

How to integrate Aws CloudFront and S3

Create an S3 Bucket

1. **Login to AWS Management Console.**
2. Navigate to the **S3** service.
3. Click **Create Bucket**:
 - Enter a **Bucket Name** (must be globally unique).
 - Choose a **Region** close to your user base or where your content is hosted.
 - Keep default settings unless specific configurations are required.
4. Click **Create Bucket**.

The screenshot shows the AWS S3 Buckets page. A green success message at the top states: "Successfully created bucket 'shakilatest2025'. To upload files and folders, or to configure additional bucket settings, choose View details." Below this, an account snapshot is displayed, showing "updated every 24 hours". A storage lens link is provided for visibility into usage and activity trends. The "General purpose buckets" tab is selected, showing one bucket named "shakilatest2025". The bucket details include its creation date as January 3, 2025, at 14:08:15 UTC+02:00. Action buttons for Copy ARN, Empty, Delete, and Create bucket are visible.

Upload Content to the S3 Bucket

1. Open the S3 bucket you just created.
2. Click **Upload** and add files you want to distribute.
3. Set permissions and review upload settings as needed.
4. Click **Upload** to store the files.

The screenshot shows the AWS S3 Upload page for the "shakilatest2025" bucket. It displays a file named "DSC00941.JPG" with a size of 7.2 MB. The destination is set to "s3://shakilatest2025". A note at the bottom indicates that destination settings impact new objects stored in the specified destination.

The screenshot shows the AWS S3 console interface. At the top, there's a green success message: "Upload succeeded" with a link to "For more information, see the Files and folders table." Below it, a "Upload: status" section indicates "Succeeded" with "1 file, 7.2 MB (100.00%)" and "Failed" with "0 files, 0 B (0%)". A note says "After you navigate away from this page, the following information is no longer available." The "Files and folders" tab is selected, showing a table with one item: "DS00541.JPG" (image/jpeg, 7.2 MB, Status: Succeeded). The table has columns for Name, Folder, Type, Size, Status, and Error.

Create a CloudFront Distribution

1. Navigate to the **CloudFront** service in the AWS Management Console.
2. Click **Create Distribution**.
3. Choose **Web** distribution.
4. Configure the following settings:
 - **Origin Domain Name:** Select the S3 bucket from the dropdown or manually enter the bucket's URL
 - **Viewer Protocol Policy:** Choose between Redirect HTTP to HTTPS or HTTPS Only.
 - **Cache Behavior Settings:** Set your desired caching policies
 - **Default Root Object:** Set this if users will access a specific file by default (e.g., index.html).

The screenshot shows the AWS CloudFront Security Dashboard. It features a blue header bar with the title "Introducing the CloudFront Security Dashboard" and a note about visibility into security trends. Below it, a green bar says "Successfully created new distribution." with a link to "create an Internet Monitor". A yellow warning bar at the bottom left says "The S3 bucket policy needs to be updated" with a link to "Go to S3 bucket permissions to update policy". The main area displays a distribution named "E1PKY18OO170DS" with tabs for General, Security, Origins, Behaviors, Error pages, Invalidations, Tags, and Logging. The General tab is selected. Under "Details", it shows the distribution domain name as "d6qxqpi2cr1c.cloudfront.net" and the ARN as "arn:aws:cloudfront::339712819582:distribution/E1PKY18OO170DS". The "Last modified" status is "Deploying". A "View metrics" button is visible at the top right of the main content area.

