

# AIR UNIVERSITY, ISLAMABAD

# **Department of Cyber Security**

Secure Software Design & Development Lab (CY- 256L)

Assignment-3

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CLASS: BSCYS-4 A

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### **Docker:**

### What is Docker?

Docker is an open-source platform that allows you to develop, ship, and run applications inside lightweight, portable containers.

- A Docker container is a standardized unit that packages your code, runtime, system tools, libraries, and settings—everything the app needs to run.
- Containers are isolated from each other and the host system, but they share the OS kernel, making them faster and more efficient than virtual machines (VMs).

### **How Docker Works**

- 1. **Dockerfile**: You write a file that defines what goes into the container (like a recipe).
- 2. Image: Docker builds an image from the Dockerfile.
- 3. **Container**: You run an image to create a container (an instance of the image).

### **Uses of Docker**

### 1. **Development Consistency**

- Developers can run the same code on any machine without worrying about dependencies or environment setup issues.
- o "It works on my machine" problems are eliminated.

### 2. Microservices Architecture

- Each microservice can run in its own container with its own dependencies.
- Easy to scale and manage.

# 3. CI/CD Pipelines

- Integrates seamlessly into Continuous Integration/Continuous Deployment workflows.
- o Automated testing, building, and deployment are simplified.

### 4. Environment Replication

 Easily replicate production-like environments for testing or staging.

### 5. Isolation and Security

 Containers isolate applications from each other and from the host system.

# 6. Portability

 Docker containers can run on any system that supports Docker: Linux, Windows, cloud providers (AWS, Azure, GCP), and even your laptop.

# 7. Resource Efficiency

Containers are more lightweight than VMs and use fewer system resource

# **Docker Setup:**

## **Step 1: Install Prerequisites**

First, let's make sure your system is up to date and install required dependencies:

```
Hit:1 https://packages.wazuh.com/4.x/apt stable InRelease
Get:2 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble InRelease [48.8 kB]
Hit:3 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Get:4 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble/stable amd64 Packages [24.0 kB]
Hit:5 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease
Hit:6 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease
Hit:7 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease
Fetched 72.8 kB in 1s (52.2 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
```

# Step 2: Add Docker's Official GPG Key

Now let's install Docker and related components:

```
Setting up docker-compose-plugin (2.35.1-1~ubuntu.24.04~noble) ...
Setting up docker-ce-cli (5:28.1.1-1~ubuntu.24.04~noble) ...
Setting up libslirp0:amd64 (4.7.0-1ubuntu3) ...
Setting up pigz (2.8-1) ...
Setting up git-man (1:2.43.0-1ubuntu7.2) ...
Setting up docker-ce-rootless-extras (5:28.1.1-1~ubuntu.24.04~noble) ...
Setting up slirp4netns (1.2.1-1build2) ...
Setting up docker-ce (5:28.1.1-1~ubuntu.24.04~noble) ...
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/docker.service → /us
r/lib/systemd/system/docker.service.
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/sockets.target.wants/docker.socket \rightarrow /usr/li
b/systemd/system/docker.socket.
Setting up git (1:2.43.0-1ubuntu7.2) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.12.0-4build2) ...
Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.39-Oubuntu8.4) ...
oot@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu#
```

# **Step 3: Verify Docker Installation**

Let's make sure Docker is installed correctly by running the hello-world image:

```
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu# sudo docker run hello-world

Hello from Docker!
This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly.

To generate this message, Docker took the following steps:

1. The Docker client contacted the Docker daemon.

2. The Docker daemon pulled the "hello-world" image from the Docker Hub. (amd64)

3. The Docker daemon created a new container from that image which runs the executable that produces the output you are currently reading.

4. The Docker daemon streamed that output to the Docker client, which sent it to your terminal.
```

## **Step 4: Working with Busybox**

```
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu# docker pull busybox
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/busybox
Digest: sha256:3308bdfbc80b8e960219232df14f233a3c56979f392f56b0d9a8bc290c7dfd76
Status: Image is up to date for busybox:latest
docker.io/library/busybox:latest
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu# docker images
REPOSITORY
              TAG
                        IMAGE ID
                                       CREATED
                                                      SIZE
hello-world
                       74cc54e27dc4 4 months ago
             latest
                                                      10.1kB
busvbox
             latest
                        6d3e4188a38a
                                      7 months ago
                                                      4.28MB
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu#
```

```
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu# docker run busybox echo "hello from busybox"
hello from busybox
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu#
```

```
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu# docker run -it busybox sh
/ # ls
bin etc lib proc sys usr
dev home lib64 root tmp var
/ # uptime
04:20:25 up 19 min, 0 users, load average: 0.37, 0.45, 0.81
/ #
```

# **Step 5: Exiting Docker:**

/ # CACC				
root@Ubuntu-Vbo	ox:/home/ubur	ntu# docker ps -a		
CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS
	PORTS	NAMES		
3e0b28b8e1be	busybox	"sh"	2 minutes ago	Exited (0)
7 seconds ago		elated_jones		
bd2ffe1bef8e	busybox	"echo 'hello from bu…"	2 minutes ago	Exited (0)
2 minutes ago		inspiring_hodgkin		
6e8e3fff292e	busybox	"sh"	5 minutes ago	Exited (0)
4 minutes ago		vigorous_noyce		
fadbe7777371	busybox	"echo 'hello from bu…"	5 minutes ago	Exited (0)
5 minutes ago		crazy_archimedes		
e32d85d37528	hello-world	"/hello"	7 minutes ago	Exited (0)
7 minutes ago		bold_mclaren		
d69f93f46519	hello-world	"/hello"	7 minutes ago	Exited (0)
7 minutes ago		happy_bose		
root@Ubuntu-Vbo	ox:/home/ubur	ntu#		

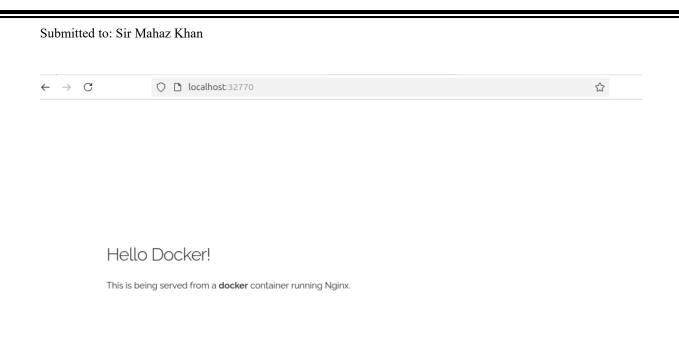
# **Step 6: Deleting a container:**

root@Ubuntu-Vbo	ox:/home/ubunt	u# docker ps -a		
CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS
3e0b28b8e1be	busybox	"sh"	6 minutes ago	Exited (0) 4 minut
S				
bd2ffe1bef8e	busybox	"echo 'hello from bu…"	6 minutes ago	Exited (0) 6 minut
odgkin				
6e8e3fff292e	busybox	"sh"	9 minutes ago	Exited (0) 8 minut
yce				
fadbe7777371	busybox	"echo 'hello from bu…"	9 minutes ago	Exited (0) 9 minut
medes				
e32d85d37528	hello-world	"/hello"	11 minutes ago	Exited (0) 11 minu
n				
root@Ubuntu-Vbo	ox:/home/ubunt	u# docker rm 3e0b28b8e1be		
3e0b28b8e1be				
root@ubuntu-vbc	ox:/nome/udunt	J#		

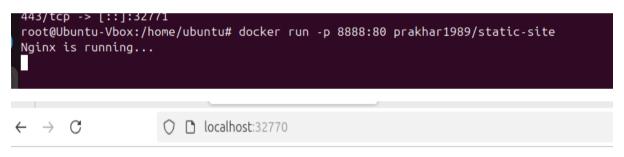
# **Step 7: Running a Web Application**

Let's try running a simple web application in a container:

```
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu# docker run -d -p 8080:80 --name my-site nginx
Unable to find image 'nginx:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from library/nginx
61320b01ae5e: Pull complete
670a101d432b: Pull complete
405bd2df85b6: Pull complete
cc80efff8457: Pull complete
2b9310b2ee4b: Pull complete
6c4aa022e8e1: Pull complete
abddc69cb49d: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:fb39280b7b9eba5727c884a3c7810002e69e8f961cc373b89c92f14961d903a0
Status: Downloaded newer image for nginx:latest
66cbab800dfa34eef79a6f8924e8731384c4bd51f13565b1276d3ac00bd69cd7
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu#
```



We can also specify a custom port to which the client will forward connections to the container.



