Assignment No.6

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Solve following SQL Queries:

1. Retrieve all customers along with their corresponding orders (including customers who haven't ordered).

Code:-

SELECT *FROM Customers_230

left OUTER JOIN Orders 230

ON (Customers 230.customer id = Orders 230.customer id);

Output:-

<pre>sql> SELECT *FROM Customers_230 left OUTER JOIN Orders_230 ON (Customers_230.customer_id = Orders_230.customer_id) LIMIT 0, 1001;</pre>							
customer_id	name	email	city	order_id	customer_id	order_date	total_amount
1	Alice Johnson	alice@example.com	New York	1	1	 2024-02-15	150.00
1	Alice Johnson	alice@example.com	New York	4	1	2024-03-05	250.00
2	Bob Smith	bob@example.com	Los Angeles	2	2	2024-02-18	300.00
2	Bob Smith	bob@example.com	Los Angeles	6	2	2024-03-12	500.00
3	Charlie Brown	charlie@example.com	Chicago	3	3	2024-02-20	450.00
4	David Wilson	david@example.com	New York	5	4	2024-03-10	120.00
5	Eve Adams	eve@example.com	San Francisco	7		2024-03-14	350.00
6	Frank White	frank@example.com	Seattle	8	6	2024-03-20	275.00
7	Grace Green	grace@example.com	Houston	9		2024-03-22	600.00
8	Henry Baker	henry@example.com	Miami	10	8	2024-03-25	700.00
9	Isla Turner	isla@example.com	Boston	null	null	null	null
10	Jack Cooper +	jack@example.com +	Denver +	null	null	null +	null

2. List all orders along with the product names and their quantities.

Code:-

SELECT order id, product name, quantity

FROM Order_Items_230 as oi

JOIN Products 230 as p ON oi.product id = p.product id

ORDER BY oi.order_id;

Output :-

order_id	product_name	 quantity
1	Laptop	1
1	Headphones	2
2	Keyboard	1
2	Mouse	2
3	Monitor	1
3	Table	1
4	Headphones	1
5	Keyboard	2
6	Laptop	2
7	Smartphone	1
+		++

3. Find the total number of orders placed by each customer.

Code:-

SELECT c.customer_id,name,COUNT(order_id) as "Total Order" FROM Customers_230 as c JOIN Orders_230 as o

ON (c.customer_id = o.customer_id)

GROUP BY o.customer_id;

Output :-

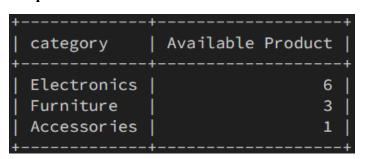
+	name	++ Total Order ++
1	Alice Johnson	2
2	Bob Smith	2
3	Charlie Brown	1
4	David Wilson	1
5	Eve Adams	1
6	Frank White	1
7	Grace Green	1
8	Henry Baker	1
+		++

4. Find the total number of products available in each category.

Code :-

SELECT category, COUNT(product_id) as "Available Product" FROM Products_230 GROUP BY category;

Output:-



5. Retrieve the order details, including customer name and total amount, for all orders placed in the last 30 days.

Code :-

SELECT c.customer id, c.name, SUM(o.total amount) AS "Total Amount"

FROM Customers 230 c

JOIN Orders 230 o

ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id

WHERE o.order date >= DATE SUB('2024-03-25', interval 30 day)

GROUP BY c.customer id, c.name;

Output:-

++		++
customer_id	name	Total Amount
++		++
1	Alice Johnson	250.00
4	David Wilson	120.00
2	Bob Smith	500.00
5	Eve Adams	350.00
6	Frank White	275.00
7	Grace Green	600.00
8	Henry Baker	700.00
++		++

7. Show all customers who have never placed an order.

Code:-

SELECT *FROM Customers 230 c

LEFT OUTER JOIN Orders 230 o

on c.customer id = o.customer id

WHERE o.customer id IS NULL;

Output:-

customer_id name	email	 city	order_id	customer_id	order_date	total_amount
	isla@example.com		null null			null null

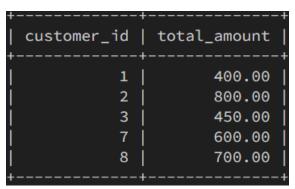
8. Retrieve details of orders where the total amount is greater than the average order total.(solve suing subquery)

Code :-

SELECT customer_id, SUM(total_amount) AS total_amount FROM Orders_230 GROUP BY customer_id

HAVING SUM(total amount) > (SELECT AVG(total amount) FROM Orders 230);

Output:-



9. Find customers who have placed at least two orders.

Code :-

SELECT c.customer_id,c.name,COUNT(o.order_id) AS order_count FROM customers 230 AS c

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INNER JOIN orders_230 AS o
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ON c.customer id = o.customer id

GROUP BY c.customer_id, c.name

HAVING COUNT(o.order_id) >= 2;

Output:-

1 Alice Johnson	+	+	+
	customer_id	name	order_count
	+	+	+
2 505 3111111	:	Alice Johnson Bob Smith	2 2

10. Find the top 3 most ordered products based on quantity sold.

Code :-

SELECT o.product id,p.product name,sum(o.quantity) from Order Items 230 as o

INNER JOIN products 230 as p

ON o.product id = p.product id

GROUP by o.product id

LIMIT 3;

