CPMs: Continuous-Phase Modulations

Necessary Functions:

```
In [1]: | 1 | import os
         2 import numpy as np
         3 from termcolor import colored
         4 from scipy.special import erfc
         5 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [2]: 1 def Seq_to_Str(array: np.array) -> str:
                out_str = ''
         3
                array_flat = array.flatten()
         4
         5
                for i in array_flat:
         6
                    out_str += str(i)
         7
         8
                return out_str
         1 def an_Seq(k: int, num_messages: int) -> np.array: # an is information sequence
In [3]:
         3
                np.random.seed(0)
                out_seq = np.random.randint(low=0, high=2, size=(1, num_messages*k), dtype=int)
         4
         5
         6
                return out_seq
In [4]: 1 def In_LOOKUP_TABLE(k: int) -> dict:
         3
                In_dict = {}
                M = 2**k
         4
         5
                In list = []
         6
                for m in range(int(M/2)):
         7
         8
         9
                    In = 2*m + 1
                    In_list.append(In)
        10
        11
                    In_list.append(-In)
        12
        13
                In_list = sorted(In_list)
        14
        15
                for i, In in enumerate(In_list):
        16
                    key = bin(i)[2:].zfill(k)
        17
                    In_dict[key] = In
        18
        19
        20
                return In_dict
In [5]: | 1 | def In_Seq(an_seq: np.array, k: int) -> np.array:
                In_list = []
In_LOOKUP_TABLE_dict = In_LOOKUP_TABLE(k=k)
         3
         4
                an_seq = an_seq.flatten()
         6
                n = int(len(an_seq) / k) # n = No. Samples
                for i in range(n):
         7
         8
                    sample = an_seq[i*k: (i + 1)*k]
         9
         10
                    sample_str = Seq_to_Str(sample)
                    In_sample = In_LOOKUP_TABLE_dict[sample_str]
        11
        12
                    In_list.append(In_sample)
        13
                In_array = np.array(In_list, dtype=int)
        14
                In_array = np.reshape(In_list, newshape=(1, -1))
         15
        16
```

$$Q(t) = \int_{t}^{\infty} \mathcal{N}(0, 1) dt$$

• *LREC* :

$$g(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2LT} & 0 \le t \le LT \\ 0 & oth \end{cases}$$

$$g(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2LT}(1 - \cos(\frac{2\pi t}{LT})) & 0 \le t \le LT \\ 0 & oth \end{cases}$$

• GMSK:

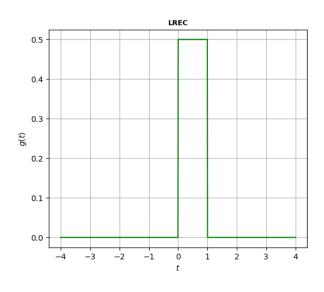
$$g(t) = \frac{Q(2\pi B(t-\frac{T}{2})) - Q(2\pi B(t+\frac{T}{2}))}{\sqrt{\ln 2}}$$

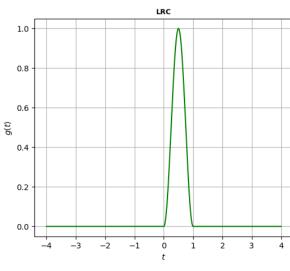
```
In [7]:
         1 def g_Generator(t, L, T, mode='LREC'):
         4
                if mode == 'LREC':
         5
         6
                    g_t = np.zeros_like(t)
         7
                    g_t[(0 \le t) \& (t \le L*T)] = 1 / (2*L*T)
         8
                elif mode == 'LRC':
         10
                    g_t = (1 / (2*L*T)) * (1 - (np.cos((2*np.pi*t) / (L*T))))
         11
                    g_t[(0 > t) | (t > L*T)] = 0
         12
         13
         14
                elif mode == 'GMSK':
        15
         16
                    BT = 0.3
         17
                    B = BT / T
                    g_t = (Q(2 * np.pi * B * (t - (T/2))) - Q(2 * np.pi * B * (t + (T/2)))) / (np.sqrt(np.log(2)))
         18
         19
         20
         21
                    raise ValueError("Invalid modulation scheme. Use one of ['LREC', 'LRC', 'GMSK']")
         22
         23
                return g_t
```

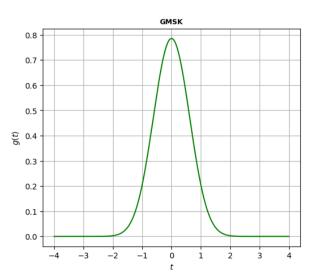
Different Pulse Shapes (g(t)):

