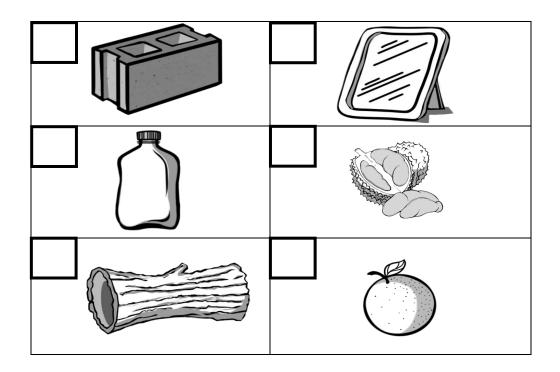


What is It

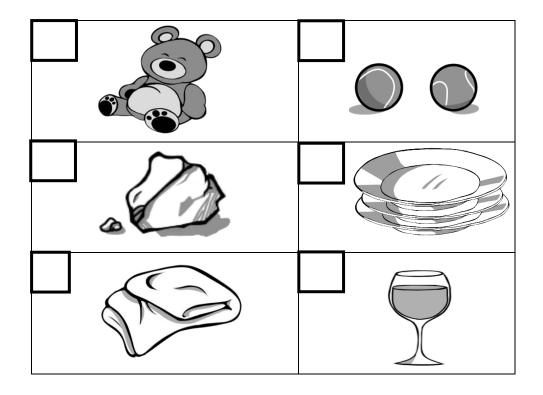
Activity 1. Connect the solid in Column A with its opposite size in Column B.



Activity 2. Mark (/) if the object is **Rough** and (x) if the object is **Smooth**.



Mark (/) if the object is ${f Hard}$ and ${\bf (x)}$ if the object is ${f Soft}$.



Answer the question:

1. What are the observable characteristics of solid objects?



What's More

Let us master this!

Direction: Identify the shape, color, size and texture of the following objects. Write your answer on the space provided.

		<u>, </u>
1.	Shape	
	Color	
	Size	
	Texture	
2.	Shape	
	Color	
	Size	
	Texture	
3.	Shape	
	Color	
	Size	
	Texture	
4.	Shape	
	Color	
	Size	
	Texture	
5.	Shape	
	Color	
	Size	
	Texture	



What I Have Learned

- ✓ Solids have certain color, size, shape and texture.
- ✓ Solids have different colors. They can be red, blue, yellow, orange, green, brown, gray, white and black.
- ✓ Solids have different shapes such as round, square, rectangle, triangle, and oblong.
- ✓ Solids have different sizes such as big, small, long, short and tall.
- ✓ Solids have texture. It can be smooth or rough.
- ✓ Solid can be classified according to color, size, shape and textures.



What I Can Do

Directions: Name and identify the color, shape, size and texture of

the objects. Object	<u>Name</u>	Color	<u>Shape</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Texture</u>
<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u></u>		

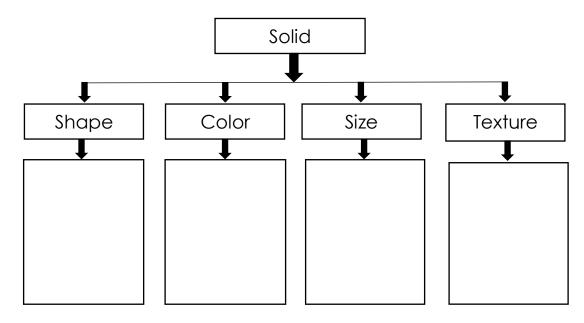


Directions: Match the characteristics of solid in Column A to Column B. Choices in Column B can be used twice. Write the letter of your answer on the space provided.

Column A	Column B
1. round table	A. size
2. green mango	B. shape
3. rough surface	C. color
4. big notebook	D. texture
5. soft pillow	

Additional Activities

Directions: Write the different observable characteristics of solid to complete the graphic organizer. Do this in your notebook.



Lesson

Liquid Objects or Materials and their Characteristics



What's In

Liquid is an object that occupies space and takes the shape of the container. It can be poured and flow fast or slow.

In this lesson, you will learn the different observable characteristics or properties of liquids.



