

## Employee Data Analysis

1. Write a query to create an **employee** table with employee ID, first name, last name, job ID, salary, manager ID, and department ID fields

### SQL code:

```
CREATE TABLE lep_7.employee (  
    emp_id int NOT NULL,  
    f_name varchar(45) NULL,  
    l_name varchar(45) NOT NULL,  
    job_id varchar(45) NOT NULL,  
    salary decimal(8,2) NOT NULL,  
    manager_id int NOT NULL,  
    dept_id varchar(45) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(emp_id));
```

2. Write a query to insert values into the **employee** table

### SQL code:

```
INSERT INTO lep_7. employee  
(emp_id,f_name,l_name,job_id,salary,manager_id,dept_id) VALUES  
('103','krishna','gee','HP125','500000','05','44')
```

3. Write a query to find the first and last names of every employee whose salary is higher than the employee with the last name Kumar

### SQL code:

```
SELECT f_name,l_name FROM lep_7.employee where salary > (SELECT salary FROM  
lep_7.employee WHERE l_name = 'kumar');
```

**Output:**

	f_name	l_name
▶	krishna	gee
	soniya	jain
	karan	patel
	shilpa	jain
	mukesh	singh

4. Write a query to display the employee ID and last name of every employee whose salary is greater than the average

**SQL code:**

```
SELECT f_name,l_name,salary FROM lep_7.employee WHERE salary > ( SELECT  
AVG(salary) FROM lep_7.employee);
```

**Output:**

	f_name	l_name	salary
▶	krishna	gee	500000.00
	soniya	jain	400000.00
	karan	patel	300001.00
	shilpa	jain	300001.00
	mukesh	singh	300001.00

5. Write a query to display the employee ID and first name of every employee whose salary is higher than the salary of the shipping clerks (JOB\_ID = HP122) and sort the results in the ascending order of the salary

**SQL code:**

```
SELECT f_name,emp_id,salary FROM lep_7.employee WHERE salary > ALL (SELECT  
salary FROM lep_7.employee WHERE job_id = 'HP122') ORDER BY salary;
```

**Output:**

	f_name	emp_id	salary
▶	nithin	106	300000.00
	karan	107	300001.00
	shilpa	108	300001.00
	mukesh	109	300001.00
	soniya	105	400000.00
	krishna	103	500000.00

6. Write a query to display the first name, employee ID, and salary of the three employees with the highest salaries

**SQL code:**

```
SELECT DISTINCT emp_id ,f_name,salary FROM lep_7.employee a WHERE 3>=
(SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT salary) FROM lep_7.employee b WHERE b.salary >=
a.salary) ORDER BY a.salary DESC;
```

**Output:**

	emp_id	f_name	salary
▶	103	krishna	500000.00
	105	soniya	400000.00
	107	karan	300001.00
	108	shilpa	300001.00
	109	mukesh	300001.00