

**CSC - 503** 

## Report (Assignment - 1)

## Submitted by:

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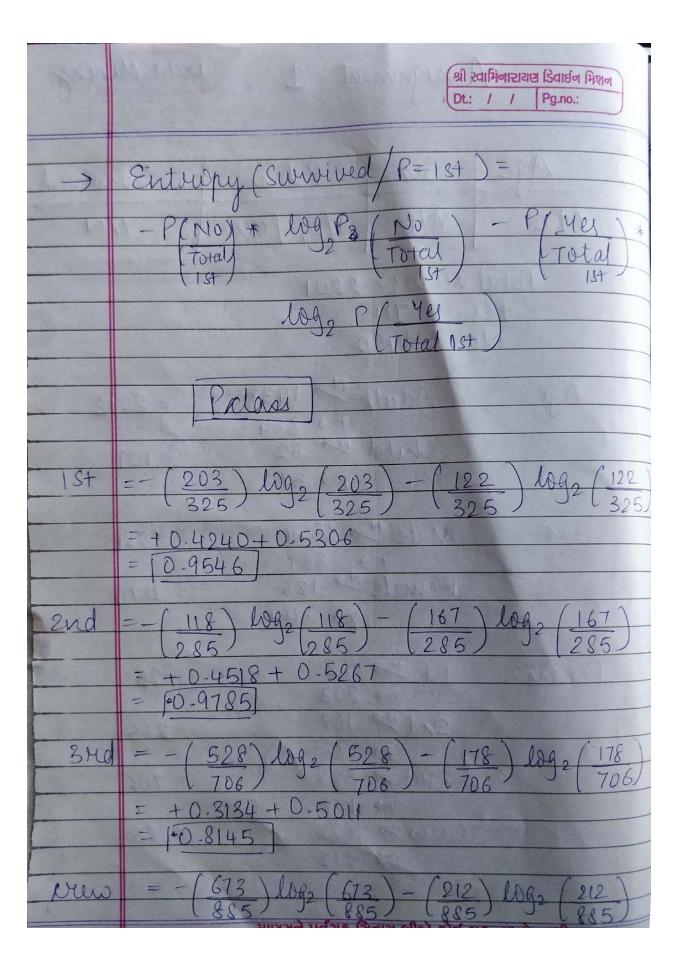
**Submitted To: Alex Thomo** 