# Hello Docker!

This is being served from a docker container running Nginx.

# Stopping my website and deleting the docker container

```
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu# docker stop static-site
static-site
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu#
```

```
oot@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu# docker ps
CONTAINER ID
               IMAGE
                                          COMMAND
                                                                   CREATED
                                                                                     STATUS
     NAMES
0742006d3ca4
               prakhar1989/static-site
                                          "./wrapper.sh"
                                                                   3 minutes ago
                                                                                     Exited
    fervent_panini
              prakhar1989/static-site
                                         "./wrapper.sh"
116e39dfd6cf
                                                                   9 minutes ago
                                                                                     Exited
     static-site
bd2ffe1bef8e
             busybox
                                          "echo 'hello from bu..."
                                                                   33 minutes ago
                                                                                     Exited
     inspiring_hodgkin
6e8e3fff292e
                                                                   35 minutes ago
                                                                                     Exited
    vigorous_noyce
                                          "echo 'hello from bu..."
                                                                   35 minutes ago
fadbe7777371
               busybox
                                                                                     Exited
     crazy_archimedes
e32d85d37528 hello-world
                                                                   37 minutes ago
                                                                                     Exited
    bold mclaren
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu# docker rm 0742006d3ca4
0742006d3ca4
```

## **Step 8: Creating Your Own Image**

```
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu# git clone https://github.com/prakhar1989/docker-curriculum.git
Cloning into 'docker-curriculum'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 1737, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (71/71), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (54/54), done.
remote: Total 1737 (delta 57), reused 17 (delta 17), pack-reused 1666 (from 3)
Receiving objects: 100% (1737/1737), 9.13 MiB | 90.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (961/961), done.
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu# cd docker-curriculum/flask-app
```

## With that, our Docker file is now ready. This is how it looks

```
/home/ubuntu/docker-curriculum/flask-app/Dockerfile-Mousepad — 
File Edit Search View Document Help

Warning: you are using the root account. You may harm your system.

ROM python: 3.8

# set a directory for the app
IORKDIR /usr/src/app

# copy all the files to the container
IOPY . .

# install dependencies
RUN pip install --no-cache-dir -r requirements.txt

# tell the port number the container should expose
IXPOSE 5000

# run the command
IMD ["python", "./app.py"]
```

Now that we have our Dockerfile, we can build our image. The docker build command does the heavy-lifting of creating a Docker image from a Dockerfile.

```
FROM python:3.8

RUN pip install flask

COPY . /opt/

EXPOSE 5000

WORKDIR /opt

ENTRYPOINT ["python"]

CMD ["app.py"]
```

## **Step 9: Building Image:**

# **Step 10: Running Image:**

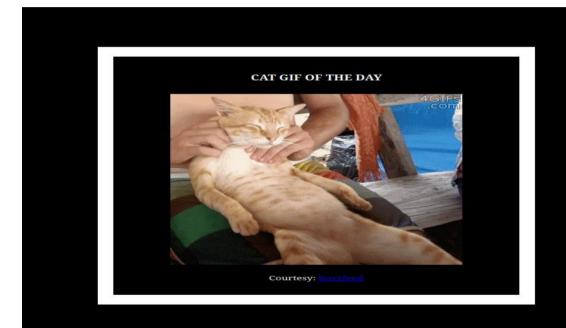
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu/docker-curriculum/flask-app# docker run -p 8888:5000 root/catnip

- \* Serving Flask app 'app'
- \* Debug mode: off

WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI serv

- \* Running on all addresses (0.0.0.0)
- \* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000
- \* Running on http://172.17.0.2:5000

Press CTRL+C to quit





# **Docker push**

```
ubuntu@Ubuntu-Vbox:~$ sudo su
[sudo] password for ubuntu:
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu# docker login

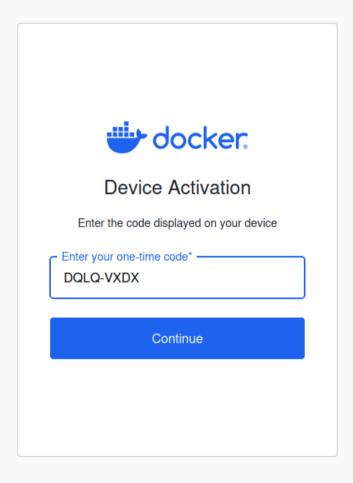
USING WEB-BASED LOGIN

Info → To sign in with credentials on the command line, use 'docker login -u <username>'

Your one-time device confirmation code is: DQLQ-VXDX

Press ENTER to open your browser or submit your device code here: https://login.docker.com/activate

Waiting for authentication in the browser...
```



# **Security Checks**

• Run the commands given in Rule 2, Rule 3, Rule 8 to see if they work fine.

Check that containers can't access host processes (Rule 2)

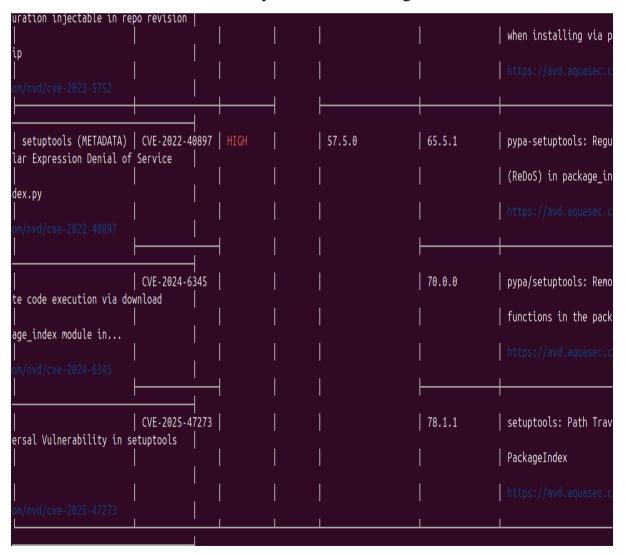
```
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu/docker-curriculum/flask-app# docker run --rm ubuntu ps aux
USER PID %CPU %MEM VSZ RSS TTY STAT START TIME COMMAND
root 1 7.1 0.0 7888 3776 ? Rs 05:22 0:00 ps aux
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu/docker-curriculum/flask-app#
```

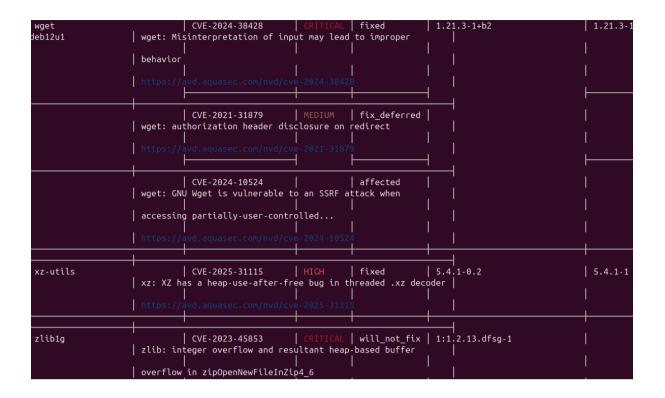
## Check user namespace isolation (Rule 3)

```
root@Ubuntu-vbox:/nome/ubuntu/docker-curriculum/flask-app# docker run --rm ubuntu cat /proc/self/uid_map
0 0 4294967295
root@Ubuntu-Vbox:/home/ubuntu/docker-curriculum/flask-app#
```

### Check for container resource limits (Rule 8)

- In Rule 9 tools are suggested to detect containers with known vulnerabilities scan images.
- Use any of these free tools (preferably Trivy) to test the image you have created above in the task or any other docker image.





