## Final

## January 17, 2023

```
[1]: import os
     import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import pymatreader as pymat
     from sklearn.svm import SVC
     from termcolor import colored
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
     from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline, make_pipeline
     from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler
     from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV, cross_val_score, u
      ⇔train_test_split
     from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix,_
      →ConfusionMatrixDisplay, cohen_kappa_score
[2]: path_str = os.getcwd() + '/'
[5]: data_file_name = 'Majazi1.mat'
     gt_file_name = 'Majazi1_gt.mat'
[7]: data = pymat.read_mat(path_str + data_file_name)['Botswana']
     data_gt = pymat.read_mat(path_str + gt_file_name)['Botswana_gt']
[8]: print(f'\nShape of Data: {data.shape}\n')
     print(f'\nShape of GT: {data_gt.shape}\n')
    Shape of Data: (1476, 256, 145)
    Shape of GT: (1476, 256)
[9]: def BG_removal(data_3D: np.ndarray, data_gt_2D: np.ndarray) -> (np.ndarray, np.
      →ndarray):
         data_copy = data_3D.copy()
         gt_copy = data_gt_2D.copy()
```

```
data_reshaped = data_copy.reshape((data_copy.shape[0] * data_copy.shape[1],_
       →data_copy.shape[2]))
          gt_reshaped = gt_copy.ravel()
          classes_unique = np.unique(gt_reshaped)
          new data = data reshaped[gt reshaped != 0]
          new_gt = gt_reshaped[gt_reshaped != 0]
          return new_data, new_gt
[10]: data_without_BG, gt_without_BG = BG_removal(data_3D=data, data_gt_2D=data_gt)
[11]: print(f'\nShape of the BG removed Data: {colored(data_without_BG.shape,__

¬"blue")}\n')
      print(f' ... and its {colored("Data Type", "blue")}: {colored(data_without_BG.

dtype, "green")}\n\n')

      print(f'\nShape of the BG_removed GT: {colored(gt_without_BG.shape, "blue")}\n')
      print(f' ... and its {colored("Data Type", "blue")}: {colored(gt_without_BG.

dtype, "green")}\n')

     Shape of the BG_removed Data: (3248, 145)
      ... and its Data Type: uint16
     Shape of the BG_removed GT: (3248,)
      ... and its Data Type: uint8
[12]: def class_separator(X: np.ndarray, y: np.ndarray) -> dict:
          unique_labels = np.unique(y)
          total_data = {}
          for class_name in unique_labels:
              total_data[str(class_name)], total_data[str(class_name) + '_label'] = \
              X[y == class_name], y[y == class_name]
          return total_data
      def train_test_for_each_class(X: np.ndarray, y: np.ndarray, train_size_float:u
       →float) -> (dict, dict):
```

```
splitter = train_test_split
   data = class_separator(X, y)
   num_classes = int(len(data) / 2)
   train_data, test_data = {}, {}
   for class_name in range(1, num_classes + 1):
        train_data[str(class_name)], test_data[str(class_name)],__
 strain_data[str(class_name) + '_label'], \
       test_data[str(class_name) + '_label'] = splitter(data[str(class_name)],_
 →\
                                            data[str(class_name) + '_label'],__
 ⇔train size=train size float, \
                                                        shuffle=True,
 →random_state=0)
   return train_data, test_data
def train_test_splitter(X: np.ndarray, y: np.ndarray, train_size_floatt: float)
 -> \
(np.ndarray, np.ndarray, np.ndarray):
   data_train, data_test = train_test_for_each_class(X, y, train_size_floatt)
   keys = list(data_train.keys())
   X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = data_train[keys[0]], \
   data_test[keys[0]], data_train[keys[1]], data_test[keys[1]]
   re keys = keys[2:]
   n = int(len(re_keys) / 2)
   for i in range(n):
       X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = np.concatenate((X_train,_

data_train[re_keys[2*i]]), axis=0), \

       np.concatenate((X_test, data_test[re_keys[2*i]]), axis=0), \
       np.concatenate((y_train, data_train[re_keys[2*i + 1]])), \
       np.concatenate((y_test, data_test[re_keys[2*i + 1]]))
   return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test
```

```
[25]: standard_scaler = StandardScaler()
[15]: data_without_BG.shape
```

