

DIAMOND PRICE PREDICTION

Data Overview

Data Source :- https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/shivam2503/diamonds

Kaggle (Diamond Price Dataset with 50,000 records).

Features:-

- 1. Numerical: Carat, Dimensions (x, y, z).
- 2. Categorical: Cut (Fair, Good, Very Good, Premium, Ideal), Color (J to D), Clarity (I1 to IF).
- **3.** Target Variable:- Price in USD.

Project Overview

Problem Statement

In the diamond industry, accurate pricing is a critical challenge due to the variability of diamond features such as carat, cut, color, clarity, and dimensions. The pricing process often involves manual evaluation, which can be subjective and inconsistent. This creates the need for a robust and data-driven solution to estimate diamond prices reliably and transparently.

Objective

The objective of this project is to predict the price of diamonds based on key features such as carat, cut, color, clarity, and dimensions. By leveraging machine learning techniques, the project aims to build an accurate predictive model that can estimate diamond prices, providing insights for the jewelry industry and potential buyers

Methodology

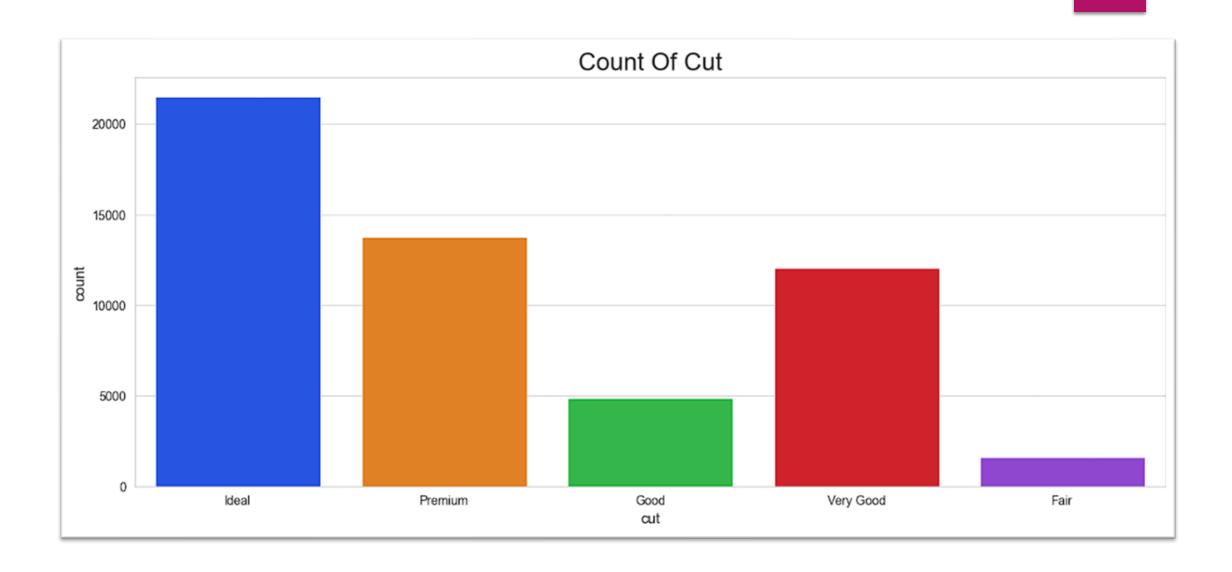
▶ Data Preparation :-

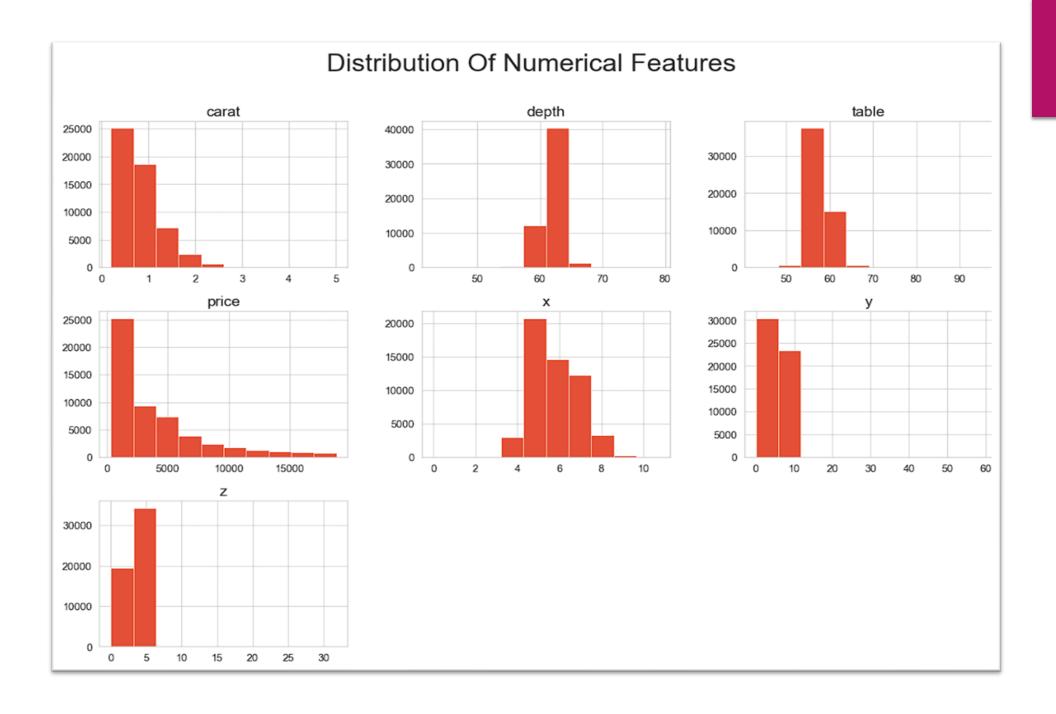
- 1) Perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) to identify patterns and trends.
- Univariate , Bivariate, Multivariate
- 2) Handle missing & Duplicate data (if any) and ensure consistent formatting.
- 3) Retain outliers as they reflect valid variability in diamond characteristics.
- 4) Feature Engineering
- Created New Attribute (Size) By Combining Existing Attribute (x, y, z)
- 5) Label Encoding To Categorical Features

