

Sql queries: [lab5]

- [Referred tables: 'products', 'manufacturer']
- i. Select the names of all the products in the store.
  - ii. Select the names and the prices of all the products in the store.
  - iii. Select the name of the products with a price less than or equal to \$200.
  - iv. Select all the products with a price between \$60 and \$120.
  - v. Select the name and price in cents (i.e., the price must be multiplied by 100).
  - vi. Compute the average price of all the products.
  - vii. Try the above task without using avg () function. [Use any other aggregate function!]
  - viii. Compute the average price of all products with manufacturer code equal to 2
  - ix. Compute the number of products with a price larger than or equal to \$180.
  - x. Select the name and price of all products with a price larger than or equal to \$180.
  - xi. Select the name and price of all products with a price larger than or equal to \$180, and sort first by price (in descending order).
  - xii. Select the name and price of all products with a price larger than or equal to \$180, and sort first by price (in descending order), and then by name (in ascending order).
  - xiii. [Did u notice the difference in the output of X, XI, XII? Did u understand why it happened?]
  - xiv. Select the name and price of the cheapest product. [Hint: read the max() and min() function handbook]
  - xv. Select the product name, price, and manufacturer name of all the products. [Hint: use joining concepts]
  - xvi. Select the average price of each manufacturer's products, showing only the manufacturer's code.
  - xvii. Select the average price of each manufacturer's products, showing the manufacturer's name. [Hint: joining and group by]
  - xviii. Select the names of manufacturer whose products have an average price larger than or equal to \$150
  - xix. Select the name of each manufacturer along with the name and price of its most expensive product.
  - xx. Select the name of each manufacturer along with the name and price of its most expensive product. Then order it by the maximum price of each category
  - xxi. Add a new product: Loudspeakers, \$70, manufacturer 2.
  - xxii. Update the name of product 8 to "Laser Printer".
  - xxiii. What will be the price if we apply a 10% discount to all products. [show it using modification in the select query]
  - xxiv. Use 'update' statement to modify the price of all product with 10% discount!
  - xxv. Apply a 10% discount to all products with a price larger than or equal to \$120.