Practical No.: 1 a

Aim: Create an application that obtains four int values from the user and displays the product.

Code:

Program.cs:

```
using System;
namespace p1
  class Program
  {
    static void Main(string[] args)
      int n1, n2, n3, n4, ans;
      Console.WriteLine("Enter Number 1: ");
      n1 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
      Console.WriteLine("Enter Number 2: ");
      n2 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
      Console.WriteLine("Enter Number 3: ");
      n3 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
      Console.WriteLine("Enter Number 4: ");
      n4 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
      ans = n1 * n2 * n3 * n4;
      Console.WriteLine("Product of 4 numbers: " + ans);
      Console.ReadKey();
    }
  }
}
```

Output:

```
Enter Number 1:
4
Enter Number 2:
2
Enter Number 3:
6
Enter Number 4:
1
Product of 4 numbers: 48
```

Practical No.: 1 b

Aim: Create an application to demonstrate string operations.

Code:

```
Program.cs:
using System;
namespace p1
class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
       string s1 = "hello";
       Console.WriteLine("s1:" + s1);
       Console.WriteLine();
       Console.WriteLine("enter string:");
       string s2 = Console.ReadLine();
       Console.WriteLine("s2:" + s2);
       Console.WriteLine();
      string s3 = string.Copy(s1);
       Console.WriteLine("Copied String s3:" + s3);
       Console.WriteLine();
       string s4 = string.Concat(s1, s2);
      Console.WriteLine("Concatenated String s4:" + s4);
       Console.WriteLine();
      int nos = 789;
       string s5 = nos.ToString();
       Console.WriteLine("Converting num to String s5:" + s5);
       Console.WriteLine();
      string s6 = "lean";
       Console.WriteLine("O.G. String:" + s6);
       string s7 = s6.Insert(3, "r");
       Console.WriteLine("Insertion s7:" + s7);
       Console.WriteLine();
      int n = string.Compare(s1, s2);
       Console.WriteLine("Comparison n:" + n);
       Console.WriteLine();
       bool b1 = s1.Equals(s2);
       Console.WriteLine("Equals b1:" + b1);
```

```
Console.WriteLine();
bool b2 = string.Equals(s1, s2);
Console.WriteLine("Equals other way b2:" + b2);
Console.WriteLine();
bool b3 = (s1 == s2);
Console.WriteLine(" == b3:" + b3);
Console.WriteLine();
string x = "xyz";
Console.WriteLine("O.G. string:" + x);
int i = x.IndexOf('x');
Console.WriteLine("Index of x=" + i);
Console.WriteLine();
string y = "madam";
Console.WriteLine("O.G. string:" + y);
int j = y.LastIndexOf('a');
Console.WriteLine("Last index of a:" + j);
Console.WriteLine();
string z = "bye bye";
Console.WriteLine("O.G. string: " + z);
string p = z.Replace('e', 'y');
Console.WriteLine("Replaced String:" + p);
Console.WriteLine();
string q = "hello welcome";
Console.WriteLine("O.G. string: "+q);
string str1 = q.Remove(2);
string str2 = q.Remove(2, 4);
Console.WriteLine("Remove with single parameter:" + str1);
Console.WriteLine();
Console.WriteLine("Remove with two parameter:" + str2);
Console.WriteLine();
string s8 = "new york";
Console.WriteLine("O.G. string:" + s8);
string s9 = s8.Substring(5);
Console.WriteLine("Substring with single parameter i.e. starting point:" + s9);
Console.WriteLine();
string s10 = s8.Substring(1, 5);
Console.WriteLine("Substring with two parameter i.e. starting point and end point" + s10);
Console.WriteLine();
string s17 = "alinged";
Console.WriteLine("O.G. string:" + s17);
string s18 = s17.PadLeft(10, '*');
Console.WriteLine("Left Padding:" + s18);
string s19 = s17.PadRight(3, '*');
Console.WriteLine("Right Padding: " + s19);
Console.WriteLine();
```

```
string strsrc = "changed";
    char[] dest = { 't', 'h', 'e', ' ', 'i', 'n', 'i', 't', 'i', 'a', 'l', ' ', 'a', 'r', 'r', 'a', 'y' };
    Console.WriteLine(dest);
    strsrc.CopyTo(0, dest, 4, strsrc.Length);
    Console.WriteLine(dest);
    Console.ReadKey();
    }
}
```

```
sl:hello
enter string;
good morning
s2:good morning
Conjud string s3:hello
Concatenated String s4:hellogood morning
Converting num to String s5:789

0.G. String :lean
Insertion s7:learn
Comparison n:1
Equals b1:False
Equals other way b2:False
== b3:False

0.G. string :syz
Index of x=0

0.G. string :hello welcome
Remove with single parameter:hemelcome

0.G. string :hello welcome
Remove with two parameter:hemelcome

0.G. string :new york
Substring with two parameter i.e. starting point:ork
Substring with two parameter i.e. starting point and end pointew yo

0.G. string :lalinged
Left Padding::**exalinged
Right Padding: **alinged
Right Right Padding: **alinged
Right Right Padding: **alinged
Right Right Right Padding: **alinged
Right Right
```

Practical No.: 1 c

Aim: Create an application that receives the (Student Id, Student Name, Course Name, Date of Birth) information from a set of students. The application should also display the information of all the students once the data entered.