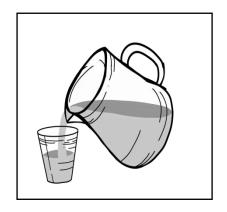
Notes to the Teacher

Learning by doing is exciting. Be guided with an adult or your parents for safety measures. You may assist the learner in coming up with his/her observation.

Observe the drawing.



Picture 1



Picture 2

How does the liquid flows?	
Picture 1	

Observe the different characteristics of liquid. Record or write your observations

Let us try these.

- 1. Pour water in a glass.
- 2. Fill in a basin with water.

Picture 2
Answer the following questions:
What have you observed when you poured water on a glass?
2. What have you observed when you fill in a basin with water? How did you do it?
3. When you compare the shape of the water in a glass

and in a basin. What have you observe? _____



What's New

Liquids come in different colors, like black, red and yellow. Some liquids are colorless. They also vary in taste. Some are sweet, sour, bitter or salty. They have good smell like perfume, syrup, shampoo and fabric conditioner, others have bad odor like fish sauce and vinegar. Some liquids are odorless. Let us do this!

Direction. Put a check mark on its appropriate column.

A. Taste Chart

	Taste			
Liquids	Sweet	Sour	Bitter	Salty
Vinegar				
VUNEDAY				
Chocolate milk				
Ampalaya 🔊				
soup				
Soy sauce				
SOY				
Lemon juice				

B. Smell or odor Chart

	Smell	or odor
Liquids	Good	Bad
Perfume		
Gasoline		
Bleach		
Fabric conditioner		
Cologne		



What is It

You can classify liquids according to its observable characteristics. You can group them according to color, shape, taste, and smell.

Record your observations. Write your answer in the space provided for you.

Name of	Descriptions				
Liquid	Color	Shape	Taste	Smell	
Soy sauce					
Honey					
<u>Fish sauce</u>					
Perfume					
Shampoo					



What's More

Liquid has the ability to flow. Some liquids flow fast while some flows slow. Based on your observation classify the following examples of liquid on these particular characteristics.

oil	cola	honey	soy sauce	ketchup
	Flows fast		Flows	slow



What I Have Learned

- ✓ Liquid takes the shape of the container
- ✓ Liquid can be poured and flows fast or slow.
- ✓ Liquids have different colors, like black, white and yellowish. Some are colorless.
- ✓ Liquids vary in taste some are sweet, sour, bitter or salty.
- ✓ Liquids have good or bad smell or odor. Some are odorless.

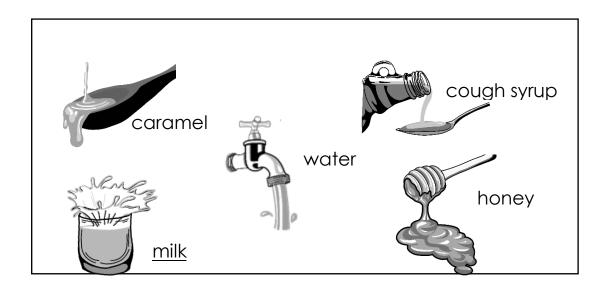


What I Can Do

Describe how the following materials flow.

Direction: Choose your answer in the word bank to complete the sentence.

Word Bank: whiter sweeter faster



- 1. Water flows _____than the milk.
- 2. Honey taste _____than the cough syrup.
- 3. Milk is _____than the caramel.



5. It has rough texture.

Direction: Supply the missing word. Write the word on the blank to complete the paragraph.

Liquid takes the shape of the It has ability to flowor Furthermore, liquids have different colors black, white and yellow. The taste can be, or salty. Its smell can be or bad.
Additional Activities
Direction: Blacken the box if the statement describes liquid.
1. It has the ability to flow.
2. It has no definite shape.
3. It has different colors.
4 It takes the shape of the container

Lesson

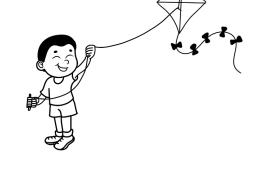
4

Gaseous Objects or Materials and their Characteristics



Air is around us. Air is an example of a gas. We cannot see it but we can feel and smell it. We see object moves. In this lesson, you will learn different observable characteristics of gas.

Have you tried flying a kite?



How did the kite fly?