L (No. Symbols) = 1

T (Symbol Period) = 1.0







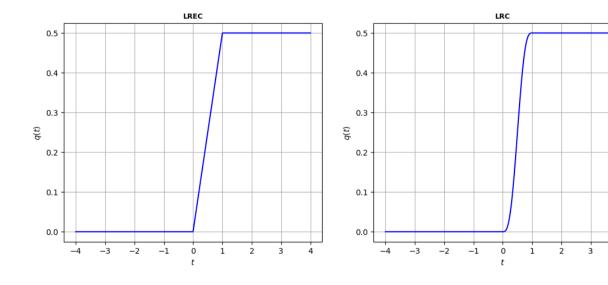
```
In [10]: 1 def q_Generator(t2_array: float, L, T, mode='LREC', dt: float=0.001) -> np.array:
          3
                 t1 = -20 * L * T
                 q_t_{ist} = []
          4
          5
                 for t2 in t2_array:
          6
                     if t2 <= t1:
          7
                         q_t = 0
          8
          9
          10
                     else:
          11
                         t_array = np.arange(t1, t2, dt)
          12
                         g_t = g_Generator(t_array, L, T, mode)
          13
                         q_t = dt * g_t.sum()
          14
          15
                     q_t_list.append(q_t)
                 q_t_array = np.array(q_t_list, dtype=float)
          16
          17
          18
                 return q_t_array
```

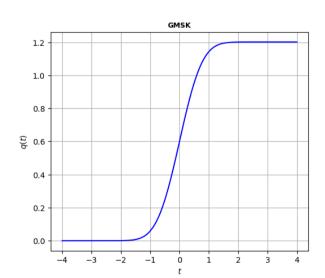
Different q(t): when,

wiieii,

L (No. Symbols) = 1

T (Symbol Period) = 1.0





CPM:

```
In [13]: 1 def s_Generator(an: np.array, t_array: np.array, h: np.array, L: int, T: float, M: int, g_mode: str) -> np.array:
                   s_t_{int} = []
           3
                   k = int(np.log2(M))
           4
           5
                   an = an.flatten()
                  In_seq = In_Seq(an, k=k)
In_seq = In_seq.flatten()
           6
                   n = len(In_seq)
           9
                   for t in t_array:
           10
                       phi = 0
           11
           12
                       for i in range(n):
                            t_iT = t - (i*T)
           13
                            t_iT_array = np.array([t_iT])
           14
           15
                            q_t_iT = q_Generator(t2_array=t_iT_array, L=L, T=T, mode=g_mode)
                            phi += In_seq[i] * q_t_iT.item()
           16
           17
           18
                       s_t_list.append(phi)
           19
                  s_t_array = np.array(s_t_list)
s_t_array = np.exp(1j * 2*np.pi * h * s_t_array)
           20
           21
           22
           23
                   return s_t_array
```

```
In [19]: | 1 | T = 1
          2 \mid T = float(T)
          3 L = 10
          4 h = 1
          5 M = 4
          6 \mid k = int(np.log2(M))
          8 g_modes_list = ['LREC', 'LRC', 'GMSK']
          9 an = an Seq(k=k, num messages=L)
          10 t_array = np.arange(-3*T, 10*T, step=0.01)
          12 | g_mode_LREC = g_modes_list[0]
          13 s_t_LREC_array = s_Generator(an=an, t_array=t_array, h=h, L=L, T=T, M=M, g_mode=g_mode_LREC)
          14 s_t_abs_LREC = np.abs(s_t_LREC_array)
          15 s_t_phase_rad_LREC = np.angle(s_t_LREC_array)
          16
          17 g_mode_LRC = g_modes_list[1]
          18 s_t_LRC_array = s_Generator(an=an, t_array=t_array, h=h, L=L, T=T, M=M, g_mode=g_mode_LRC)
          19 | s_t_abs_LRC = np.abs(s_t_LRC_array)
