



AIRLINE RESERVATION SYSTEM AN INTERACTIVE SQL PROJECT

Explore how relational databases power the airline industry!

This project covers flights, passengers, tickets, payments, and more — designed to demonstrate real-world database design and analytical queries.

LIST ALL PASSENGERS WITH EMAIL & PHONE

```
SELECT
first_name, last_name,
email, phone_number
FROM
passengers
LIMIT 10;
```

	first_name	last_name	email	phone_number
▶	Ali	Khan	ali.khan@example.com	1111111111
	Sara	Smith	sara.smith@example.com	1111111112
	John	Doe	john.doe@example.com	1111111113
	Jane	Doe	jane.doe@example.com	1111111114
	Carlos	Rodriguez	carlos.rod@example.com	1111111115
	Maria	Lopez	maria.lopez@example.com	1111111116
	Ahmed	Hassan	ahmed.hassan@example.com	1111111117
	Fatima	Ali	fatima.ali@example.com	1111111118
	James	Brown	james.brown@example.com	1111111119
	Linda	White	linda.white@example.com	1111111120

SHOW TOTAL PAYMENTS RECEIVED


```
SELECT  
    SUM(amount) AS total_revenue  
FROM  
    payments;
```

	total_revenue
▶	8000.00

Find flights departing from 'Delhi'

```
SELECT
  F.FLIGHT_NUMBER, A.NAME AS DEPARTURE_AIRPORT
FROM
  FLIGHTS F
  JOIN
  AIRPORTS A ON F.DEPARTURE_AIRPORT_ID = A.AIRPORT_ID
WHERE
  A.CITY = 'DELHI';
```

Result Grid

 Filter Rows:

	flight_number	departure_airport
▶	AI202	Indira Gandhi International Airport

Get tickets booked after '2025-06-25'

	ticket_id	booking_date	seat_number
▶	11	2025-06-25 14:00:00	14A
	12	2025-06-25 14:10:00	16C
	13	2025-06-26 15:00:00	19A
	14	2025-06-26 15:05:00	21C
	15	2025-06-27 16:00:00	6A
	16	2025-06-27 16:05:00	14B
	17	2025-06-28 17:00:00	16D
	18	2025-06-28 17:05:00	19B
	19	2025-06-29 18:00:00	21D
	20	2025-06-29 18:05:00	6B
⌵	HULL	HULL	HULL

```
SELECT
    ticket_id, booking_date,
    seat_number
FROM
    ticket
WHERE
    booking_date > '2025-06-25';
```

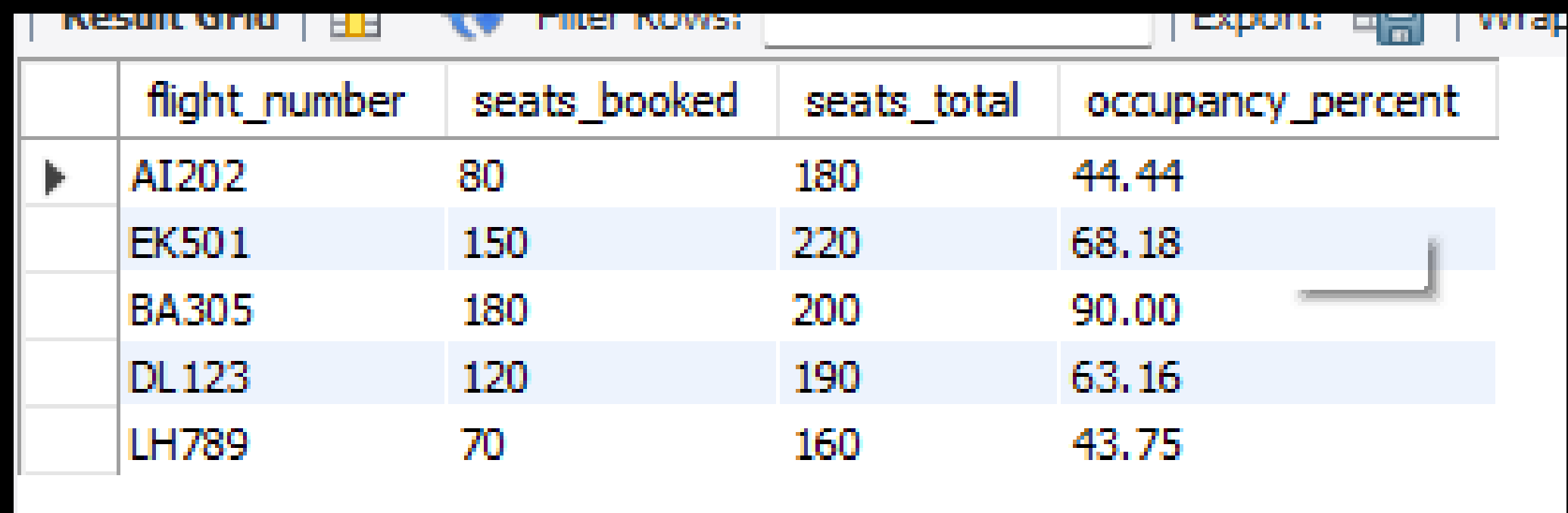
Number of tickets sold per flight

```
SELECT
f.flight_number, COUNT(t.ticket_id) AS tickets_sold
FROM
  flights f
LEFT JOIN
  tickets t ON f.flight_id = t.flight_id
GROUP BY f.flight_number;
```