### What is Jenkins?

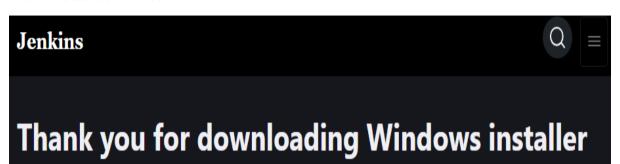
Jenkins is a powerful application that allows continuous integration and continuous delivery of projects, regardless of the platform you are working on. It is a free source that can handle any kind of build or continuous integration. You can integrate Jenkins with a number of testing and deployment

### Pre requisites:

Java should be installed on your machine.

```
C:\Users\Shaheer Baig>java -version
openjdk version "21.0.7" 2025-04-15 LTS
OpenJDK Runtime Environment Temurin-21.0.7+6 (build 21.0.7+6-LTS)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM Temurin-21.0.7+6 (build 21.0.7+6-LTS, mixed mode, sharing)
```

### **Download Jenkins:**



Download hasn't started? Click this link

# **Changing boot configuration**

By default, your Jenkins runs at <a href="https://localhost:8080/">https://localhost:8080/</a>. This can be changed by editing <a href="jenkins.xml">jenkins.xml</a>, which is located in your installation directory. This file is also the place to change other boot configuration parameters, such as JVM options, HTTPS setup, etc.

# Starting/stopping the service

Jenkins is installed as a Windows service, and it is configured to start automatically upon boot. To start/stop them manually, use the service manager from the control panel, or the sc command line tool.

# **Starting Jenkins**

Open the command prompt. From the command prompt, browse to the directory where the jenkins.war file is present. Run the following command

D:\ –jar Jenkins.war

```
D:\Downloads>Java -jar jenkins.war
Running from: D:\Downloads\jenkins.war
webroot: C:\Users\Shaheer Baig\.jenkins\war
2025-05-30 04:49:05.384+0000 [id=1] INFO winstone.Logger#logInternal:
Beginning extraction from war file
2025-05-30 04:49:06.595+0000 [id=1] WARNING o.e.j.ee9.nested.ContextHand
ler#setContextPath: Empty contextPath
2025-05-30 04:49:06.657+0000 [id=1] INFO org.eclipse.jetty.server.Ser
ver#doStart: jetty-12.0.21; built: 2025-05-09T00:32:00.688Z; git: 1c4719601e
31b05b7d68910d2edd980259f1f53c; jvm 21.0.7+6-LTS
2025-05-30 04:49:12.723+0000 [id=1] INFO o.e.j.e.w.StandardDescriptor
Processor#visitServlet: NO JSP Support for /, did not find org.eclipse.jetty
.ee9.jsp.JettyJspServlet
2025-05-30 04:49:12.784+0000 [id=1] INFO o.e.j.s.DefaultSessionIdMana
ger#doStart: Session workerName=node0
2025-05-30 04:49:13.256+0000 [id=1] INFO hudson.WebAppMain#contextIni
tialized: Jenkins home directory: C:\Users\Shaheer Baig\.jenkins found at: $
user.home/.jenkins
2025-05-30 04:49:13.363+0000 [id=1] INFO o.e.j.s.handler.ContextHandl
er#doStart: Started oeje9n.ContextHandler$CoreContextHandler@3051e0b2{Jenkin
s v2.512,/,b=file://C:/Users/Shaheer%20Baig/.jenkins/war/,a=AVAILABLE,h=oej
e9n.ContextHandler$CoreContextHandler$CoreToNestedHandler@1f52eb6f{STARTED}}
2025-05-30 04:49:13.413+0000 [id=1] INFO o.e.j.server.AbstractConnect
or#doStart: Started ServerConnector@6f19d20d{HTTP/1.1, (http/1.1)}{0.0.0.0.0:8}
```

After the command is run, various tasks will run, one of which is the extraction of the war file which is done by an embedded webserver called winstone.

Once the processing is complete without major errors, the following line will come in the output of the command prompt.

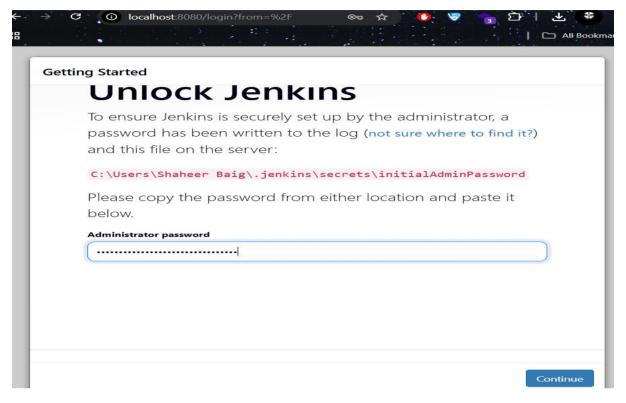
Copy the password and save it somewhere for later use.

# **Accessing Jenkins**

Once Jenkins is up and running, one can access Jenkins from the

link - http://localhost:8080

This link will bring up the Jenkins dashboard. Write password that you saved previously.



Select and install suggested plugins.

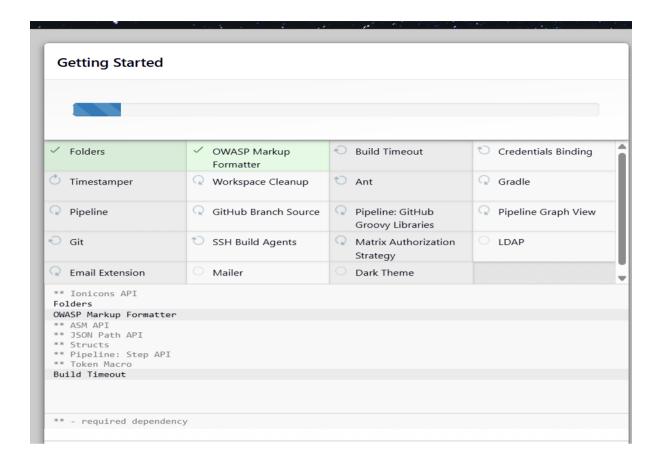
### **Getting Started**

# **Customize Jenkins**

Plugins extend Jenkins with additional features to support many different needs.

## Install suggested plugins

Install plugins the Jenkins community finds most useful.



ername
hunder_31
User name must only contain alphanumeric characters, underscore and dash
ssword
••••••
nfirm password
••••••
II name
Mirza Shaheer Baig
mail address
231330@students.au.edu.pk

# **Getting Started**

# **Instance Configuration**

Jenkins URL:

http://localhost:8080/

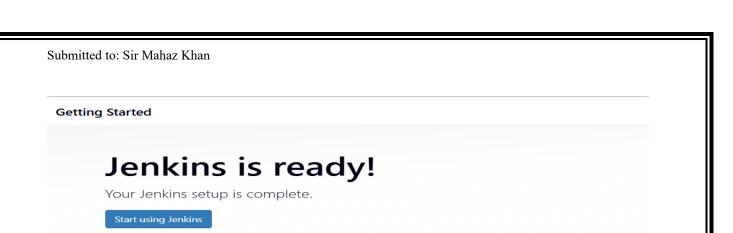
The Jenkins URL is used to provide the root URL for absolute links to various Jenkins resources. That means this value is required for proper operation of many Jenkins features including email notifications, PR status updates, and the BUILD\_URL environment variable provided to build steps.

