

```
In [2]: # Doanload The Kaggle Data

#!wget --header="Host: storage.googleapis.com" --header="User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0"
```

```
In [ ]: # Refrence Notebook

#https://www.kaggle.com/qcw171717/naive-baseline/
```

```
In [4]: #!unzip m5-forecasting-accuracy.zip
```

```
In [5]: # import sum Libaries
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from tqdm import tqdm
```

```
In [85]: df = pd.read_csv('sales_train_evaluation.csv')
df.head()
```

```
Out[85]:
```

	id	item_id	dept_id	cat_id	store_id	state_id	d_1
0	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_001	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
1	HOBBIES_1_002_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_002	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
2	HOBBIES_1_003_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_003	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
3	HOBBIES_1_004_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_004	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
4	HOBBIES_1_005_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_005	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0

5 rows × 1947 columns

```
In [86]: IDS = df['id']
```

```
In [7]: df.shape
```

```
Out[7]: (30490, 1947)
```

```
In [8]: price_df = pd.read_csv("sell_prices.csv")
price_df.head()
```

```
Out[8]:
```

	store_id	item_id	wm_yr_wk	sell_price
0	CA_1	HOBBIES_1_001	11325	9.58
1	CA_1	HOBBIES_1_001	11326	9.58
2	CA_1	HOBBIES_1_001	11327	8.26
3	CA_1	HOBBIES_1_001	11328	8.26
4	CA_1	HOBBIES_1_001	11329	8.26

```
In [9]: price_df.shape
```

```
Out[9]: (6841121, 4)
```

```
In [10]: cal_df = pd.read_csv("calendar.csv")
cal_df.head()
```

```
Out[10]:
```

	date	wm_yr_wk	weekday	wday	month	year	d	event_name_1	event_type_1	event_name
0	2011-01-29	11101	Saturday	1	1	2011	d_1	NaN	NaN	
1	2011-01-30	11101	Sunday	2	1	2011	d_2	NaN	NaN	
2	2011-01-31	11101	Monday	3	1	2011	d_3	NaN	NaN	
3	2011-02-01	11101	Tuesday	4	2	2011	d_4	NaN	NaN	
4	2011-02-02	11101	Wednesday	5	2	2011	d_5	NaN	NaN	

```
In [11]: cal_df.shape
```

```
Out[11]: (1969, 14)
```

```
In [12]: # Get integer value in d column    ex d_1 , d_2    ---->>>    1 ,1

cal_df["d"]=cal_df["d"].apply(lambda x: int(x.split("_")[1]))
cal_df.head()
```

```
Out[12]:
```

	date	wm_yr_wk	weekday	wday	month	year	d	event_name_1	event_type_1	event_name
0	2011-01-29	11101	Saturday	1	1	2011	1	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	2011-01-30	11101	Sunday	2	1	2011	2	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	2011-01-31	11101	Monday	3	1	2011	3	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	2011-02-01	11101	Tuesday	4	2	2011	4	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	2011-02-02	11101	Wednesday	5	2	2011	5	NaN	NaN	NaN

```
In [13]: price_df["id"] = price_df["item_id"] + "_" + price_df["store_id"] + "_evaluation"
price_df.head()
```

```
Out[13]:
```

	store_id	item_id	wm_yr_wk	sell_price	id
0	CA_1	HOBBIES_1_001	11325	9.58	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation
1	CA_1	HOBBIES_1_001	11326	9.58	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation
2	CA_1	HOBBIES_1_001	11327	8.26	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation
3	CA_1	HOBBIES_1_001	11328	8.26	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation
4	CA_1	HOBBIES_1_001	11329	8.26	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation

Level id	Level description	Aggregation level	Number of series
1	Unit sales of all products, aggregated for all stores/states	Total	1
2	Unit sales of all products, aggregated for each State	State	3
3	Unit sales of all products, aggregated for each store	Store	10
4	Unit sales of all products, aggregated for each category	Category	3
5	Unit sales of all products, aggregated for each department	Department	7
6	Unit sales of all products, aggregated for each State and category	State-Category	9
7	Unit sales of all products, aggregated for each State and department	State-Department	21
8	Unit sales of all products, aggregated for each store and category	Store-Category	30
9	Unit sales of all products, aggregated for each store and department	Store-Department	70
10	Unit sales of product i , aggregated for all stores/states	Product	3,049
11	Unit sales of product i , aggregated for each State	Product-State	9,147
12	Unit sales of product i , aggregated for each store	Product-Store	30,490
Total			42,840

