### Lesson 2 – Importing Data into Power BI

**Topic:** Importing Data into Power BI

Prerequisites: Download Sales\_Data.csv

#### 1. List three data sources Power BI can connect to.

- Excel
- SQL Server
- Web (API / website)
   (Other examples: SharePoint, Oracle, JSON, CSV, Azure, etc.)

### 2. What is the first step to import data into Power BI Desktop?

Open Power BI  $\rightarrow$  Home  $\rightarrow$  Get Data  $\rightarrow$  select a data source.

### 3. How do you refresh imported data in Power BI?

On the ribbon  $\rightarrow$  **Home**  $\rightarrow$  **Refresh** (or press Ctrl+R).

### 4. What file formats can Power BI import directly? (Name two.)

- .csv
- .xlsx

(Also JSON, XML, txt, etc.)

- **5. What does the "Navigator" window show after selecting a data source?** It displays a list of tables/sheets/objects available for loading.
- 6. Import Sales\_Data.csv and load only the "Product" and "Price" columns.

In Power Query Editor  $\rightarrow$  select the required columns  $\rightarrow$  **Remove Other** Columns  $\rightarrow$  Close & Load.

### 7. How would you change OrderDate to a date format during import? In Power Ouery Editor:

- Select the **OrderDate** column
- In the **Data Type** menu choose **Date**

# 8. What is the difference between "Load" and "Transform Data" in the import dialog?

- Load immediately loads the data into the model without changes.
- Transform Data opens Power Query Editor to clean and prepare data.

# 9. Why might you see an error when connecting to a SQL database? (Name one reason.)

- Incorrect login/password
- No access rights to the server
- Firewall blocking the connection

### 10. How do you replace a data source after importing it?

Go to Power Query Editor  $\rightarrow$  Home  $\rightarrow$  Data source settings  $\rightarrow$  Change Source.

### 11. Write the M-code to import only rows where Quantity > 1.

let

Source = Csv.Document(File.Contents("C:\Sales\_Data.csv"),

[Delimiter=",", Columns=5, Encoding=65001, QuoteStyle=QuoteStyle.None]), PromotedHeaders = Table.PromoteHeaders(Source,

[PromoteAllScalars=true]),

ChangedType = Table.TransformColumnTypes(PromotedHeaders, {{"OrderID", Int64.Type}, {"Product", type text}, {"Quantity", Int64.Type}, {"Price", Int64.Type}, {"OrderDate", type date}}),

FilteredRows = Table.SelectRows(ChangedType, each [Quantity] > 1)
In FilteredRows

12. How would you change the data source if Sales\_Data.csv changed?

Through Data source settings → Change Source and point to the new file path.

- 13. Troubleshoot: Your CSV import fails due to a "mixed data type" error—how do you fix it?
  - In Power Query  $\rightarrow$  select the column  $\rightarrow$  **Change Type** to the correct type (e.g., Text or Number).
  - If values are inconsistent  $\rightarrow$  replace or remove invalid rows.
    - **14.** Connect to a live SQL database with parameters (e.g., filter by year). In Power Query you can define a parameter:

let

YearParam = 2023,

Source = Sql.Database("ServerName", "DatabaseName"),

SalesTable = Source{[Schema="dbo",Item="Sales"]}[Data],

FilteredRows = Table.SelectRows(SalesTable, each

Date.Year([OrderDate]) = YearParam)

in

**FilteredRows** 

## 15. How would you automate data imports using Power BI and Power Automate?

• Publish the report to Power BI Service.

In Power schedule o	Automate r event.	create a	Flow	that	triggers	a	Dataset	Refresh	on