Code:

Program.cs:

```
using System;
namespace p1
public struct stud
  {
    public int id;
public string name;
  public string course;
  public int dob;
};
class Program
  static void Main(string[] args)
    stud[] s = new stud[2];
    for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
       Console.WriteLine("Enter Student id:");
       s[i].id = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
       Console.WriteLine("Enter Student name:");
       s[i].name = Console.ReadLine();
       Console.WriteLine("Enter Student course:");
       s[i].course = Console.ReadLine();
       Console.WriteLine("Enter Student dob:");
       s[i].dob = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
       Console.WriteLine("ID:" + s[i].id);
       Console.WriteLine("Name:" + s[i].name);
       Console.WriteLine("Course:" + s[i].course);
       Console.WriteLine("DOB:" + s[i].dob);
    Console.ReadKey();
```

```
C:\Program Files\dotnet\dotn X
Enter Student id:
Enter Student name:
disha
Enter Student course:
Enter Student dob:
612004
Enter Student id:
Enter Student name:
hitesh
Enter Student course:
Enter Student dob:
5122003
ID:1
Name:disha
Course:it
DOB:612004
ID:2
Name:hitesh
Course:cs
DOB:5122003
```

Practical No.: 1 d

Aim: Create an application to demonstrate following operations.

- i) Generate Fibonacci series.
- ii) Test for prime numbers.
- iii) Test for vowels.
- iv) Use of foreach loop with arrays.
- v) Reverse a number and find sum of digits of a number.

i. Fibonacci Series:

Code:

```
Program.cs:
```

```
using System;
namespace p1
class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
       int ni, f1, f2, fib;
       Console.WriteLine("Enter Number of iterations that you want: ");
       ni = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
      f1 = 0;
      f2 = 1;
       Console.WriteLine("\n" + f1);
       Console.WriteLine("\n" + f2);
      for(int i=1;i<=ni;i++)
         fib = f1 + f2;
         f1 = f2;
         f2 = fib;
         Console.WriteLine("\n" + fib);
       Console.ReadKey();
    }
  }
}
```

Output:

```
© C:\Program Files\dotnet\dotn \times \ + \ \ \

Enter Number of iterations that you want: 4

0

1

2

3

5
```

ii. Prime Numbers:

Code:

```
Program.cs:
```

```
using System;
namespace p1
{
  class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
       int i, no, j;
       bool flag = true;
       Console.WriteLine("Enter any number: ");
       no = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
       for (i = 2; i < no; i++)
         for (j = 2; j < no; j++)
           if (i != j && i % j == 0)
              flag = false;
              break;
           }
         }
         if (flag == true)
           Console.WriteLine("\n The prime numbers are: " + i);
         flag = true;
       Console.ReadKey();
}
```

Output:

```
C:\Program Files\dotnet\dotn \times +

Enter any number:

4

The prime numbers are: 2

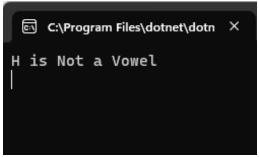
The prime numbers are: 3
```

iii. Vowels:

Code:

Program.cs:

```
using System;
namespace p1
  class Program
  {
    static void Main(string[] args)
       string s = "Hi GOOD Morning";
       Char[] letter = s.ToCharArray();
       foreach (char c in letter)
         string s1 = Vowel(c);
         Console.WriteLine("{0} is {1}", c, s1);
         Console.ReadKey();
       }
    }
    public static string Vowel(char a)
         switch (a)
           case 'a':
           case 'A':
           case 'e':
           case 'E':
           case 'i':
           case 'I':
           case 'o':
           case 'O':
           case 'u':
           case 'U': return ("Vowel");
           default:
              return ("Not a Vowel");
```



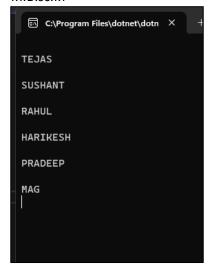
iv. Foreach loop with arrays:

Code:

```
Program.cs:
```

Output:

T.Y.B.sc.I.T



v. Reverse:

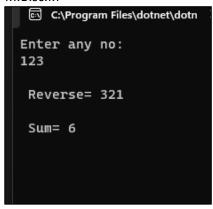
Code:

Program.cs:

```
using System;
namespace p1
{
  class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
    {
      int no, r, rev, sum;
      Console.WriteLine("Enter any no: ");
      no = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
      rev = 0;
      sum = 0;
       while (no != 0)
          r = no \% 10;
          rev = (rev * 10) + r;
          sum = sum + r;
          no = no / 10;
      Console.WriteLine("\n Reverse= " + rev);
      Console.WriteLine("\n Sum= " + sum);
      Console.ReadKey();
    }
  }
}
```

Output:

T.Y.B.sc.I.T



Practical No.: 2 a

Aim: Create simple application to perform following operations.

