

**The Superior University, Lahore**



**TASK (SPRING 2025)**

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| Course Title: | Programming for AI | | | | Course Code: | CAI601410 | Credit Hours: | 1 |
| Instructor: | Sir Rasikh ALI | | | | Program Name: | BSAI | | |
| Semester: | 4th | Batch: | F23 | Section: | BSAIM-4C | Date: | Febrary 24 , 2024 | |
| Time Allowed: |  | | | | Maximum Marks: | |  | |
| Student’s Name: | SHAHMEER HUSSIAN | | | | Reg. No. | 117 | | |
| **Task No 04: N-Queen Problem** | | | | | | | | |

n=int(input("Enter the board size: "))

board=[[0 for \_ in range(n)] for \_ in range(n)]

def check\_column(board,row,column):

    for i in range(row):

        if board[i][column]==1:

            return False

    return True

def check\_diagonal(board,row,column,n):

    i,j=row,column

    while i>=0 and j>=0:

        if board[i][j]==1:

            return False

        i-=1

        j-=1

    i,j=row,column

    while i>=0 and j<n:

        if board[i][j]==1:

            return False

        i-=1

        j+=1

    return True

def nqn(board, row):

    if row==n:

        for b in board:

            print(b)

        print()

        return True

    for i in range(n):

        if check\_column(board,row,i) and check\_diagonal(board,row,i,n):

            board[row][i]=1

            if nqn(board, row + 1):

                return True

            board[row][i]=0

    return False

if not nqn(board, 0):

    print("No solution exists.")

**CODE EXPLAINANTION**

**1. Input and Board Initialization**

n=int(input("Enter the board size: "))

board=[[0 for \_ in range(n)] for \_ in range(n)]

* The user inputs the board size n, which represents the number of queens and the board dimensions.
* A 2D list board is initialized with zeros, where:
  + 0 represents an empty cell.
  + 1 represents a queen.

**2. Column Safety Check**

def check\_column(board,row,column):

    for i in range(row):

        if board[i][column]==1:

            return False

    return True

* This function ensures no other queen is placed in the same column above the current row.
* Since queens are placed row by row from top to bottom, we only check previous rows.

**3. Diagonal Check**

def check\_diagonal(board,row,column,n):

    i,j=row,column

    while i>=0 and j>=0:

        if board[i][j]==1:

            return False

        i-=1

        j-=1

* This part checks the **upper-left diagonal** to ensure no other queen is placed there.

    i,j=row,column

    while i>=0 and j<n:

        if board[i][j]==1:

            return False

        i-=1

        j+=1

    return True

* This part checks the **upper-right diagonal** for the same condition.

**4. Backtracking Algorithm:**

def nqn(board, row):

    if row==n:

        for b in board:

            print(b)

        print()

        return True

If all n rows are successfully filled, the board is printed as a solution.

for i in range(n):

        if check\_column(board,row,i) and check\_diagonal(board,row,i,n):

            board[row][i]=1

            if nqn(board, row + 1):

                return True

            board[row][i]=0

    return False

* Tries placing a queen in each column of the current row.
* If a valid position is found, the function calls itself for the next row.
* If no solution is found in the next row, **backtracking** occurs (resets the position to 0).

**5. No Solution Case**

if not nqn(board, 0):

    print("No solution exists.")

* If no valid arrangement is found, it prints **"No solution exists."**

**Why This Works (Backtracking Approach)**

* The algorithm **places queens row by row**, ensuring safety in columns and diagonals.
* If a dead end is reached, it **backtracks** and tries another position.
* This ensures all possibilities are explored efficiently.