

## CS 584 Machine Learning

### Final Project Report

#### Phase1:

Split the datasets for Bush and Williams into train and test and then apply classifiers on the model.  
Classifier Used:

#### BUSH

##### 1)KNN Neighbor

- When neighbors =1

	result1	result2	result3	mean result
fit_time	11.35105515	7.51504707	10.77351618	9.8798727
score_time	1383.916674	1190.157048	1169.064649	1247.71279
test_f1	0.12280702	0.15625	0.125	<b>0.1346856725</b>
test_precision	0.12727273	0.17482517	0.11979167	0.1406298563
test_recall	0.11864407	0.14124294	0.13068182	0.1301896079

- When neighbors =3

	result1	result2	result3	mean result
fit_time	7.07896781	7.11885309	5.90018988	6.699336926
score_time	6715.528166	974.2213357	4860.917852	4183.555784
test_f1	0.06635071	0.04950495	0.06363636	<b>0.05983067501</b>
test_precision	0.20588235	0.2	0.15909091	0.1883244207
test_recall	0.03954802	0.02824859	0.03977273	0.03585644581

- When neighbors =5

	result1	result2	result3	mean result
fit_time	6.08777809	5.87792873	5.81331944	5.92634209
score_time	996.5334814	967.8878691	1255.434665	1073.285338
test_f1	0.05235602	0	0.02139037	<b>0.02458213176</b>
test_precision	0.35714286	0	0.18181818	0.1796536797
test_recall	0.02824859	0	0.01136364	0.01320407464

**2)SVC Classifier****Best SVC Results I got**

Best (in terms of mean F1) SVC result I got				
Parameters	<b>C=5096</b>	<b>kernel=linear</b>	<b>degree=3</b>	
	result1	result2	result3	mean result
fit_time	145.9461455	144.4341445	142.0430734	144.1411211
score_time	147.3889756	146.7131875	142.8233745	145.6418459
test_f1	0.58709677	0.66463415	0.60534125	<b>0.6190240556</b>
test_precision	0.68421053	0.7218543	0.63354037	0.6798684012
test_recall	0.51412429	0.61581921	0.57954545	0.5698296525

**WILLIAMS****1)KNN Neighbor**

- When neighbors =1**

	result1	result2	result3	mean result
fit_time	6.40420556	5.93736672	5.89815927	6.079910517
score_time	1070.405849	1811.029706	2575.787887	1819.074481
test_f1	0.16666667	0.1	0.27272727	<b>0.1797979798</b>
test_precision	0.33333333	0.33333333	0.6	0.4222222222
test_recall	0.11111111	0.05882353	0.17647059	0.1154684096

- When neighbors =3**

	result1	result2	result3	mean result
fit_time	5.78136134	5.83775783	5.88008976	5.833069642
score_time	960.3972204	968.7497985	13386.61901	5105.255343
test_f1	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
test_precision	0	0	0	0
test_recall	0	0	0	0

- When neighbors =5**

	result1	result2	result3	mean result
fit_time	6.26647162	7.49847245	6.23395371	6.666299264
score_time	1080.939908	1122.361091	986.4937611	1063.26492
test_f1	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
test_precision	0	0	0	0
test_recall	0	0	0	0

**2)SVC Classifier****Best SVC Results I got**

Parameters	<b>C=71000</b>	<b>kernel=linear</b>	<b>degree=3</b>	
	result1	result2	result3	mean result
fit_time	36.90879774	36.8207283	33.24644923	35.65865843
score_time	35.95784855	36.35571218	33.4667174	35.26009274
test_f1	0.33333333	0.48	0.56	<b>0.4577777778</b>
test_precision	0.66666667	0.75	0.875	0.7638888889
test_recall	0.22222222	0.35294118	0.41176	0.3289760349

**Conclusion:**

**BUSH:** Best KNN results where obtained when neighbors = 1, **mean f1=0.1346856725**

SVC Result for C=5096,kernel = linear, **mean f1 = 0.6190240556**

**WILLIAMNS:** Best KNN results where obtained when neighbors = 1, **mean f1=0. 0.1797979798**

SVC Result for C=5096,kernel = linear, **mean f1 = 0. 0.4577777778**

**Phase2:**

In this phase we loaded and fit the data after transforming using PCA(Principal component analysis) and then apply the classifier, KNN and SVC.

**BUSH**

Since KNN with **neighbor =1** was the best result in phase 1 we will apply PCA with the same best results.

PCA parameters	<b>n_components=200,whiten='true',svd_solver='arpark'</b>
KNeighborsClassifier parameters	<b>n_neighbors=1</b>
Mean F1	<b>0.1623593424</b>

**SVC Classifier:**

Best result for SVC	
PCA parameters	<b>n_components=3800,random_state=5095</b>
SVC parameters	<b>C=1000, kernel='linear', degree = 3</b>
Mean F1	<b>0.6197862422</b>

## WILLIAMS

Since KNN with **neighbor =1** was the best result in phase 1 we will apply PCA with the same best results.

PCA parameters	n_components=50,svd_solver='full'
KNeighborsClassifier parameters	n_neighbors=1
Mean F1	<b>0.2573260073</b>

### SVC Classifier:

PCA parameters	n_components=2400,random_state=5095
SVC parameters	C=300, kernel='linear', degree = 3
Mean F1	<b>0.4772649573</b>

## Conclusion:

### Phase 2 v/s Phase 1

**BUSH:** knn n\_neighbor=1 f1=0.1346856725 and increased to f1=0.1623593424

**SVC classifier:** f1 = 0.6190240556 and increased to f1 = 0.6190240556

**WILLIAMS:** knn n\_neighbor=1 f1=0. 0.1797979798 and increased to f1=0.2573260073

**SVC classifier:** f1 = 0.4577777778 and increased to f1 = 0.4772649573

## Phase3:

In this phase we will use a deep learning model to train the model and use train\_test\_split for splitting the data in train and test.

