

Agenda.

→ Complete Thread case study.

⇒

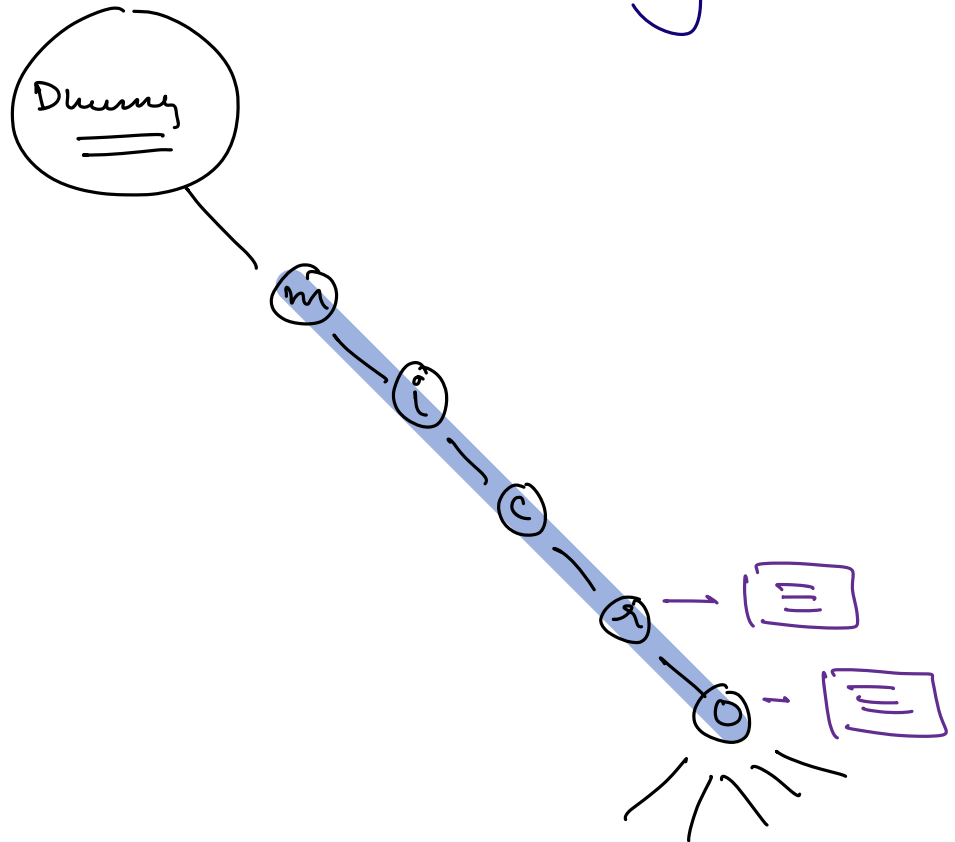
"microsoft" : —

"microservice" : —

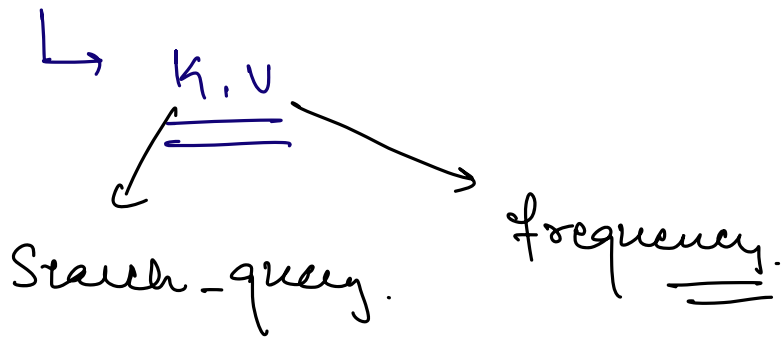
"microscope" : —

"microchip" : —

Map.



# HashMap. # ①



WRITE

New  
Search



Insert the word in the Map with freq.

①

Old  
Search



++ (increment the freq)

map.put("microsoft", 1)

✓

2

→ 3 → 4 → 5

map.put("microscope", -)

getSuggestions("mic")  $\Rightarrow$  X

# HashMap # 2

→ prefix : Top 6 words with frequency  
for the given prefix.

"mic" : 

microsoft	: 100k
microscope	: 80k
microworld	: 60k
microservice	: 50k
microchip	: 10k

microwave :  $\frac{9999}{1002}$ <sup>3</sup>

"microsoft : 100k; microscop : 80k; - - - -"

K:V DB's : Redis

String : String.

$\Rightarrow$  DB's like Redis supports sharding out of  
Box.