Insights & Visuals

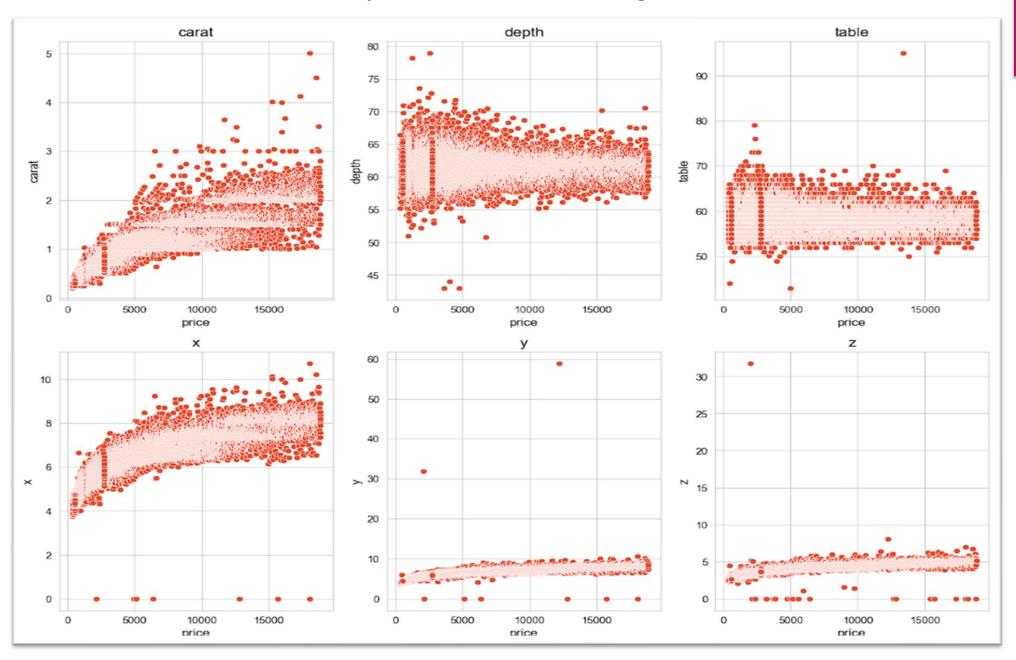
Used visualizations

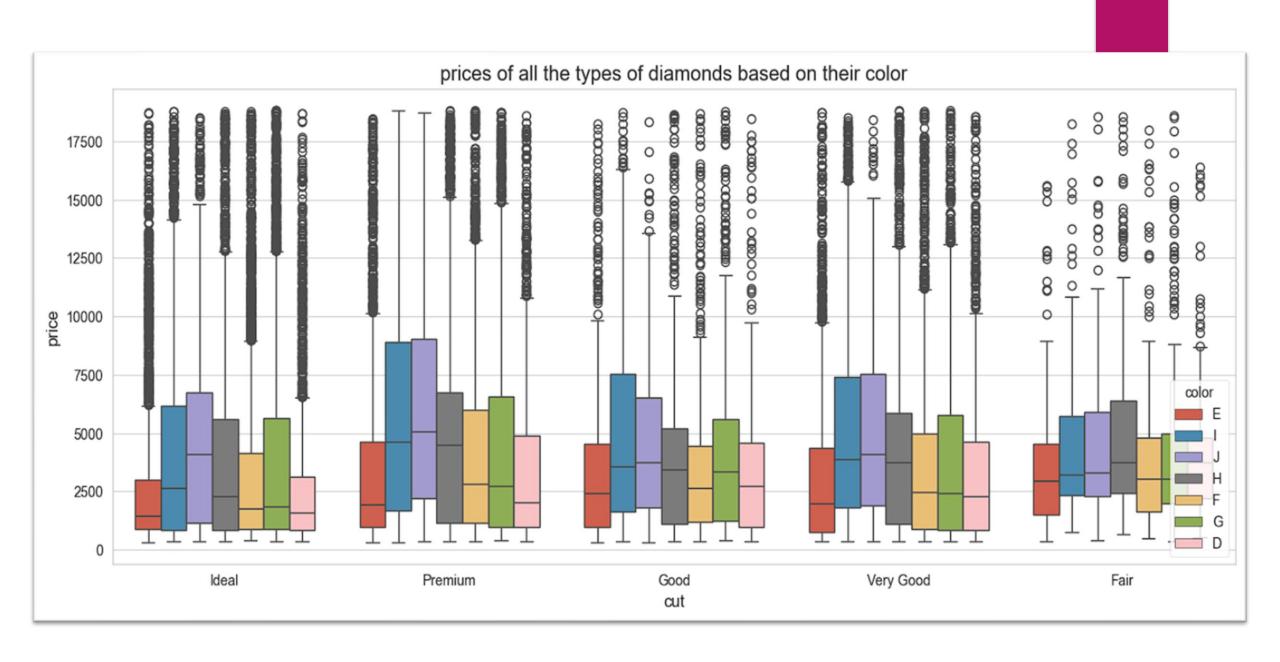
- 1) Bar Plot (Categorical Distribution)
- 2) Histogram (Numerical Distribution)
- 3) Scatter Plot (Carat vs Price)
- 4) Scatter Plot (Size vs Price)
- 5) Box Plot
- 6) Scatter + Regression plot
- 7) Heatmap (Correlation Matrix)
- 8) Feature Importance Plot