1. Calculate Weight For Product-Store Level {Level- 12}

```
In [14]: for day in tqdm(range(1886, 1914)):
# Get the Week Id of Particular Day
wk_id = list(cal_df[cal_df["d"]==day]["wm_yr_wk"])[0]
# Get ALL Price Information on that Particular Day
wk_price_df = price_df[price_df["wm_yr_wk"]==wk_id]
# Merge Sell Price With Transaction data
df = df.merge(wk_price_df[["sell_price", "id"]], on=["id"], how='inner')
# Sales Revenue = Number of Product Sold * Product Price
df["Sales_Revenue" + str(day)] = df["sell_price"] * df["d_" + str(day)]
df.drop(columns=["sell_price"], inplace=True)
```

100%|██████████| 28/28 [00:08<00:00, 3.36it/s]

In [15]: `df.head()`

Out[15]:

	id	item_id	dept_id	cat_id	store_id	state_id	d_1
0	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_001	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
1	HOBBIES_1_002_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_002	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
2	HOBBIES_1_003_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_003	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
3	HOBBIES_1_004_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_004	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
4	HOBBIES_1_005_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_005	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0

5 rows × 1975 columns

In [16]: `# Get 28 Days Total Revnue by Particular Product`

```
df["dollar_sales"] = df[[c for c in df.columns if c.find("Sales_Revenue")==0]].sales
df.head()
```

Out[16]:

	id	item_id	dept_id	cat_id	store_id	state_id	d_1
0	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_001	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
1	HOBBIES_1_002_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_002	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
2	HOBBIES_1_003_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_003	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
3	HOBBIES_1_004_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_004	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
4	HOBBIES_1_005_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_005	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0

5 rows × 1976 columns

In [17]: `# Drop all the Revenues Columns`

```
df.drop(columns=[c for c in df.columns if c.find("unit_sales")==0], inplace=True)
```

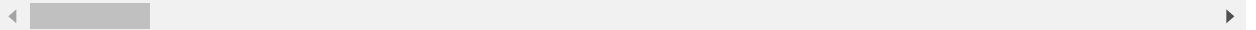
In [18]: *# Product Contribution in the Revenue*

```
df["weight"] = df["dollar_sales"] / df["dollar_sales"].sum()
df.head()
```

Out[18]:

	id	item_id	dept_id	cat_id	store_id	state_id	d_1
0	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_001	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
1	HOBBIES_1_002_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_002	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
2	HOBBIES_1_003_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_003	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
3	HOBBIES_1_004_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_004	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
4	HOBBIES_1_005_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_005	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0

5 rows × 1977 columns



In [19]: `df.drop(columns=["dollar_sales"], inplace=True)`

In [20]: `df["weight"] /= 12`

2. Forecasting Next 28 days Using Simple Moving Average

In [21]:

```
all_days_col = [h for h in df.columns if 'd_' in h]
print("First 5 values ", all_days_col[0:5])
print("Last 5 values ", all_days_col[-5:])
```

First 5 values ['d_1', 'd_2', 'd_3', 'd_4', 'd_5']

Last 5 values ['d_1937', 'd_1938', 'd_1939', 'd_1940', 'd_1941']

In [22]:

```
train_data = df[all_days_col[:1913]]
train_data.head()
```

Out[22]:

	d_1	d_2	d_3	d_4	d_5	d_6	d_7	d_8	d_9	d_10	d_11	d_12	d_13	d_14	d_15	d_16	d_1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5 rows × 1913 columns



```
In [23]: val_data = df[all_days_col[1913:]]
val_data.head()
```

```
Out[23]:
```

