# **EDS Theory Assignment**

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CS6-54

## **Twitter Sentiment Analysis - Problems and Commands**

Used jupyter notebook for doing this activity, used Kaggle's Text Classification Dataset of - Twitter Sentiment Analysis, which helps us understand the sentiments of the users, by their texts.

```
print("EDS Assignment-1")
print("Name: Mohammed Zaki Abidhusain Shahpure")
print("PRN: 202401080028")
print("Roll no: CS6-54")
Problem 1: Distribution of sentiment labels
sentiment_counts = df['target'].value_counts()
print(sentiment_counts)
print((sentiment_counts / len(df) * 100).round(2))
Problem 2: Tweet length by sentiment
df['tweet_length'] = df['text'].str.len()
length_by_sentiment = df.groupby('target')['tweet_length'].agg(['mean', 'median', 'min',
'max'])
print(length_by_sentiment)
Problem 3: Most active users
top_users = df['user'].value_counts().head(10)
print(top_users)
```

Problem 4: Tweets distribution across days
df['date'] = pd.to\_datetime(df['date'], errors='coerce')

df.dropna(subset=['date'], inplace=True)

```
df['day_of_week'] = df['date'].dt.day_name()
day_counts = df['day_of_week'].value_counts()
print(day_counts)
```

#### **Problem 5: Most common words**

```
sampled_text = ' '.join(df['text'].sample(min(1000, len(df))))
words = re.findall(r'\b[a-zA-Z]{3,}\b', sampled_text.lower())
top_words = pd.Series(words).value_counts().head(15)
print(top_words)
```

## **Problem 6: Sentiment by time of day**

```
df['hour'] = df['date'].dt.hour
hourly_sentiment = df.groupby('hour')['target'].mean()
print(hourly_sentiment)
```

## **Problem 7: Tweets containing specific keywords**

```
keywords = ['happy', 'sad', 'love', 'hate', 'good', 'bad']
for word in keywords:
   count = df['text'].str.contains(fr'\b{word}\b', case=False, regex=True).sum()
   print(f"Tweets containing '{word}': {count}")
```

## **Problem 8: Average hashtag length**

```
hashtag_pattern = r'#(\w+)'

df['hashtags'] = df['text'].str.findall(hashtag_pattern)

df['hashtag_count'] = df['hashtags'].apply(len)

df['avg_hashtag_length'] = df['hashtags'].apply(lambda x: np.mean([len(h) for h in x]) if x else 0)

print(df['hashtag_count'].mean())

print(df['avg_hashtag_length'][df['avg_hashtag_length'] > 0].mean())
```

#### **Problem 9: Tweets activity by hour**

```
hourly_counts = df['hour'].value_counts().sort_index()
print(hourly_counts)
```

## **Problem 10: Tweet length vs sentiment correlation**

```
length_sentiment_corr = np.corrcoef(df['target'], df['tweet_length'])[0, 1]
print(length_sentiment_corr)
```

#### **Problem 11: Users with mixed sentiments**

```
user_sentiment_counts = df.groupby('user')['target'].nunique()
mixed_sentiment_users = (user_sentiment_counts > 1).sum()
print(mixed_sentiment_users)
```

## **Problem 12: Percentage of tweets containing URLs**

```
 \begin{array}{l} url\_pattern = r'http[s]?://(?:[a-zA-Z0-9]|[\$-\_@.\&+]|[!*\setminus(\setminus),]|(?:\%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9a-fA-F]))+' \\ df['contains\_url'] = df['text'].str.contains(url\_pattern, case=False) \\ url\_percentage = df['contains\_url'].mean() * 100 \\ print(url\_percentage) \end{array}
```

#### **Problem 13: Sentiment over months**

```
df['month'] = df['date'].dt.month
monthly_sentiment = df.groupby('month')['target'].mean()
print(monthly_sentiment)
```

## **Problem 14: Distribution of tweet length**

length\_stats = df['tweet\_length'].describe()
print(length\_stats)

## **Problem 15: Highest average sentiment users**

```
user_tweet_counts = df['user'].value_counts()
users_with_multiple_tweets = user_tweet_counts[user_tweet_counts >= 5].index
filtered_df = df[df['user'].isin(users_with_multiple_tweets)]
user_sentiment = filtered_df.groupby('user')['target'].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
print(user_sentiment.head(10))
```

#### **Problem 16: Correlation between mentions and sentiment**

```
mention_pattern = r'@(\w+)'
df['mentions'] = df['text'].str.findall(mention_pattern)
df['mention_count'] = df['mentions'].apply(len)
mention_sentiment_corr = np.corrcoef(df['target'], df['mention_count'])[0, 1]
print(mention_sentiment_corr)
```

## **Problem 17: Sentiment by day of week**

```
day_sentiment = df.groupby('day_of_week')['target'].mean().sort_values()
print(day_sentiment)
```

#### **Problem 18: Tweets containing questions**

```
question_pattern = r'\?'
question_tweets = df['text'].str.contains(question_pattern).sum()
print(question_tweets)
```

## Problem 19: Sentiment comparison (hashtag vs no hashtag)

```
df['has_hashtag'] = df['hashtag_count'] > 0
hashtag_sentiment = df.groupby('has_hashtag')['target'].mean()
print(hashtag_sentiment)
```

## **Problem 20: Tweet frequency per user**

user\_tweet\_freq = df['user'].value\_counts().value\_counts().sort\_index()
print(user\_tweet\_freq.head(10))

Below attached are the screenshots of the above commands run in the Jupyter Notebook, by importing the dataset locally and importing pandas and numpy, and then performing the required operations





