## **ACTIVITY ANSWER SHEET**

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Section:	BSIT – 3R1

#### Instructions:

- 1. Push your output on your GITHUB repository.
- 2. Use the answer sheet provided save it as PDF file then push it to your GitHub.
- 3. Answer the ff. problems write it on the answer sheet.
- 4. Late submissions will no longer be accepted.
- 5. Caught copying outputs of others will be given sanctions.6. Failure to follow these instructions will be given sanctions.

Activity 1: Control Structures

1. Write down the syntax in PHP for the ff.

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1. if	<pre>if (condition) {     code to be executed if condition is true; }</pre>				
2. ifelse	<pre>if (condition) {     code to be executed if condition is true; } else {     code to be executed if condition is false; }</pre>				
3. ifelse ifelse	<pre>if (condition) {     code to be executed if this condition is true; } elseif (condition) {     code to be executed if first condition is false and this condition is true; } else {     code to be executed if all conditions are false; }</pre>				
4. switchcase	<pre>switch (n) {     case label1:         code to be executed if n=label1;         break;     case label2:         code to be executed if n=label2;         break;     case label3:         code to be executed if n=label3;         break;      default:         code to be executed if n is different from all labels; }</pre>				
5. for loop	<pre>for (init counter; test counter; increment counter) {     code to be executed for each iteration; }</pre>				

```
do {
                           code to be executed;
6. do while loop
                      } while (condition is true);
                      while (condition is true) {
                           code to be executed;
7. while loop
                      }
                      foreach ($array as $value) {
                         code to be executed;
8. foreach loop
                      for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
                         if (i === 3) { break; }
9. break statement
                         text += "The number is " + i + "<br>";
                      for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
                         if (i === 3) { continue; }
10. continue statement
                        text += "The number is " + i + "<br>";
                      }
                      try {
                        // run your code here
11. try...catch
                      catch (exception $e) {
                        //code to handle the exception
```

#### 2. Solve the ff. problem using PHP.

a. Write a program that checks if value is a number (integer).

Sample input: '1'

Expected output: Not a number

Expected output: A number

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<body>
  <form action="sample.php" method="get">
  Input here: <input type="text" name="value">
  <input type="submit">
  </form>
</body>
</html>
<?php
  $Value = ($_GET['value']);
  if(is_numeric($Value))
  echo "A number";
  else
  echo "Not a number";
  }
```

b. Write a program that checks if a value is positive or negative and odd or even.

Sample input: 0 Sample input: -1

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<body>
  <form action="sample.php" method="get">
  Input here: <input type="text" name="value">
  <input type="submit">
  </form>
</body>
</html>
<?php
$Value = ($_GET['value']);
if(is_numeric($Value))
  if($Value%2 && $Value<0){
    echo "Negative & Odd";
  }elseif($Value%2 && $Value>0){
    echo "Positive & Odd";
  }elseif($Value<0){
     echo "Negative & Even";
     echo "Positive & Even";
else
echo "Not a number";
}
```

c. Write a program that checks if a value is palindrome.

Sample input: Anna Sample input: Bogart

Expected output: Palindrome Expected output: Not a Palindrome

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<body>
  <form action="sample.php" method="get">
  Input here: <input type="text" name="value">
  <input type="submit">
  </form>
</body>
</html>
<?php
$Value = ($_GET['value']);
$val = strrev($Value);
if($Value==$val){
  echo "Palindrome";
}else{
  echo "Not a Palindrome";
}
?>
```

d. Write a program to calculate and print the factorial of a number using a for loop.

Sample input: 4 Expected output: 24

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<body>
  <form action="sample.php" method="get">
  Input here: <input type="text" name="value">
  <input type="submit">
  </form>
</body>
</html>
<?php
$Value = ($_GET['value']);
Factorial = 1;
for($i=1;$i<=$Value-1;$i++){
  $Factorial*=($i+1);
echo "$Factorial";
?>
```

e. Write a PHP program to generate and display the first n lines of a Floyd triangle.

```
Sample input: 3
Sample output:
1
23
456
```