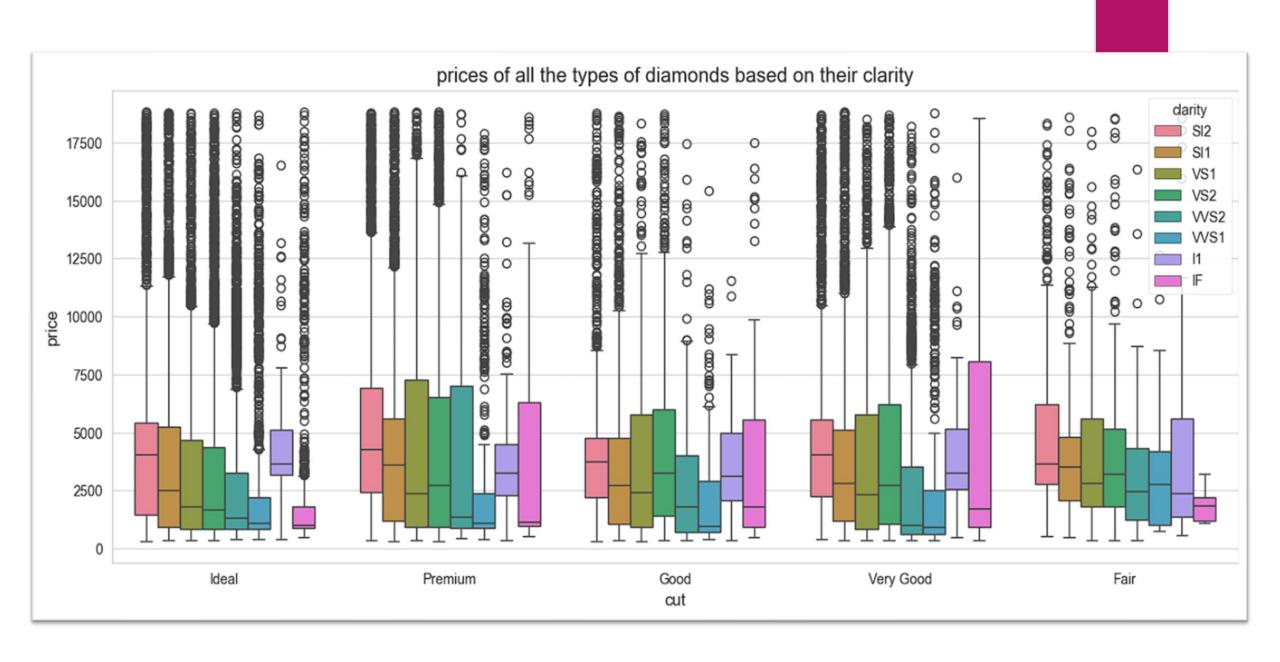


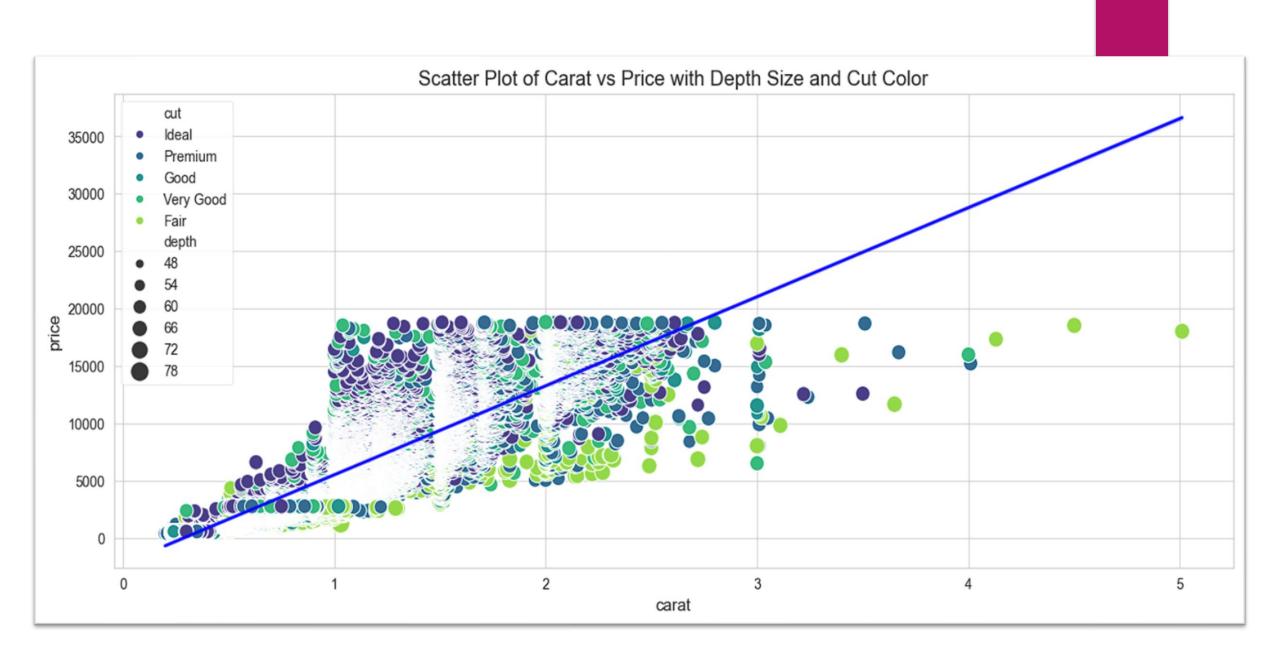