	d_1914	d_1915	d_1916	d_1917	d_1918	d_1919	d_1920	d_1921	d_1922	d_1923	d_1924	d_1925
0	0	0	0	2	0	3	5	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
2	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	1	2	4	1	6	4	0	0	0	0
4	1	0	2	3	1	0	3	2	3	1	1	0

```
In [24]: def simple_Moving_Average(train_data, forecast_days, window_Size):

    predictions = []
    for i in range(forecast_days):
        # All Data Available in Train Data
        if i == 0:
            predictions.append(np.mean(train_data[train_data.columns[-window_Size:]]))
        if i < forecast_days and i > 0:
            predictions.append((np.sum(train_data[train_data.columns[-window_Size:]] *
                                         np.sum(predictions[:i], axis=0)) / forecast_days))

    return predictions
```

```
In [25]: forecast_days = 28
window_Size = 28
predictions = simple_Moving_Average(train_data, forecast_days, window_Size)
```

```
In [26]: for d, i in enumerate(range(1914, 1942)):
    df['F_' + str(i)] = predictions[d]
```

```
In [27]: df.head()
```

```
Out[27]:
```

	id	item_id	dept_id	cat_id	store_id	state_id	d_1
0	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_001	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
1	HOBBIES_1_002_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_002	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
2	HOBBIES_1_003_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_003	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
3	HOBBIES_1_004_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_004	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
4	HOBBIES_1_005_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_005	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0

5 rows × 2004 columns

```
In [ ]: # --->> Level 12 Ground Truth Values And Forecasting Values we have.
```

3. Focus on Higher Level Aggregating

Level 1. Aggregation of Total

```
In [28]: data = df[[a for a in df.columns if a.find("d_") == 0 or a.find("F_") == 0]]
# Get ALL Columns Sum
data = data.sum()
# Transpose the data
aggregated_df = pd.DataFrame(data).transpose()
aggregated_df
```

```
Out[28]:
```

	d_1	d_2	d_3	d_4	d_5	d_6	d_7	d_8	d_9	d_10	d_11
0	32631.0	31749.0	23783.0	25412.0	19146.0	29211.0	28010.0	37932.0	32736.0	25572.0	23071.0

1 rows × 11 columns

```
In [29]: aggregated_df["level"] = 1
aggregated_df["weight"] = 1/11
aggregated_df
```

```
Out[29]:
```

	d_1	d_2	d_3	d_4	d_5	d_6	d_7	d_8	d_9	d_10	d_11
0	32631.0	31749.0	23783.0	25412.0	19146.0	29211.0	28010.0	37932.0	32736.0	25572.0	23071.0

1 rows × 12 columns

```
In [ ]: # we will Give Each Level Around 8.3% Weight
```

Level-2 To Level-11 Aggregation

```
In [30]: aggregation_level = {2: ["state_id"],
                                3: ["store_id"],
                                4: ["cat_id"],
                                5: ["dept_id"],
                                6: ["state_id", "cat_id"],
                                7: ["state_id", "dept_id"],
                                8: ["store_id", "cat_id"],
                                9: ["store_id", "dept_id"],
                                10: ["item_id"],
                                11: ["item_id", "state_id"]}
```

```
In [31]: columns = aggregated_df.columns

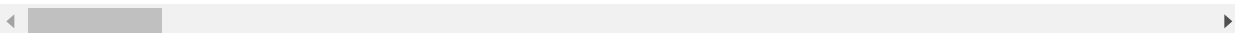
for lev in aggregation_level:
    # Group by Based on Aggregation Level
    new_df = df.groupby(by=aggregation_level[lev]).sum().reset_index()
    # Add Level Column
    new_df["level"] = lev
    # Append your new DataFrame into old DataFrame
    aggregated_df = aggregated_df.append(new_df[columns])
```

```
In [32]: aggregated_df
```

```
Out[32]:
```

	d_1	d_2	d_3	d_4	d_5	d_6	d_7	d_8	d_9	d_10
0	32631.0	31749.0	23783.0	25412.0	19146.0	29211.0	28010.0	37932.0	32736.0	25572.0
0	14195.0	13805.0	10108.0	11047.0	9925.0	11322.0	12251.0	16610.0	14696.0	11822.0
1	9438.0	9630.0	6778.0	7381.0	5912.0	9006.0	6226.0	9440.0	9376.0	7319.0
2	8998.0	8314.0	6897.0	6984.0	3309.0	8883.0	9533.0	11882.0	8664.0	6431.0
0	4337.0	4155.0	2816.0	3051.0	2630.0	3276.0	3450.0	5437.0	4340.0	3157.0
...
9142	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9143	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9144	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	1.0	2.0
9145	2.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
9146	0.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0