          20 s_t_phase_rad_LRC = np.angle(s_t_LRC_array)
          22 | g_mode_GMSK = g_modes_list[2]
          23 s_t_GMSK_array = s_Generator(an=an, t_array=t_array, h=h, L=L, T=T, M=M, g_mode=g_mode_GMSK)
          24 s_t_abs_GMSK = np.abs(s_t_GMSK_array)
          25 s_t_phase_rad_GMSK = np.angle(s_t_GMSK_array)
```

```
In [20]:
                         1 print(f'\n\n{colored(f"Single-h CPM Modulation Results:", "blue", attrs=["bold"])}\n')
                           2 print(f'{colored(f"When, ", "blue", attrs=["bold"])}\n')
                          print(f'{colored(f"T (Symbol Period) = ", "black", attrs=["bold"])}{colored(f"{T}", "black", attrs=["bold"])}')

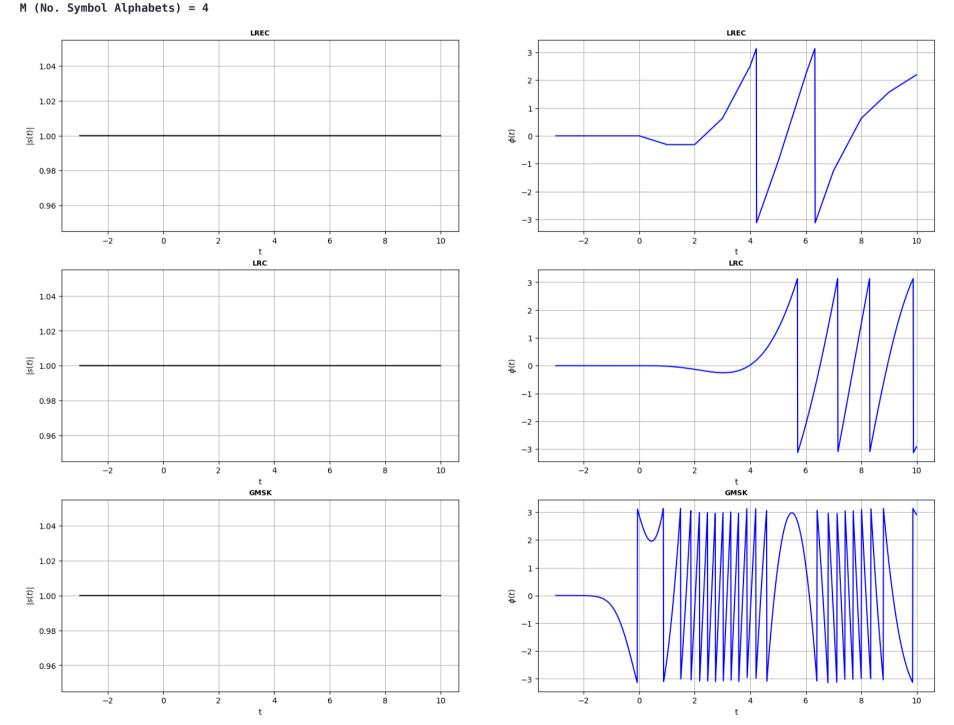
print(f'{colored(f"L (No. Symbols) = ", "black", attrs=["bold"])}{colored(f"{L}", "black", attrs=["bold"])}')

print(f'{colored(f"h (Modulation Index) = ", "black", attrs=["bold"])}{colored(f"{h}", "black", attrs=["bold"])}')
                           6 | print(f'{colored(f"M (No. Symbol Alphabets) = ", "black", attrs=["bold"])}{colored(f"{M}}", "black", attrs=["bold"])}')
                          9 plt.figure(figsize=(20, 15))
                        10 color1 = 'black'
                         11 color2 = 'blue'
                        12
                        13 plt.subplot(3, 2, 1)
                         14 \ | \ plt.plot(t\_array, \ s\_t\_abs\_LREC, \ color=color1), \ plt.xlabel('t'), \ plt.ylabel(f'\$| \ s(t) \ |\$'), \ plt.title(f'\{g\_mode\_LREC\}', \ fontsize=9, \ foliabel(startay), \ s\_t\_abs\_LREC, \ s_t\_abs\_LREC\}', \ fontsize=9, \ foliabel(startay), \ s_t\_abs\_LREC\}', \ fontsize=9, 
                        15 | plt.subplot(3, 2, 2)
                         16 | plt.plot(t_array, s_t_phase_rad_LREC, color=color2), plt.xlabel('t'), plt.ylabel(f'$\phi(t)$'), plt.title(f'{g_mode_LREC}', fontsize=
                        17
                        18
                        19 plt.subplot(3, 2, 3)
                        20 plt.plot(t_array, s_t_abs_LRC, color=color1), plt.xlabel('t'), plt.ylabel(f'$| s(t) |$'), plt.title(f'{g_mode_LRC}', fontsize=9, font
                        21 plt.subplot(3, 2, 4)
                         22 plt.plot(t_array, s_t_phase_rad_LRC, color=color2), plt.xlabel('t'), plt.ylabel(f'$\phi(t)$'), plt.title(f'{g_mode_LRC}', fontsize=9,
                        23
                         24
                         25 plt.subplot(3, 2, 5)
                         26 plt.plot(t_array, s_t_abs_GMSK, color=color1), plt.xlabel('t'), plt.ylabel(f'$| s(t) |$'), plt.title(f'{g_mode_GMSK}', fontsize=9, for
                        27 plt.subplo\overline{t}(3, 2, 6)
                         28 plt.plot(t_array, s_t_phase_rad_GMSK, color=color2), plt.xlabel('t'), plt.ylabel(f'$\phi(t)$'), plt.title(f'{g_mode_GMSK}', fontsize=
                        30
                         31
                        32 plt.show()
```