What did the kite need to fly?



Notes to the Teacher

Let the learners explore, investigate and discover interesting things. Be careful and guided properly with an adult or your parents.



What's New

Gas is another state of matter. It does not have a definite shape and size. It spreads out to fill its container. It cannot be seen but can be felt.

Study the picture.



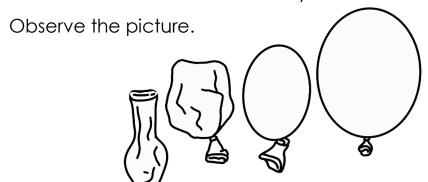
Answer the following questions:

- 1. What does the boy do? _____
- 2. How did he do it?
- 3. What did you discover? _____



What is It

Gas has no definite size and shape but it takes the shape of the container. Air fills and moves freely in the container.



It is your turn to do this!

- 1. Blow air in the balloon or plastic bag. What happened?
- 2. Why do you think it happened?



What's More

Direction: Put a check mark on the object that can be filled with air.

- 1. tire
- 2. pitcher
- 3. gas tank
- 4. rubber ball
- 5. sponge



What I Have Learned

- ✓ Gas does not have a definite shape and size.
- ✓ Gas spreads out to fill its container.
- ✓ Air fills and moves freely in the container.



What I Can Do

Direction	on: Write Yes if the statement is correct and No if it is not.
	1. Gas does not have a definite shape and size.
	2. Air does not occupy space.
	3. We can see air around us.
	4. Air moves freely in the container.
	5. We can keep air inside our pocket.



Assessment

Gas is another state of ______. It does not have definite _____ and ______. It spreads out to fill its ______. Moreover, gas cannot be seen but we can _____ it

Directions: Fill in the missing word. Write the word in the blank



like the air.

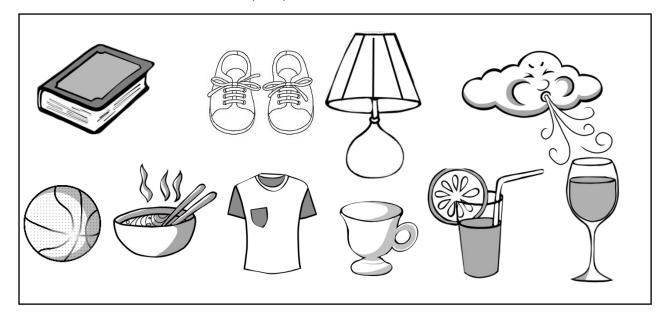
Additional Activities

Direction: Look and mark check of the words in box that you think as an example of gas.

inflated balloon	oxygen tank	thin book
block of wood	marbles	steam
pineapple juice	fire extinguisher	air pump

Assessment

Group the following objects below. Draw and write their names on the proper column.



Solid	Liquid	Gas

1. How did you classify the objects?



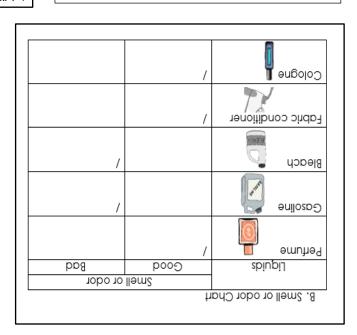
Activity I. Direction: Use your crayons. Color the word **RED** if it is solid objects. **BLUE** if it is liquid and **YELLOW** if it is a gas.

ballpen	lemon juice	scisso	r ink	bath soap oil
eye glass	oxygen	smoke	vinegar	plastic balloon

Activity II. Classify whether the object is a liquid or a gas. Write the word Liquid or Gas in the opposite box. Do this in your notebook.