The proposed default value shown is **not saved yet** and is generated from the current request, if possible.

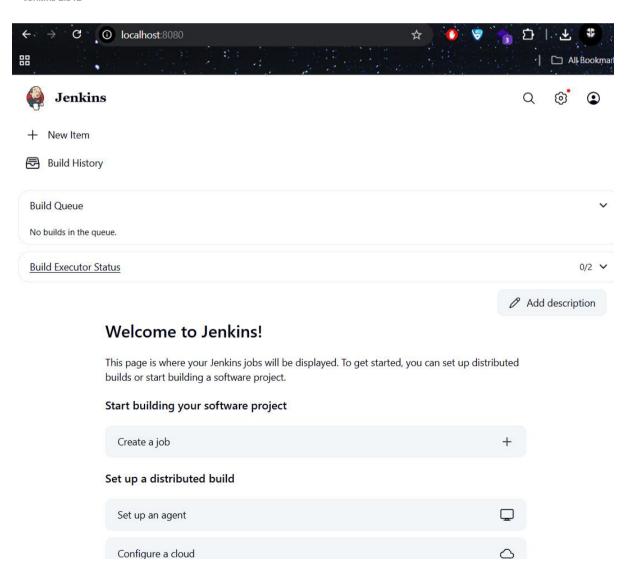
The best practice is to set this value to the URL that users are expected to use. This will avoid confusion when sharing or viewing links.

Not now

Save and Finish



Jenkins 2.512



### What is Tomcat?

Tomcat is an open-source web server and servlet. The Apache Software Foundation has developed it. It is used widely for hosting Java-based applications on the web. It is built on Java technologies and implements the Java Servlet and JavaServer Pages (JSP) specifications. Tomcat acts as a bridge between web servers and Java-based applications, facilitating the execution of dynamic content and processing client requests.

### **Download Tomcat**

The official website for tomcat is Tomcat. If you click the given link, you can get the home page of the tomcat official website as shown below.



# Apache Tomcat®



### **Apache Tomcat**

The Apache Tomcat<sup>®</sup> software is an open source implementation of the <u>Jakarta Servlet</u>, <u>Jakarta Pages</u>, <u>Jakarta Expression Language</u>, <u>Jakarta WebSocket</u>, <u>Jakarta Annotations</u> and <u>Jakarta Authentication</u> specifications. These specifications are part of the <u>Jakarta EE platform</u>.

The Jakarta EE platform is the evolution of the Java EE platform. Tomcat 10 and later implement specifications developed as part of Jakarta EE. Tomcat 9 and earlier implement specifications developed as part of Java EE.

The Apache Tomcat software is developed in an open and participatory environment and released under the <u>Apache License version 2</u>. The Apache Tomcat project is intended to be a collaboration of the best-of-breed developers from around the world. We invite you to participate in this open development project. To learn more about getting involved, <u>click here</u>.

Apache Tomcat software powers numerous large-scale, mission-critical web applications across a diverse range of industries and organizations. Some of these users and their stories are listed on the PoweredBy wiki page.

Apache Tomcat, Tomcat, Apache, the Apache feather, and the Apache Tomcat project logo are trademarks of the Apache Software Foundation.

#### Tomcat Native 2.0.9 Released

2024-05-29

The Apache Tomcat Project is proud to announce the release of version 2.0.9 of Tomcat Native. The notable changes compared to 2.0.8 include:

- Update the Windows build environment to use Visual Studio 2022.
- The windows binaries in this release have been built with OpenSSL 3.5.0 and APR 1.7.6

Download | Change log for 2.0.9

Tomcat 11.0.7 Released 2025-05-13

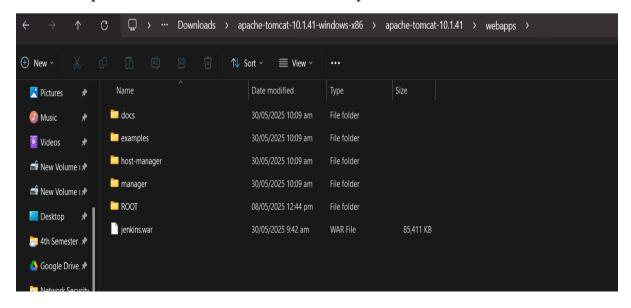
Shaheer Baig 231330

Browse to the link https://tomcat.apache.org/download-70.cgi to get the download for tomcat.

# 10.1.41 Please see the **README** file for packaging information. It explains what every distribution contains. **Binary Distributions** · Core: • zip (pgp, sha512) • <u>tar.gz</u> (<u>pgp</u>, <u>sha512</u>) 32-bit Windows zip (pgp, sha512) 64-bit vvindows zip (pgp, sna512) o 32-bit/64-bit Windows Service Installer (pgp, sha512) • Full documentation: o tar.gz (pgp, sha512) • Deployer: o zip (pgp, sha512) tar.gz (pgp, sha512) • Embedded: • tar.gz (pgp, sha512) • <u>zip (pgp</u>, <u>sha512</u>)

- **Source Code Distributions** 
  - tar.gz (pgp, sha512)
  - zip (pgp, sha512)

Go to the 'Binary Distributions' section. Download the 32-bit Windows zip file. Then unzip the contents of the downloaded zip file.



## **Jenkins and Tomcat Setup**

Copy the Jenkis.war file which was downloaded from the previous section and copy it to the webapps folder in the tomcat folder.

Now open the command prompt. From the command prompt, browse to the directory where the tomcat7 folder is location. Browse to the bin directory in this folder and run the start.bat file