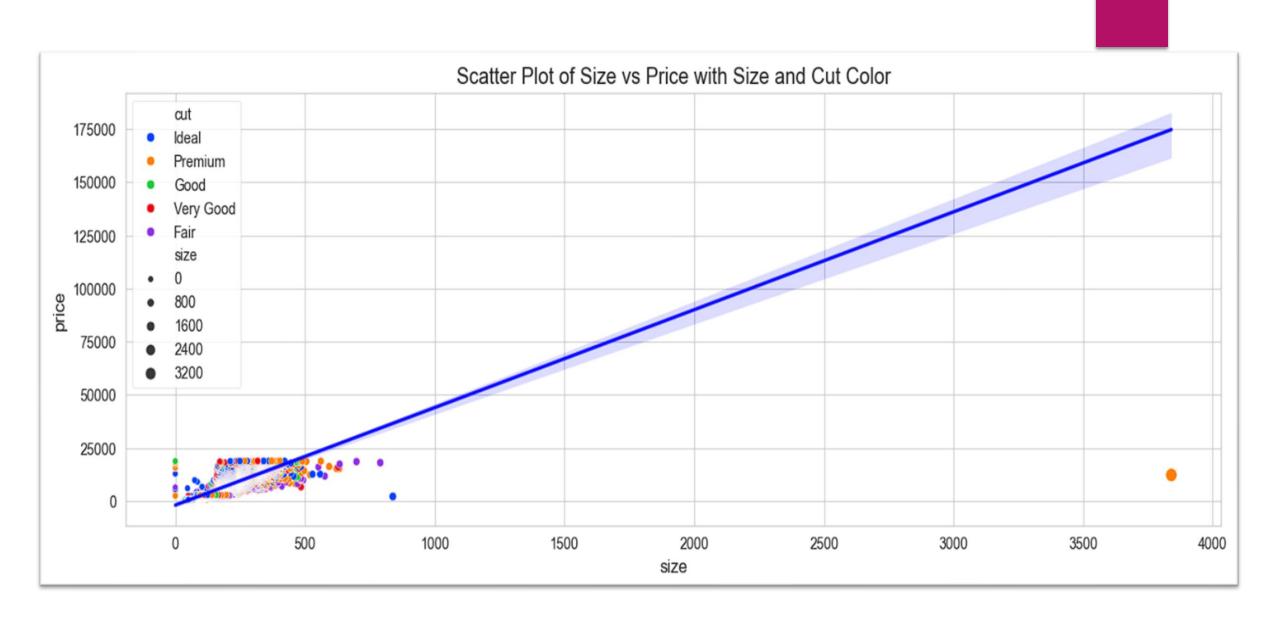
Relationship of all the feature with Target variable