	flight_number	tickets_sold
▶	AI202	4
	EK501	4
	BA305	4
	DL123	4
	LH789	4

Show all flights with occupancy rate

```
SELECT
    flight_number,
    seats_booked,
    seats_total,
    ROUND((seats_booked / seats_total) * 100, 2) AS occupancy_percent
FROM
    flights;
```



The screenshot shows a database query result grid with the following data:

	flight_number	seats_booked	seats_total	occupancy_percent
▶	AI202	80	180	44.44
	EK501	150	220	68.18
	BA305	180	200	90.00
	DL123	120	190	63.16
	LH789	70	160	43.75

Payments grouped by payment method

```
SELECT
    payment_method,
    COUNT(*) AS num_payments,
    SUM(amount) AS total_amount
FROM
    payments
GROUP BY payment_method;
```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	payment_method	num_payments	total_amount
▶	Credit Card	10	4350.00
	PayPal	5	2000.00
	Debit Card	5	1650.00

Latest bookings (most recent first)

	ticket_id	booking_date	seat_number
▶	20	2025-06-29 18:05:00	6B
	19	2025-06-29 18:00:00	21D
	18	2025-06-28 17:05:00	19B
	17	2025-06-28 17:00:00	16D
	16	2025-06-27 16:05:00	14B
	15	2025-06-27 16:00:00	6A
	14	2025-06-26 15:05:00	21C
	13	2025-06-26 15:00:00	19A
	12	2025-06-25 14:10:00	16C
	11	2025-06-25 14:00:00	14A

```
SELECT
ticket_id, booking_date, seat_number
FROM
tickets
ORDER BY booking_date DESC
LIMIT 10;
```

-- Flights between '2025-07-02' and
'2025-07-05'

```
SELECT
flight_number, departure_time,
arrival_time
FROM
flights
WHERE
departure_time BETWEEN '2025-07-02'
AND '2025-07-05';
```

	flight_number	departure_time	arrival_time
▶	AI202	2025-07-02 10:00:00	2025-07-02 12:00:00
	EK501	2025-07-03 09:00:00	2025-07-03 14:00:00
	BA305	2025-07-04 15:00:00	2025-07-04 22:00:00

THANK YOU FOR EXPLORING THE AIRLINE RESERVATION SYSTEM SQL PROJECT

- ✓ Designed and implemented a realistic database schema
- ✓ Inserted 20+ rows of clean, interconnected data
- ✓ Wrote 15+ practical SQL queries from basics to advanced
- ✓ Extracted powerful insights like occupancy, revenue, and customer trends

Keep Flying High with Data! ✈️📊