

Activity 7

OBJECTIVE

To verify the algebraic identity :

$$(a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2$$

METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION

1. Make a cube of side a units and one more cube of side b units ($b < a$), using acrylic sheet and cello-tape/adhesive [see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2].
2. Similarly, make three cuboids of dimensions $a \times a \times b$ and three cuboids of dimensions $a \times b \times b$ [see Fig. 3 and Fig. 4].

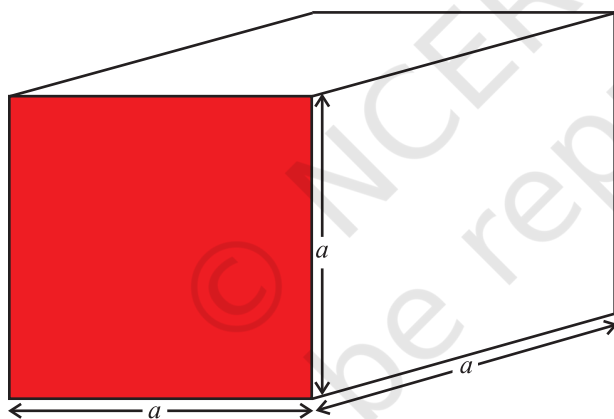


Fig. 1

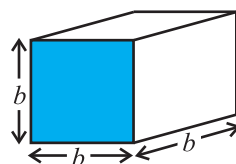


Fig. 2

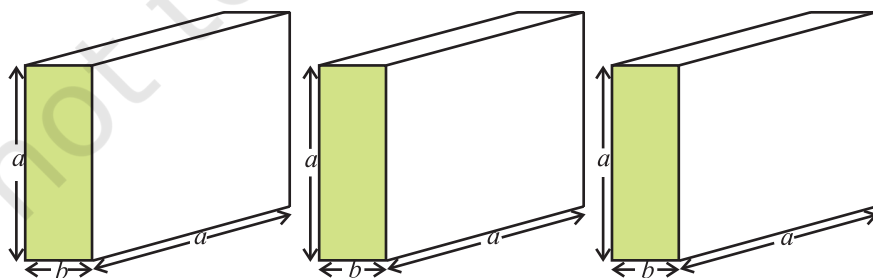


Fig. 3

MATERIAL REQUIRED

Acrylic sheet, coloured papers, glazed papers, saw, sketch pen, adhesive, Cello-tape.

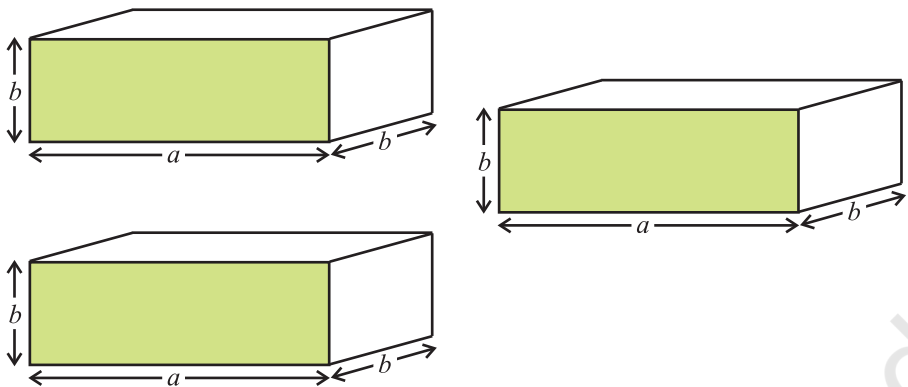


Fig. 4

3. Arrange the cubes and cuboids as shown in Fig. 5.

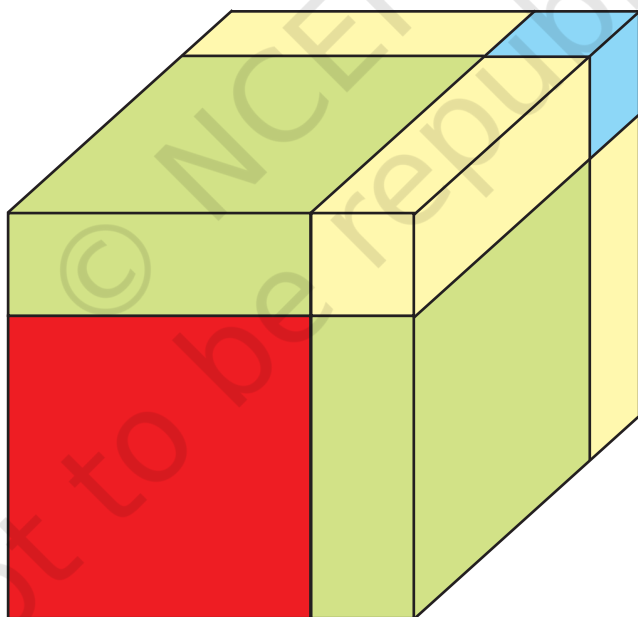


Fig. 5

DEMONSTRATION

Volume of the cube of side $a = a \times a \times a = a^3$, volume of the cube of side $b = b^3$

Volume of the cuboid of dimensions $a \times a \times b = a^2b$, volume of three such cuboids $= 3a^2b$

Volume of the cuboid of dimensions $a \times b \times b = ab^2$, volume of three such cuboids $= 3ab^2$

Solid figure obtained in Fig. 5 is a cube of side $(a + b)$

Its volume $= (a + b)^3$

Therefore, $(a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2$

Here, volume is in cubic units.

OBSERVATION

On actual measurement:

$a = \dots\dots\dots$, $b = \dots\dots\dots$, $a^3 = \dots\dots\dots$,

So, $a^3 = \dots\dots\dots$, $b^3 = \dots\dots\dots$, $a^2b = \dots\dots\dots$, $3a^2b = \dots\dots\dots$,

$ab^2 = \dots\dots\dots$, $3ab^2 = \dots\dots\dots$, $(a+b)^3 = \dots\dots\dots$,

Therefore, $(a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2$

APPLICATION

The identity may be used for

1. calculating cube of a number expressed as the sum of two convenient numbers
2. simplification and factorisation of algebraic expressions.