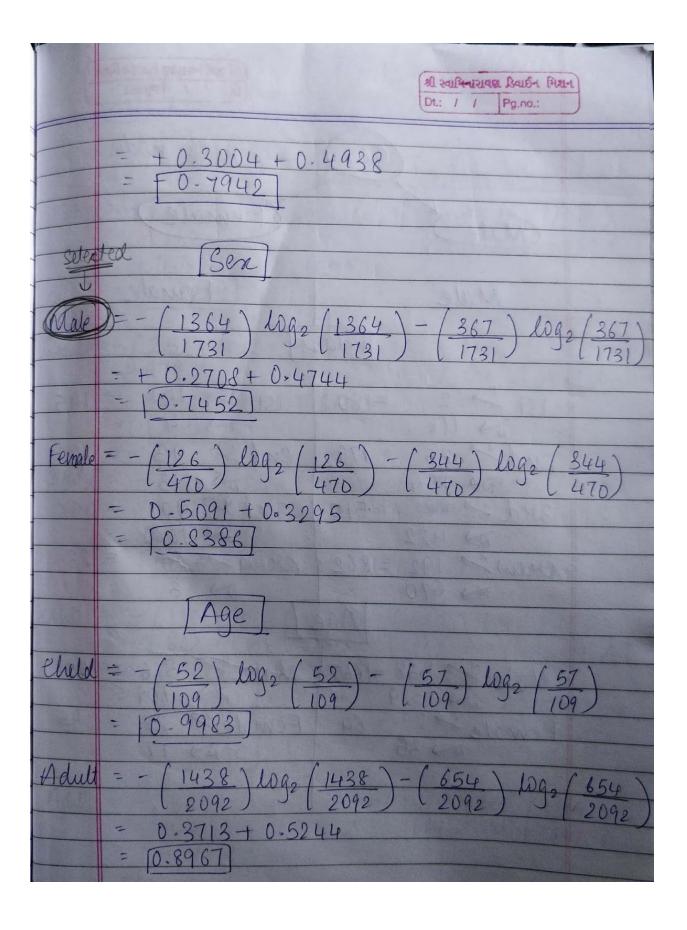
thomo@cs.uvic.ca

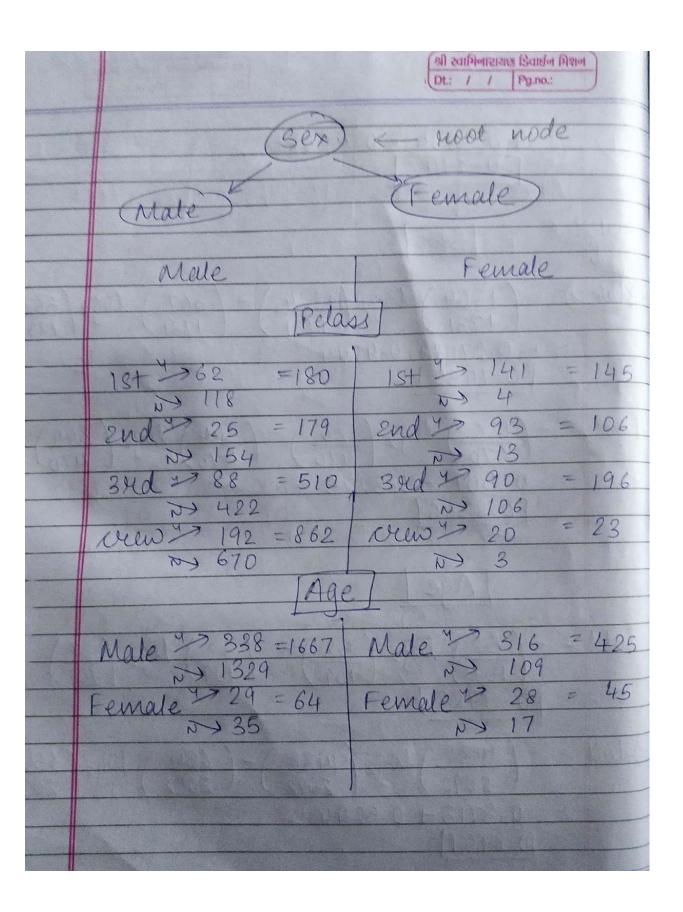
1) (4 points) Construct the root and the first level of a decision tree for the titanic dataset. Use the ID3 algorithm. Show the details of your construction (entropies calculated for each step). You can use a spreadsheet or SQL database to compute the counts.

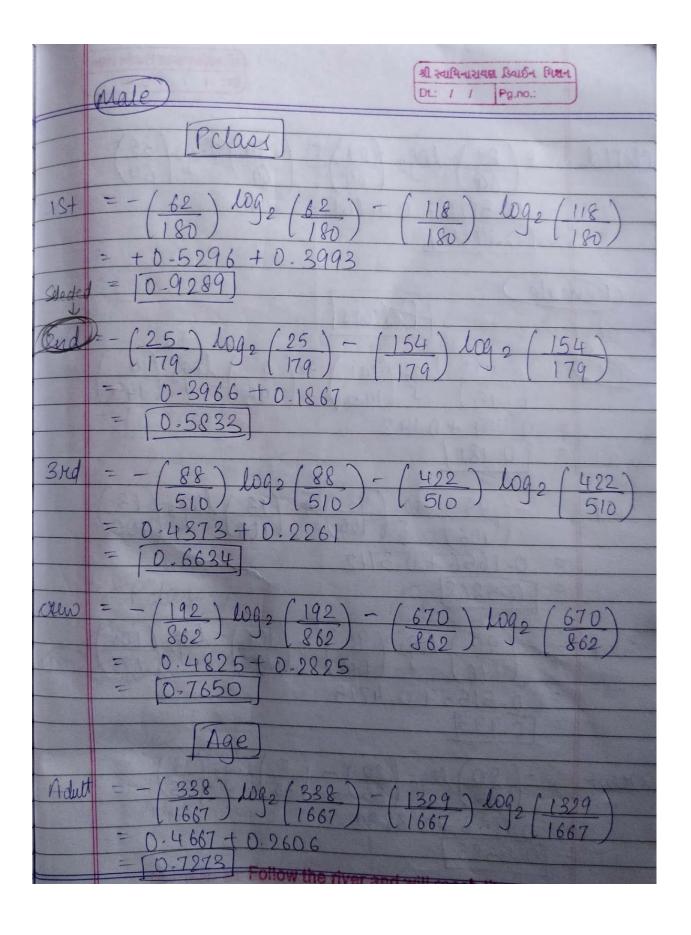
Then, check your solution with Weka and submit a text file of your classifier output window.