[15]: (3248, 145)

```
[16]: input_data = data_without_BG
      input_gt = gt_without_BG
[17]: pca = PCA(n_components=3)
[18]: data_reduced = pca.fit_transform(input_data)
[19]: data_reduced.shape
[19]: (3248, 3)
[20]: data_tensor = data_reduced.reshape((116, 28, 3))
[21]: data_tensor.shape
[21]: (116, 28, 3)
[22]: band1 = data_tensor[:, :, [0]].reshape((116, 28))
      band2 = data_tensor[:, :, [1]].reshape((116, 28))
      band3 = data_tensor[:, :, [2]].reshape((116, 28))
[23]: band1.shape
[23]: (116, 28)
     0.0.1 Morphology:
[26]: import cv2 as cv

    Opening

            - band 1
[27]: data_morph = band1
[28]: kernel = np.ones((1, 1), np.uint8)
      data_opening_1 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_OPEN, kernel)
      m, n = data_opening_1.shape
      data_opening_1_tensor = data_opening_1.reshape((m, n, 1))
[29]: kernel = np.ones((2, 2), np.uint8)
      data_opening_2 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_OPEN, kernel)
      m, n = data_opening_2.shape
      data_opening_2_tensor = data_opening_2.reshape((m, n, 1))
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```
[30]: kernel = np.ones((3, 3), np.uint8)
      data_opening_3 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_OPEN, kernel)
      m, n = data_opening_3.shape
      data_opening_3_tensor = data_opening_3.reshape((m, n, 1))
[31]: kernel = np.ones((4, 4), np.uint8)
      data_opening_4 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_OPEN, kernel)
      m, n = data_opening_4.shape
      data_opening_4_tensor = data_opening_4.reshape((m, n, 1))
[32]: band1_opening_1234 = np.concatenate((data_opening_1_tensor,__

data_opening_2_tensor, data_opening_3_tensor, \

                                          data_opening_4_tensor), \
                                          axis=2)
            - band 2
[33]: data morph = band2
[34]: kernel = np.ones((1, 1), np.uint8)
      data_opening_1 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_OPEN, kernel)
      m, n = data_opening_1.shape
      data_opening_1_tensor = data_opening_1.reshape((m, n, 1))
[35]: kernel = np.ones((2, 2), np.uint8)
      data_opening_2 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_OPEN, kernel)
      m, n = data_opening_2.shape
      data_opening_2_tensor = data_opening_2.reshape((m, n, 1))
[36]: kernel = np.ones((3, 3), np.uint8)
      data_opening_3 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_OPEN, kernel)
      m, n = data_opening_3.shape
      data_opening_3_tensor = data_opening_3.reshape((m, n, 1))
[37]: kernel = np.ones((4, 4), np.uint8)
      data_opening_4 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_OPEN, kernel)
      m, n = data_opening_4.shape
      data_opening_4_tensor = data_opening_4.reshape((m, n, 1))
[38]: band2_opening_1234 = np.concatenate((data_opening_1_tensor,__

data_opening_2_tensor, data_opening_3_tensor, \
```

```
- band 3
[39]: data_morph = band3
[40]: kernel = np.ones((1, 1), np.uint8)
      data opening 1 = cv.morphologyEx(data morph, cv.MORPH OPEN, kernel)
      m, n = data opening 1.shape
      data_opening_1_tensor = data_opening_1.reshape((m, n, 1))
[41]: kernel = np.ones((2, 2), np.uint8)
      data_opening 2 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH OPEN, kernel)
      m, n = data_opening_2.shape
      data_opening_2_tensor = data_opening_2.reshape((m, n, 1))
[42]: kernel = np.ones((3, 3), np.uint8)
      data_opening_3 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_OPEN, kernel)
      m, n = data_opening_3.shape
      data_opening_3_tensor = data_opening_3.reshape((m, n, 1))
[43]: kernel = np.ones((4, 4), np.uint8)
      data_opening_4 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_OPEN, kernel)
      m, n = data_opening_4.shape
      data_opening_4_tensor = data_opening_4.reshape((m, n, 1))
[44]: band3 opening 1234 = np.concatenate((data opening 1 tensor,

data_opening_2_tensor, data_opening_3_tensor, \

                                          data_opening_4_tensor), \
                                          axis=2)
[45]: data_total_opening = np.concatenate((band1_opening_1234, band2_opening_1234,__
       ⇒band3_opening_1234), axis=2)
      data_total_opening.shape
[45]: (116, 28, 12)
        • Closing
            - band 1
[46]: data_morph = band1
```