Single-h CPM Modulation Results:

When,

```
T (Symbol Period) = 1.0
L (No. Symbols) = 10
h (Modulation Index) = 1
```



• Step 1:

$$\phi_I(h) = \frac{1}{M} \frac{\sin(M\pi h)}{\sin(\pi h)}$$

• Step 2:

$$\bar{R}_{vl}(\tau) = \frac{1}{2T} \int_0^T \prod_{k=1-L}^{\left[\frac{\tau}{T}\right]} \frac{1}{M} \frac{\sin(2\pi \ h \ M \ [q(t+\tau-kT)-q(t-kT)])}{\sin(2\pi \ h \ [q(t+\tau-kT)-q(t-kT)])} \ dt$$

• Step 3:

```
S_{vl}(f) \; = \; 2 \; [\int_0^{LT} \; \bar{R}_{vl}(\tau) \; \cos(2\pi f \tau) \; d\tau \; + \; \frac{1 - \phi_I(h) \cos(2\pi f T)}{1 + \phi_I^2(h) - 2\phi_I(h) \cos(2\pi f T)} \; \int_{LT}^{(L+1)T} \; \bar{R}_{vl}(\tau) \; \cos(2\pi f \tau) \; d\tau \; - \; \frac{\phi_I(h) \sin(2\pi f T)}{1 + \phi_I^2(h) - 2\phi_I(h) \cos(2\pi f T)} \; \int_{LT}^{(L+1)T} \; \bar{R}_{vl}(\tau) \; \sin(2\pi f \tau) \; d\tau]
```

```
In [21]:
          1 def Phi_I_h(M: int, h: float=1) -> float:
          3
                 phi = (1/M) * ((np.sin(M * np.pi * h)) / (np.sin(np.pi * h)))
          4
           5
                  return phi
          1 def Pi_t_tau(tau: float, T: float, M: int, t: float, L: int, h: float=1, g_mode: str='GMSK') -> float:
In [22]:
                 frac = int(np.floor(tau / T))
                 if frac < (1 - L):
           4
           5
                     out = 0
          6
          7
                 else:
          8
                     for k in range(1 - L, frac + 1):
          9
          10
          11
                         t2\_array = np.array([t + tau - k*T])
          12
                          q2_array = q_Generator(t2_array=t2_array, L=L, T=T, mode=g_mode)
          13
          14
                         t1_array = np.array([t - k*T])
          15
                          q1_array = q_Generator(t2_array=t1_array, L=L, T=T, mode=g_mode)
          16
          17
                          q = (q2_array - q1_array).item()
          18
                          if q == 0:
                              result = M
          19
          20
          21
                         else:
                              result = (np.sin(2 * np.pi * h * M * q)) / (np.sin(2 * np.pi * h * q))
          22
          23
          24
                         out *= result
          25
          26
                     out *= (1/M)
          27
          28
                  return out
```

```
In [23]: 1 def R_bar_tau(T: float, tau_array: np.array, M: int, L: int, h: float, g_mode: str='GMSK', dt: float=0.1) -> np.array:
           3
                 R_tau_list = []
           4
                 for tau in tau_array:
           5
           6
                     t_{array} = np.arange(0, T, dt)
          7
                     pi_list = []
          8
                     for t in t_array:
          9
          10
                          pi = Pi_t_tau(tau=tau, T=T, M=M, t=t, L=L, h=h, g_mode=g_mode)
                          pi_list.append(pi)
          11
          12
                     pi_array = np.array(pi_list)
          13
          14
                      r = dt * pi_array.sum()
          15
                     R_tau_list.append(r)
          16
                 R_tau_array = (1 / (2*T)) * np.array(R_tau_list)
          17
          18
          19
                 return R_tau_array
```

```
In [25]: 1 | def S_f(f_array: np.array, M: int, h: float, T: float, L: int, g_mode: str='GMSK') -> np.array:
                                S f list = []
                    3
                    4
                                eps = 1e-6
                                 for f in f_array:
                    5
                    6
                                         phi i h = Phi I h(M=M, h=h)
                    7
                                         p1 = Integral_Part(f=f, lower_bound=0, upper_bound=L*T, function=np.cos, T=T, M=M, L=L, h=h, g_mode=g_mode)
                    8
                    9
                                         denominator = 1 + (phi_i_h ** 2) - (2 * phi_i_h * np.cos(2 * np.pi * f * T))
                   10
                                         if denominator != 0:
                   11
                                                denominator = denominator
                                                p2 = (1 - phi_i_h * np.cos(2 * np.pi * f * T)) / (denominator) * Integral_Part(f=f, lower_bound=L*T, upper bound=(L+1)*T,
                   12