# E:\Apps\tomcat7\bin>startup.bat

```
7 File(s) 122,106 bytes
9 Dir(s) 269,982,982,144 bytes free

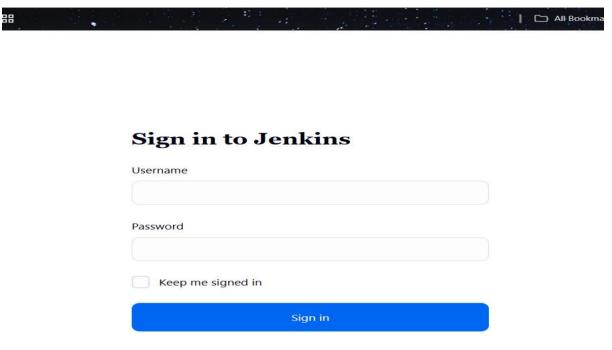
D:\Downloads\apache-tomcat-10.1.41-windows-x86\apache-tomcat-10.1.41>cd bin

D:\Downloads\apache-tomcat-10.1.41-windows-x86\apache-tomcat-10.1.41\bin>startup.bat
```

```
30-May-2025 10:23:03.667 INFO [main] org.apache.catalina.startup.HostConfig.deployDirectory Deployment of web applicatio
n directory [D:\Downloads\apache-tomcat-10.1.41-windows-x86\apache-tomcat-10.1.41\webapps\host-manager] has finished in
30-May-2025 10:23:03.674 INFO [main] org.apache.catalina.startup.HostConfig.deployDirectory Deploying web application di
rectory [D:\Downloads\apache-tomcat-10.1.41-windows-x86\apache-tomcat-10.1.41\webapps\manager]
30-May-2025 10:23:03.753 INFO [main] org.apache.catalina.startup.HostConfig.deployDirectory Deployment of web applicatio
n directory [D:\Downloads\apache-tomcat-10.1.41-windows-x86\apache-tomcat-10.1.41\webapps\manager] has finished in [82]
30-May-2025 10:23:03.754 INFO [main] org.apache.catalina.startup.HostConfig.deployDirectory Deploying web application di
rectory [D:\Downloads\apache-tomcat-10.1.41-windows-x86\apache-tomcat-10.1.41\webapps\ROOT]
30-May-2025 10:23:03.811 INFO [main] org.apache.catalina.startup.HostConfig.deployDirectory Deployment of web applicatio
n directory [D:\Downloads\apache-tomcat-10.1.41-windows-x86\apache-tomcat-10.1.41\webapps\ROOT] has finished in [57] ms
30-May-2025 10:23:03.818 INFO [main] org.apache.coyote.AbstractProtocol.start Starting ProtocolHandler ["http-nio-8080"]
30-May-2025 10:23:03.831 INFO [pool-7-thread-3] jenkins.InitReactorRunner$1.onAttained Started initialization
30-May-2025 10:23:03.877 INFO [main] org.apache.catalina.startup.Catalina.start Server startup in [19268] milliseconds
30-May-2025 10:23:04.186 INFO [pool-7-thread-3] jenkins.InitReactorRunner$1.onAttained Listed all plugins
30-May-2025 10:23:11.673 INFO [pool-7-thread-4] jenkins.InitReactorRunner$1.onAttained Prepared all plugins
30-May-2025 10:23:11.719 INFO [pool-7-thread-6] jenkins.InitReactorRunner$1.onAttained Started all plugins
30-May-2025 10:23:11.736 INFO [pool-7-thread-3] jenkins.InitReactorRunner$1.onAttained Augmented all extensions
30-May-2025 10:23:12.795 INFO [GitSCM.onLoaded] hudson.plugins.build_timeout.global.GlobalTimeOutConfiguration.load glob
al timeout not set
30-May-2025 10:23:14.988 INFO [pool-7-thread-3] jenkins.InitReactorRunner$1.onAttained System config loaded
30-May-2025 10:23:14.988 INFO [pool-7-thread-3] jenkins.InitReactorRunner$1.onAttained System config adapted
30-May-2025 10:23:15.068 INFO [pool-7-thread-7] jenkins.InitReactorRunner$1.onAttained Loaded all jobs
30-May-2025 10:23:15.094 INFO [pool-7-thread-7] jenkins.InitReactorRunner$1.onAttained Configuration for all jobs update
30-May-2025 10:23:15.178 INFO [pool-7-thread-5] jenkins.InitReactorRunner$1.onAttained Completed initialization
30-May-2025 10:23:15.241 INFO [Jenkins initialization thread] hudson.lifecycle.Lifecycle.onReady Jenkins is fully up and
 runnina
```

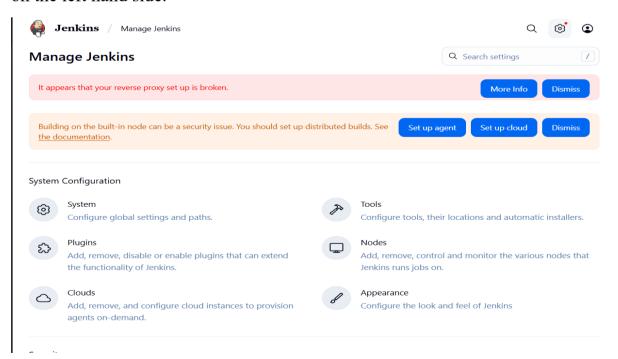
Open the browser and go to the link – http://localhost:8080/jenkins.

Jenkins will be up and running on tomcat.



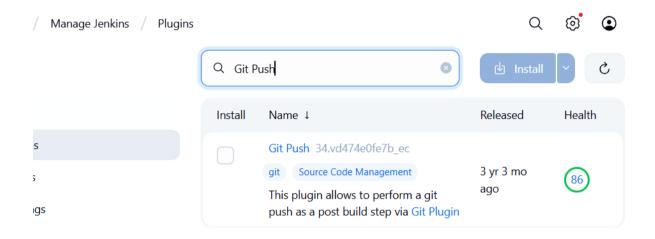
# Jenkins - Git Setup

For this exercise, you have to ensure that Internet connectivity is present from the machine on which Jenkins is installed. In your Jenkins Dashboard (Home screen), click the Manage Jenkins option on the left hand side.

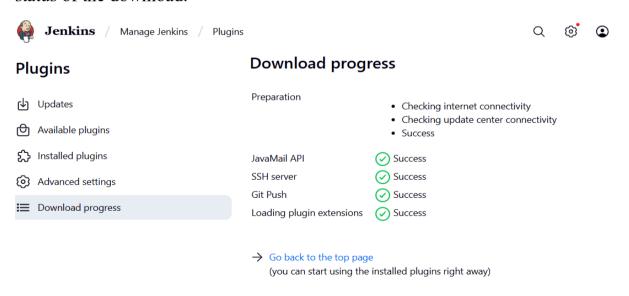


In the next screen, click the 'Plugins' option.

In the next screen, click the Available tab. This tab will give a list of plugins which are available for downloading. In the 'Filter' tab type 'Git Push'

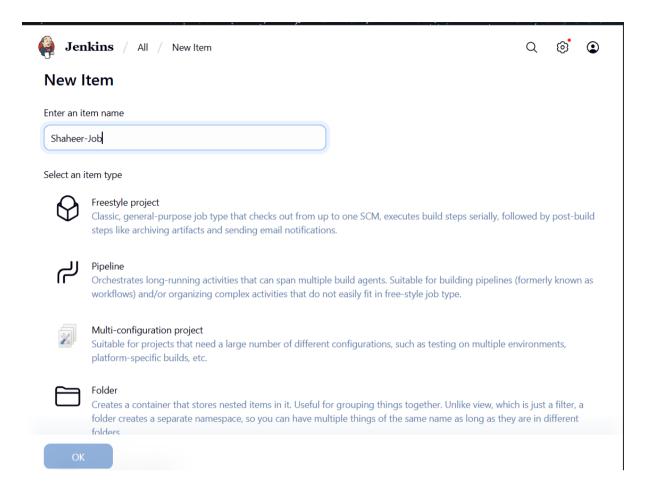


The installation will then begin and the screen will be refreshed to show the status of the download.



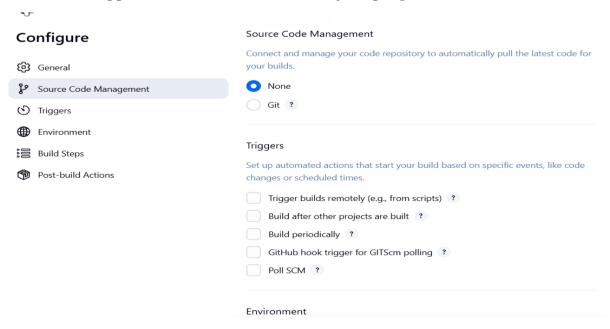
Once all installations are complete, restart Jenkins by issue the following command in the

browser. http://localhost:8080/jenkins/restart

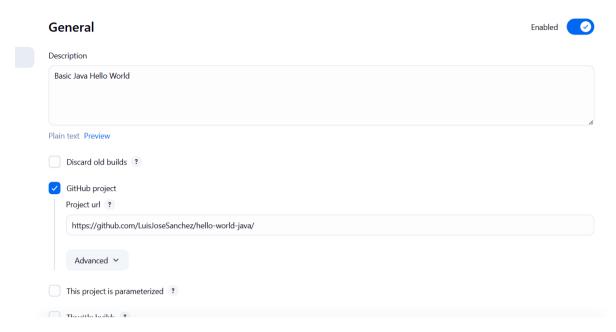


# Jenkins - Setup Build Jobs

For this exercise, we will create a job in Jenkins which picks up a simple HelloWorld application, builds and runs the java program.



The following screen will come up in which you can specify the details of the job.