data\_opening\_4\_tensor), \

axis=2)

```
[47]: kernel = np.ones((1, 1), np.uint8)
      data_closing_1 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
      m, n = data_closing_1.shape
      data_closing_1_tensor = data_closing_1.reshape((m, n, 1))
[48]: kernel = np.ones((2, 2), np.uint8)
      data_closing_2 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
      m, n = data_closing_2.shape
      data_closing_2_tensor = data_closing_2.reshape((m, n, 1))
[49]: kernel = np.ones((3, 3), np.uint8)
      data_closing_3 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
      m, n = data_closing_3.shape
      data_closing_3_tensor = data_closing_3.reshape((m, n, 1))
[50]: kernel = np.ones((4, 4), np.uint8)
      data_closing_4 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
      m, n = data_closing_4.shape
      data_closing_4_tensor = data_closing_4.reshape((m, n, 1))
[51]: band1_closing_1234 = np.concatenate((data_closing_1_tensor,__
       data_closing_2_tensor, data_closing_3_tensor, \
                                          data_closing_4_tensor), \
                                          axis=2)
            - band 2
[52]: data_morph = band2
[53]: kernel = np.ones((1, 1), np.uint8)
      data_closing_1 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
      m, n = data_closing_1.shape
      data_closing_1_tensor = data_closing_1.reshape((m, n, 1))
[54]: kernel = np.ones((2, 2), np.uint8)
      data_closing_2 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
      m, n = data_closing_2.shape
      data_closing_2_tensor = data_closing_2.reshape((m, n, 1))
[55]: kernel = np.ones((3, 3), np.uint8)
      data_closing_3 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
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m, n = data_closing_3.shape
      data_closing_3_tensor = data_closing_3.reshape((m, n, 1))
[56]: kernel = np.ones((4, 4), np.uint8)
      data_closing_4 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
      m, n = data_closing_4.shape
      data_closing_4_tensor = data_closing_4.reshape((m, n, 1))
[57]: band2_closing_1234 = np.concatenate((data_closing_1_tensor,__
       ⇔data_closing_2_tensor, data_closing_3_tensor, \
                                          data_closing_4_tensor), \
                                          axis=2)
            - band 3
[58]: data_morph = band3
[59]: kernel = np.ones((1, 1), np.uint8)
      data_closing_1 = cv.morphologyEx(data morph, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
      m, n = data_closing_1.shape
      data_closing_1_tensor = data_closing_1.reshape((m, n, 1))
[61]: kernel = np.ones((2, 2), np.uint8)
      data_closing_2 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
      m, n = data_closing_2.shape
      data_closing_2_tensor = data_closing_2.reshape((m, n, 1))
[62]: kernel = np.ones((3, 3), np.uint8)
      data_closing_3 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
      m, n = data_closing_3.shape
      data_closing_3_tensor = data_closing_3.reshape((m, n, 1))
[63]: kernel = np.ones((4, 4), np.uint8)
      data_closing_4 = cv.morphologyEx(data_morph, cv.MORPH_CLOSE, kernel)
      m, n = data_closing_4.shape
      data_closing_4_tensor = data_closing_4.reshape((m, n, 1))
[64]: band3_closing_1234 = np.concatenate((data_closing_1_tensor,__
       →data_closing_2_tensor, data_closing_3_tensor, \
                                          data_closing_4_tensor), \
                                          axis=2)
```

```
[65]: data_total_closing = np.concatenate((band1_closing_1234, band2_closing_1234,__
       ⇒band3_closing_1234), axis=2)
      data_total_closing.shape
[65]: (116, 28, 12)
[66]: principal_band = data_tensor[:, :, 0].reshape((116, 28, 1))
      input_data_opening = data_total_opening
      input_data_closing = data_total_closing
     0.0.2 Data after Feature Extraction
[67]: input_data_25 = np.concatenate((principal_band, input_data_opening,__

→input_data_closing), axis=2)
      input_data_25.shape
[67]: (116, 28, 25)
[68]: data_reshaped = input_data_25.reshape((116 * 28, 25))
[69]: data_scaled = standard_scaler.fit_transform(data_reshaped)
      data scaled.var()
[69]: 1.0000000000000007
        • Data Separating
[70]: train_size_list = [0.05]
      data = \{\}
      for train_size_float in train_size_list: data['X_train_' +__
       ⇔str(train_size_float)], \
          data['X_test_' + \
          str(train_size_float)], data['y_train_' + str(train_size_float)], \
          data['y_test_' + str(train_size_float)] =\
                  train_test_splitter(data_without_BG, gt_without_BG,_u
       →train_size_floatt=train_size_float)
[71]: train_size_list = [0.05]
      data scaled = {}
      for train_size in train_size_list:
          data_scaled['X_train_' + str(train_size)] = \
          standard_scaler.fit_transform(data['X_train_' + str(train_size)])
          data_scaled['X_test_' + str(train_size)] = standard_scaler.

→fit_transform(data['X_test_' + str(train_size)])
          data_scaled['y_train_' + str(train_size)] = data['y_train_' +

       ⇔str(train size)]
```

```
data_scaled['y_test_' + str(train_size)] = data['y_test_' + str(train_size)]
[72]: train size tuple = (0.05, )
     k fold tuple = range(2, 16)
     parameters_for_k_fold_dict = {'train_size': train_size_tuple, 'k_fold':_u

→k_fold_tuple}

     total_length = 1
     for key_name_str in parameters_for_k_fold_dict.keys():
         total_length *= len(parameters_for k_fold_dict[key_name_str])
     train_size_stored_values = np.zeros(total_length)
     acc_mean_stored_values = np.zeros(total_length)
     k_fold_stored_values = np.zeros(total_length)
     clf_without_pca = SVC()
     count = 0
     for train_size in parameters_for_k_fold_dict['train_size']:
         X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test = data_scaled['X_train_' +_

str(train_size)], \

         data_scaled['y_train_' + str(train_size)], data_scaled['X_test_' +__
       ⇔str(train_size)], \
         data_scaled['y_test_' + str(train_size)]
         clf_without_pca.fit(X_train, y_train)
         for k_fold in parameters_for_k_fold_dict['k_fold']:
             count += 1
             scores = cross_val_score(clf_without_pca, X_train, y_train, cv=k_fold)
             acc_mean = scores.mean()
             train_size_stored_values[count - 1] = train_size
             acc_mean_stored_values[count - 1] = acc_mean
             k_fold_stored_values[count - 1] = k_fold
     df_for_k_fold = pd.DataFrame({'Train Size': train_size_stored_values,_
       'Mean of Accuracy': acc_mean_stored_values})
     /home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-
     packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:684: UserWarning: The least populated
     class in y has only 4 members, which is less than n_splits=5.
       warnings.warn(
     /home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-
     packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:684: UserWarning: The least populated
     class in y has only 4 members, which is less than n_splits=6.
       warnings.warn(
     /home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-
```