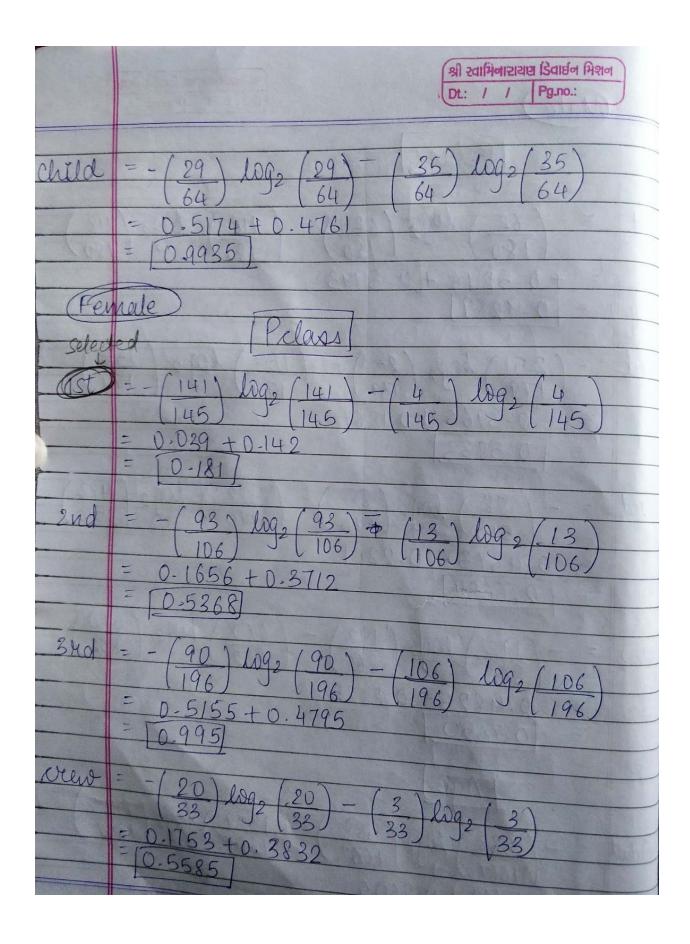
	A soignment - 1 Data Mining  St. 1 / Pg.no.:
7	Age Sex Polass Survived
	AC M/F 1/2/3/04m / 4/N
	Total 2004 = 2201 Yes = 711 No = 1490
	Age: Adult > 1438 = 2092
	$\frac{9}{654}$ $\frac{654}{52} = 109$ $\frac{9}{9} 57$
1 (3)	Sex: Male >> 1364 = 1731
	y> 367 Female > 126 = 470 >> 344
	Pclass: 1st >> 122 = 325 >> 203 2nd >> 167 = 285 >> 118 3 Hd >> 528 = 706
	3 Hd > 528 = 706 TO 178 Uew > 673 = 885
	Velw 5 673 - 2085 7 212