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<body>
   <form action="sample.php" method="get">
  Input here: <input type="text" name="value">
  <input type="submit">
  </form>
</body>
</html>
<?php
$Value = ($_GET['value']);
v = Value;
count = 1;
for($i=$v; $i>0; $i--){
  for($j=$i; $j<$v+1;$j++){
printf("%4s",$count);
     $count++;
  echo "<br>";
}
```

# Activity 2: PHP Built-in Functions

Write down the functionalities of the ff. built-in functions in PHP.

	array() - Creates an array.
	array_change_key_case() - Changes all keys in an array to
	lowercase or uppercase.
Array	<pre>array_chunk() - Splits an array into chunks of arrays.</pre>
	<pre>array_column() - Returns the values from a single column in the</pre>
	input array.
	<pre>array_column() - Returns the values from a single column in the</pre>
	input array.
	cal_days_in_month() - Returns the number of days in a month for
	a specified year and calendar.
	cal_from_jd() - Converts a Julian Day Count into a date of a
Calandar	specified calendar.
Calendar	cal_info() - Returns information about a specified calendar.
	cal_to_jd() - Converts a date in a specified calendar to Julian Day
	Count.
	easter_days() - Returns the number of days after March 21, that
	the Easter Day is in a specified year.
	checkdate() - Validates a Gregorian date.
	date_add() - Adds days, months, years, hours, minutes, and
Doto	seconds to a date.
Date	date_create_from_format() - Returns a new DateTime object
	formatted according to a specified format.
	date_create() - Returns a new DateTime object.
	date_date_set() - Sets a new date.
	chdir() - Changes the current directory.
Director:	<pre>chroot() - Changes the root directory.</pre>
Directory	closedir() - Closes a directory handle.
	dir() - Returns an instance of the Directory class.
	<pre>getcwd() - Returns the current working directory.</pre>
	debug_backtrace() - Generates a backtrace.
	debug_print_backtrace() - Prints a backtrace.
Error	error_clear_last() - Clears the last error.
	<pre>error_get_last() - Returns the last error that occurred.</pre>
	error_log() - Sends an error message to a log, to a file, or to a
	mail account.
	basename() - Returns the filename component of a path.
File System	chgrp() - Changes the file group.
File System	chmod() - Changes the file mode.
	chown() - Changes the file owner.
	clearstatcache() - Clears the file status cache.
	filter_has_var() - Checks whether a variable of a specified input
	type exist.
	filter_id() - Returns the filter ID of a specified filter name.
Filter	filter_input() - Gets an external variable (e.g. from form input) and
	optionally filters it.
	filter_input_array() - Gets external variables (e.g. from form input)
	and optionally filters them.
	filter_list() - Returns a list of all supported filter names.
	ftp_alloc() - Allocates space for a file to be uploaded to the FTP
	server.
FTP	ftp_cdup() - Changes to the parent directory on the FTP server.
	ftp_chdir() - Changes the current directory on the FTP server.
	ftp_chmod() - Sets permissions on a file via FTP.
	ftp_close() - Closes an FTP connection.
1	libxml_clear_errors() - Clears the libxml error buffer.
l Libxml	Phone Dischie and the form to A - Forther 0 - 1990 (C. 1)
Libxml	libxml_disable_entity_loader() - Enables the ability to load external entities.

	libxml_get_errors() - Gets the errors from the libxml error buffer.
	libxml_get_last_error() - Gets the last error from the libxml error buffer.
	libxml_set_external_entity_loader() - Changes the default external entity loader.
Mail	ezmlm_hash() - Calculates the hash value needed by EZMLM. mail() - Allows you to send emails directly from a script.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Math	<ul> <li>abs() - Returns the absolute (positive) value of a number.</li> <li>acos() - Returns the arc cosine of a number.</li> <li>acosh() - Returns the inverse hyperbolic cosine of a number.</li> <li>asin() - Returns the arc sine of a number.</li> </ul>
	asinh() - Returns the inverse hyperbolic sine of a number.
	connection_aborted() - Checks whether the client has
	disconnected.
Misc	connection_status() - Returns the current connection status.
IVIISC	connection_timeout() - Deprecated from PHP 4.0.5. Checks
	whether the script has timed out.
	constant() - Returns the value of a constant.
	define() - Defines a constant.
	affected_rows() - Returns the number of affected rows in the
	previous MySQL operation. autocommit() - Turns on or off auto-committing database
	modifications.
MySQLi	begin_transaction() - Starts a transaction.
	change_user() - Changes the user of the specified database
	connection.
	character_set_name() - Returns the default character set for the
	database connection.
	checkdnsrr() - Checks DNS records for type corresponding to
	host.
	closelog() - Closes the connection of system logger.
Network	dns_check_record() - Alias of checkdnsrr().
	dns_get_mx() - Alias of getmxrr().
	dns_get_record() - Gets the DNS resource records associated
	with the specified hostname.
	construct() - Creates a new SimpleXMLElement object.
SimpleXML	toString() - Returns the string content of an element.
SIMPIEVIVIE	addAttribute() - Appends an attribute to the SimpleXML element.
	addChild() - Appends a child element the SimpleXML element.
_	attributes() - Returns the attributes/values of an element.
	stream_copy_to_stream() - Copies data from one stream to
0.	another.
Stream	stream_filter_append() - Appends a filter to a stream.
	stream_filter_prepend() stream_filter_register()
	stream_filter_remove()
	addcslashes() - Returns a string with backslashes in front of the
	specified characters.
	addslashes() - Returns a string with backslashes in front of
	predefined characters.
String	bin2hex() - Converts a string of ASCII characters to hexadecimal
	values.
	chop() - Removes whitespace or other characters from the right
	end of a string.
	chr() - Returns a character from a specified ASCII value.
	V
	utf8_decode() - Decodes an UTF-8 string to ISO-8859-1.
VMI Davisari	utf8_decode() - Decodes an UTF-8 string to ISO-8859-1. utf8_encode() - Encodes an ISO-8859-1 string to UTF-8.
XML Parser	utf8_decode() - Decodes an UTF-8 string to ISO-8859-1. utf8_encode() - Encodes an ISO-8859-1 string to UTF-8. xml_error_string() - Returns an error string from the XML parser.
XML Parser	utf8_decode() - Decodes an UTF-8 string to ISO-8859-1. utf8_encode() - Encodes an ISO-8859-1 string to UTF-8.

	xml_get_current_column_number() - Returns the current column number from the XML parser.
Zip	zip_close() - Closes a ZIP file archive. zip_entry_close() - Closes a ZIP directory entry. zip_entry_compressedsize() - Returns the compressed file size of a ZIP directory entry. zip_entry_compressionmethod() - Returns the compression method of a ZIP directory entry. zip_entry_filesize() - Returns the actual file size of a ZIP directory entry.
Timezones	Below is a complete list of the timezones supported by PHP, which are useful with several PHP date functions.  Africa America Antarctica Arctic Asia Atlantic Australia Europe Indian Pacific

#### **Activity 3: Regular Expression**

1. Define Regular Expression (RegEx) and provide example programming scenario where you can use (RegEx). Provide example syntax in PHP.

Regular expressions commonly known as a regex (regexes) are a sequence of characters describing a special search pattern in the form of text string. They are basically used in programming world algorithms for matching some loosely defined patterns to achieve some relevant tasks. Sometimes regexes are understood as a mini programming language with a pattern notation which allows the users to parse text strings. The exact sequence of characters are unpredictable beforehand, so the regex helps in fetching the required strings based on a pattern definition.

As an example, you're given the task to check whether an e-mail has the correct form. Using a few commands, these problems can be solved thanks to regular expressions.

- 2. Solve the ff. problem using Regular Expressions.
  - a. Write a PHP script that checks if a string contains another string Sample String: 'The quick brown fox'

Test input: 'Fox'

Expected output: Fox is found the string

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<body>
  <form action="sample.php" method="get">
  Input here: <input type="text" name="value">
  <input type="submit">
  </form>
</body>
</html>
<?php
$Value = ($ GET['value']);
$pattern = "/[^\w]$Value/";
if (preg_match($pattern, 'The quick brown fox')){
echo "$Value is found in the string";
}else{
echo "$Value is not found in the string";
```