packages/sklearn/model\_selection/\_split.py:684: UserWarning: The least populated class in y has only 4 members, which is less than n\_splits=7.

warnings.warn(

/home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-

packages/sklearn/model\_selection/\_split.py:684: UserWarning: The least populated class in y has only 4 members, which is less than n\_splits=8.

warnings.warn(

/home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-

packages/sklearn/model\_selection/\_split.py:684: UserWarning: The least populated class in y has only 4 members, which is less than n\_splits=9.

warnings.warn(

/home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-

packages/sklearn/model\_selection/\_split.py:684: UserWarning: The least populated class in y has only 4 members, which is less than n\_splits=10.

warnings.warn(

/home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-

packages/sklearn/model\_selection/\_split.py:684: UserWarning: The least populated class in y has only 4 members, which is less than n\_splits=11.

warnings.warn(

/home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-

packages/sklearn/model\_selection/\_split.py:684: UserWarning: The least populated class in y has only 4 members, which is less than n\_splits=12.

warnings.warn(

/home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-

packages/sklearn/model\_selection/\_split.py:684: UserWarning: The least populated class in y has only 4 members, which is less than n\_splits=13.

warnings.warn(

/home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-

packages/sklearn/model\_selection/\_split.py:684: UserWarning: The least populated class in y has only 4 members, which is less than n\_splits=14.

warnings.warn(

/home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-

packages/sklearn/model\_selection/\_split.py:684: UserWarning: The least populated class in y has only 4 members, which is less than n\_splits=15.