# Approach.

REDIS

~~HashMap 1~~



search-query: frequency.

REDIS.

~~HashMap 2~~



prefix: top 5 words starting  
with the given prefix.

# WRITE

↳ search query.

microscope. → 80k.

# HashMap 1

1)

↳ Check if the query word is already  
present in the HashMap 1 or not.

⇒ If Yes, (+1)

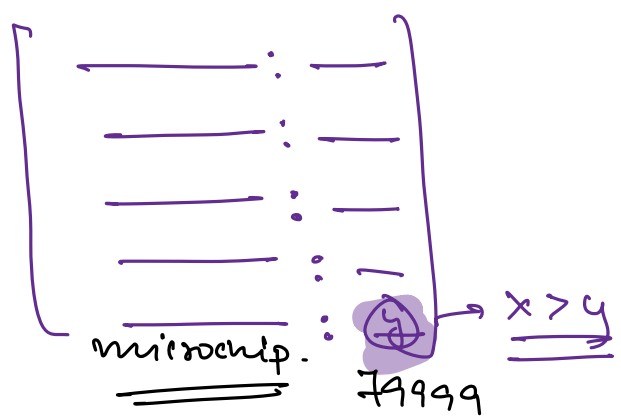
⇒ If No, add the entry with frequency  
(+1) in HML.

HM2

microscope

↳ find all the prefix strings of length  $\geq 3$ .

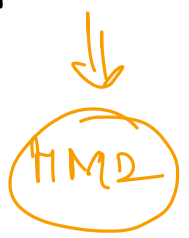
mic  
micr  
micro  
micros  
microsc  
microscd  
microscop  
microscope



microso#

# READ.

⇒ getSuggestions("mic")



map2.get("mic")

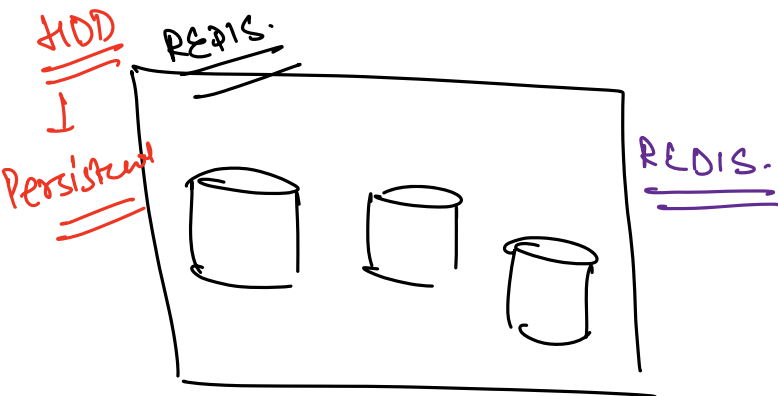
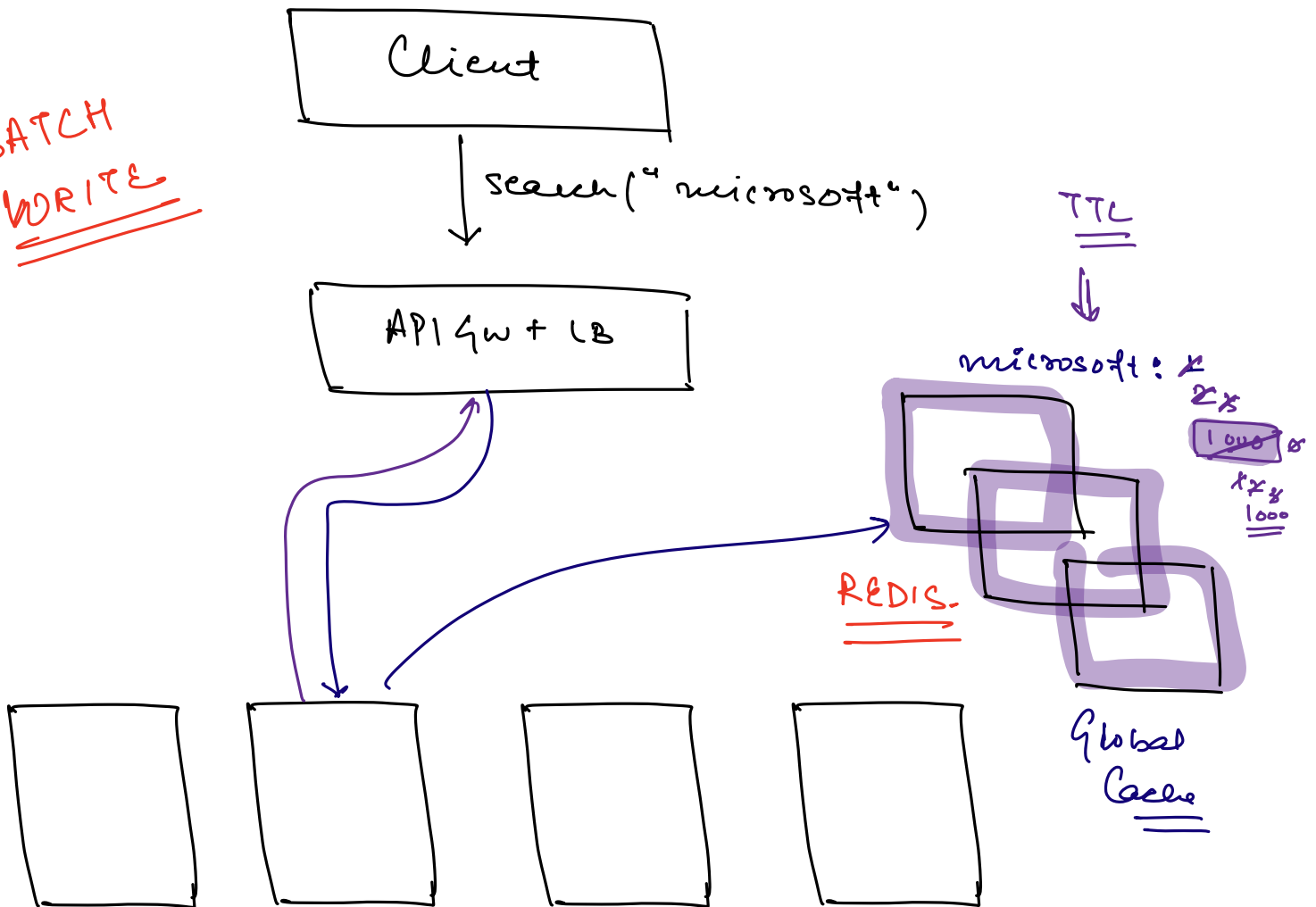
microscope : 10000000