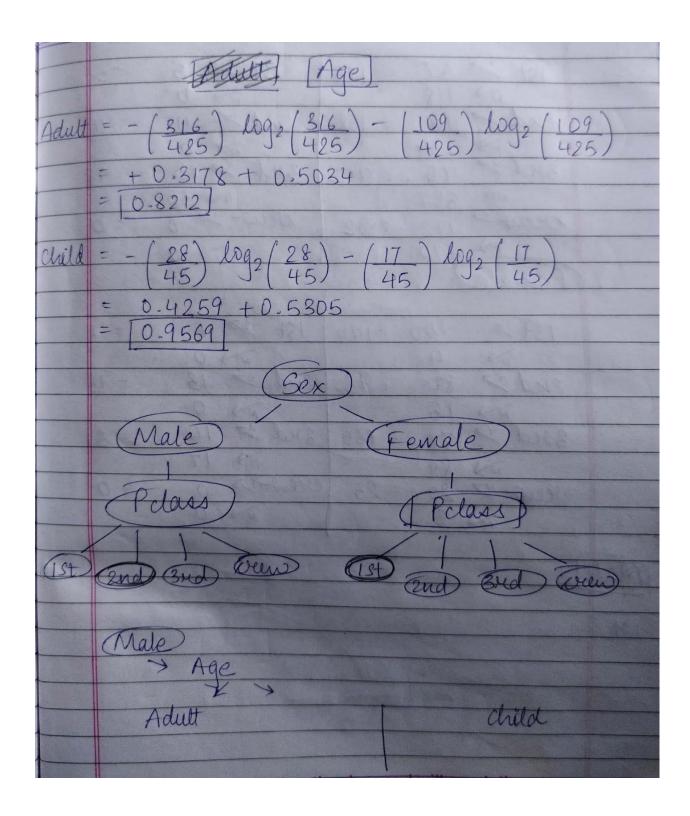












2) (4 points) Construct two rules using PRISM for the weather dataset. Show the details of your construction. Then, check your solution with Weka and submit a text file of your classifier output window.

Q2	De well make 2 rules using
	Yes No
	Rule(1): 92 Outlook = 3 uning -> Suring -> Suring
	play should - (4es)
	P(Sunny) = 2/5 P(Overcount) = 4/4 P(Hainy) = 3/5
	As overcast = 4/4 = 1 -3 which means regardless of Temperature Humidity & Windy autocourter Play as always Yes
	Hence; Outlook = Overcast) = (Play= 4es
	Rule (2): Mow, letts see the condition when Play: No always

	Dutlook	Temp	Hum	Windy	Play
	Surry	not	high	F	No No
	Harry	not cool mild	normal (high)	T	No No
	raing	mild	high	T	No
)	9 Outle	Ole = St (Storrain play	areal - No		dity=High)

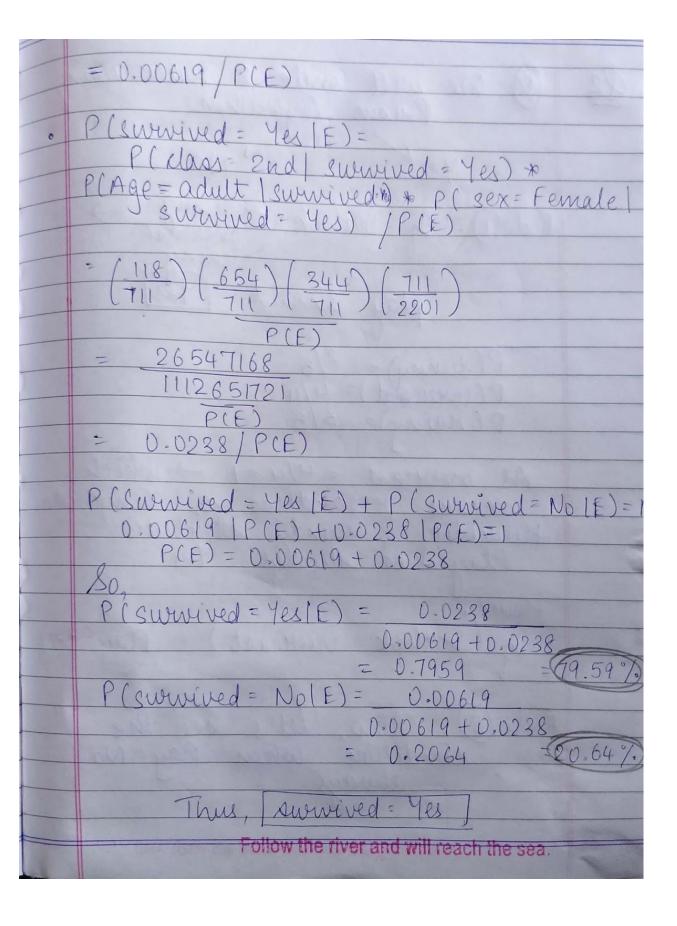
## 3)(4 points) Classify using Naïve Bayes method on the titanic dataset the data items: 2nd child male?