Output:-



13. Find all products that have never been ordered.

Code:-

SELECT p.* FROM products 230 as p

LEFT OUTER JOIN order items 230 as o

ON p.product id = o.product id

WHERE o.product id IS NULL;

Output:-

+	+	category	++
product_id	product_name		price
+	+		++
•	Chair	Furniture	90.00
	Desk Lamp	Furniture	40.00
	Backpack	Accessories	80.00

14. Retrieve the names of customers who have placed the highest number of orders.

Code :-

SELECT c.customer_id,c.name,count(o.customer_id) as Order_c from Customers_230 as c join Orders_230 as o

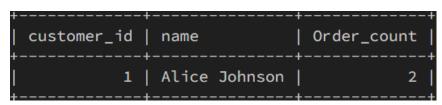
on c.customer_id = o.customer_id

GROUP by c.customer_id,c.name

ORDER BY Order_c DESC

LIMIT 1;

Output:-



15. Find all customers who have ordered m

ore than 5 different products.

(Hint: Use COUNT DISTINCT on product_id.)

Code:-

SELECT o.customer_id

FROM orders_230 o

JOIN order_items_230 oi ON o.order_id = oi.order_id

GROUP BY o.customer_id

HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT oi.product id) > 5;

Output:

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OK, 0 records retrieved in 1.31ms
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16. Find products that are sold by at least two different sellers but have never been ordered.

(Hint: Use HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT seller id) > 1 and NOT EXISTS.)

Code:-

SELECT p.product id

FROM products 230 p

JOIN order items 230 oi ON p.product id = oi.product id

WHERE oi.order id IS NULL

GROUP BY p.product id

HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT oi.product id) > 1;

Output:-

OK, 0 records retrieved in 1.075ms

17. Find the customer who has spent the most money overall.

(Hint: Use SUM and ORDER BY.)

Code:-

SELECT o.customer id, SUM(o.total amount) AS total spent

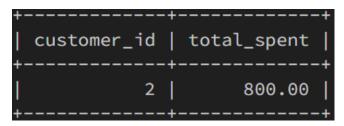
FROM orders 230 o

GROUP BY o.customer id

ORDER BY total spent DESC

LIMIT 1;

Output:-



18. Find all customers who have either placed an order or live in the same city as a seller.

(Hint: Use UNION to combine customers who placed orders and those in seller cities.)

Code:-

SELECT DISTINCT c.customer id

FROM customers_230 c

JOIN orders 230 o ON c.customer id = o.customer id

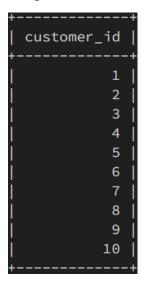
UNION

SELECT DISTINCT c.customer id

FROM customers 230 c

JOIN sellers 230 s ON c.city = s.city;

Output:-



19. Retrieve all products that are either in stock with at least one seller or have been ordered at least once.

(Hint: Use UNION between Product Sellers and Order Items.)

Code :-

SELECT DISTINCT p.product id

FROM products_230 p

WHERE p.product id IN (SELECT product id FROM order items 230)

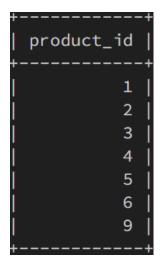
UNION

SELECT DISTINCT p.product id

FROM products 230 p

WHERE EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM order_items_230 oi WHERE oi.product_id = p.product_id);

Output:-



20. Retrieve products that have been both ordered and are currently in stock.

(Hint: Use INTERSECT between Order_Items and Product_Sellers.)

Code:-

SELECT DISTINCT oi.product_id

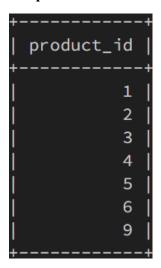
FROM order_items_230 oi

INTERSECT

SELECT DISTINCT p.product_id

FROM products 230 p;

Output:-



21. Find customers who have both placed an order and live in a city where a seller is located.

(Hint: Use INTERSECT between customers who have placed orders and customers who

Code:-

SELECT DISTINCT c.customer id

FROM customers_230 c

JOIN orders 230 o ON c.customer id = o.customer id

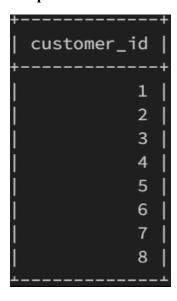
INTERSECT

SELECT DISTINCT c.customer id

FROM customers 230 c

JOIN sellers 230 s ON c.city = s.city;

Output:-



22. Retrieve all customers who have placed at least one order in each year available in the database.

(Hint: Use INTERSECT with orders grouped by year.)

Code:-

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SELECT customer_id FROM (

SELECT customer_id, EXTRACT(YEAR FROM order_date) AS order_year

FROM orders_230

GROUP BY customer_id, order_year
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) AS customer_years GROUP BY customer_id HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT order_year) = (

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT EXTRACT(YEAR FROM order date)) FROM orders 230);

Output :-