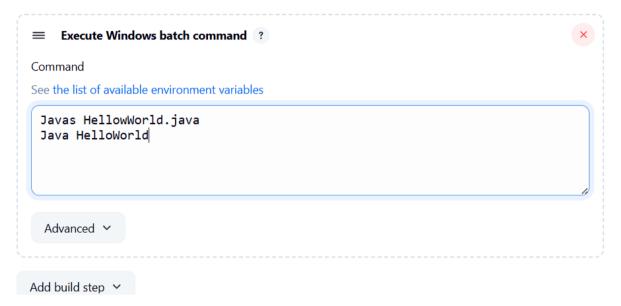
We need to specify the location of files which need to be built. If you repository if hosted on Github, you can also enter the url of that repository here:



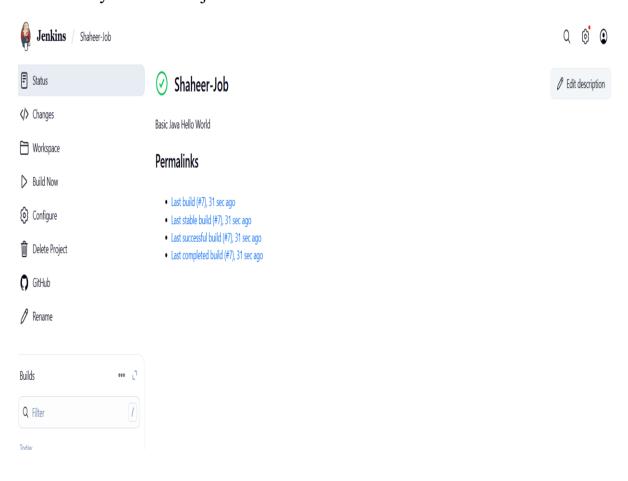
Now go to the Build section and click on Add build step → Execute Windows batch command

### **Build Steps**

Automate your build process with ordered tasks like code compilation, testing, and deployment.



Once saved, you can click on the Build Now option to see if you have successfully defined the job.



# Pre requisites:

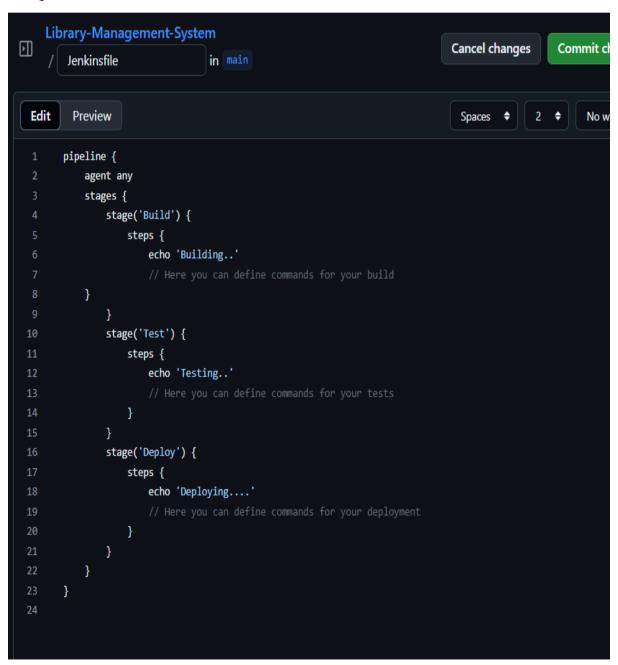
Jenkins should be installed and configured on your machine.

Now you can begin with setting up the pipeline:

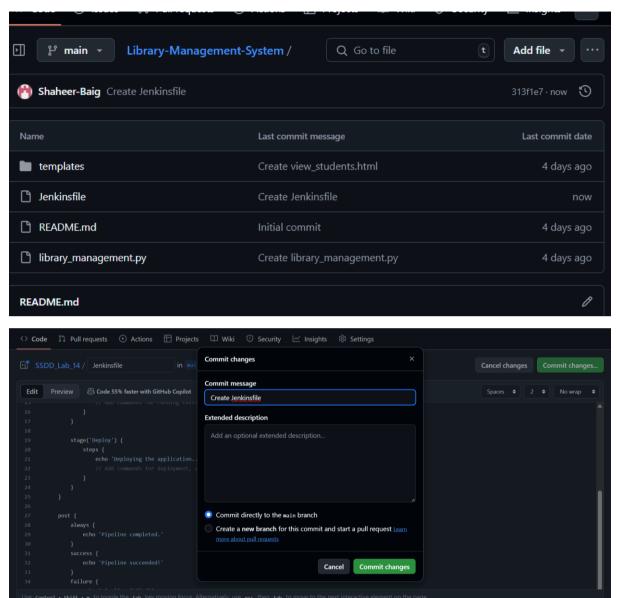
### What is Jenkins File?

A Jenkins file is a script written in the Groovy programming language that defines the steps to be executed by a Jenkins pipeline. The pipeline is a series of steps executed in a particular order.

Make a new file named Jenkinsfile in any of your existing GitHub repository and paste the code



- Click on Commit Changes
- The file will appear in your repository:



# **Create Pipeline:**

Now start Jenkins

• Go to Jenkins dashboard.

Click on new item.

Add name of your pipeline as myfirstpipeline.



Jenkins / All / New Item

# New Item

Enter an item name

Shaheer-Pipeline

Select an item type



Freestyle project

Select multibranch pipeline option:

which is just a filter, a folder creates a separate namespace, so you can have multiple things of the same name as long as they are in different folders.



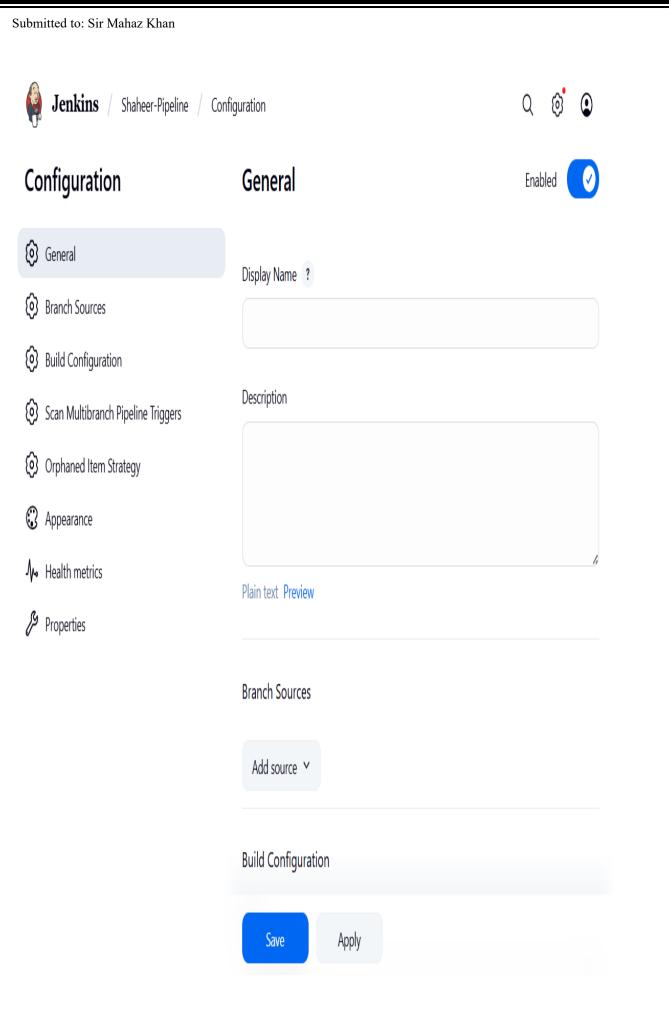
Multibranch Pipeline

Creates a set of Pipeline projects according to detected branches in one SCM repository.