                                                p3 = (phi_i_h * np.sin(2 * np.pi * f * T)) / (denominator) * Integral_Part(f=f, lower_bound=L*T, upper_bound=(L+1)*T, fun
                  13
                   14
                  15
                                                denominator = denominator
                   16
                                                p2 = (1 + phi_i_h * 2 * np.pi * T * np.sin(2 * np.pi * f * T)) / (1 + phi_i_h * 2 + 2 * phi_i_h * 2 * np.pi * T * np.sin(2 * np.pi * np.sin(2 * np.pi * T * np.sin(2 * np.pi * T * np.sin(2 * np.pi * np.sin(2 *
                                                Integral_Part(f=f, lower_bound=L*T, upper_bound=(L+1)*T, function=np.cos, T=T, M=M, L=L, h=h, g_mode=g_mode)
p3 = (phi_i_h * np.sin(2 * np.pi * f * T)) / (denominator + eps) * Integral_Part(f=f, lower_bound=L*T, upper_bound=(L+1)*
                   17
                   18
                   19
                   20
                                        S_f_{int} = (p1 + p2 - p3)
                   21
                   22
                                S_f_array = np.array(S_f_list)
                   23
                   24
                                 return S_f_array
In [58]:
                   1 \mid T = 1
                    2 \mid T = float(T)
                    3 L = 1
                    4 | h = 1
                    5 M = 4
                    6
                    7 g_modes_list = ['LREC', 'LRC', 'GMSK']
                    8 f_{array} = np.arange(start=-10*(1/T), stop=10*(1/T), step=0.1)
                   10 | g_mode_LREC = g_modes_list[0]
                  11 s_LREC_array = S_f(f_array=f_array, M=M, h=h, T=T, L=L, g_mode=g_mode_LREC)
                  13 g_mode_LRC = g_modes_list[1]
                   14 s_LRC_array = S_f(f_array=f_array, M=M, h=h, T=T, L=L, g_mode=g_mode_LRC)
                   16 g_mode_GMSK = g_modes_list[2]
                   17 s_GMSK_array = S_f(f_array=f_array, M=M, h=h, T=T, L=L, g_mode=g_mode_GMSK)
In [59]: 1 dir_str = os.getcwd()
                    2 path_f_array_str = os.path.join(dir_str, 'f_array.npy')
                    3 path_s_LREC_array_str = os.path.join(dir_str, 's_LREC_array.npy')
                    4 path_s_LRC_array_str = os.path.join(dir_str, 's_LRC_array.npy')
                    5 path_s_GMSK_array_str = os.path.join(dir_str, 's_GMSK_array.npy')
In [60]: 1 | np.save(path_f_array_str, f_array)
                    2 np.save(path_s LREC array str, s LREC array)
                    3 np.save(path_s_LRC_array_str, s_LRC_array)
                    4 np.save(path_s_GMSK_array_str, s_GMSK_array)
In [61]: 1 | f_array = np.load(path_f_array_str)
                    2 s_LREC_array = np.load(path_s_LREC_array_str)
                    3 | s_LRC_array = np.load(path_s_LRC_array_str)
                    4 s_GMSK_array = np.load(path_s_GMSK_array_str)
```

```
In [81]:
               1 print(f'\n\n{colored(f"PSD of CPM Modulated Signal (by Using Formula):", "blue", attrs=["bold"])}\n')
               print(f'\n\n\cotored(f'\mathrm{cotored(f'\mathrm{cotored(f'\mathrm{filed}))}\n\n')

print(f'\n\n\cotored(f'\mathrm{filed}))\n\n')

print(f'\cotored(f''\mathrm{filed}))\n\n')

print(f'\cotored(f''\mathrm{filed}))\n\n')

print(f'\cotored(f''\mathrm{filed}))\n\n')

print(f'\cotored(f''\mathrm{filed}))\n\n')\n\n')

print(f'\cotored(f''\mathrm{filed}))\n\n')\n\n')

print(f'\cotored(f''\mathrm{filed}))\n\n')\n\n')

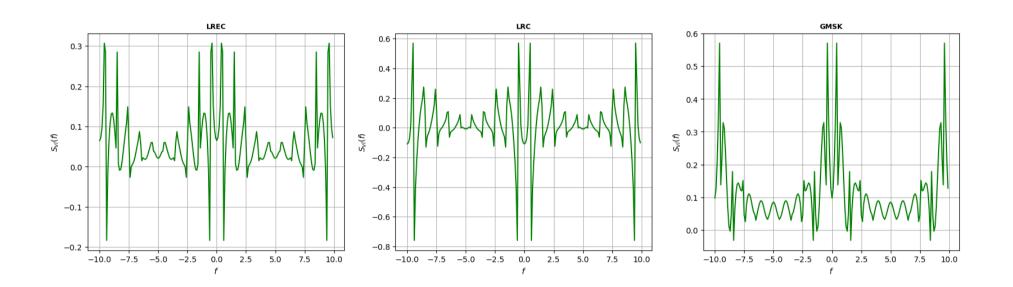
print(f'\cotored(f''\mathrm{filed}))\n\n')\n\n')

print(f'\cotored(f''\mathrm{filed}))\n\n\n')\n')
                9 plt.figure(figsize=(20, 5))
               10 color = 'green'
               11
               12 plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
               13 plt.plot(f_array, s_LREC_array, color=color), plt.xlabel('\forall f\forall f\), plt.ylabel('\forall S_{vl}(f)\forall f\), plt.title(f'\forall g_mode_LREC\forall f\), fontsize=9, f
               14 plt.grid(True)
               17 plt.plot(f_array, s_LRC_array, color=color), plt.xlabel('\$f\$'), plt.ylabel('\$S_{vl}(f)\$'), plt.title(f'\{g_mode_LRC\}', fontsize=9, fon
               18 plt.grid(True)
               19
               20 plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
               21 plt.plot(f_array, s_GMSK_array, color=color), plt.xlabel('\fs'), plt.ylabel('\fs_{vl}(f)\fs'), plt.title(f'\fg_mode_GMSK\frac{1}{3}', fontsize=9, f
               22 plt.grid(True)
               23
               24 plt.show()
                    4
```