microservice : 10000001

⇒ low latency + Eventually Consistent.

⇒ Instead of writing every single operation in DB, can we write in Batches.

⇒ BATCH  
WRITE

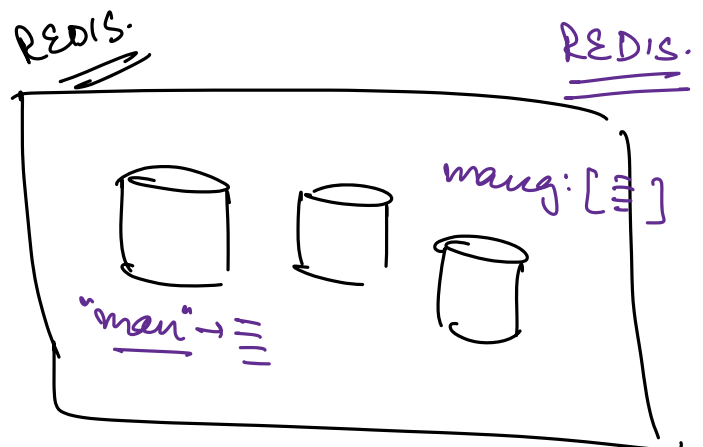


Threshold

microsoft: 1000000  
+1000  
1000

Mapx  
k: v  
DB.

mango



⇒ Network B/w.

Write Qps = 200K

Read Qps = 1M

⇒ find all the prefixes of length  $\geq 3$  & update top 5 words in HM2 if required.

# of times we are updating HM1 & HM2

$$\frac{200,000}{1000} \Rightarrow \textcircled{200}$$

HM1,  $\equiv$  Any K:V DB like REDIS.  
HM2

⇒ DB2 / HM2 / REDIS-2

"mic" :  $\left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right]$

"mis" :  $\left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right]$

microsoft.



⇒ READ.



## # Typeahead System Design

- 1) MVP
- 2) Scale Estimation = Guessimation.
- 3) Design Tradeoff.
- 4) Design Deep Dive
  - ↳ API
  - ↳ Data flow.

⇒ Write Qps = 200k.

Read Qps =  $200k \times 5 = \underline{\underline{1M}}$

⇒ Storage requirement

20B writes per day.

15%



Older

freq

# Highly Available & eventually Consistent.

# Super low latency.

#  $\text{getSuggestions}(\text{prefix}, \text{limit})$

$\text{updateFreq}(\text{query})$ .

