# **Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning**

# Lab - 3 Assignment Bayes Classification

Early Bird Submission Deadline: Tuesday Batch: 30 Jan, 11:59 PM

Thursday Batch: 1 Feb, 11:59 PM

Late Submission Deadline: Tuesday Batch: 31 Jan, 2023, 12:00 Midnight (20% penalty)

Thursday Batch: Feb 2, 2023, 23:59 (20% penalty)

Final deadline: Tuesday Batch: Feb 1, 2023, 23:59 (addl. 20% penalty, total penalty = 40%)

Thursday Batch: Feb 3, 2023, 23:59 (addl. 20% penalty, total penalty = 40%)

#### **Guidelines for submission**

- 1. Perform all tasks in a single colab file.
- 2. Create a report regarding the steps followed while performing the given tasks. The report should not include excessive unscaled preprocessing plots.
- 3. Try to modularize the code for readability wherever possible
- 4. Link for In-Lab Submission: Link
- 5. Submit the colab[.ipynb], python[.py] and report[.pdf] files here : Link
- 6. Plagiarism will not be tolerated

### **Guidelines for Report:**

- 1. The report should be to the point. Justify the space you use!
- 2. Explanations for each task should be included in the report. You should know the 'why' behind whatever you do.
- 3. Do not paste code snippets in the report.

# Question 01: [60 marks]

This question is meant to help you comprehend how a naive bayes classifier works. Download the <u>Titanic</u> Dataset and implementation includes the following tasks:-

- 1. Perform pre-processing and visualization of the dataset. Split the data into train and test sets. Also identify the useful columns and drop the unnecessary ones [10 marks]. [In-Lab Submission]
- 2. Identify the best possible variant of naive bayes classifier for the given dataset. Justify your reason for the same [3 marks].

- 3. Implement the identified variant of Naive Bayes Classifier using scikit learn,report its performance based on appropriate metrics.(ROC AUC etc) [20 marks]
- 4.Perform 5 fold cross validation and summarize the results across the cross-validation sets. Compute the probability of the top class for each row in the testing dataset. [5 + 5 marks]
- 5. Make contour plots with the data points to visualize the class-conditional densities. What can you say about the assumption Naive Bayes model is based on from these plots? Explain in your report. [7 marks]
- 6. Compare your model with the Decision Tree classifier on the same dataset by performing 5-fold cross-validation and summarizing the results. Justify why one of them works better on this numeric dataset. [10 marks]

Note: Implementing the wrong variant of naive bayes classifier will attract a loss of credit in the above question.

#### Question 02: [40 Marks]

Only Numpy, Pandas, Seaborn and Matplotlib are allowed.

Dataset - Link

There are 210 rows with 7 input variables and 1 output variable. The variable names are as given:

- 1. Area.
- 2. Perimeter.
- 3. Compactness
- 4. Length of kernel.
- 5. Width of kernel.
- 6. Asymmetry coefficient.
- 7. Length of kernel groove.
- 8. Class (1, 2, 3).
- a. Use histogram to plot the distribution of samples. [3 marks]
- b. Determine the prior probability for all the classes. [3 marks]
- c. Discretize the features into bins from scratch. Use of pandas, scikit learn and scipy is not allowed for this subpart. [12 marks]
- d. Determine the likelihood/class conditional probabilities for all the classes. [9 marks]
- e. Plot the count of each unique element for each class. Compare the plot with the plot of distribution. [3 marks]
- f. Calculate the posterior probabilities and plot them in a single graph. Analyze the plot. [10 marks]