

4-bit CPU Design Project Specifications

Objective:

Your task is to design and implement a **4-bit CPU** in SystemVerilog, along with a small memory module, that executes a set of instructions inspired by the **RISC-V ISA**. You will be responsible for designing both the **data path** and the **control unit**, as well as creating a memory system where instructions and data can be stored, read, and written. The project will involve verifying your design using a SystemVerilog testbench.

Requirements:

1. **Instruction Set Architecture (ISA):** You will implement a simple **4-bit instruction set**, which includes basic arithmetic, logical, and control operations. These instructions will be executed by your CPU. Here is the instruction set you need to implement:

Mnemonic	Description	Opcode
ADD	Add two registers	0000
SUB	Subtract two registers	0001
AND	Bitwise AND	0010
OR	Bitwise OR	0011
XOR	Bitwise XOR	0100
LD	Load from memory into register	0101
ST	Store from register to memory	0110
JMP	Jump to address	0111
BEQ	Branch if equal	1000
BNE	Branch if not equal	1001

2.

Instruction Format:

- Instructions are **8 bits** wide.
- The format for instructions is: **4-bit Opcode**, **2-bit Source Register**, **2-bit Destination Register** or **Immediate Value**.

Components to Design:

1. **Data Path:** You will design a data path that includes:
 - **Register File:** 4 general-purpose registers, each 4 bits wide.
 - **ALU:** An Arithmetic Logic Unit that performs operations like **ADD**, **SUB**, **AND**, **OR**, **XOR**, etc.
 - **Memory:** A 16x4-bit memory where both instructions and data will be stored.
 - **Program Counter (PC):** A register that holds the address of the current instruction being executed.
2. **Control Unit:**
 - The control unit will decode the opcode of each instruction and generate the necessary control signals to drive the data path.
 - You are required to implement a **Finite State Machine (FSM)** in the control unit to manage the various stages of instruction execution:
 - **Instruction Fetch (IF):** Fetch instruction from memory.
 - **Instruction Decode (ID):** Decode the instruction.
 - **Execution (EX):** Execute the ALU operation or control logic.
 - **Memory Access (MEM):** Read from or write to memory (for **LD** and **ST** instructions).
 - **Write Back (WB):** Write results back to registers.
3. **Memory Module:**
 - You will create a memory module that stores both instructions and data. This memory will support both **read** and **write** operations.
 - The memory will be organized as **16 locations**, each holding **4 bits**.
 - You must ensure that **write operations (e.g., ST)** do not overwrite instructions in memory by either:
 - Using separate instruction and data memory, or
 - Protecting the instruction region of memory.

Implementation Tasks:

1. **Design the CPU Architecture:**
 - Implement the **ALU** to handle operations like **ADD**, **SUB**, **AND**, **OR**, etc.
 - Design the **Register File** to store intermediate results.
 - Implement a **Memory Unit** that allows loading and storing values.
 - Use a **Program Counter (PC)** to manage instruction sequencing.
2. **Control Unit with FSM:**
 - The control unit must be designed using a **Finite State Machine (FSM)** to handle the stages of instruction execution (IF, ID, EX, MEM, WB).

- The FSM will generate control signals that drive the behavior of the data path, such as when to read/write from memory, update the program counter, etc.
 - 3. **Memory Access:**
 - Implement **load (LD)** and **store (ST)** operations where:
 - The **LD** instruction loads a value from memory into a register.
 - The **ST** instruction writes a register value back to memory.
 - Make sure that the **memory is protected from overwriting instructions** when performing **ST** operations.
 - 4. **Testbench:**
 - You will write a **SystemVerilog testbench** to verify the correct functionality of your CPU.
 - The testbench should load a series of instructions into memory and observe the behavior of your CPU as it executes them.
 - Automate the testing by comparing expected results with actual results from the CPU during simulation.
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Deliverables:

1. **SystemVerilog Code:**
 - Complete SystemVerilog code for the **4-bit CPU**, including the data path, control unit, and memory module.
 - Each group is expected to have well-commented and organized code. All members must fully understand the code and be able to explain its functionality.
2. **SystemVerilog Testbench:**
 - A comprehensive testbench to verify your CPU design.
 - The testbench should test a variety of instructions and corner cases to ensure your CPU works correctly under all scenarios.
 - Automation of verification with expected vs actual results comparison is encouraged.
3. **Presentation:**
 - A **10-minute presentation** showcasing your CPU design, its architecture, and the working of your code.
 - The presentation should demonstrate **teamwork**, with each team member presenting a portion of the project.
 - **All group members must have a full understanding of the entire project** and be ready to answer questions about any part of the design.
 - Presentations will take place on **November 26, 2024**.
4. **Weekly Status Reports:**
 - A **group weekly status report** must be submitted by a different team member each week to **Rashid (rashid.iqbal@chipxprt.com)**.
 - The report should detail the team's progress, any challenges faced, and the plan for the upcoming week.

- The final weekly report must be submitted by **November 16, 2024**.
5. **Team Collaboration:**
- Teams are expected to meet on their own schedule to complete the project.
 - Any questions or issues should be posted in the **LinkedIn group**, where the team and Rashid will collaborate to find solutions. This ensures that questions are shared and everyone benefits from the answers.
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Deadlines:

- **Final Report Submission: November 16, 2024**
- **Final Presentation: November 26, 2024** (We all meet together for an hour to go over the presentations)