# Trie  
↳ Backtracking X

# Trie + TM at each Node to store the top 5 words.

✓ | Storage requirement ↑ | Sharding a Trie is difficult.

#  $\text{DB1} \Rightarrow \text{K:V} + \text{DB} \Rightarrow$  storing the freq of every word.

$\text{DB2} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{K:V} + \text{DB}} \Rightarrow$  for every prefix, store top 5 words.

Optimise Read  
Queries.

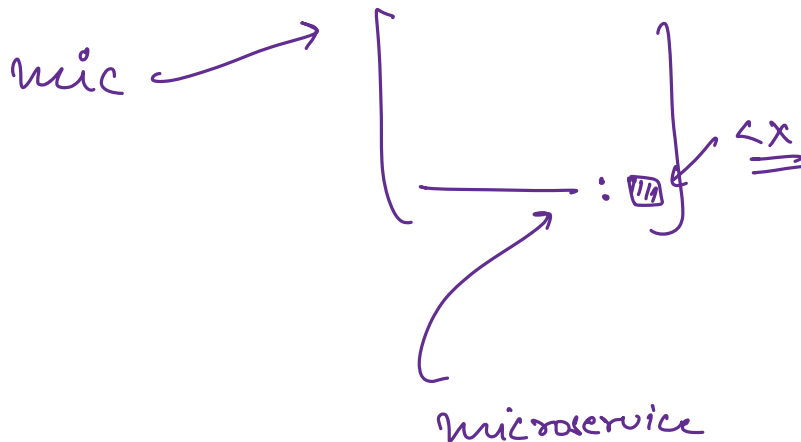
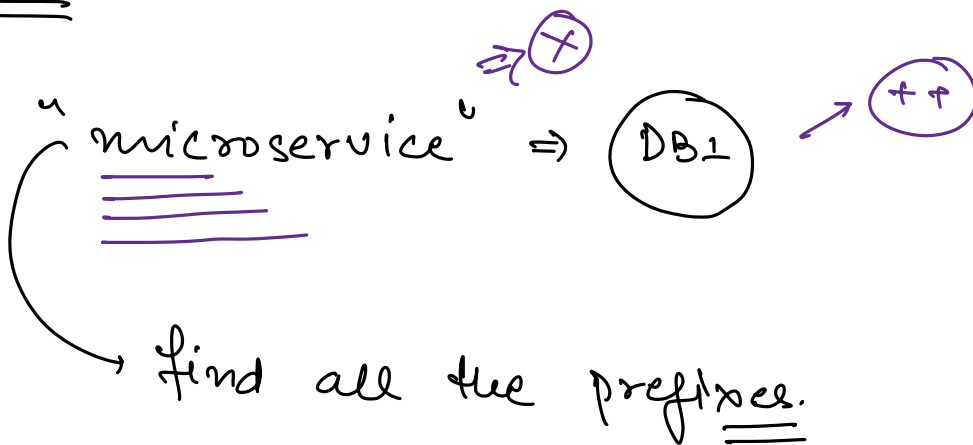
"mic" :  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{microsoft} : 100k; \\ \text{microscope} : 80k; \\ \text{=====} \\ \text{=====} \\ \text{=====} \end{array} \right]$

# READ.

getSuggestions("mic")

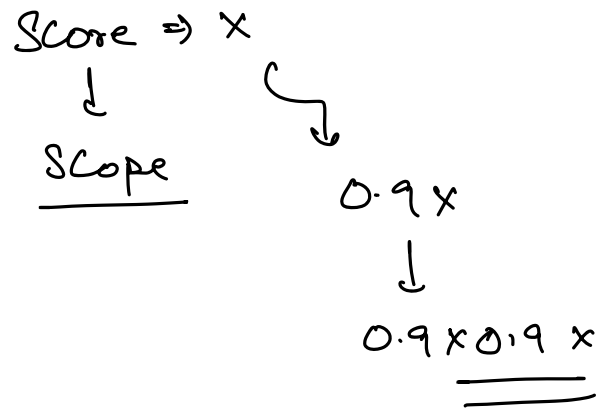


# Write



# Batch Writer.

# Time Decay.



microservice

DB  $\rightarrow$  Hash(mic)

$\downarrow$

M3

"mic"  $\rightarrow$   $\begin{bmatrix} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{bmatrix}$   $\downarrow$  M3

"mic"  $\rightarrow$   $\begin{bmatrix} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow$  MS

"scal"  $\rightarrow$  Hash  $\rightarrow$  M3