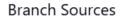


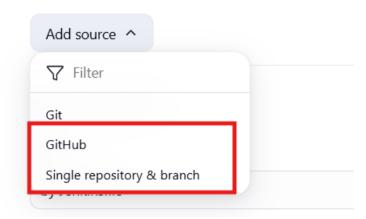
Organization Folder

• A new pipeline will be created:

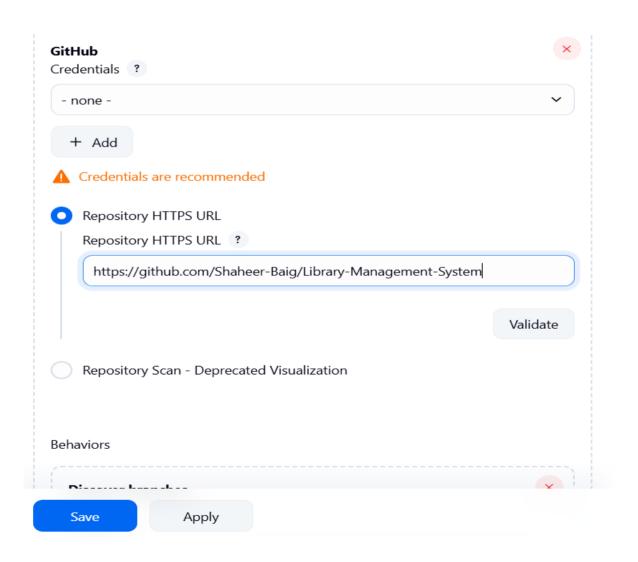


• Now click on add source option:





• Paste the link of your github repository where you created the JenkinsFile **Validate URL:** 



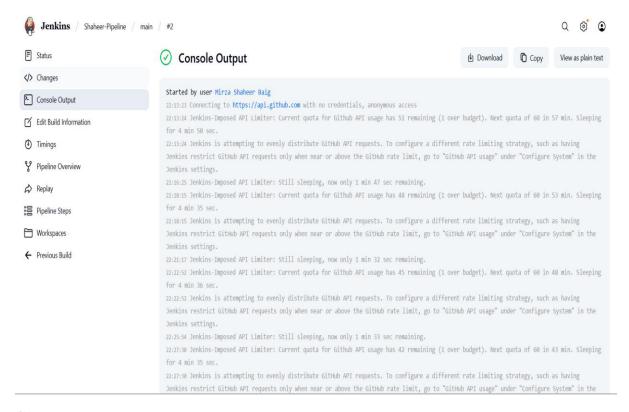
Validate the link to see if it is correct.

And click on save.

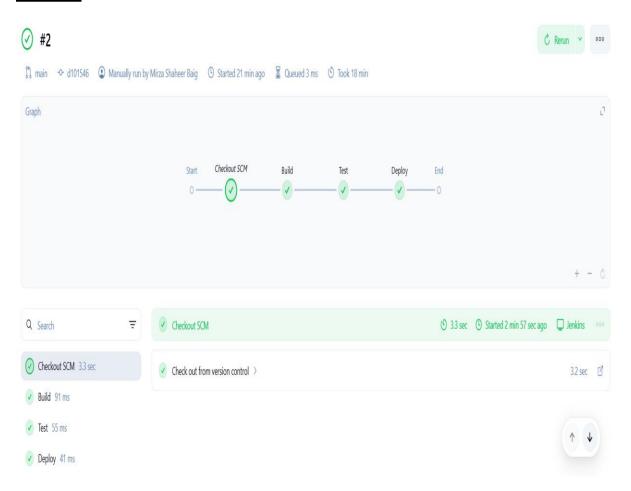
- It will start scanning the repository.
- It will scan all the branches one by one to look for Jenkinsfile
- When it is found, the scanning stops and the exits successfully.

# Scan Repository Log

```
Started by user Mirza Shaheer Baig
[Fri Jun 13 20:44:53 PKT 2025] Starting branch indexing...
20:44:54 Connecting to https://api.github.com with no credentials,
anonymous access
Examining Shaheer-Baig/Library-Management-System
 Checking branches...
  Getting remote branches...
    Checking branch main
  Getting remote null requests...
      'Jenkinsfile' found
    Met criteria
Scheduled build for branch: main
  1 branches were processed
  Checking pull-requests...
  0 pull requests were processed
```

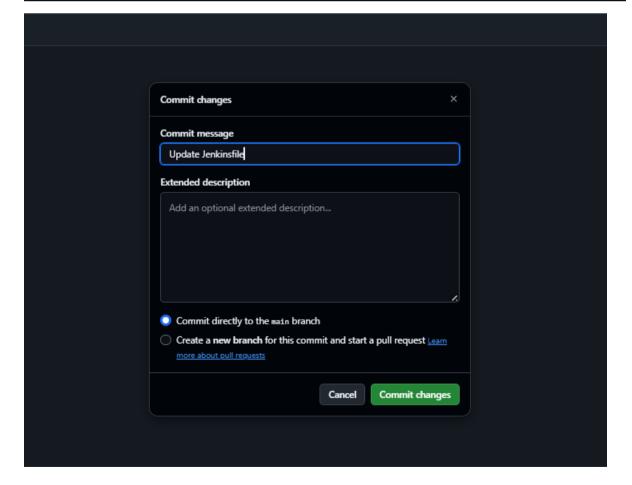


# **Stages:**



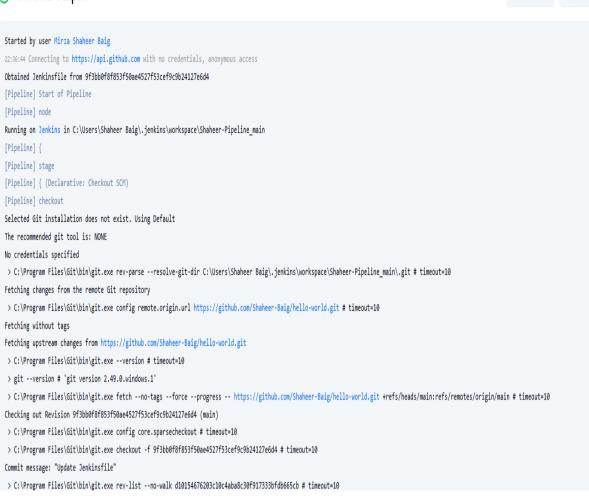
# **Post Build Actions:**

```
| process
| proc
```