2nd adult female?

Then, check your solution with Weka (the dataset is included with Weka).

	થી સ્વાધિનારાયજ્ઞ ક્વિકાઈન વિશ્વન Dt.: / / Pg.no.:
N3	Dend   child male Survived
4	
	P(Swwived = No)(E) =
	P[Pclass = 2nd] survived = No) *
	P(Age = child   Swived = No) & P(8ex = Male   8wwwed = No) / P(F) =
	mule (swined = No) / PCE) =
	= $(52)$ $(167)$ $(1364)$ $(1490)$ $(1490)$ $(1490)$
	PLEV
	= 11844976
1	4886440100
	P(E) = 1) 00000 / 0000
	= 0.00242/PCE)
	P (Survived = Yes   E)=
	1 (Polasi = 2nd / Sugarinal - 400) wh
	The Aut - child   survivod & year - Dear
	male (survived = Yes) / PCE)
	$= \left(\frac{57}{711}\right)\left(\frac{118}{711}\right)\left(\frac{367}{147}\right)\left(\frac{147}{1490}\right)$
	P(F) 2201
	= 2468442
	1112651721
	PCE) = 0.00221 /PCE)
	= 0.00221/PCF)

श्री स्वामिनारायख डिवार्डन मिशन Dt.: / / Pg.no.:
P(Survived= Yes   F) + P(survived=No)
0-00221/PCE)+ 0-00242/PCE)=1 PCE)= 0-00221+0.00242
So, all homes and have a second and the second and
P(Swwived = Yes E)= 0-00221 (0-0022++0.00242)
P (Survived = NO  E) = 0.00242
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Thus, [ Swrived = No]
2) end adult Female ?
P (Survived = No   E)=
P(Pelass: 2nd) survived = NO) * P(Age = Adutt   swwived = NO) * P(Sex= female   Survived = NO) / P(F)
$=\frac{2(167)(1438)(126)(1490)}{(1490)(1490)(1490)(1490)}$
P(E) = 30258396 4886440100 PCE)



4.1. Run your classifier by training on traindata.txt and trainlabels.txt then testing on traindata.txt and trainlabels.txt. Report the accuracy in results.txt (along with a comment saying what files you used for the training and testing data). In this situation, you are training and testing on the same data. This is a sanity check: your accuracy should be very high i.e. > 90%

(.py and .jpynb code are in separate file which is attached along with results.txt )

```
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
RESTART: C:\Users\Sannath\OneDrive\Documents\Visual Studio 2015\Desktop\python\Programs\Complete code.py
count of accurate labels for traindata.txt: 311
count of inaccurate labels for traindata.txt: 11
Accuracy %: 96.58385093167702
>>> |
```

4.2. Run your classifier by training on traindata.txt and trainlabels.txt then testing on testdata.txt and testlabels.txt. Report the accuracy in results.txt (along with a comment saying what files you used for the training and testing data). We will not be letting you know beforehand what your performance on the test set should be.

(determined test labels of testdata.txt are saved into the file - 'd\_test\_labels.txt'.)