- i) Finding factorial Value.
- ii) Money Conversion.
- iii) Quadratic Equation.
- iv) Temperature Conversion.

i. Factorial Value:

Code:

```
Program.cs:
```

Output:

```
Enter any no:
5
Factorial of a number= 120
```

ii. Money Conversion:

Code:

```
Program.cs:
using System;
namespace p1
  class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
      string ans = " ";
       do
         Console.WriteLine("Enter Currency in Rs: ");
         int r = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
         Console.WriteLine("Select your choice to convert into 1.Dollars 2.Euro 3.Pounds");
         int n = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
         double d = 0;
         Console.WriteLine("Currency Converter");
         switch (n)
         {
           case 1:
             d = r / 68.5;
             Console.WriteLine(r + "Rs.= " + d + "$");
             break;
           case 2:
             d = r / 89.48;
             Console.WriteLine(r + "Rs.= " + d + "pounds");
             break;
           case 3:
             d = r / 79.64;
             Console.WriteLine(r + "Rs.= " + d + "Euro");
             break;
           default:
             Console.WriteLine("Invalid choice");
             break;
         }
         Console.WriteLine("Do you want to continue?");
         ans = Console.ReadLine();
      while (ans != "n");
       Console.ReadKey();
    }
  }
}
```

```
Enter Currency in Rs:

69
Select your choice to convert into 1.Dollars 2.Euro 3.Pounds
1
Currency Converter
69Rs.= 1.00729927007299$
Do you want to continue?

y
Enter Currency in Rs:
90
Select your choice to convert into 1.Dollars 2.Euro 3.Pounds
2
Currency Converter
90Rs.= 1.00581135449262pounds
Do you want to continue?
y
Enter Currency in Rs:
80
Select your choice to convert into 1.Dollars 2.Euro 3.Pounds
3
Currency Converter
80Rs.= 1.00452034153692Euro
Do you want to continue?
```

iii. Quadratic Equations:

Code:

Program.cs:

```
using System;
namespace p1
class Program
{
       public static void SolveQuadratic(int a, int b, int c)
         double sqrtpart = b * b - 4 * a * c;
         double x, x1, x2, img;
         if (sqrtpart > 0)
           x1 = (-b + System.Math.Sqrt(sqrtpart)) / (2 * a);
           x2 = (-b - System.Math.Sqrt(sqrtpart)) / (2 * a);
           Console.WriteLine("Two Real Solutions: {0,8:f4} or {1,8:f4}", x1, x2);
         }
         else if (sqrtpart < 0)
           sqrtpart = -sqrtpart;
           x = -b / (2 * a);
           img = System.Math.Sqrt(sqrtpart) / (2 * a);
           Console.WriteLine("Two Imaginary Solutions: {0,8:f4} + {1,8:f4} i or {2,8:f4} + {3,8:f4} i", x, img, x, img);
         }
         else
         {
```

```
T.Y.B.sc.I.T
```

```
x = (-b + System.Math.Sqrt(sqrtpart)) / (2 * a);
         Console.WriteLine("One Real Solution: {0,8:f4}", x);
       }
    }
    static void Main(string[] args)
       // 6x^2 + 11x - 35 = 0
       SolveQuadratic(6, 11, -35);
       // 5x^2 + 6x + 1 = 0
       SolveQuadratic(5, 6, 1);
       // 2x^2 + 4x + 2 = 0
       SolveQuadratic(2, 4, 2);
       // 5x^2 + 2x + 1 = 0
       SolveQuadratic(5, 2, 1);
       Console.ReadKey();
  }
}
```

```
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Two Real Solutions: 1.6667 or -3.5000

Two Real Solutions: -0.2000 or -1.0000

One Real Solution: -1.0000

Two Imaginary Solutions: 0.0000 + 0.4000 i or 0.0000 + 0.4000 i
```

iv. Temperature Conversion:

Code:

Program.cs:

```
using System;

namespace p1
{
  class Program
    {
     static void Main(string[] args)
      {
           Console.WriteLine("Enter temparature in Fahrenheit ");
           double F, C;
           F = Convert.ToDouble(Console.ReadLine());
           C = (F - 32) * 5 / 9;
           Console.WriteLine("After conversion temparature in Celsius={0}", C);
```

```
© C:\Program Files\dotnet\dotn × + \v
Enter temparature in Fahrenheit
270
After conversion temparature in Celsius=132.22222222222
```

Practical No.: 2 b

Aim: Create simple application to perform following operations.

