PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The project is about finding out valuable insights that can help stakeholders make informed decisions. We analyze this data on the following points:

- a. Movie Genre Analysis
- **b.** Movie Duration Analysis
- c. Language Analysis
- **d.** Director Analysis
- e. Budget Analysis

Tech-stack used:

Microsoft excel 2021

Movie Genre Analysis: To Analyze the distribution of movie genres and their impact on the IMDB score.

Task A: Determine the most common genres of movies in the dataset. Then, for each genre, calculate descriptive statistics (mean, median, mode, range, variance, standard deviation) of the IMDB scores.

- First process involves cleaning the data. So dropping the columns which we have no use for analysis.
- Columns like color, director_facebook_likes, actor_3_facebook_likes, actor_2_name, actor_1_facebook_likes, cast_total_facebook_likes, actor_3_name, facenumber_in_poster, plot_keywords, movie_imdb_link, content_rating, actor_2_facebook_likes, aspect_ratio, movie_facebook_likes are irrelevant data.
- It needs to be dropped. Now we need to remove the rows which contains null values. Then we need to remove duplicates from dataset.
- Then we will separate multiple genres and use COUNTIF function to count the number of movies for each genre.
- Then we will use Excel's functions like AVERAGE, MEDIAN, MODE, MAX, MIN, VAR, and STDEV to calculate descriptive statistics.

FORMULAS USED:

To count: =COUNTIF('cleaned data'!E\$2:\$E\$3849, K2)

Mean : =AVERAGE(IF('cleaned data'!\$E\$2:\$E\$3849=A2, 'cleaned data'!\$N\$2:\$N\$3849))

Median: =MEDIAN(IF('cleaned data'!\$E\$2:\$E\$3849=A2, 'cleaned data'!\$N\$2:\$N\$3849))

Mode: =MODE(IF('cleaned data'!\$E\$2:\$E\$3849=A2, 'cleaned data'!\$N\$2:\$N\$3849))

Max: =MAX(IF('cleaned data'!\$E\$2:\$E\$3849=A2, 'cleaned data'!\$N\$2:\$N\$3849))

Min: =MIN(IF('cleaned data'!\$E\$2:\$E\$3849=A2, 'cleaned data'!\$N\$2:\$N\$3849))

Variance: =VAR(IF('cleaned data'!\$E\$2:\$E\$3849=A2, 'cleaned data'!\$N\$2:\$N\$3849))

Standard Deviation: =STDEV.S(IF('cleaned data'!\$E\$2:\$E\$3849=A2, 'cleaned

data'!\$N\$2:\$N\$3849))

Result:

12				Мо	st commor	n genres ar	e:-		
13	genres	Count	Mean	Median	Mode	Max	Min	Variance	Standard Deviation
14	Drama	153	7.04183	7.2	7.3	8.8	3.4	0.687055	0.828887522
15	Comedy D	151	6.494702	6.5	6.5	8	4.3	0.562772	0.750181141
16	Comedy C	147	6.583673	6.7	6.7	8.8	3.3	0.7348	0.857204825
17	Comedy	145	5.84069	6	6.5	8	1.9	1.481875	1.217322686
18	Comedy R	135	5.896296	6	6.1	8.4	2.7	0.76827	0.87650999

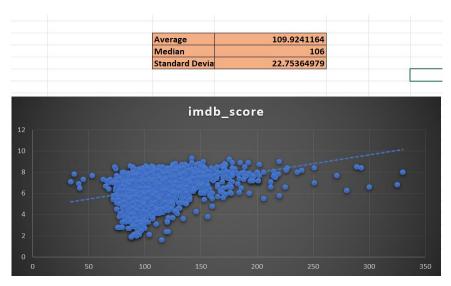
Task B: Analyze the distribution of movie durations and identify the relationship between movie duration and IMDB score.

- First we will select column duration and imdb_score.
- Then we will use Excel's functions like AVERAGE, MEDIAN, and STDEV to calculate descriptive statistics.
- Formulas:-

Mean: =AVERAGE(A:A) Median: =MEDIAN(A:A)

Standard deviation: =STDEV.S(A:A)

Result:



Language Analysis: Examine the distribution of movies based on their language.