warnings.warn(

## [73]: df\_for\_k\_fold

[73]:	Train Size	K-fold(CV)	Mean of	Accuracy
0	0.05	2.0		0.576923
1	0.05	3.0		0.673077
2	0.05	4.0		0.698718
3	0.05	5.0		0.711492
4	0.05	6.0		0.724359
5	0.05	7.0		0.697911
6	0.05	8.0		0.705263
7	0.05	9.0		0.749092

```
8
                0.05
                             10.0
                                           0.765000
      9
                0.05
                             11.0
                                           0.742424
                0.05
      10
                             12.0
                                           0.782051
                0.05
                             13.0
      11
                                           0.775641
      12
                0.05
                             14.0
                                           0.768939
                0.05
      13
                             15.0
                                           0.758788
[74]: df1 = df_for_k_fold[df_for_k_fold['Train Size'] == 0.05]
      df1
          Train Size K-fold(CV) Mean of Accuracy
[74]:
                0.05
      0
                              2.0
                                           0.576923
                              3.0
                0.05
                                           0.673077
      1
      2
                0.05
                              4.0
                                           0.698718
      3
                0.05
                              5.0
                                           0.711492
      4
                0.05
                              6.0
                                           0.724359
      5
                0.05
                              7.0
                                           0.697911
      6
                0.05
                              8.0
                                           0.705263
      7
                0.05
                              9.0
                                           0.749092
                0.05
                             10.0
                                           0.765000
      8
      9
                0.05
                             11.0
                                           0.742424
      10
                0.05
                             12.0
                                           0.782051
      11
                0.05
                             13.0
                                           0.775641
      12
                0.05
                             14.0
                                           0.768939
                0.05
                             15.0
      13
                                           0.758788
[75]: df1_result = df1[df1['Mean of Accuracy'] == (df1['Mean of Accuracy']).max()]
      df1_result
[75]:
          Train Size K-fold(CV) Mean of Accuracy
      10
                0.05
                             12.0
                                           0.782051
[76]: svc = SVC(kernel='rbf', random state=0)
[77]: pipe = Pipeline(steps=[("svc", svc)])
[79]: param_grid = {'svc_gamma': np.linspace(0, 1, 11)}
[80]: input_data_dict = data_scaled
[81]: train size = 0.05
      best k fold = 12
      X_train, y_train = input_data_dict['X_train_' + str(train_size)],_
       sinput_data_dict['y_train_' + str(train_size)]
      search = GridSearchCV(pipe, param_grid, cv=best_k_fold)
      search.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

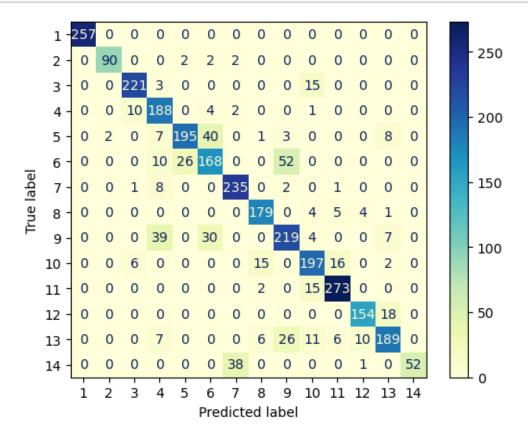
```
/home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-
     packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:684: UserWarning: The least populated
     class in y has only 4 members, which is less than n_splits=12.
       warnings.warn(
     /home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-
     packages/sklearn/model_selection/_validation.py:378: FitFailedWarning:
     12 fits failed out of a total of 132.
     The score on these train-test partitions for these parameters will be set to
     If these failures are not expected, you can try to debug them by setting
     error_score='raise'.
     Below are more details about the failures:
     12 fits failed with the following error:
     Traceback (most recent call last):
       File "/home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-
     packages/sklearn/model_selection/_validation.py", line 686, in _fit_and_score
         estimator.fit(X_train, y_train, **fit_params)
       File "/home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/sklearn/pipeline.py",
     line 382, in fit
         self._final_estimator.fit(Xt, y, **fit_params_last_step)
       File "/home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/sklearn/svm/_base.py",
     line 237, in fit
         raise ValueError(msg)
     ValueError: gamma value must be > 0; 0.0 is invalid. Use a positive number or
     use 'auto' to set gamma to a value of 1 / n_features.
       warnings.warn(some_fits_failed_message, FitFailedWarning)
     /home/shahin/.local/lib/python3.10/site-
     packages/sklearn/model_selection/_search.py:953: UserWarning: One or more of the
                                      nan 0.83333333 0.79487179 0.75
     test scores are non-finite: [
     0.73076923 0.69871795
      0.60897436 0.51923077 0.44230769 0.38461538 0.33974359]
       warnings.warn(
[81]: GridSearchCV(cv=12, estimator=Pipeline(steps=[('svc', SVC(random_state=0))]),
                   param_grid={'svc__gamma': array([0., 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6,
      0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1. ])})
[82]: from termcolor import colored
[83]: best_params = search.best_params_
      best_gamma = best_params['svc_gamma']
      print(f'\n\n\u03B3 = \{colored(best_gamma, "blue")\}\n')
```