12350 rows × 1971 columns



```
In [33]: print(df.shape[0]+aggregated_df.shape[0])
```

42840

```
In [ ]: # For Each Level i have my Ground Truth Value And Forecasting value
```

4. Calculalte RMSSE and WRMSSE

$$RMSSE = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{h} \sum_{t=n+1}^{n+h} (y_t - \hat{y}_t)^2}{\frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{t=2}^n (y_t - y_{t-1})^2}},$$

```
In [34]: h = 28      # Forecasting For 28 Days
         n = 1913   # my Training Data
```

```
In [35]: def RMSSE(ground_truth, forecast, train_series):

         num = ((ground_truth - forecast)**2).sum(axis=1)
         den = 1/(n-1) * ((train_series[:, 1:] - train_series[:, :-1]) ** 2).sum(axis=1)
         rmsse = (1/h * num/den) ** 0.5

         return rmsse
```

```
In [36]: # First 1913 Days Columns

         train_series_cols = [c for c in df.columns if c.find("d_") == 0][:-28]
         train_series_cols[-5:]
```

```
Out[36]: ['d_1909', 'd_1910', 'd_1911', 'd_1912', 'd_1913']
```

```
In [37]: # 28 Days Columns

         ground_truth_cols = [c for c in df.columns if c.find("d_") == 0][-28:]
         ground_truth_cols[-5:]
```

```
Out[37]: ['d_1937', 'd_1938', 'd_1939', 'd_1940', 'd_1941']
```

```
In [38]: # Forecasting Columns

         forecast_cols = [c for c in df.columns if c.find("F_") == 0]
         forecast_cols[-5:]
```

```
Out[38]: ['F_1937', 'F_1938', 'F_1939', 'F_1940', 'F_1941']
```

```
In [39]: # For Level 12 Calculate RMSSE

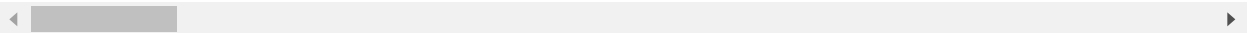
df["rmsse"] = RMSSE(np.array(df[ground_truth_cols]),
                    np.array(df[forecast_cols]), np.array(df[train_series_cols]))

df.head()
```

```
Out[39]:
```

	id	item_id	dept_id	cat_id	store_id	state_id	d_1
0	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_001	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
1	HOBBIES_1_002_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_002	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
2	HOBBIES_1_003_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_003	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
3	HOBBIES_1_004_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_004	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0
4	HOBBIES_1_005_CA_1_evaluation	HOBBIES_1_005	HOBBIES_1	HOBBIES	CA_1	CA	0

5 rows × 2005 columns



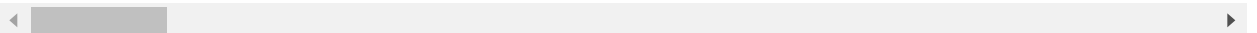
```
In [40]: # For Level 1 to 11 Calculate RMSSE

aggregated_df["rmsse"] = RMSSE(np.array(aggregated_df[ground_truth_cols]),
                               np.array(aggregated_df[forecast_cols]), np.array(aggregated_d
aggregated_df.head()
```

```
Out[40]:
```

	d_1	d_2	d_3	d_4	d_5	d_6	d_7	d_8	d_9	d_10	d_1
0	32631.0	31749.0	23783.0	25412.0	19146.0	29211.0	28010.0	37932.0	32736.0	25572.0	23071.
0	14195.0	13805.0	10108.0	11047.0	9925.0	11322.0	12251.0	16610.0	14696.0	11822.0	10933.
1	9438.0	9630.0	6778.0	7381.0	5912.0	9006.0	6226.0	9440.0	9376.0	7319.0	6224.
2	8998.0	8314.0	6897.0	6984.0	3309.0	8883.0	9533.0	11882.0	8664.0	6431.0	5914.
0	4337.0	4155.0	2816.0	3051.0	2630.0	3276.0	3450.0	5437.0	4340.0	3157.0	2995.

