Working with REST API

What is REST API?

- REST stands for Representational State Transfer.
- > REST is an **architectural pattern** for creating an API that uses HTTP as its underlying communication method.
- In the context of a REST API, a resource typically represents a data entity like Product, Employee, Customer etc.
- The HTTP verb (GET, PUT, POST, DELETE) that is sent with each request tells the API what to do with the resource.
- Each resource is identified by a specific URI (Uniform Resource Identifier) or URL (Uniform Resource Locator). The following table shows some typical requests that you see in an API.

Resource	Verb	Outcome
/employees	GET	Gets list of employees
/employees/1	GET	Gets employee with Id = 1
/employees	POST	Creates a new employee
/employees/1	PUT	Updates employee with Id = 1
/employees/1	DELETE	Deletes employee with Id = 1

Depending on the server side technology you use, there are many frameworks that we can use to build a REST API.

For example,

- 1. If your server side technology is Microsoft Dot Net, you can use **ASP.NET Web API** to create a REST API.
- 2. If your server side technology is Java, you can use **Spring or Spring Boot** to create a REST API.

Using Fake REST API:

- We can create a fake REST API using JSON Server instead of working on server-side technologies directly.
- > JSON Server provides a full fake REST API with zero coding in less than 30 seconds.
- Created with <3 for front-end developers who need a quick back-end for prototyping and mocking.</p>
 https://www.npmjs.com/package/json-server

Instatllation Steps:

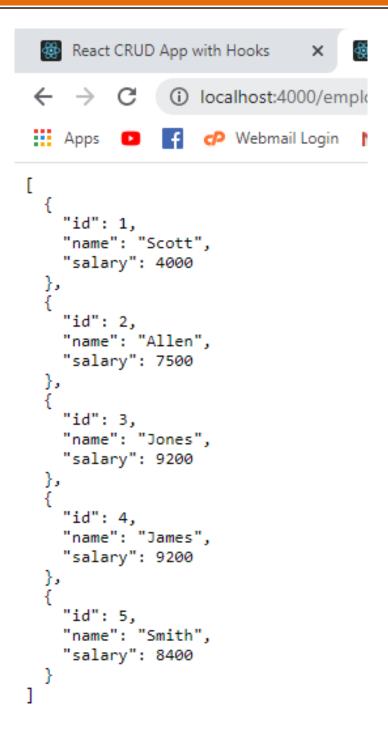
- Execute the following command to install JSON server
 D:\ReactJS\hello-app >npm install -g json-server
- Execute the following command to start the server
 D:\ReactJS\hello-app>json-server --watch db.json --port 4000

This automatically creates **db.json** file in the root project folder. Copy and paste the following JSON data in db.json file.

```
{
  "employees": [
    {
      "id": 1,
      "name": "Scott",
      "salary": 4000
    },
      "id": 2,
      "name": "Allen",
      "salary": 7500
    },
    {
      "id": 3,
      "name": "Jones",
      "salary": 9200
    },
    {
      "id": 4,
      "name": "James",
      "salary": 9200
    },
    {
      "id": 5,
      "name": "Smith",
      "salary": 8400
    }
  ]
}
```

Testing
Open the browser and navigate to
http://localhost:4000/employees/

Note: You can test this REST API using a tool like Postman.



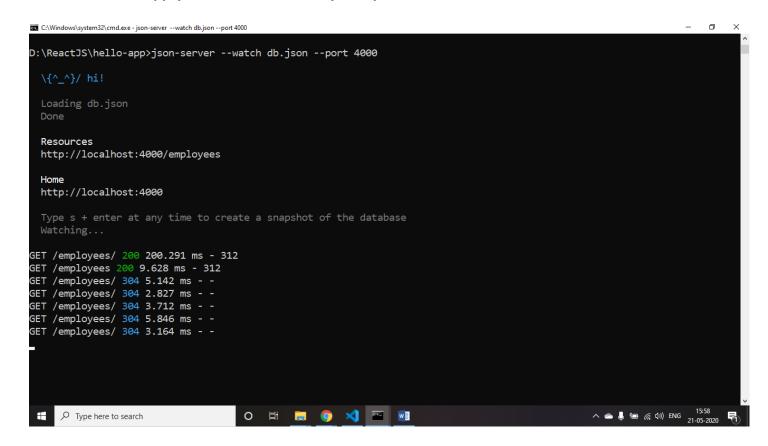
Example to process Get Request

Example:

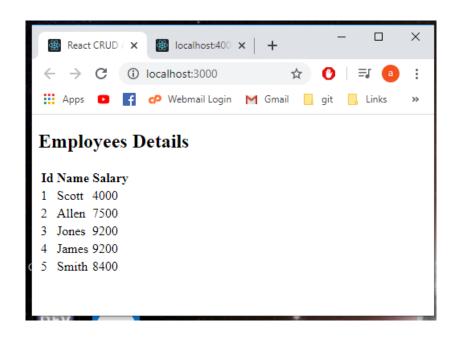
```
import React from 'react'
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom'
class EmployeeComponent extends React.Component {
   constructor(props) {
      super(props);
      this.state = {
          employees: []
      };
   }
   componentDidMount() {
      fetch("http://localhost:4000/employees/")
          .then(res => res.json())
          .then(
             (result) => {
                this.setState({
                    employees: result
                });
             }
          );
   }
   render() {
      return (
          <div>
             <h2>Employees Details</h2>
             <thead>
                    Id
                       Name
                       Salary
                    </thead>
                {this.state.employees.map(emp => (
                       {emp.id}
                           {emp.name}
                           {emp.salary}
                       ))}
                </div>
      );
   }
```

```
const element = <EmployeeComponent></EmployeeComponent>
ReactDOM.render(element, document.getElementById("root"));
```

Test Open CMD and run the json-server D:\ReactJS\hello-app>json-server --watch db.json --port 4000



Open another CMD and run react application D:\ReactJS\hello-app>npm start



Handling REST api using Axios

Promise based HTTP client for the browser and node.js

Features

- 1. Make XMLHttpRequests from the browser
- 2. Make http requests from node.js
- 3. Supports the **Promise** API https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global Objects/Promise
- 4. Intercept request and response
- 5. Transform request and response data
- 6. Cancel requests
- 7. Automatic transforms for JSON data
- 8. Client side support for protecting against XSRF

Installation of Axios:

D:\ReactJS\hello-app>npm install --save axios

Example:

```
import React from "react";
import ReactDOM from "react-dom";
import axios from "axios";
class EmployeeComponent extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
   super(props);
   this.state = {
     employees: [],
   };
  }
  componentDidMount() {
   axios.get("http://localhost:4000/employees/").then((response) => {
     console.log(response);
     this.setState({
       employees: response.data,
     });
   });
  }
  render() {
   return (
     <div>
       <h2>Employees Details</h2>
       <thead>
           Id
```

```
Name
          Salary
        </thead>
       {this.state.employees.map((emp) => (
          {emp.id}
           {emp.name}
           {emp.salary}
          ))}
       </div>
   );
 }
}
const element = <EmployeeComponent></EmployeeComponent>;
ReactDOM.render(element, document.getElementById("root"));
```

Test Open CMD and run the json-server D:\ReactJS\hello-app>json-server --watch db.json --port 4000

```
C:\Windows\pystemi2\cond.eee-joon-server --watch db.joon --port 4000

\{^_^}\ hi!

Loading db.json
Done

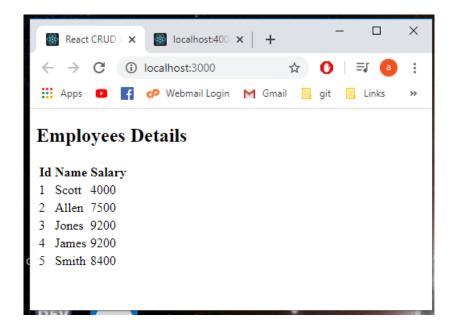
Resources
http://localhost:4000/employees

HOme
http://localhost:4000

Type s + enter at any time to create a snapshot of the database
Watching...

GET /employees/ 200 200.291 ms - 312
GET /employees/ 304 5.142 ms - -
GET /employees/ 304 5.142 ms - -
GET /employees/ 304 5.142 ms - -
GET /employees/ 304 5.846 ms - -
GET /employees/ 304 5.846 ms - -
GET /employees/ 304 5.846 ms - -
GET /employees/ 304 5.164 ms - -
```

Open another CMD and run react application D:\ReactJS\hello-app>npm start



Example to perform update operation.

```
import React from "react";
import ReactDOM from "react-dom";
import axios from "axios";
class EmployeeComponent extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      msg: null,
    };
  }
  componentDidMount() {
    axios
      .put("http://localhost:4000/employees/1", {
        name: "Alice",
        salary: 2222,
      })
      .then((response) => {
        console.log(response);
        this.setState({
          msg: "Add Successfully",
        });
      });
  }
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <h2>Employees Component</h2>
        {this.state.msg}
      </div>
    );
  }
}
const element = <EmployeeComponent></EmployeeComponent>;
ReactDOM.render(element, document.getElementById("root"));
```

```
"employees": [
     "id": 1,
     "name": "Alice",
   "salary": 2222
  },
   {
     "id": 2,
     "name": "Allen",
     "salary": 7500
   },
     "id": 3,
     "name": "Jones",
     "salary": 9200
    },
    {
     "id": 4,
     "name": "James",
     "salary": 9200
    },
    {
     "id": 5,
     "name": "Smith",
     "salary": 8400
    }
  ]
}
```

Example: To perform POST request.