b. Write a PHP script that removes the last word from a string.

Sample String: 'The quick brown fox' Expected output: 'The quick brown'

```
<?php
$string = 'The quick brown fox';
echo preg_replace('/\W\w+\s*(\W*)$/', '$1', $string);
?>
```

c. Write a PHP script to remove nonnumeric characters except comma and dot.

Sample String: '/\$123,34.00A#' Expected output: 123,34.00

```
<?php

$value = "/$123,34.00A#";

echo preg_replace("/[^0-9,.]/", "", $value);

?>
```

d. Write a PHP script to extract text (within parenthesis) from a string. Sample String: 'The quick brown [fox].'

Expected output: Fox

```
<?php
$string= 'The quick brown [fox].';
preg_match('#\[(.*?)\]#', $string, $match);
print $match[1];
?>
```

e. Write a PHP script to remove all characters from a string except a-z A-Z 0-9 or " ". Sample String: 'abcde\$ddfd @abcd )der]' Expected output: abcdeddfd abcd der

```
<?php
$string = 'abcde$ddfd @abcd )der]';
$newstr = preg_replace("/[^A-Za-z0-9 ]/", ", $string);
echo "$newstr";
?>
```

### **Activity 4: Error Handling**

- 1. List down the different PHP errors. Provide example code on how to handle these errors.
  - If the file does not exist.

Warning: fopen(mytestfile.txt): failed to open stream: No such file or directory in /wwwDeDKHB on line 6

Example code for handling:

```
<?php
if(file_exists("mytestfile.txt")) {
    $file = fopen("mytestfile.txt", "r");
} else {
    die("Error: The file does not exist.");
}
?>
```

Output:

Error: The file does not exist.

A variable that does not exist.

Example code for handling:

```
<?php
//error handler function
function customError($errno, $errstr) {
   echo "<b>Error:</b> [$errno] $errstr";
}

//set error handler
set_error_handler("customError");

//trigger error
echo($test);
?>
```

Output:

Error: [8] Undefined variable: test

• If a variable is bigger than the limit number (Example. "1")..

Example code for handling:

```
<?php

$test=2;

if ($test>=1) {

trigger_error("Value must be 1 or below");

}

?>
```

Output:

Notice: Value must be 1 or below in C:\xampp\htdocs\PHP\sample.php on line 4