project

HematoVision: Advanced Blood Cell Classification Using Transfer Learning

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Team Members:

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Phase 1: Brainstorming and Ideation

Objective: To conceptualize a practical and efficient solution for automated classification of blood cells using deep learning methodologies, with a focus on medical relevance and real-time deployment potential.

Key Points:

- Problem Statement: Manual identification of blood cells is time-consuming, prone to errors, and requires expert pathologists.
- Proposed Solution: Develop a deep learning model using transfer learning to accurately classify different types of blood cells from microscopic images.
- Target Users: Medical professionals, diagnostic labs, healthcare researchers, and AI in healthcare developers.
- **Expected Outcome:** A web-based application capable of accurately classifying blood cells using an uploaded image, improving diagnostic accuracy and efficiency.

Phase 2: Requirement Analysis

Objective: To identify all technical and functional needs essential for the development and deployment of the blood cell classification system.

Key Points:

- Technical Requirements:
 - o Python 3.9 or 3.10
 - TensorFlow >= 2.10
 - Flask (for web app integration)
 - o NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib, OpenCV, Seaborn
 - o Anaconda / Google Colab / VS Code (for development)

• Functional Requirements:

- User uploads a blood cell image
- The system preprocesses the image
- The trained model predicts the cell type
- o Result is displayed with classification confidence

• Constraints & Challenges:

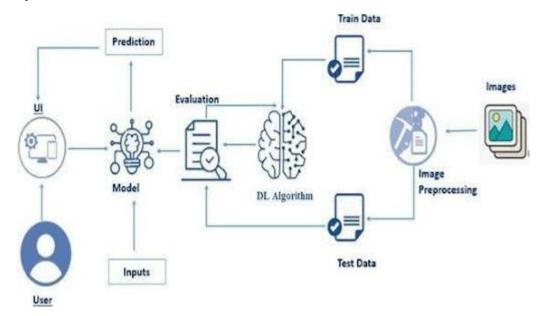
- o Model performance depends on dataset quality
- File compatibility for .h5 in different environments
- o Limitations on Colab runtime and file storage
- o Hardware limitations on local machines for training

Phase 3: Project Design

Objective: To establish a clear and scalable system architecture and define user flow for seamless application interaction.

Key Points:

• System Architecture:



• User Flow:

- User accesses the application (locally or via browser)
- o Uploads image of blood cell
- o Backend model processes and classifies the image
- o Result is shown on the frontend

Phase 4: Project Planning

Objective: To outline the project timeline, task distribution, and dependencies.

Sprint	Task	Priority	Duration	Deadline	Assigned to	Dependencies	Expected outcome
Sprint 1	Environment Setup & Package Installation	/ High	3 hours	Day 1	Member 1	Anaconda, Python	Project environment ready
Sprint 1	Dataset Collection & Preprocessing	/ High	4 hours	Day 1	Member 2	Dataset access	Clean, prepared image dataset
Sprint 2	Model Building using Transfer Learning	High	5 hours	Day 2	Member 3	Preprocessed data, TensorFlow	Trained classification model
Sprint 2	Flask Web App Integration	M edium	3 hours	Day 2	Member 1 & 4	Trained Model, Flask installed	Working web interface
Sprint 3	Testing & Debugging	M edium	2 hours	Day 2	Member 2 & 3	Complete System	Bug-free and responsive system
Sprint 3	Final Presentation & Deployment	● Low	1 hour	End of Day 2	Entire Team	Working application	Project deployed and demo-ready

Phase 5: Project Development

Objective: To build and test the system iteratively, addressing challenges and refining model performance.

Key Points:

• Technology Stack Used:

o Language: Python

o Frameworks: TensorFlow, Flask

o Tools: Google Colab, Anaconda, Jupyter Notebook, VS Code

Development Process:

1. Data preprocessing and augmentation

2. Building and training model using transfer learning (e.g., MobileNetV2, ResNet50)

- 3. Model evaluation and tuning
- 4. Web application integration using Flask
- 5. Deployment and testing

Challenges and Fixes:

- o Issue: .h5 file not opening in VS Code
 - Fix: Used correct Python environment with TensorFlow installed (Python 3.9/3.10)
- o Issue: Jupyter notebook not launching from virtual environment
 - Fix: Installed Jupyter inside the specific conda environment and added kernel
- Issue: TensorFlow install errors
 - Fix: Switched to supported Python version (3.10) and used clean virtual environment