index.js

```
import React from "react";
import ReactDOM from "react-dom";
import axios from "axios";
class EmployeeComponent extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      msg: null,
    };
  }
  componentDidMount() {
    axios
      .post("http://localhost:4000/employees/", {
        name: "Raja",
        salary: 1234,
      })
      .then((response) => {
        console.log(response);
        this.setState({
          msg: "Add Successfully",
        });
      });
  }
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <h2>Employees Component</h2>
        {this.state.msg}
      </div>
    );
  }
}
const element = <EmployeeComponent></EmployeeComponent>;
ReactDOM.render(element, document.getElementById("root"));
```

db.json

```
"employees": [
   {
     "id": 1,
     "name": "Scott",
     "salary": 4000
   },
   {
     "id": 2,
     "name": "Allen",
     "salary": 7500
   },
   {
     "id": 3,
     "name": "Jones",
     "salary": 9200
   },
     "id": 4,
     "name": "James",
     "salary": 9200
   },
     "id": 5,
     "name": "Smith",
     "salary": 8400
    },
     "name": "Raja",
     "salary": 1234,
    "id": 6
 }
 ]
}
```

Example to perform DELETE request:

index.js

```
import React from "react";
import ReactDOM from "react-dom";
import axios from "axios";
class EmployeeComponent extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      msg: null,
    };
  }
  componentDidMount() {
    axios.delete("http://localhost:4000/employees/1").then((response) => {
      console.log(response);
      this.setState({
        msg: "Deleted Successfully",
      });
    });
  }
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <h2>Employees Component</h2>
        {this.state.msg}
      </div>
    );
 }
}
const element = <EmployeeComponent></EmployeeComponent>;
ReactDOM.render(element, document.getElementById("root"));
```

ReactJS by Adiseshu

db.json

```
"employees": [
 {
   "id": 2,
   "name": "Allen",
   "salary": 7500
 },
 {
   "id": 3,
   "name": "Jones",
   "salary": 9200
 },
 {
   "id": 4,
   "name": "James",
   "salary": 9200
 },
 {
   "id": 5,
   "name": "Smith",
   "salary": 8400
 },
   "name": "Raja",
   "salary": 1234,
   "id": 6
]
```

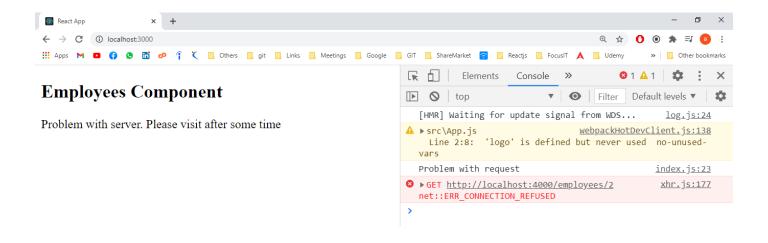
Example to get a single employee info.

```
import React from "react";
import ReactDOM from "react-dom";
import axios from "axios";
class EmployeeComponent extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
  }
  componentDidMount() {
    axios.get("http://localhost:4000/employees/2").then((response) => {
      console.log(response.data);
    });
  }
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <h2>Employee Component</h2>
      </div>
    );
  }
}
const element = <EmployeeComponent></EmployeeComponent>;
ReactDOM.render(element, document.getElementById("root"));
```

Error Handling with Axios.

Case 1: Handling request error or server error.

```
import React from "react";
import ReactDOM from "react-dom";
import axios from "axios";
class EmployeeComponent extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      msg: null,
      errorMsg: null,
    };
  }
  componentDidMount() {
    axios
      .get("http://localhost:4000/employees/2")
      .then((response) => {
        console.log(response.data);
      })
      .catch((err) => {
        if (err.response) {
          console.log("Problem with response", err.response.status);
        } else if (err.request) {
          console.log("Problem with request");
          this.setState({
            errorMsg: "Problem with server. Please visit after some time",
          });
        } else {
          // anything else
          console.log("Error", err.message);
        }
      });
  }
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <h2>Employees Component</h2>
        {this.state.errorMsg}
      </div>
    );
  }
}
const element = <EmployeeComponent></EmployeeComponent>;
ReactDOM.render(element, document.getElementById("root"));
```



Case 2: Handling Response error

```
import React from "react";
import ReactDOM from "react-dom";
import axios from "axios";
class EmployeeComponent extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      msg: null,
      errorMsg: null,
      error404: null,
    };
  }
  componentDidMount() {
    axios
      .get("http://localhost:4000/employees/22")
      .then((response) => {
        console.log(response.data);
      })
      .catch((err) => {
        if (err.response) {
          console.log("Problem with response", err.response.status);
          this.setState({
            error404: "No Response",
          });
        } else if (err.request) {
          console.log("Problem with request");
          this.setState({
            errorMsg: "Problem with server. Please visit after some time",
          });
        } else {
          // anything else
          console.log("Error", err.message);
      });
```