Task C: Determine the most common languages used in movies and analyze their impact on the IMDB score using descriptive statistics.

- First we will select Column language and imdb_score.
- Then we will use COUNTIF function to count the number of movies for each language.
- Using AVERAGE, MEDIAN, and STDEV function we will calculate Mean, Median and Standard Deviation of IMDB Scores for each language.

Formulas:-

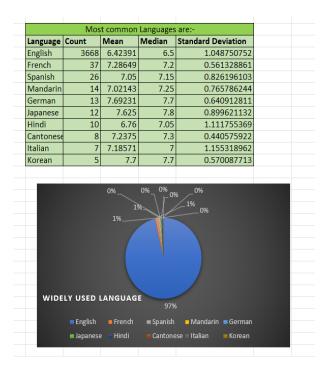
Count: =COUNTIFS('cleaned data'!\$J\$2:\$J\$3849, J2)

Mean: =AVERAGE(IF('cleaned data'!\$J\$2:\$J\$3849=J2, 'cleaned data'!\$N\$2:\$N\$3849))
Median: =MEDIAN(IF('cleaned data'!\$J\$2:\$J\$3849=J2, 'cleaned data'!\$N\$2:\$N\$3849))

Standard Deviation: =STDEV.S(IF('cleaned data'!\$J\$2:\$J\$3849=J2, 'cleaned

data'!\$N\$2:\$N\$3849))

Result:



Director Analysis: Influence of directors on movie ratings

Task D: Identify the top directors based on their average IMDB score and analyze their contribution to the success of movies using percentile calculations.

- We will select column director_name and imdb_score.
- Then we will use AVERAGE function to Calculate the average IMDB score for each director.
- Then we will calculate percentrank and use PERCENTILE function to identify the directors with the highest scores.

Formulas:- Average: =AVERAGE(IF('cleaned data'!\$A\$2:\$A\$3849=A2, 'cleaned

data'!\$N\$2:\$N\$3849))

Percentile: =PERCENTILE(H2:H11, H15)

Result:

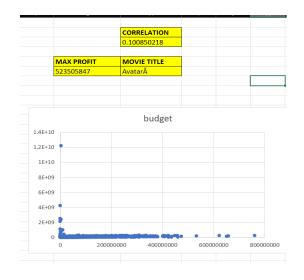
director_name	Average
Charles Chaplin	8.60
Tony Kaye	8.60
Alfred Hitchcock	8.50
Damien Chazelle	8.50
Majid Majidi	8.50
Ron Fricke	8.50
Sergio Leone	8.43
Christopher Nolan	8.43
Asghar Farhadi	8.40
Marius A. Markevicius	8.40
LARGE	8.60
percentrank	0.89
percentile	8.60

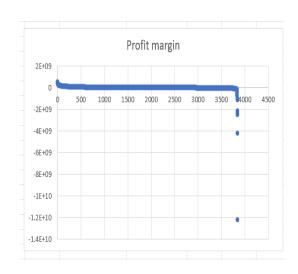
Budget Analysis: Explore the relationship between movie budgets and their financial success:

Task E: Analyze the correlation between movie budgets and gross earnings, and identify the movies with the highest profit margin.

- First we will calculate profit margin for each movie by subtracting budget value from gross value.
- We will use CORREL function to calculate correlation coefficients between movie budgets and gross earnings.
- Using MAX function we will get highest profit margin then we will use =INDEX(B2:B3849, MATCH(1,IF(D2:D3849=G11, 1),0)) to get the title of the movie.

Result:





CONCLUSION:

- The Most Common Genre is Drama
- The Most Common Language is English
- The Top Directors are Charles Chaplin and Tony Kaye
- The Movies with Highest Profit Margin is Avatar

Google Drive Link for Excel sheets:

https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1-ZOejotx3-S8yzN89-LtVvkmulc4fl35JAYbWlZF2JY/edit?usp=sharing