Spring Boot Security

Introduction to Security Concepts:

Security of web application:

It is process of enabling **Authentication + Authorization** on the web application.

Authentication:

Checking the IDENTITY USER by using usernames and passwords, thumb impressions, iris, digital signatures, OTP, etc.

Authorization:

- Checking the access permissions of the authenticated users on resources of the application.
- ➤ Here the **roles** of the user will be verified before allowing the user to access resources of the application.
- Roles are nothing but designations given to the users.
- Based on the roles of the users, the access permissions on resources will be decided.
 Eg:

All Customers and Employees of the bank must be authenticated to use XYZ Bank Application.

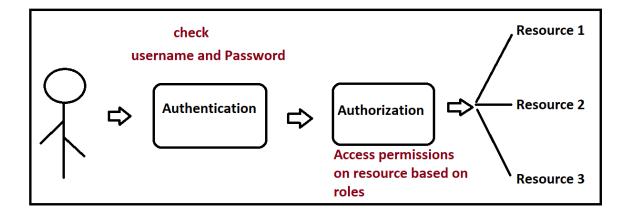
The users having **Customer Role** will get less permission on the resources.

The users having **Employee Role** will get more access permission on the resources.

- It is always recommended to enable **authorization** of accessing the resources based on **Roles of the users**, but not based on the username.
- > During the authentication process, get the Roles of the users and use those roles for authorization.

Realm:

> It is a small database s/w or repository where usernames, passwords and roles are managed.



Authentication Providers:

- It is small realm where **usernames and passwords, and roles** are managed and will be used during Authentication and Authorization.
- > The following are the different Authentication Providers.
 - 1. Properties file
 - 2. XML file
 - 3. JSON file
 - 4. DB s/w
 - 5. LDAP Server (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol)
 - 6. In-Memory DB

Authentication and Authorization Manager:

- It is the component which verifies the given **username** and **password** to perform Authentication and give **401 error code** if authentication fails.
- It also collects the roles of authenticated users and performs Authorization activities on access resources and gives **403 error** if authorization fails.
- > Authentication and Authorization Manager are provided by Spring Security or Spring Boot Security.

Authorization Levels in Spring Security:

1. permitAll():

No Authentication + No Authorization (No Role Checking) Eg:

Home page, About Us page, Contact Us page, etc

2. authenticate():

Only Authentication on the given request url resource (controller) and no Authorization (no role checking) Eg:

Main Menu page, Inbox page, Compose page, etc.

3. hasRole():

 ${\bf Authentication + Authorization \ (Role\ Checking\ ("USER"))}$

Eg:

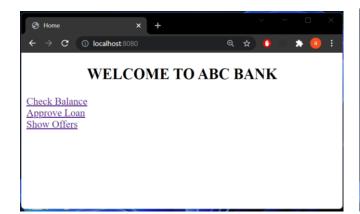
Checking Balance page, Transfer Money page, Withdraw or Deposit money page, etc

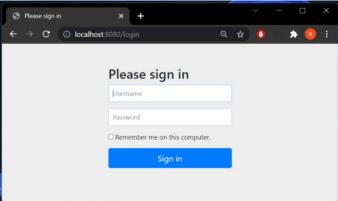
4. hasAnyRole():

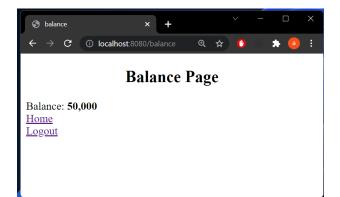
Authentication + Authorization (Any one Role should be there in the list of given roles ("USER", "MANAGER") Eg:

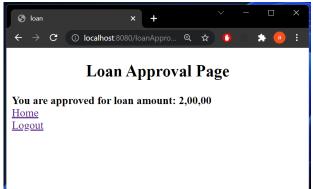
Checking Balance page, Transfer Money page, Withdraw or Deposit money page, etc

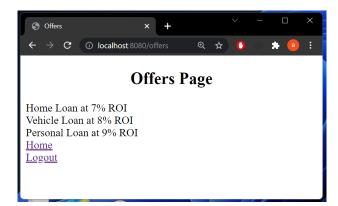
USE CASE:











Create Spring Starter project

Dependencies: Spring dev tools, Spring Web, Spring Security, thymeleaf

```
SpringBootSecurityDemo [boot] [devtools]

→ # com.seshusoft

    > 

    SpringBootSecurityDemoApplication.java

→ # com.seshusoft.config

    > 

SecurityConfig.java

→ # com.seshusoft.controller

    BankOperationsController.java
static
  access_denied.html
      home.html
      loan.html
      a offers.html
       show_balance.html
    application.properties
> # src/test/java
→ JRE System Library [JavaSE-1.8]
Maven Dependencies
  HELP.md
  mvnw.cmd
```

home.html

access_denied.html

loan.html

offers.html

show_balance.html

BankOperationsController.java

```
package com.seshusoft.controller;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
@Controller
public class BankOperationsController {
      @GetMapping("/")
      public String showHome() {
             return "home";
      @GetMapping("/offers")
      public String showOffers() {
             return "offers";
      }
      @GetMapping("/balance")
      public String showBalance() {
             return "show_balance";
      }
      @GetMapping("/loanApprove")
      public String approveLoan() {
             return "loan";
      @GetMapping("/denied")
      public String accessDenied() {
             return "access_denied";
      }
```