PSD of CPM Modulated Signal (by Using Formula):

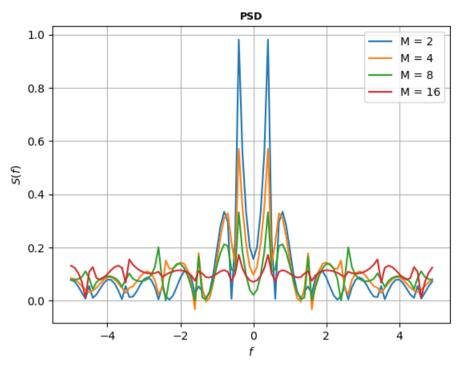
When,

```
T (Symbol Period) = 1.0
L (No. Symbols) = 1
h (Modulation Index) = 1
M (No. Symbol Alphabets) = 4
```



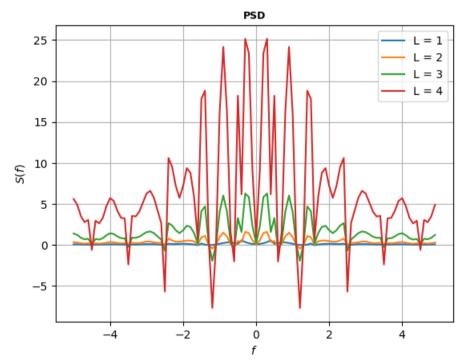
Exploring the M (No. Symbol Alphabets) Parameter:

```
In [28]:
           1 \mid T = 1
            2 T = float(T)
            3 L = 1
            4 | h = 1
            5 M_list = [2, 4, 8, 16]
            7 g_mode = 'GMSK'
            8 f_{array} = np.arange(start=-5*(1/T), stop=5*(1/T), step=0.1)
           10 for M in M_list:
           11
                    s\_array = S\_f(f\_array=f\_array, M=M, h=h, T=T, L=L, g\_mode=g\_mode) \\ plt.plot(f\_array, s\_array, label=f'M = \{M\}') 
           12
           13
           14
           15 plt.xlabel('$f$'), plt.ylabel('$S(f)$'), plt.title('PSD', fontsize=9, fontweight='bold')
           16 plt.legend(), plt.grid(True)
           17 plt.show()
```

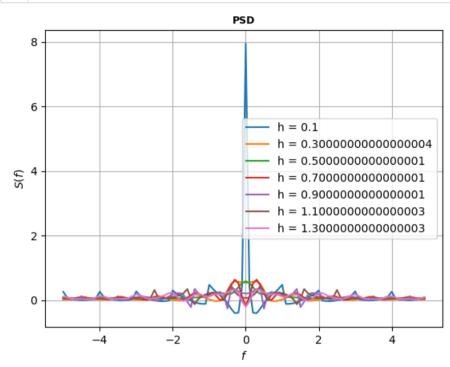


Exploring the L (No. Symbols) Parameter:

```
In [29]:
          1 \mid T = 1
          2 T = float(T)
          3 L_list = [1, 2, 3, 4]
          4 | h = 1
          5 M = 4
          6
          7 g_mode = 'GMSK'
          8 f_array = np.arange(start=-5*(1/T), stop=5*(1/T), step=0.1)
          10 for L in L_list:
          11
                 s_array = S_f(f_array=f_array, M=M, h=h, T=T, L=L, g_mode=g_mode)
          12
          13
                 plt.plot(f_array, s_array, label=f'L = {L}')
          14
          15 plt.xlabel('$f$'), plt.ylabel('$S(f)$'), plt.title('PSD', fontsize=9, fontweight='bold')
          16 plt.legend(), plt.grid(True)
          17 plt.show()
```



```
In [30]:
           1 \mid T = 1
           2 \mid T = float(T)
           3 L = 1
           4 \mid h_{array} = np.arange(0.1, 1.5, 0.2)
           5 M = 4
           7 g_mode = 'GMSK'
             f_{array} = np.arange(start=-5*(1/T), stop=5*(1/T), step=0.1)
           8
          10 for h in h_array:
          11
          12
                  s_{array} = S_f(f_{array}=f_{array}, M=M, h=h, T=T, L=L, g_{mode}=g_{mode})
          13
                  plt.plot(f_array, s_array, label=f'h = {h}')
          14
          15 plt.xlabel('$f$'), plt.ylabel('$S(f)$'), plt.title('PSD', fontsize=9, fontweight='bold')
          16 plt.legend(), plt.grid(True)
          17 plt.show()
```



By Using Statistical Experiments (Random Experiments): ¶

• Step 1:

$$R_{vl}(t+\tau;t) = E[\prod_{k=\infty}^{\infty} exp \left\{ j2\pi h I_k [q(t+\tau-kT)-q(t-kT)] \right\}]$$

• Step 2:

$$\bar{R}_{vl}(\tau) = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T R_{vl}(t+\tau;t) dt$$

• Step 3:

$$S_{vl}(f) = 2Re[\int_0^\infty \bar{R}_{vl}(\tau)e^{-j2\pi f\tau} d\tau]$$

```
In [25]:
          1 def I_k(M: int, num_samples: int) -> np.array:
           3
                  I_k_{ist} = []
                  for m in range(int(M/2)):
                      I = 2*m + 1
                      I_k_list += [I, -I]
           8
                  I_k_array = np.array(I_k_list)
          10
                   probs_array = (1/M) * np.ones_like(I_k_array)
          11
                  I_k_{final} = np.random.choice(\overline{I}_k_{array}, size=(num_{samples}, ), p=probs_{array})
          12
          13
          14
                  return I_k_final
```

```
In [26]: 1 | def Pi_t_plus_tau(I_k_array: np.array, t: float, tau: float, h: float, T: float, g_mode: str) -> np.array:
            3
                   num_samples = len(I_k_array)
            4
                   k = -int(num\_samples/2)
            5
                   out = 1
                   for i in range(num_samples):
            6
            7
           8
                        t_plus_tau_minus_kT_array = np.array([t + tau]) - (k*T)
           9
                        t_minus_kT_array = np.array([t]) - (k*T)
                        q1 = q_Generator(t2_array=t_plus_tau_minus_kT_array, L=L, T=T, mode=g_mode) q2 = q_Generator(t2_array=t_minus_kT_array, L=L, T=T, mode=g_mode)
           10
           11
                        part = (q1 - q2).item()
           12
                        result = np.exp(1j*2*np.pi*h*I_k_array[i]*part)
           13
           14
                        out *= result
                        k += 1
           15
           16
           17
                    return out
```

```
In [27]:
                  1 def R_v_l(h: float, T: float, L: int, M: int, num_experiments: int, num_samples: int, g_mode: str, t_array: np.array, tau: float) ->
                   3
                               R_v_l_list = []
                   4
                               for t in t_array:
                   5
                   6
                                       E = 0
                                      for i_ex in range(num_experiments):
                   7
                   8
                   9
                                              I k array = I k(M=M, num samples=num samples)
                  10
                                              E += Pi_t_plus_tau(I_k_array=I_k_array, t=t, tau=tau, h=h, T=T, g_mode=g_mode)
                  11
                  12
                                       E /= num_experiments
                  13
                                       R_v_l_list.append(E)
                  14
                  15
                               R_v_l_array = np.array(R_v_l_list)
                  16
                  17
                               return R_v_l_array
                   1 def R v l bar tau(tau array: np.array,h: float, T: float, L: int, M: int, num experiments: int, num samples: int, g mode: str, dt: fl
In [30]:
                               R_v_l_bar_tau_list = []
                   3
                   4
                                t_array = np.arange(0, T, dt)
                               for tau in tau_array:
                   5
                   6
                   7
                                       R_bar = dt * R_v_l(h=h, T=T, L=L, M=M, num_experiments=num_experiments, num_samples=num_samples, g_mode=g_mode, t_array=t_arr
                   8
                                       R_v_l_bar_tau_list.append(R_bar)
                   9
                  10
                               R_v_l_bar_tau_array = np.array(R_v_l_bar_tau_list)
                  11
                  12
                               return R_v_l_bar_tau_array
In [32]: 1 def S_v_l_f(f_array: np.array, h: float, T: float, L: int, M: int, num_experiments: int, num_samples: int, g_mode: str, dtau: float=0
                   3
                                s list = []
                   4
                               tau_array = np.arange(0, T, dtau)
                   5
                               for f in f_array:
                   6
                                       r v l bar tau = dtau * (R v l bar tau(tau array=tau array, h=h, T=T, L=L, M=M, num experiments=num experiments, num samples=n
                   7
                   8
                                                                                 np.exp(-1J * 2 * np.pi * f * tau_array)).sum()
                   9
                                       s_list.append(r_v_l bar tau)
                  10
                               s_array = 2 * np.real(np.array(s_list))
                  11
                  12
                  13
                               return s_array
In [79]: | 1 | T = 1
                   2 T = float(T)
                   3 h = 1
                   4 | L = 1
                   5 | M = 4
                   6 g_modes_list = ['LREC', 'LRC', 'GMSK']
                   7 num experiments = 1000