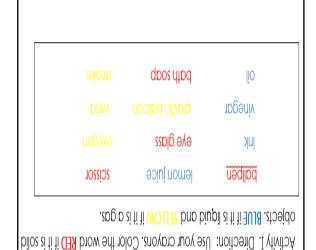
Object		Classification
1. Balloon		
2. Flowing water		
3. Smoke	íÏ	
4. Sunkist Cola	COR	
5. LPG		

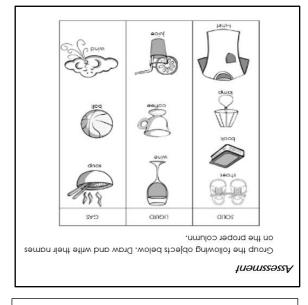
```
.5
                          οN
                          Yes
                          ΟN
                          ΟN
                          l. Yes
                       Myat I Cau Do
                        5. sponge
                    4. rubber ball
                      3. gas tank
                        2. pitcher
                           J. fire
                         filled with air.
  on the object that can be
Directions: Put a check mark
                        What's More
                            TE22ON ₹
```



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/ dmuq nin
                  (ire extinguisher
                                       esiuį eldapenia
        ateam
                          warpjes
                                        block of wood
                     oxlaen tank
      thin book
                                     / noollad bətaltri
                                 think as an example of gas.
Directions: Look and mark check of the words in box that you
                                        Additional Activities
```







Feel Container

> əzi2 zyabe

1. Matter

Lesson 4 Assessment

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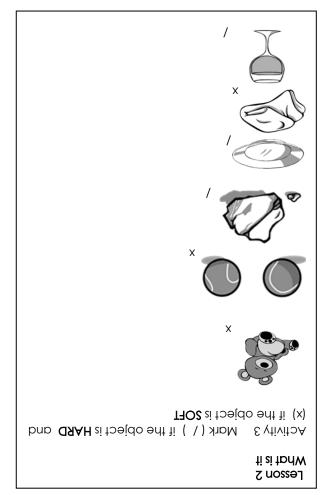
Let us master this!

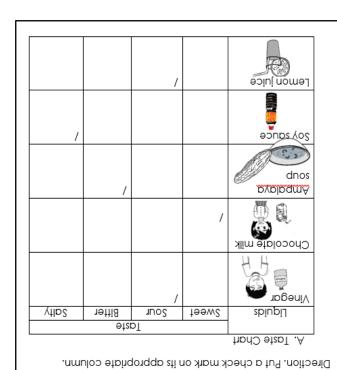
What's New

ESSON 3

Direction: Identify the shape, color, size and texture of the following objects. Write your answer on the space provided.

dtooms	Texture	^
gid	əzi?	
akeen green	Color	
rectangle	Syabe	5.
qtooms	Texture	
gid	əzi2	
ətirlw	Color	
round	Syabe	.4
rough	Texture	<u></u>
gid	əzi2	
ðιαλ	Color	
rectangle	Syabe	3.
rough	Texture	
swall	əzi2	WAR.
prown	Color	
əlgapint	Syabe	7.
dtooms	Texture	
swall	əzi?	
ənld	Color	
round	Shape	٦ ٠١
	•	•





Assessment
Matching type
1. B
2. C
3. D
4. A
4. A
5. D

Small, big, tall, long, short <u>Texture</u>

rough, smooth, hard, soft

what's In **LESSON 1**

the learners depending on the answers of Answer may vary

What's More

٦.

4.

ε.

١.

Myat I know

С 7.

Pencil, water container Which object is solid? :snoitsəuD

Smoke from the car, air Which object is gas? Juice, milk in a glass

Which object is liquid?

coming out the balloon

and G if it is gas. and **L** if the object is **liqui**d Write 5 if the object is solid

2.

.ε

.4

səY SƏY səY It has syabe ətinitəb səY οN ΟN It has .ε uəəs It can be oΝ **S** Y səY ٦. touched Xes ΟN Xes It can be Liquid eas bilo2 Describtion the state of matter and No if it is not. matter. Write $\mbox{\it YES}$ if the description will answer Directions: compare the following states of Additional Activities: ٠. Ι 4. .ε 7: it is **false**. Direction: Write I if the statement is hrue and F if

Answer may vary depending on the

səY

Xes

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container

spape of

amulov

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y 2 Mark (/) if the object is ROUGH and	Activit

ti si todW Lesson 2

			D	2.	
Activity 1. Connect the solid in column A with its opposite size in column B. 1. E					
					Mpat Is It
The answer will differ depending upon the learner.					
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Texture	əzi2			CO	
tell its observable characteristics					
Look for Solid materials around you. List them and					
os a circle. It is rough when you touch it					
The color of the ball is red. The ball is small. Its shape					
Example:					
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					LESSON 2
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Assessment

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