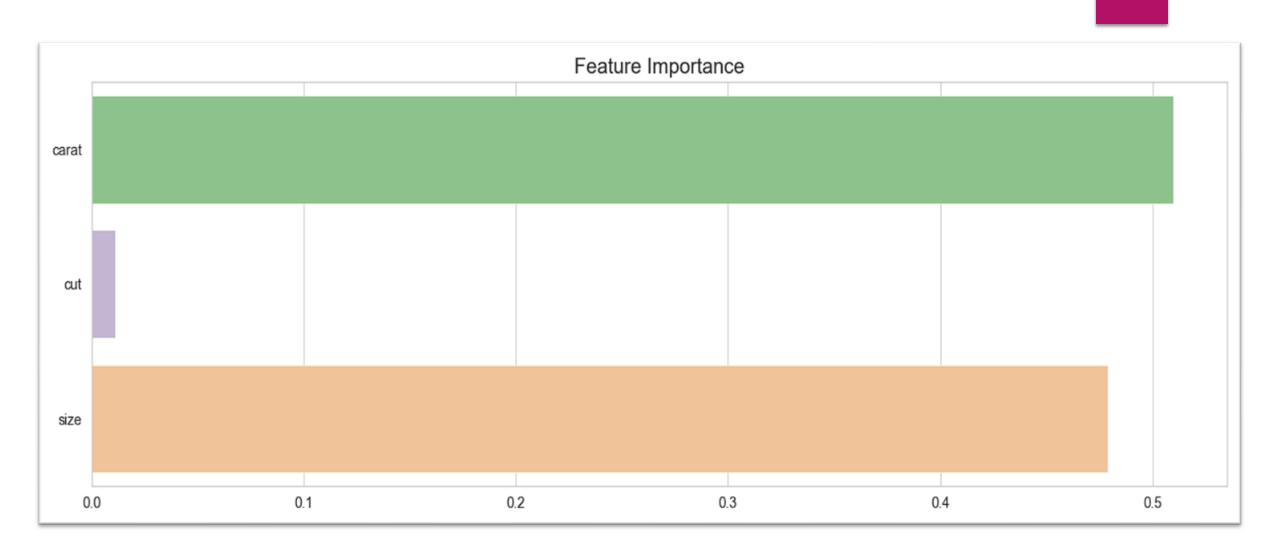






Heatmap Of Correlation Matrix

carat	1.00	0.11	-0.29	-0.35	0.03	0.18	0.92	0.98	0.95	0.95	0.98
cut	0.11	1.00	-0.02	-0.15	0.17	0.38	0.05	0.10	0.10	0.13	0.10
color	-0.29	-0.02	1.00	-0.03	-0.05	-0.03	-0.17	-0.27	-0.26	-0.27	-0.28
clarity	-0.35	-0.15	-0.03	1.00	-0.07	-0.16	-0.15	-0.37	-0.36	-0.37	-0.34
depth	0.03	0.17	-0.05	-0.07	1.00	-0.30	-0.01	-0.03	-0.03	0.09	0.01
table	0.18	0.38	-0.03	-0.16	-0.30	1.00	0.13	0.19	0.18	0.15	0.17
price	0.92	0.05	-0.17	-0.15	-0.01	0.13	1.00	0.88	0.87	0.86	0.90
х	0.98	0.10	-0.27	-0.37	-0.03	0.19	0.88	1.00	0.97	0.97	0.96
у	0.95	0.10	-0.26	-0.36	-0.03	0.18	0.87	0.97	1.00	0.95	0.98
z	0.95	0.13	-0.27	-0.37	0.09	0.15	0.86	0.97	0.95	1.00	0.95
size	0.98	0.10	-0.28	-0.34	0.01	0.17	0.90	0.96	0.98	0.95	1.00
	carat	cut	color	darity	depth	table	price	х	у	Z	size



Model Development

Tree Based Models :-

- 1. Decision Tree
- 2. Random Forest
- 3. Ada Boost
- 4. XGB
- Scaling-Based Models
- 1. Linear Regression
- 2. KNN
- 3. SVM