                   8 num_samples = 1000
  In [ ]: 1 | f_{array} = np.arange(start=-10*(1/T), stop=10*(1/T), step=0.1)
                   3 | g_mode_LREC = g_modes_list[0]
                    4 s_LREC_array = S_v_l_f(f_array=f_array, h=h, T=T, L=L, M=M, num_experiments=num_experiments, num_samples=num_samples, g_mode=g_mode_L
                   6 g_mode_LRC = g_modes_list[1]
                   7 \mid s\_LRC\_array = S\_v\_l\_f(f\_array=f\_array, h=h, T=T, L=L, M=M, num\_experiments=num\_experiments, num\_samples=num\_samples, g\_mode=g\_mode_LR \mid s\_LRC\_array = S\_v\_l\_f(f\_array=f\_array, h=h, T=T, L=L, M=M, num\_experiments=num\_experiments, num\_samples=num\_samples, g\_mode=g\_mode_LR \mid s\_LRC\_array = S\_v\_l\_f(f\_array=f\_array, h=h, T=T, L=L, M=M, num\_experiments=num\_experiments, num\_samples=num\_samples, g\_mode=g\_mode_LR \mid s\_LRC\_array = S\_v\_l\_f(f\_array=f\_array, h=h, T=T, L=L, M=M, num\_experiments=num\_experiments, num\_samples=num\_samples, g\_mode=g\_mode_LR \mid s\_LRC\_array = S\_v\_l\_f(f\_array=f\_array, h=h, T=T, L=L, M=M, num\_experiments=num\_experiments, num\_samples=num\_samples, g\_mode=g\_mode_LR \mid s\_LRC\_array = S\_v\_l\_f(f\_array=f\_array, h=h, T=T, L=L, M=M, num\_experiments=num\_experiments, num\_samples=num\_samples, g\_mode=g\_mode_LR \mid s\_LRC\_array = S\_v\_l\_f(f\_array=f\_array, h=h, T=T, L=L, M=M, num\_experiments=num\_experiments, num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_samples=num\_
                   9 g_mode_GMSK = g_modes_list[2]
                  10 s_GMSK_array = S_v_l_f(f_array=f_array, h=h, T=T, L=L, M=M, num_experiments=num_experiments, num_samples=num_samples, g_mode=g_mode_G
  In [ ]: | 1 | dir_str = os.getcwd()
                   2 path_f_array_str = os.path.join(dir_str, 'f_array.npy')
                   path_i_dridy_str = os.path.join(dir_str, 's_LREC_array.npy')
path_s_LRC_array_str = os.path.join(dir_str, 's_LRC_array.npy')
path_s_GMSK_array_str = os.path.join(dir_str, 's_GMSK_array.npy')
  In [ ]: 1 np.save(path_f_array_str, f_array)
                   2 np.save(path_s_LREC_array_str, s_LREC_array)
                   3 np.save(path_s_LRC_array_str, s_LRC_array)
                    4 np.save(path_s_GMSK_array_str, s_GMSK_array)
In [80]:
                   1 | f_array = np.load(path_f_array_str)
                        s IREC array = nn load(nath s IREC array str)
                       s_LRC_array = np.load(path_s_LRC_array_str)
                    4 s_GMSK_array = np.load(path_s_GMSK_array_str)
```

```
In [82]:
              1 print(f'\n\n{colored(f"PSD of CPM Modulated Signal (by Using Random Experiments):", "blue", attrs=["bold"])}\n')
              2 print(f'{colored(f"When, ", "blue", attrs=["bold"])}\n\n')
              print(f'{colored(f"T (Symbol Period) = ", "black", attrs=["bold"])}{colored(f"{T}", "black", attrs=["bold"])}')

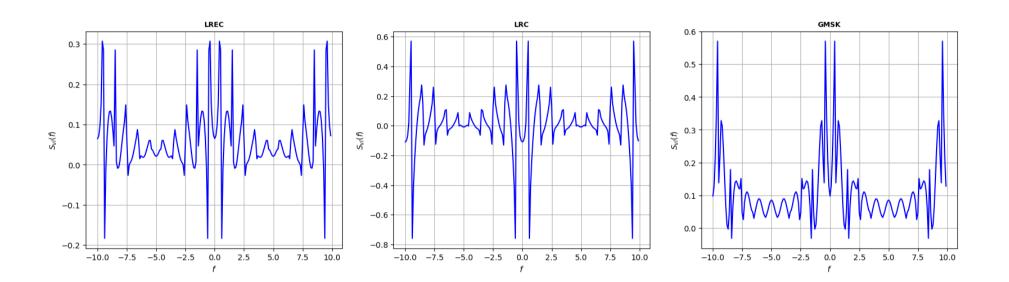
print(f'{colored(f"L (No. Symbols) = ", "black", attrs=["bold"])}{colored(f"{L}", "black", attrs=["bold"])}')

print(f'{colored(f"h (Modulation Index) = ", "black", attrs=["bold"])}{colored(f"{h}", "black", attrs=["bold"])}')
               6 \mid \mathsf{print}(\mathsf{f'}\{\mathsf{colored}(\mathsf{f''M} \mid \mathsf{No. Symbol Alphabets}) = ", "black", attrs=["bold"])\}\{\mathsf{colored}(\mathsf{f''}\{\mathsf{M}\}", "black", attrs=["bold"])\} \setminus \mathsf{n} \setminus \mathsf{n} \setminus \mathsf{n'}) 
              9 plt.figure(figsize=(20, 5))
             10 | color = 'blue'
             12 plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
             13 plt.plot(f_array, s_LREC_array, color=color), plt.xlabel('$f$'), plt.ylabel('$S_{vl}(f)$'), plt.title(f'{g_mode_LREC}', fontsize=9, f
             14 plt.grid(True)
             17 plt.plot(f_array, s_LRC_array, color=color), plt.xlabel('\(\frac{f}{s}'\), plt.ylabel('\(\frac{s}{g}\), plt.title(f'\(\frac{g}{mode}\), fontsize=9, fon
             18 plt.grid(True)
             19
             20 plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
                 plt.plot(f_array, s_GMSK_array, color=color), plt.xlabel('$f$'), plt.ylabel('$S_{vl}(f)$'), plt.title(f'{g_mode_GMSK}', fontsize=9, f
             22 plt.grid(True)
             23
             24 plt.show()
```

PSD of CPM Modulated Signal (by Using Random Experiments):

When,

```
T (Symbol Period) = 1.0
L (No. Symbols) = 1
h (Modulation Index) = 1
M (No. Symbol Alphabets) = 4
```



References:

- MATLAB Docs: Continuous-Phase Modulation (CPM) (https://www.mathworks.com/help/comm/ug/continuous-phase-modulation.html? s tid=srchtitle site search 1 continues%2520phase%2520modulation)
- IEEE-1979: Minimum shift keying: A spectrally efficient modulation (https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/1089999)
- Book: Proakis, John G. Digital Communications. 5th ed. New York: McGraw Hill, 2007.
- Book: Anderson, John B., Tor Aulin, and Carl-Erik Sundberg. Digital Phase Modulation. New York: Plenum Press, 1986.