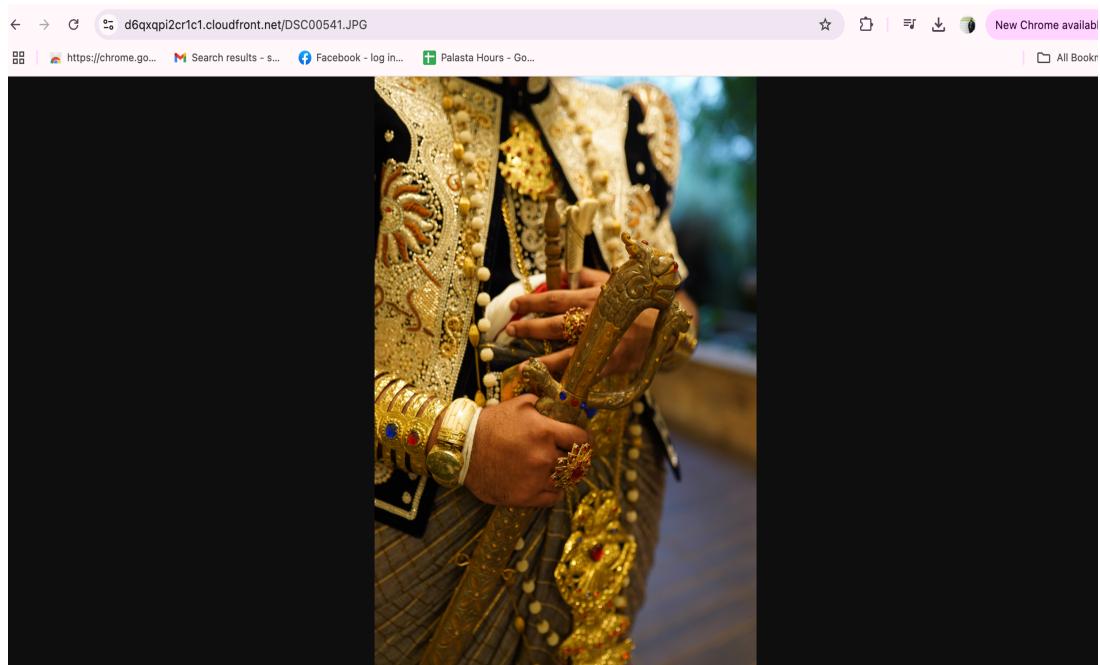
The screenshot shows the 'Origins' section of the CloudFront distribution configuration. It lists one origin named 'shakilatest2025.s3.eu-north-1' with the origin type set to 'S3'. The 'Origin access' field contains the ID 'E13W1KLXH5050D'. There are buttons for 'Edit', 'Delete', and 'Create origin'. Below the origins table, there is a section for 'Origin groups' which currently displays a message stating 'No origin groups'.

Set Permissions on the S3 Bucket

1. Navigate to the **Permissions** tab of your S3 bucket.
2. Configure **Bucket Policy** (if required for public access):
 - o Click **Edit Bucket Policy**.
 - o Use a JSON policy like the following to allow CloudFront to access the files

```
{
  "Version": "2008-10-17",
  "Id": "PolicyForCloudFrontPrivateContent",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Sid": "AllowCloudFrontServicePrincipal",
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Principal": {
        "Service": "cloudfront.amazonaws.com"
      },
      "Action": "s3:GetObject",
      "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::shakilatest2025/*",
      "Condition": {
        "StringEquals": {
          "AWS:SourceArn": "arn:aws:cloudfront::339712819582:distribution/E1PKY18OO170DS"
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

Click **Create Distribution**.



Amazon S3 and CloudFront: An Overview

Amazon Simple Storage Service (**S3**) is a scalable, high-performance object storage service designed to store and retrieve large amounts of data, such as files, images, videos, and backups. It's a foundational service in AWS, offering durability and availability while being cost-effective. S3 organizes data into **buckets**, and each object in the bucket can be accessed via a unique key. It is highly versatile, with built-in features like versioning, encryption, lifecycle management, and flexible permissions to support a variety of use cases, including web hosting, data lakes, and backups.

Amazon CloudFront is a **Content Delivery Network (CDN)** that accelerates the delivery of your content globally. By caching data in edge locations distributed worldwide, CloudFront reduces latency and improves the experience for users by serving content from a location closer to them. It integrates seamlessly with S3, allowing you to distribute your S3-hosted content efficiently. CloudFront also supports dynamic content delivery and provides robust security features, such as AWS Shield for DDoS protection, SSL/TLS encryption, and fine-grained access control.

When combined, S3 and CloudFront create a powerful duo for content delivery. S3 serves as a central repository for storing original files, while CloudFront handles the distribution and caching of these files, ensuring they are served quickly and reliably to end users. This integration boosts performance and helps reduce costs by minimizing S3 data transfer usage. Additionally, CloudFront's edge caching capabilities reduce the load on your S3 bucket, further enhancing the scalability and reliability of your solution.

In summary, S3 and CloudFront together enable a highly efficient, scalable, and secure content distribution system suitable for modern web and application workloads. This combination is ideal for use cases ranging from website hosting to streaming media to delivering software updates globally.