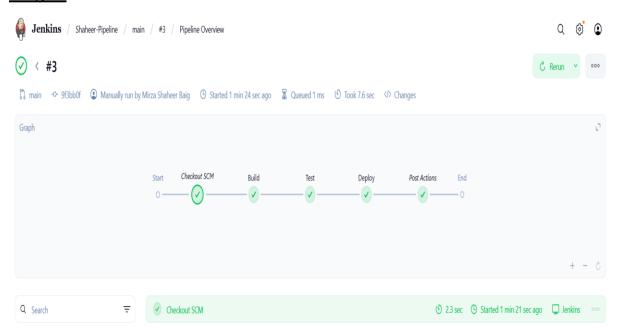


## **Build Again:**





### **Stages:**

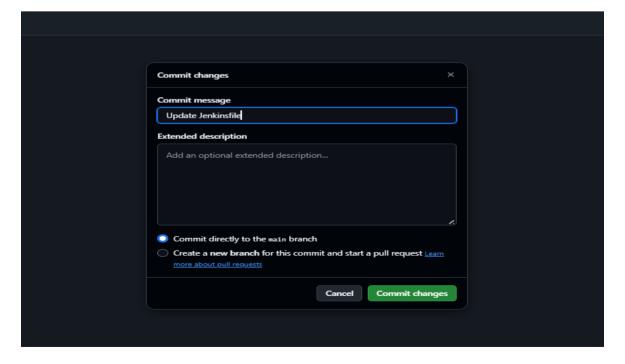


Сору

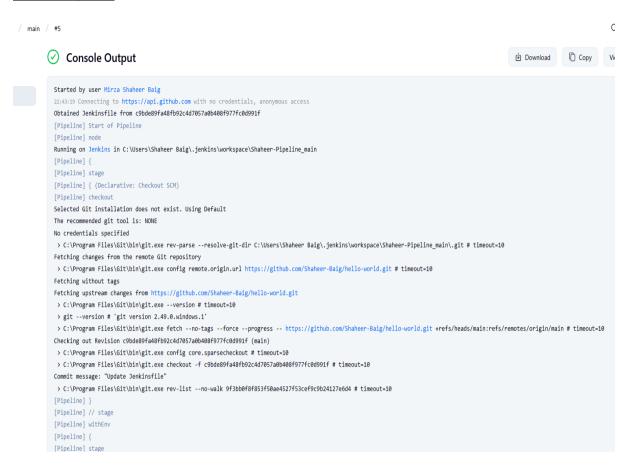
Download

# **Define Conditionals for each stage:**

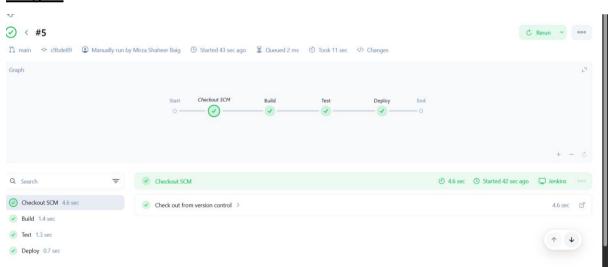
```
pipeline {
   agent any
   stages {
       stage('Build') {
           steps {
               echo 'Building...'
               bat 'echo Build process completed!'
       stage('Test') {
           when {
               al10f {
                   expression { env.BRANCH_NAME == 'main' }
                       expression { env.SKIP_TESTS == 'true' }
           steps {
               echo 'Testing...'
               bat 'echo Running test cases!'
       stage('Deploy') {
           steps {
               echo 'Deploying...'
               bat 'echo Deployment process completed!'
```



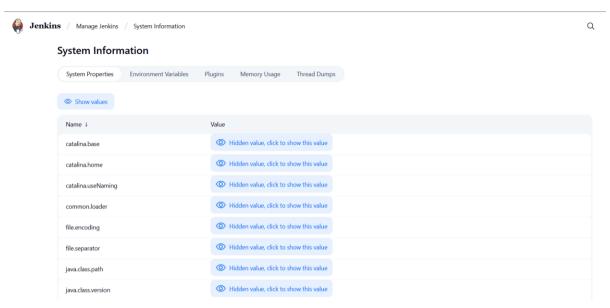
## **Build Again:**

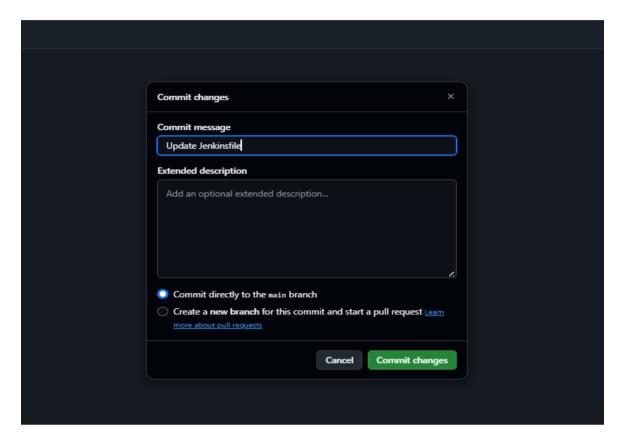


### **Stages:**



### **Environment Variables:**





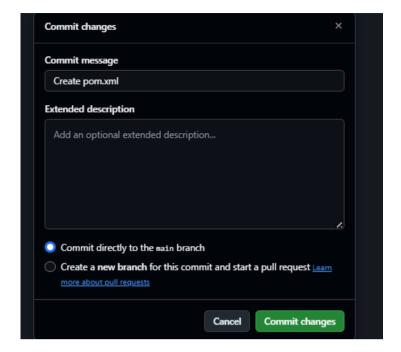
# **Built Again:**

```
[Pipeline] echo
Testing...
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // stage
[Pipeline] stage
[Pipeline] { (Deploy)
[Pipeline] echo
Deploying...
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // stage
[Pipeline] stage
[Pipeline] { (Declarative: Post Actions)
[Pipeline] echo
Cleaning up workspace...
[Pipeline] cleanWs
[WS-CLEANUP] Deleting project workspace...
[WS-CLEANUP] Deferred wipeout is used...
[WS-CLEANUP] done
[Pipeline] echo
Build succeeded!
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // stage
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // withEnv
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // node
[Pipeline] End of Pipeline
Finished: SUCCESS
```

# **Tools attribute for build tools:**

# **Create pom.xml:**

```
☐ Shaheer-Baig / hello-world
hello-world / pom.xml
 Edit Preview
      cproject xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0"
            xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
             xsi:schemalocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0
                            http://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
         <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
         <groupId>com.example</groupId>
         <artifactId>my-app</artifactId>
         <packaging>jar</packaging>
         <description>A simple Java project.</description>
         <url>http://www.example.com</url>
         oroperties>
            <maven.compiler.source>1.8</maven.compiler.source>
            <maven.compiler.target>1.8</maven.compiler.target>
            <dependency>
               <groupId>junit
               <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
               <version>4.13.2
               <scope>test</scope>
         </dependencies>
         (build)
            <plugins>
                <plugin>
                  <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins
                  <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
                   (configuration)
                     <source>${maven.compiler.source}</source>
```



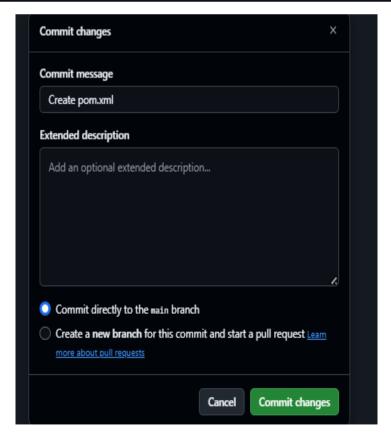
# **Build Again:**



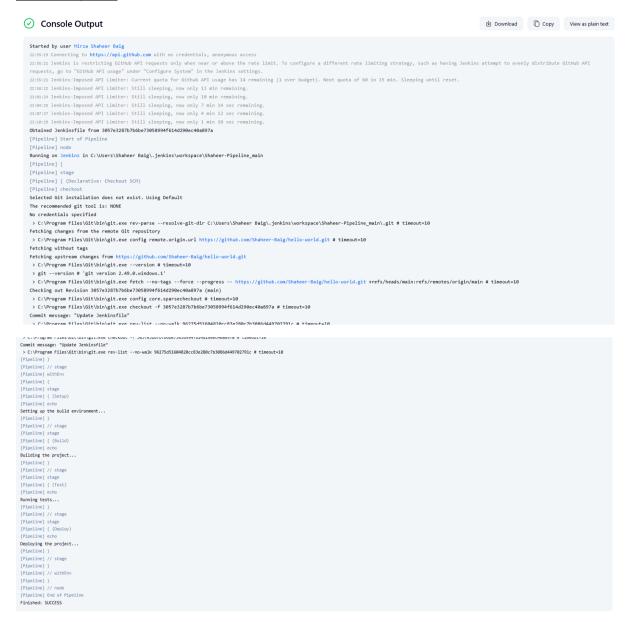
### **Stages:**



# **Parameters in Jenkins:**



# **Build Again:**



### **Stages:**