5 rows × 1972 columns



```
In [42]: # Calculate WRMSSE

df["wrmsse"] = df["weight"] * df["rmsse"]
aggregated_df["wrmsse"] = aggregated_df["weight"] * aggregated_df["rmsse"]
```

```
In [43]: df["wrmsse"].sum() + aggregated_df["wrmsse"].sum()
```

```
Out[43]: 1.0970029012597868
```

Prediction Part

```
In [73]: all_days_col = [h for h in df.columns if 'd_' in h]
print("First 5 values ",all_days_col[0:5])
print("Last 5 values ",all_days_col[-5:])

df = df[all_days_col]
df.head()
```

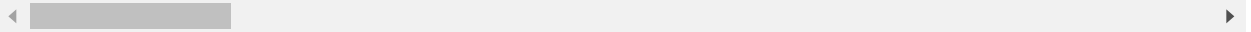
```
First 5 values  ['d_1', 'd_2', 'd_3', 'd_4', 'd_5']
```

```
Last 5 values  ['d_1965', 'd_1966', 'd_1967', 'd_1968', 'd_1969']
```

```
Out[73]:
```

	d_1	d_2	d_3	d_4	d_5	d_6	d_7	d_8	d_9	d_10	d_11	d_12	d_13	d_14	d_15	d_16	d_1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5 rows × 1969 columns



```
In [74]: # Add Test Data

for day in range(1942,1970):
    df['d_' + str(day)] = 0
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:4: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

after removing the cwd from sys.path.

In [75]: `df.head()`

Out[75]:

	d_1	d_2	d_3	d_4	d_5	d_6	d_7	d_8	d_9	d_10	d_11	d_12	d_13	d_14	d_15	d_16	d_1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5 rows × 1969 columns

In [76]:

```

all_days_col = [h for h in df.columns if 'd_' in h]
print("First 5 values ",all_days_col[0:5])
print("Last 5 values ",all_days_col[-5:])

df = df[all_days_col]
df.head()

```

First 5 values ['d_1', 'd_2', 'd_3', 'd_4', 'd_5']

Last 5 values ['d_1965', 'd_1966', 'd_1967', 'd_1968', 'd_1969']

Out[76]:

	d_1	d_2	d_3	d_4	d_5	d_6	d_7	d_8	d_9	d_10	d_11	d_12	d_13	d_14	d_15	d_16	d_1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5 rows × 1969 columns

In [77]:

```

train_data = df[all_days_col[:1941]]
train_data.head()

```

Out[77]:

	d_1	d_2	d_3	d_4	d_5	d_6	d_7	d_8	d_9	d_10	d_11	d_12	d_13	d_14	d_15	d_16	d_1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5 rows × 1941 columns

```
In [78]: val_data = df[all_days_col[1941:]]
val_data.head()
```

```
Out[78]:
```

	d_1942	d_1943	d_1944	d_1945	d_1946	d_1947	d_1948	d_1949	d_1950	d_1951	d_1952	d_1953
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

```
In [79]: def simple_Moving_Average(train_data, forecast_days, window_Size):

    predictions = []
    for i in range(forecast_days):
        # All Data Available in Train Data
        if i == 0:
            predictions.append(np.mean(train_data[train_data.columns[-window_Size:]]))
        if i < forecast_days and i > 0:
            predictions.append((np.sum(train_data[train_data.columns[-window_Size:]] +
                                         np.sum(predictions[:i], axis=0))/forecast_days))

    return predictions
```

```
In [80]: forecast_days = 28
window_Size = 28
predictions = simple_Moving_Average(train_data, forecast_days, window_Size)
```

```
In [81]: for d, i in enumerate(range(1942, 1970)):
    val_data['d_' + str(i)] = predictions[d]
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:2: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