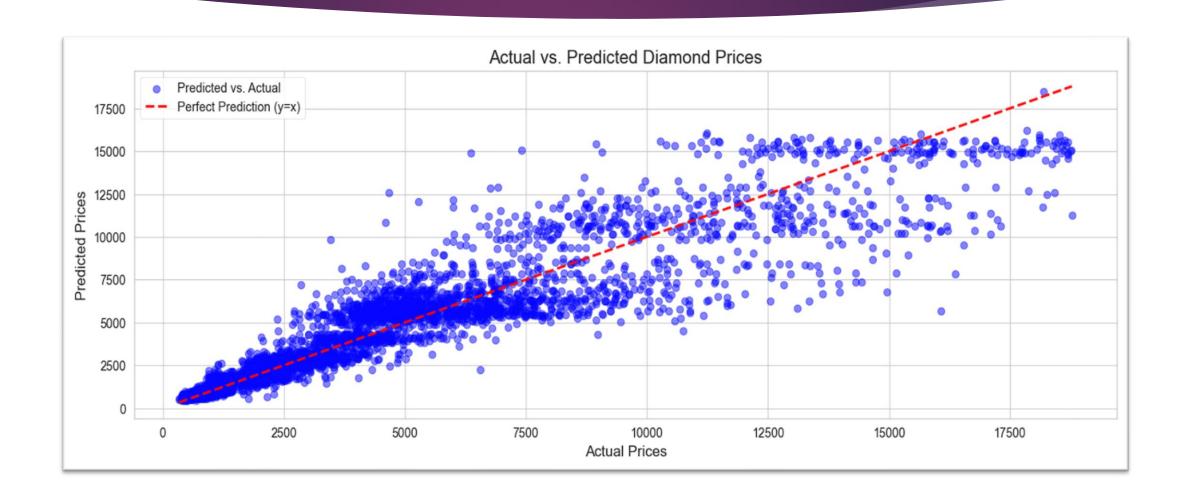
Challenges

- Outliers:- Managing outliers to ensure they do not overly bias the model while retaining their valid variability.
- 2. Categorical Features:- Encoding qualitative attributes like cut, color, and clarity effectively for both tree-based and scaling-based models.
- 3. **Model Tuning:** Balancing computation time during hyperparameter tuning for a large dataset.

Model Performance Comparison

	Model	Train R2	Test R2	Train MSE	Test MSE
0	Decision Tree	0.886651	0.877203	1.814021e+06	1.842908e+06
1	Random Forest	0.897212	0.879838	1.645005e+06	1.803351e+06
2	XGBoost	0.887510	0.879653	1.800265e+06	1.806139e+06
3	AdaBoost	0.869742	0.866318	2.084621e+06	2.006263e+06
4	Linear Regression	0.852629	0.851238	2.358506e+06	2.232572e+06
5	SVR	0.855425	0.851829	2.313748e+06	2.223712e+06
6	KNN	0.898196	0.870080	1.629253e+06	1.949793e+06

Actual VS Predicted Diamond Price



Conclusion & Practical Application

▶ Conclusion

- > Impact of Models:- Accurate diamond price predictions help jewelers, buyers, and insurers determine fair prices.
- Best Model: XG boost, due to its high R2 and low MSE on both training and test sets.
- Good Alternatives: Random Forest, Decision Tree and KNN also show strong performance.
- **Baseline Models**: Linear Regression and SVR provide good baselines but are outperformed by ensemble methods.

Practical Application

- 1. **E-Commerce Platforms**: Automating pricing recommendations for diamonds listed on online marketplaces.
- 2. Inventory Management: Helping jewelers value their inventory based on consistent pricing.
- 3. Fraud Detection: Identifying discrepancies in diamond pricing for authentication and fraud prevention.
- 4. Customer Decision Support: Assisting customers in understanding and justifying diamond prices during purchases.

Deployment Details

- **Description:** The diamond price prediction model has been deployed as a web application using the Streamlit framework, enabling users to interact with the model seamlessly.
- Platform: Streamlit cloud platform.
- Deployment Process :
- Model trained and saved using Pickle.
- 2. Interactive web app built with Streamlit for a user-friendly interface.
- 3. Hosted on Streamlit's free cloud service.
- Accessibility:
- Fully functional and accessible from any device via the link.
- Link: https://diamond-price-predictions.streamlit.app/