SecurityConfig.java

```
package com.seshusoft.config;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.authentication.builders.AuthenticationManagerBuil
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.builders.HttpSecurity;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.EnableWebSecurity;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.bcrypt.BCryptPasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter{
      @Bean
      public PasswordEncoder encoder() {
          return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
      @Override
      public void configure(AuthenticationManagerBuilder auth) throws Exception {
             auth.inMemoryAuthentication()
                    .withUser("adi")
                    .password(encoder().encode("adi123"))
                    .roles("CUSTOMER");
             auth.inMemoryAuthentication()
                    .withUser("seshu")
                    .password(encoder().encode("seshu123"))
                    .roles("MANAGER");
      }
      @Override
      public void configure(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
             http.authorizeRequests()
             //No authentication and No authorization
             .antMatchers("/").permitAll()
             //Only Athentication
             .antMatchers("/offers").authenticated()
             //authentication + authorization for "CUSTOMER", "MANAGER" role users
             .antMatchers("/balance").hasAnyRole("CUSTOMER", "MANAGER")
             //authentication + authorization for "MANAGER" role user
             .antMatchers("/loanApprove").hasRole("MANAGER")
             //remaining all request urls must be authenticated
             .anyRequest().authenticated()
             //authentication mode
             .and().formLogin()
```

Run Starter class

http://localhost:8080/



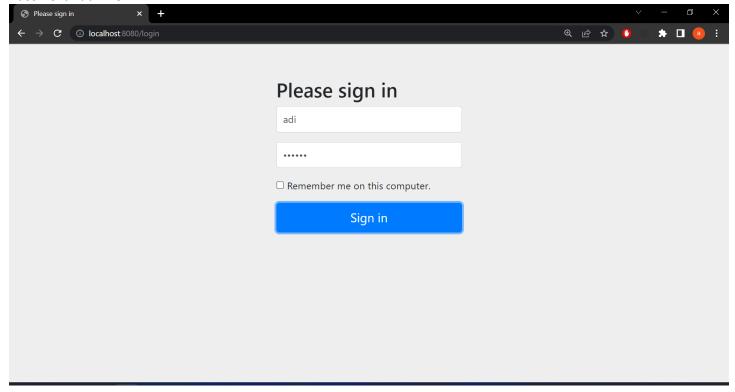
WELCOME TO ABC BANK

Check Balance
Approve Loan
Show Offers

Click on Check Balance link

Provide credentials

Username : adi Password: adi123





Balance Page

Balance: **50,000** <u>Home</u>

Logout



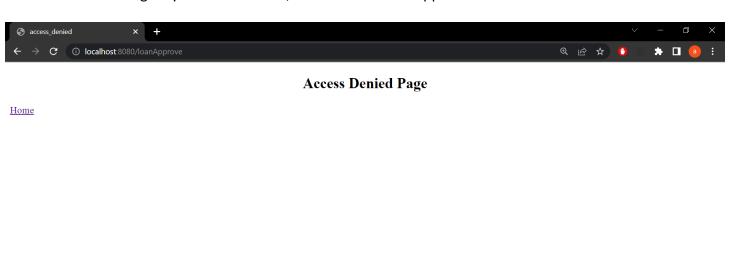


Offers Page

Home Loan at 7% ROI Vehicle Loan at 8% ROI Personal Loan at 9% ROI Home Logout

Click on Approve Loan link

As the user adi having only CUSTOMER role, not able to access Approve Loan link.

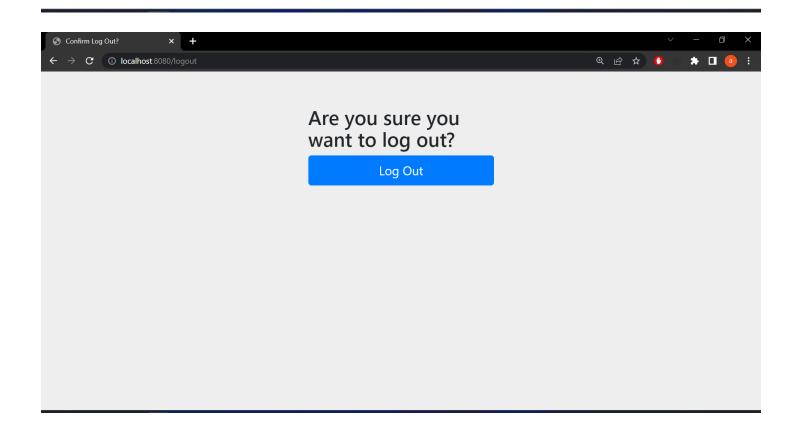


Click Home and Logout.



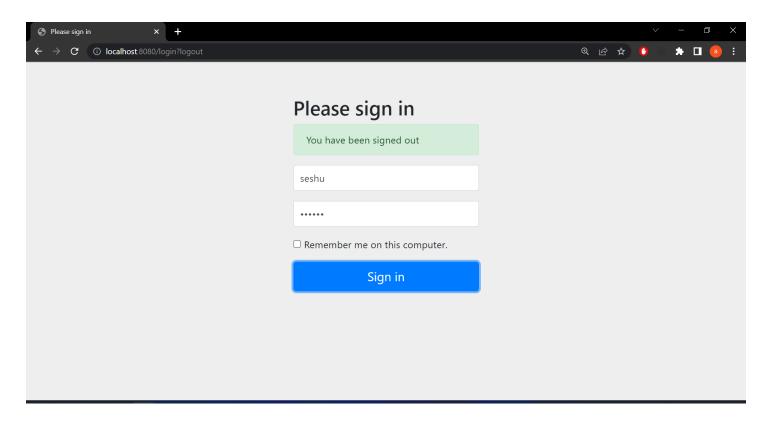
WELCOME TO ABC BANK

Check Balance
Approve Loan
Show Offers



Once again login with credentials

Username: seshu Password: seshu123



Now, click on Approve Loan



WELCOME TO ABC BANK

Check Balance
Approve Loan
Show Offers



Loan Approval Page

You are approved for loan amount: 2,00,00

Home Logout