- i) Function Overloading.
- ii) Inheritance (all types).
- iii) Constructor Overloading.
- iv) Interfaces.

i. Function Overloading:

Code:

```
Program.cs:
```

```
using System;
namespace p1
  class Program
    public float Area(float x)
      return (x * x);
    public int Area(int I, int h)
      return (I * h);
    public double Area(double r)
      return (3.14 * r * r);
    }
    public float Area(float len, float hyt)
      return (0.5F * len * hyt);
    static void Main(string[] args)
      Program p = new Program();
      Console.WriteLine("Area of Square =" + p.Area(10));
      Console.WriteLine("Area of Rect =" + p.Area(4.5));
      Console.WriteLine("Area of Circle =" + p.Area(4.0));
      Console.WriteLine("Area of Triangle=" + p.Area(1.2F, 2.3F));
      Console.ReadKey();
    }
```

```
T.Y.B.sc.I.T }
```

```
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Area of Square =100

Area of Rect =63.585

Area of Circle =50.24

Area of Triangle=1.38
```

ii. Inheritance & iii. Constructor Overloading:

Code:

```
Program.cs:
```

```
using System;
namespace p1
{
  class A
       public int a;
public A(int x)
    {
      a = x;
    public void ShowA()
       Console.WriteLine("A ShowA=" + a);
    }
  }
  class B: A
int v;
  public B(int z, int y)
        : base(z)
  {
    v = ;y
  }
  public void ShowB()
    Console.WriteLine("B ShowB=" + v);
```

```
T.Y.B.sc.I.T
}
class C: A
  {
int n;
public C(int x, int m)
      : base(x)
  n = m;
}
public void ShowC()
{
  Console.WriteLine("C ShowC=" + n);
}
  }
class D:B
  {
int d;
public D(int x, int y, int z)
      : base(x, y)
{
  d = z;
}
public void ShowD()
{
  Console.WriteLine("D ShowD=" + d);
}
  }
class Program
static void Main(string[] args)
{
  C c1 = new C(5, 9);
  D d1 = new D(4, 2, 3);
  c1.ShowA();
  c1.ShowC();
  d1.ShowA();
  d1.ShowB();
  d1.ShowD();
  Console.ReadKey();
}}}
```

```
C:\Program Files\dotnet\dotn >

A ShowA=5
C ShowC=9
A ShowA=4
B ShowB=2
D ShowD=3
```

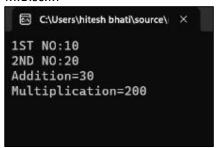
iv. Interfaces:

Program.cs:

Code:

```
interface Addition\\
int Add();
  }
interfaceMultiplication
intMul();
classA: Addition, Multiplication
  {
publicint x, y;
public A(int a, int b)
    {
       x = a;
       y = b;
Console.WriteLine("1ST NO:" + x);
Console.WriteLine("2ND NO:" + y);
    }
publicint Add()
return (x + y);
    }
publicintMul()
return (x * y);
class \\ Multiple \\ Interface
static void Main(string[] args)
    {
A a1 = new A(10, 20);
Additionobj = (Addition)a1;
Multiplication obj1 = (Multiplication)a1;
Console.WriteLine("Addition=" + obj.Add());
Console.WriteLine("Multiplication=" + obj1.Mul());
Console.ReadKey();
}
}
```

Output:



Practical No.: 2 c

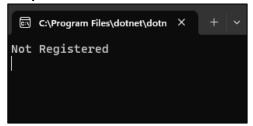
Aim: Create simple application to perform following operations.

- i) Using Delegates and Events.
- ii) Exception Handling.

i. Delegates and Events:

Code:

```
Program.cs:
using System;
namespace p1
public delegate void EventHandler(string a);
  public class Operation
  {
    public event EventHandler xyz;
    public void Action(string a)
      if (xyz != null)
         xyz(a);
         Console.WriteLine(a);
      else
         Console.WriteLine("Not Registered");
      }
    }
  class Program
    public static void CatchEvent(string s)
    {
       Console.WriteLine("Method Calling");
    }
    static void Main(string[] args)
       Operation o = new Operation();
```



iv. Exception Handling:

Code:

Program.cs:

```
using System;
namespace p1
{
  class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
       int a = 10, b = 5, c = 5;
       int x, y;
       try
         x = a / (b - c);
       catch (Exception e)
         Console.WriteLine("Divide by zero");
       y = a / (b + c);
       int[] d = { 5, 10 };
       int f = 5;
       try
         int g = d[2] / f - d[1];
       catch (ArithmeticException e)
         Console.WriteLine("Divide by zero");
       catch (IndexOutOfRangeException e)
         Console.WriteLine("Array index error");
```

```
T.Y.B.sc.I.T
       }
      try
         Division();
      }
      catch (DivideByZeroException e)
         Console.WriteLine("Caught exception inside main");
      finally
         Console.WriteLine("Inside main");
       Console.ReadKey();
    }
    static int m = 10;
    static int n = 0;
    static void Division()
    {
      try
         int k = m / n;
      catch (ArgumentException e)
         Console.WriteLine("Caught exception inside main");
      }
      finally
         Console.WriteLine("Inside division");
    }
  }
```

}

```
C:\Program Files\dotnet\dotn X
Divide by zero
Array index error
Inside division
Caught exception inside main
Inside main
```

Practical No.: 3

Aim: Create a simple web page with various sever controls to demonstrate setting and use of their properties and use of validation controls.