In [82]: val_data

Out[82]:

	d_1942	d_1943	d_1944	d_1945	d_1946	d_1947	d_1948	d_1949	d_1950
0	1.178571	1.220663	1.264258	1.309410	1.284747	1.330630	1.271010	1.137832	1.178469
1	0.250000	0.258929	0.232462	0.240764	0.249363	0.258268	0.267492	0.277046	0.286940
2	0.750000	0.776786	0.804528	0.797547	0.790316	0.818542	0.776347	0.768360	0.795801
3	1.750000	1.812500	1.877232	1.908562	1.905296	1.830485	1.860146	1.712294	1.630590
4	1.392857	1.406888	1.457134	1.437746	1.381951	1.395592	1.445435	1.389914	1.368126
...
30485	0.642857	0.665816	0.689595	0.714224	0.668303	0.620743	0.642912	0.665873	0.689654
30486	0.285714	0.295918	0.270773	0.244729	0.217755	0.225532	0.233586	0.241929	0.250569
30487	0.785714	0.813776	0.842839	0.837226	0.831413	0.861106	0.820431	0.814018	0.807376
30488	1.321429	1.332908	1.273369	1.318847	1.330234	1.306314	1.317254	1.364298	1.341595
30489	1.250000	1.294643	1.340880	1.388769	1.438368	1.489738	1.507228	1.525344	1.544106

30490 rows × 28 columns

In [91]: p1 = pd.concat([IDS, val_data], axis=1, sort=False)
p1

Out[91]:

	id	d_1942	d_1943	d_1944	d_1945	d_1946	d_1947
0	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation	1.178571	1.220663	1.264258	1.309410	1.284747	1.330630
1	HOBBIES_1_002_CA_1_evaluation	0.250000	0.258929	0.232462	0.240764	0.249363	0.258268
2	HOBBIES_1_003_CA_1_evaluation	0.750000	0.776786	0.804528	0.797547	0.790316	0.818542
3	HOBBIES_1_004_CA_1_evaluation	1.750000	1.812500	1.877232	1.908562	1.905296	1.830485
4	HOBBIES_1_005_CA_1_evaluation	1.392857	1.406888	1.457134	1.437746	1.381951	1.395592
...
30485	FOODS_3_823_WI_3_evaluation	0.642857	0.665816	0.689595	0.714224	0.668303	0.620743
30486	FOODS_3_824_WI_3_evaluation	0.285714	0.295918	0.270773	0.244729	0.217755	0.225532
30487	FOODS_3_825_WI_3_evaluation	0.785714	0.813776	0.842839	0.837226	0.831413	0.861106
30488	FOODS_3_826_WI_3_evaluation	1.321429	1.332908	1.273369	1.318847	1.330234	1.306314
30489	FOODS_3_827_WI_3_evaluation	1.250000	1.294643	1.340880	1.388769	1.438368	1.489738

30490 rows × 29 columns

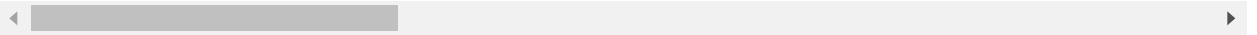
```
In [92]: p2 = p1.copy()

p2["id"] = p1["id"].str.replace("evaluation$", "validation")
p2
```

```
Out[92]:
```

		id	d_1942	d_1943	d_1944	d_1945	d_1946	d_1947
0	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_validation	1.178571	1.220663	1.264258	1.309410	1.284747	1.330630	
1	HOBBIES_1_002_CA_1_validation	0.250000	0.258929	0.232462	0.240764	0.249363	0.258268	
2	HOBBIES_1_003_CA_1_validation	0.750000	0.776786	0.804528	0.797547	0.790316	0.818542	
3	HOBBIES_1_004_CA_1_validation	1.750000	1.812500	1.877232	1.908562	1.905296	1.830485	
4	HOBBIES_1_005_CA_1_validation	1.392857	1.406888	1.457134	1.437746	1.381951	1.395592	
...
30485	FOODS_3_823_WI_3_validation	0.642857	0.665816	0.689595	0.714224	0.668303	0.620743	
30486	FOODS_3_824_WI_3_validation	0.285714	0.295918	0.270773	0.244729	0.217755	0.225532	
30487	FOODS_3_825_WI_3_validation	0.785714	0.813776	0.842839	0.837226	0.831413	0.861106	
30488	FOODS_3_826_WI_3_validation	1.321429	1.332908	1.273369	1.318847	1.330234	1.306314	
30489	FOODS_3_827_WI_3_validation	1.250000	1.294643	1.340880	1.388769	1.438368	1.489738	