```
= 0.1
```

```
[84]: best_score = search.best_score_
      print(f'\nBest Accuracy is: {colored(best_score, "blue")}\n')
     Best Accuracy is: 0.8333333333333335
[85]: train_size = 0.05
      clf = SVC(kernel='rbf', gamma=best_gamma)
      X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test = input_data_dict['X_train_' +

      ⇔str(train_size)], \
      input_data_dict['y_train_' + str(train_size)], input_data_dict['X_test_' +

       ⇔str(train_size)], \
      input_data_dict['y_test_' + str(train_size)]
      clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
[85]: SVC(gamma=0.1)
[86]: y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
      ov_acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
      conf_mat = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
      kappa = cohen_kappa_score(y_test, y_pred)
      acc for each class = conf mat.diagonal()/conf mat.sum(axis=1)
      df_result1 = pd.DataFrame({'Class': range(1, 15), 'Accuracy':
       ⇒acc_for_each_class})
      df_result1
[86]:
         Class Accuracy
             1 1.000000
      1
             2 0.937500
      2
             3 0.924686
      3
             4 0.917073
             5 0.761719
      5
             6 0.656250
      6
             7 0.951417
      7
             8 0.927461
     8
             9 0.732441
            10 0.834746
      9
      10
            11 0.941379
            12 0.895349
      11
      12
            13 0.741176
      13
            14 0.571429
```

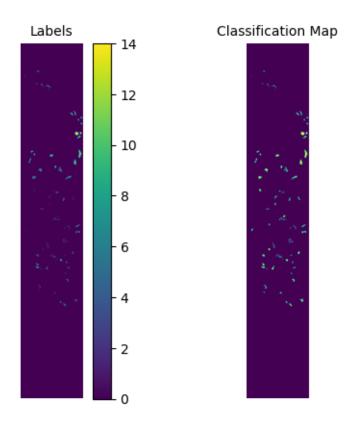


Overall Accuracy: 0.8463777490297542

= 0.833495563774022

Classification Map

```
[118]: X_3d = pymat.read_mat(path_str + data_file_name)['Botswana']
       y_2d = pymat.read_mat(path_str + gt_file_name)['Botswana_gt']
[119]: X_test = X_3d.reshape((X_3d.shape[0]*X_3d.shape[1], 145))
       y_test = y_2d.ravel()
[120]: y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
[124]: y_pred[y_test == 0] = 0
[125]: y_pred_plot = y_pred.reshape((1476, 256))
       y_test_plot = y_test.reshape((1476, 256))
[126]: y_test_plot.dtype
[126]: dtype('uint8')
[132]: plt.figure(1)
       plt.subplot(1, 2, 1), plt.imshow(y_test_plot), plt.axis('off'), plt.
        ⇔title('Labels', fontsize=10)
       plt.colorbar()
       plt.subplot(1, 2, 2), plt.imshow(y_pred_plot), plt.axis('off'), plt.
        →title('Classification Map', fontsize=10)
       plt.show()
```



End Classification Map

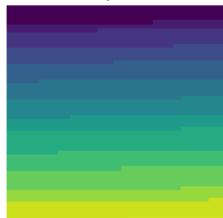
Classification Map for Test Data

```
[90]: plt.figure(1)
  plt.subplot(1, 2, 1), plt.imshow(selected_y_pred_reshaped), \
    plt.axis('off'), plt.title('Class. Map for Test Data')

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2), plt.imshow(selected_y_test_reshaped), \
    plt.axis('off'), plt.title('Class. Map for Labels')
    plt.show()
```

Class. Map for Test Data

Class. Map for Labels



End of Classification Map for Test Data

```
[91]: my_ov_acc = len(y_pred[y_pred == y_test]) / len(y_pred)
    print(f'\n{colored("Ov. Accuracy:", "green")} {my_ov_acc: 0.3f}\n')

Ov. Accuracy: 0.846

[92]: AA = df_result1['Accuracy'].mean()
    AA

[92]: 0.8423304772142849

[93]: gt = gt_without_BG.flatten()

[94]: num_class_1 = len(data_without_BG[gt == 1])
    num_class_1

[94]: 270

[95]: num_class_14 = len(data_without_BG[gt == 14])
    num_class_14

[95]: 95
```