Ques. 18. Design a scheduler that can schedule the processes arriving system at periodical intervals. Every process is assigned with a fixed time slice t milliseconds. If it is not able to complete its execution within the assigned time quantum, then automated timer generates an interrupt. The scheduler will select the next process in the queue and dispatcher dispatches the process to processor for execution. Compute the total time for which processes were in the queue waiting for the processor. Take the input for CPU burst, arrival time and time quantum from the user.

ROUND ROBIN SCHEDULING

Step 1: Start the process

Step 2: Accept the number of processes in the ready Queue and time quantum (or) time slice

Step 3: For each process in the ready Q, assign the process id and accept the CPU burst time

Step 4: Calculate the no. of time slices for each process where

No. of time slice for process(n) = burst time process(n)/time slice

Step 5: If the burst time is less than the time slice then the no. of time slices =1.

Step 6: Consider the ready queue is a circular Q, calculate

(a) Waiting time for process(n) = waiting time of process(n-1)+ burst time of process(n-1 ) + the time difference in getting the CPU from process(n-1)

(b) Turn around time for process(n) = waiting time of process(n) + burst time of process(n)+ the time difference in getting CPU from process(n).

Step 7: Calculate

(a) Average waiting time = Total waiting Time / Number of process

(b) Average Turnaround time = Total Turnaround Time / Number of process

Step 8: Stop the process

#include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

int main()

{

int ts,pid[10],need[10],wt[10],tat[10],i,j,n,n1;

int bt[10],flag[10],ttat=0,twt=0;

float awt,atat;

printf("\t\t ROUND ROBIN SCHEDULING \n");

printf("Enter the number of Processors \n");

scanf("%d",&n);

n1=n;

printf("\nEnter the Timeslice \n");

scanf("%d",&ts);

for(i=1;i<=n;i++)

{

printf("\nEnter the process ID for process number %d \n",i);

scanf("%d",&pid[i]);

printf("\nEnter the Burst Time for the process \n");

scanf("%d",&bt[i]);

need[i]=bt[i];

}

for(i=1;i<=n;i++)

{

flag[i]=1;

wt[i]=0;

}

while(n!=0)

{

for(i=1;i<=n;i++)

{

if(need[i]>=ts)

{

for(j=1;j<=n;j++)

{

if((i!=j)&&(flag[i]==1)&&(need[j]!=0))

wt[j]+=ts;

}

need[i]-=ts;

if(need[i]==0)

{

flag[i]=0;

n--;

}

}

else

{

for(j=1;j<=n;j++)

{

if((i!=j)&&(flag[i]==1)&&(need[j]!=0))

wt[j]+=need[i];

}

need[i]=0;

n--;

flag[i]=0;

}

}

}

for(i=1;i<=n1;i++)

{

tat[i]=wt[i]+bt[i];

twt=twt+wt[i];

ttat=ttat+tat[i];

}

awt=(float)twt/n1;

atat=(float)ttat/n1;

printf("\n\n \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* ROUND ROBIN SCHEDULING ALGORITHM \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \n\n");

printf("\n\n Serial No. \t Process ID \t BurstTime \t Waiting Time \t TurnaroundTime \n ");

for(i=1;i<=n1;i++)

{

printf("\n %5d \t\t %5d \t\t %5d \t\t %5d \t\t %5d \n", i,pid[i],bt[i],wt[i],tat[i]);

}

printf("\n The average Waiting Time=%f",awt);

printf("\n The average Turn around Time=%f",atat);

getch();

}