30490 rows × 29 columns

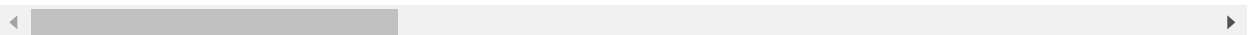


```
In [93]: p3 = pd.concat([p1, p2], axis=0, sort=False)
p3
```

```
Out[93]:
```

		id	d_1942	d_1943	d_1944	d_1945	d_1946	d_1947
0	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation	1.178571	1.220663	1.264258	1.309410	1.284747	1.330630	
1	HOBBIES_1_002_CA_1_evaluation	0.250000	0.258929	0.232462	0.240764	0.249363	0.258268	
2	HOBBIES_1_003_CA_1_evaluation	0.750000	0.776786	0.804528	0.797547	0.790316	0.818542	
3	HOBBIES_1_004_CA_1_evaluation	1.750000	1.812500	1.877232	1.908562	1.905296	1.830485	
4	HOBBIES_1_005_CA_1_evaluation	1.392857	1.406888	1.457134	1.437746	1.381951	1.395592	
...
30485	FOODS_3_823_WI_3_validation	0.642857	0.665816	0.689595	0.714224	0.668303	0.620743	
30486	FOODS_3_824_WI_3_validation	0.285714	0.295918	0.270773	0.244729	0.217755	0.225532	
30487	FOODS_3_825_WI_3_validation	0.785714	0.813776	0.842839	0.837226	0.831413	0.861106	
30488	FOODS_3_826_WI_3_validation	1.321429	1.332908	1.273369	1.318847	1.330234	1.306314	
30489	FOODS_3_827_WI_3_validation	1.250000	1.294643	1.340880	1.388769	1.438368	1.489738	

60980 rows × 29 columns



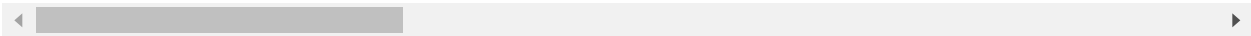
```
In [94]: p3.columns = ['id'] + ['F' + str(c) for c in np.arange(1,29,1)]
```

```
In [95]: p3
```

Out[95]:

		id	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6
0	HOBBIES_1_001_CA_1_evaluation	1.178571	1.220663	1.264258	1.309410	1.284747	1.330630	
1	HOBBIES_1_002_CA_1_evaluation	0.250000	0.258929	0.232462	0.240764	0.249363	0.258268	
2	HOBBIES_1_003_CA_1_evaluation	0.750000	0.776786	0.804528	0.797547	0.790316	0.818542	
3	HOBBIES_1_004_CA_1_evaluation	1.750000	1.812500	1.877232	1.908562	1.905296	1.830485	
4	HOBBIES_1_005_CA_1_evaluation	1.392857	1.406888	1.457134	1.437746	1.381951	1.395592	
...
30485	FOODS_3_823_WI_3_validation	0.642857	0.665816	0.689595	0.714224	0.668303	0.620743	
30486	FOODS_3_824_WI_3_validation	0.285714	0.295918	0.270773	0.244729	0.217755	0.225532	
30487	FOODS_3_825_WI_3_validation	0.785714	0.813776	0.842839	0.837226	0.831413	0.861106	
30488	FOODS_3_826_WI_3_validation	1.321429	1.332908	1.273369	1.318847	1.330234	1.306314	
30489	FOODS_3_827_WI_3_validation	1.250000	1.294643	1.340880	1.388769	1.438368	1.489738	

60980 rows × 29 columns



```
In [96]: p3.to_csv("Base_Model.csv",index=False)
```

Submission and Description	Private Score	Public Score	Use for Final Score
Base_Model.zip 22 minutes ago by srkef Simple Moving Average	0.94398	1.00592	<input type="checkbox"/>

```
In [ ]: # This Is Base Model,Less Score Then This is not Acceptable.
```