Code:

Login.aspx.cs:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace Pract_3a
  public partial class Login: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
    protected void btn_login_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if (txt_name.Text == "Disha" && txt_pwd.Text == "123") Response.Redirect("Registration form.aspx");
        Label1.Text = "Enter valid information";
    }
    protected void btn_reset_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      txt_name.Text = "";
      txt_pwd.Text = "";
      txt_confpwd.Text = "";
    }
  }
}
```

RegistrationForm.aspx.cs:

namespace Pract_3a

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace Pract_3a
{
  public partial class Registration_form : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
    protected void DropDownList1_SelectedIndexChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
    }
    protected void btn_register_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      string g, c = "";
      string[] a = new string[4];
      if (RadioButton1.Checked == true)
        g = RadioButton1.Text;
      else
         g = RadioButton2.Text;
      if (DropDownList1.SelectedValue == "IT")
         c = "25,500";
      else if (DropDownList1.SelectedValue == "CS")
         c = "29,000";
      else if(DropDownList1.SelectedValue=="DS")
         c = "22,200";
      Response.Redirect("Receipt.aspx?Name=" + text_name.Text + "&Gender=" + g + "&Email=" + txt_email.Text +
"&Course=" + DropDownList1.SelectedValue + "&Fees=" + c);
    }
 }
}
Receipt.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
```

```
T.Y.B.sc.I.T
  public partial class Receipt1: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      lblName.Text = Request.QueryString["Name"];
      lblGender.Text = Request.QueryString["Gender"];
      lblEmail.Text = Request.QueryString["Email"];
      lblCourse.Text = Request.QueryString["Course"];
      lblFees.Text = Request.QueryString["Fees"];
    }
  }
}
FeesDetails.cs:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace Pract_3a
{
  public partial class Fees_Details : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
    protected void Button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
      Response.Redirect("Home.aspx");
  }
}
```





Practical No.: 4

Aim: Demonstrate the use of Calendar control to perform following operations.

- a) Display messages in a calendar control.
- b) Display vacation in a calendar control.
- c) Selected day in a calendar control using style.
- d) Difference between two calendar dates.

Code:

Calendar.aspx.cs:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace Pract_3_B
{
  public partial class Calender: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
    protected void Calendar1_SelectionChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
      Label1.Text = "Your selected date" + Calendar1.SelectedDate.Date.ToString();
    }
    protected void Calendar1_DayRender(object sender, System.Web.UI.WebControls.DayRenderEventArgs e)
      if(e.Day.Date.Day == 5 && e.Day.Date.Month == 9)
        e.Cell.BackColor = System.Drawing.Color.Yellow;
                                                       28
```

```
Label lbl = new Label();
    lbl.Text = "<br>Teachers Day!";
    e.Cell.Controls.Add(lbl);
    Image g1 = new Image();
    g1.ImageUrl = "td.jpg";
    g1.Height = 20;
    g1.Width = 20;
    e.Cell.Controls.Add(g1);
  if(e.Day.Date.Day == 19 && e.Day.Date.Month == 9)
    Calendar1.SelectedDate = new DateTime(2023, 9, 18);
    Calendar1.SelectedDates.SelectRange(Calendar1.SelectedDate, Calendar1.SelectedDate.AddDays(10));
    Label lbl1 = new Label();
    lbl1.Text = "<br>Ganpati";
    e.Cell.Controls.Add(lbl1);
 }
}
protected void Button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
  Calendar1.Caption = "SAMBARE";
  Calendar1.FirstDayOfWeek = FirstDayOfWeek.Sunday;
  Calendar1.NextPrevFormat = NextPrevFormat.ShortMonth;
  Calendar1.TitleFormat = TitleFormat.Month;
  Label2.Text = "Todays Date" + Calendar1.TodaysDate.ToShortDateString();
  Label3.Text = "Ganpati Vacation Start: 9-19-2023";
 TimeSpan d = new DateTime(2023, 9, 19) - DateTime.Now;
  Label4.Text = "Days Remaining for Ganpati Vacation: " + d.Days.ToString();
  TimeSpan d1 = new DateTime(2023, 12, 31) - DateTime.Now;
  Label5.Text = "Days Remaining for new year:" + d1.Days.ToString();
  if (Calendar1.SelectedDate.ToShortDateString() == "9-19-2023")
    Label3.Text = "<b>Ganpati Festival Start</b>";
  else if (Calendar1.SelectedDate.ToShortDateString() == "9-24-2023")
    Label3.Text = "<b>Ganpati Festival End</b>";
}
protected void Button2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
  Label1.Text = "";
  Label2.Text = "";
  Label3.Text = "";
  Label4.Text = "";
  Label5.Text = "";
  Calendar1.SelectedDates.Clear();
}
```

}

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Practical No.: 5

Aim: Demonstrate the use of Treeview control perform following operations.

- a) Treeview control and datalist.
- b) Treeview operations.

Code:

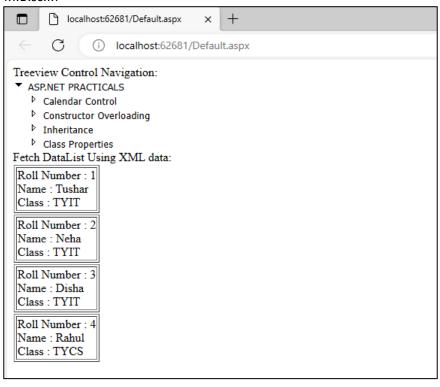
Default.aspx.cs:

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Data;
using System.Linq;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;

namespace Pract_3c
{
    public partial class WebForm1 : System.Web.UI.Page
    {
        if(!IsPostBack)
        {
            BindData();
        }
     }
}
```

```
protected void BindData()
      DataSet ds = new DataSet();
      ds.ReadXml(Server.MapPath("stdetail.xml"));
      if(ds!=null && ds.HasChanges())
        DataList1.DataSource = ds;
        DataList1.DataBind();
      }
      else
      {
        DataList1.DataBind();
    }
    protected void TreeView1_SelectedNodeChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
  }
}
stdetail.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<Studentdetail>
 <student>
  <sid>1</sid>
  <sname>Tushar</sname>
  <sclass>TYIT</sclass>
 </student>
 <student>
  <sid>2</sid>
  <sname>Neha</sname>
  <sclass>TYIT</sclass>
 </student>
 <student>
  <sid>3</sid>
  <sname>Disha</sname>
  <sclass>TYIT</sclass>
 </student>
 <student>
  <sid>4</sid>
  <sname>Rahul</sname>
  <sclass>TYCS</sclass>
 </student>
</Studentdetail>
```

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Practical No.: 6

Aim: Create Web Form to demonstrate use of Adrotator Control.

Code:

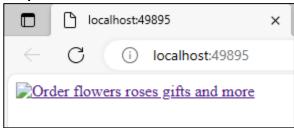
.cs file:

ADfile.xml:

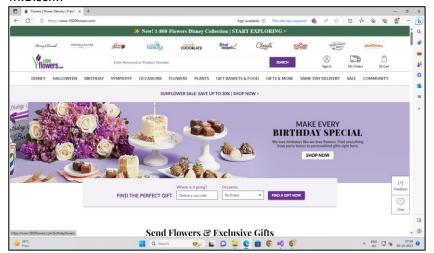
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
```

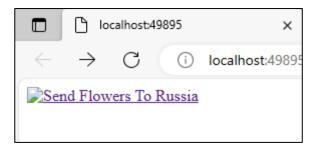
- <Advertisements>
- <Ad>
- <ImageUrl>D:\18\pract4A\images\rose1.jpg</imageUrl>
- <NavigateUrl>http://www.1800Flowers.com</NavigateUrl>
- <AlternateText>Order flowers roses gifts and more</alternateText>
- <Impressions>20</impressions>
- <Keyword>Flower</Keyword>
- </Ad>
- <Ad>
- <ImageUrl>D:\18\pract4A\images\rose2.jpg</ImageUrl>
- <NavigateUrl></NavigateUrl>
- <AlternateText>Order flowers roses and flowers</AlternateText>
- <Impressions>20</impressions>
- <Keyword>Gifts</Keyword>
- </Ad>
- <Ad>
- <ImageUrl>D:\18\pract4A\images\rose3.jpg</ImageUrl>
- <NavigateUrl>http://www.flowers2moscow.com</NavigateUrl>
- <AlternateText>Send Flowers To Russia</AlternateText>
- <Impressions>20</impressions>
- <Keyword>Russia</Keyword>
- </Ad>
- </Advertisements>

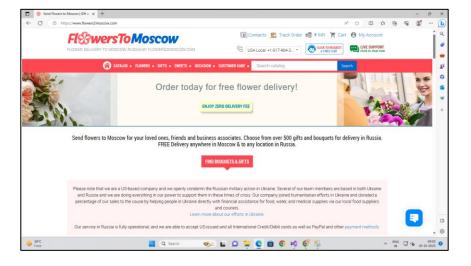
Output:



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Practical No.: 7

Aim: Create Web Form to demonstrate use User Controls.

Code:

```
MyUserControl.ascx.cs:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;

namespace pract4B
{
   public partial class MyUserControl : System.Web.UI.UserControl
   {
      protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      {
         }
         protected void Button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      {
            Label1.Text = "Your name is " + TextBox1.Text + " and you sre from " + TextBox2.Text;
      }
}
```

Output:

}



Practical No.: 8

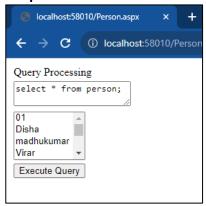
Aim: Create a web application bind data in a multiline textbox by querying in another textbox.

Code:

Person.aspx.cs:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
namespace p6_7
{
  public partial class Person: System. Web. UI. Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {}
    protected void Button1 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    { SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection("Data Source=.;Initial Catalog=tyit001;Integrated Security=True");
      conn.Open();
      SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(TextBox1.Text, conn);
      SqlDataReader dr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
      ListBox1.Items.Clear();
      while (dr.Read())
        for (int i = 0; i \le dr. Field Count - 1; i++)
          ListBox1.Items.Add(dr[i].ToString());
        }
      }
   }}}
```

Output:



Practical No.: 9

Aim: Create a web application to display records by using database.

Code:

Default.aspx.cs:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
namespace p6 7
{
  public partial class Default : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
    protected void Button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection("Data Source=.;Initial Catalog=tyit001;Integrated Security=True");
      conn.Open();
      SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("select city, state from person", conn);
      SqlDataReader dr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
      while (dr.Read())
        Label1.Text += dr["city"].ToString() + " " + dr["state"].ToString() + "<br/>";
      }
      dr.Close();
      conn.Close();
    }
  }
}
```

Output:

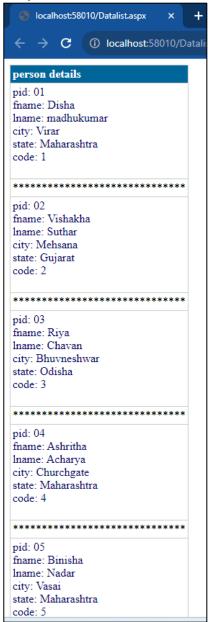




Practical No.: 10

Aim: Demonstrate the use of Datalist link control.

Output:



Practical No.: 11

Aim: Create a web application to display the phone number of an author using database.

Code:

```
Pract.aspx.cs:
```

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
namespace p6_7
{
  public partial class p7: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      if(IsPostBack==false)
        SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection("Data Source=.;Initial Catalog=tyit001;Integrated Security=True");
        conn.Open();
        SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("select fname, phone from person", conn);
        SqlDataReader dr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
        DropDownList1.DataSource = dr;
        DropDownList1.DataTextField = "fname";
        DropDownList1.DataValueField = "phone";
        DropDownList1.DataBind();
        dr.Close();
        conn.Close();
      }
    }
    protected void Button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      Label1.Text = "You have selected " + DropDownList1.SelectedValue;
    }
  }
}
```

Output:



Practical No.: 12

Aim: Create a web application for inserting and deleting and updating record from a database (Using Execute-Non Query) and display using GridView control in it show update delete sorting paging and selection.

Code:

conn.Open();

conn);

```
Pract.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
namespace pract7
{
  public partial class _7c : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
    }
    protected void Button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
      SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection("Data Source=.;Initial Catalog=tyit18;Integrated Security=True");
      conn.Open();
      SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("update Person set Fname=@Fname,Lname=@Lname, City=@City,
Code=@Code where PID=@PID", conn);
      cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@PID", TextBox1.Text);
      cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Fname", TextBox2.Text);
      cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Lname", TextBox3.Text);
      cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@City", TextBox4.Text);
      cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Code", TextBox5.Text);
      cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
      Label1.Text = "record updated succesfully";
      conn.Close();
    }
    protected void Button2 Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
```

40

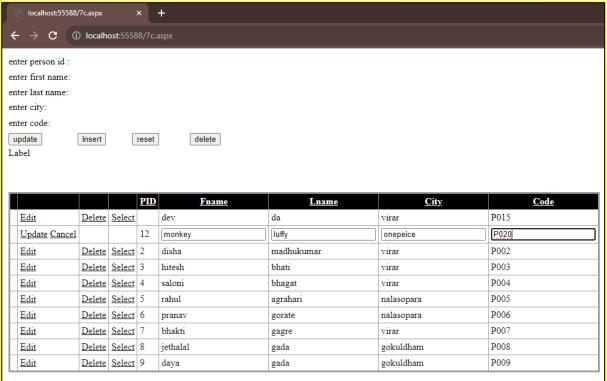
SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection("Data Source=.;Initial Catalog=tyit18;Integrated Security=True");

SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("insert into Person values(@PID,@Fname,@Lname,@City,@Code)",

```
cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@PID", TextBox1.Text);
  cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Fname", TextBox2.Text);
  cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Lname", TextBox3.Text);
  cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@City", TextBox4.Text);
  cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Code", TextBox5.Text);
  cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
  Label1.Text = "record inserted succesfully";
  conn.Close();
}
protected void Button3_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
 TextBox1.Text = " ";
 TextBox2.Text = " ";
 TextBox3.Text = " ":
 TextBox4.Text = " ";
 TextBox5.Text = " ";
}
protected void Button4_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
  SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection("Data Source=.;Initial Catalog=tyit18;Integrated Security=True");
  conn.Open();
  SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand("delete from Person where PID=@PID", conn);
  cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@PID", TextBox1.Text);
  cmd.ExecuteNonQuery();
  Label1.Text = "record deleted succesfully";
  conn.Close();
}
protected void GridView1_SelectedIndexChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
 TextBox1.Text = GridView1.SelectedRow.Cells[4].Text;
 TextBox2.Text = GridView1.SelectedRow.Cells[5].Text;
 TextBox3.Text = GridView1.SelectedRow.Cells[6].Text;
 TextBox4.Text = GridView1.SelectedRow.Cells[7].Text;
 TextBox5.Text = GridView1.SelectedRow.Cells[8].Text;
}
protected void SqlDataSource1_Selecting(object sender, SqlDataSourceSelectingEventArgs e)
{
}
```

}

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Practical No.: 13

Aim: Create a web application to demonstrate reading and writing operation with XML.

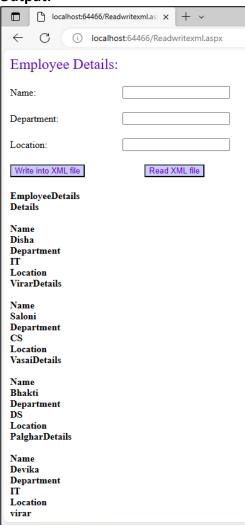
Code:

```
XMLFile.xml:
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<EmployeeDetails>
 <Details>
  <Name>Disha</Name>
  <Department>IT</Department>
  <Location>Virar</Location>
 </Details>
 <Details>
  <Name>Saloni</Name>
  <Department>CS</Department>
  <Location>Vasai</Location>
 </Details>
 <Details>
  <Name>Bhakti</Name>
  <Department>DS</Department>
  <Location>Palghar</Location>
 </Details>
 <Details>
  <Name>Devika</Name>
  <Department>IT</Department>
  <Location>virar</Location>
 </Details>
</EmployeeDetails>
readwritexml.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
using System.Xml;
using System.Text;
namespace xmlandajax
  public partial class Readwritexml : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
```

```
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```

```
protected void Button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
     XmlDocument xmlEmployeeDoc = new XmlDocument();
     xmlEmployeeDoc.Load(Server.MapPath("~/XMLFile.xml"));
     XmlElement ParentElement = xmlEmployeeDoc.CreateElement("Details");
      XmlElement Name = xmlEmployeeDoc.CreateElement("Name");
      Name.InnerText = TextBox1.Text;
     XmlElement Department = xmlEmployeeDoc.CreateElement("Department");
      Department.InnerText = TextBox2.Text;
     XmlElement Location = xmlEmployeeDoc.CreateElement("Location");
      Location.InnerText = TextBox3.Text;
      ParentElement.AppendChild(Name);
      ParentElement.AppendChild(Department);
      ParentElement.AppendChild(Location);
     xmlEmployeeDoc.DocumentElement.AppendChild(ParentElement);
     xmlEmployeeDoc.Save(Server.MapPath("~/XMLFile.xml"));
    }
    protected void Button2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      ReadXmlFile(Server.MapPath("XMLFile.xml"));
    }
    protected void ReadXmlFile(string xmlFile)
    {
      string parentElementName = "";
      string childElementName = "";
      string childElementValue = "";
      bool element = false;
      Label1.Text = "";
     XmlTextReader xmlreader = new XmlTextReader(xmlFile);
      while (xmlreader.Read())
        if(xmlreader.NodeType == XmlNodeType.Element)
        {
          if(element)
            parentElementName = parentElementName + childElementName + "<br/>br/>";
          element = true;
          childElementName = xmlreader.Name;
        }
        else if(xmlreader.NodeType == XmlNodeType.Text | xmlreader.NodeType == XmlNodeType.CDATA)
        { element = false;
          childElementValue = xmlreader.Value;
          Label1.Text = Label1.Text + "<b>" + parentElementName + "<br/>" + childElementName + "<b><br/>" +
childElementValue;
          parentElementName = "";
          childElementName = "";
        }
     }
      xmlreader.Close();
 }
```



Practical No.: 14

Aim: Create a web application to demonstrate use of various Ajax controls.

Code:

ajax.aspx.cs:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace xmlandajax
{
  public partial class Ajax : System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    }
    protected void Button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
      Label1.Text = System.DateTime.Now.ToString();
    }
  }
}
ajaxtimer.aspx.cs:
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace xmlandajax
{
  public partial class ajaxtimer: System.Web.UI.Page
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
    }
    protected void Timer1_Tick(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
```