The images to be used for deep learning model need to be reshaped into 64\*64

Deep learning model we will use has CNN and Maxpooling and then flatten the model and use dense layers before the sigmoid output layer.

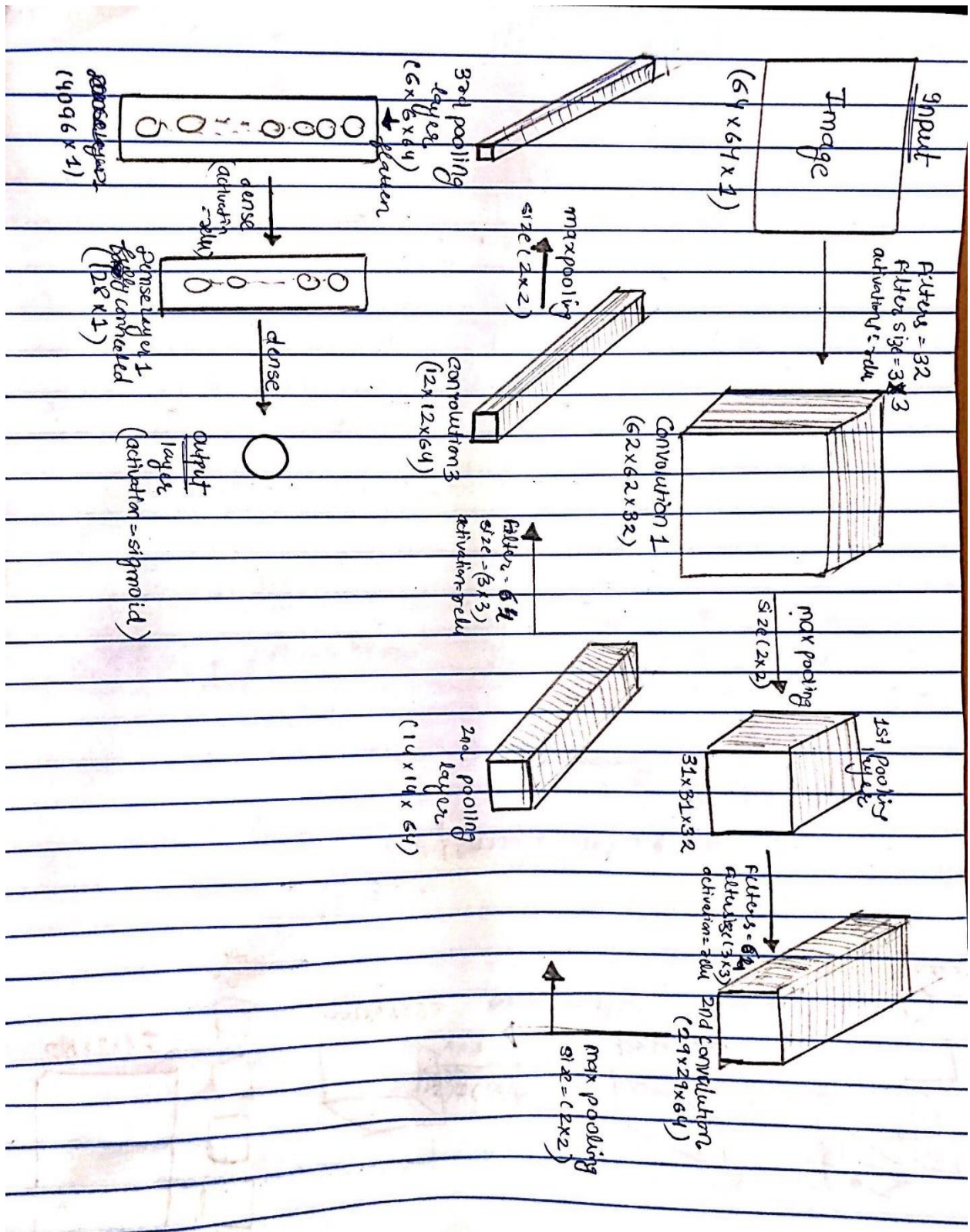
**BUSH**

Model used for bush is as follows:

**3 Convolution layers****3 Maxpooling****1 Dense Layer(size =128)**

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_20 (Conv2D)	(None, 62, 62, 32)	320
activation_16 (Activation)	(None, 62, 62, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_16 (MaxPooling)	(None, 31, 31, 32)	0
conv2d_21 (Conv2D)	(None, 29, 29, 64)	18496
activation_17 (Activation)	(None, 29, 29, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_17 (MaxPooling)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	0
conv2d_22 (Conv2D)	(None, 12, 12, 64)	36928
activation_18 (Activation)	(None, 12, 12, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_18 (MaxPooling)	(None, 6, 6, 64)	0
flatten_6 (Flatten)	(None, 2304)	0
dense_15 (Dense)	(None, 128)	295040
dense_16 (Dense)	(None, 1)	129
Total params: 350,913		
Trainable params: 350,913		
Non-trainable params: 0		

```
model.fit(X_resaped,
y_train,batch_size=32,epochs=20,verbose=1,validation_data=(Xtest_resaped, y_test))
```



**WILLIAMS**

Model used for williams with batch processing is as follows:

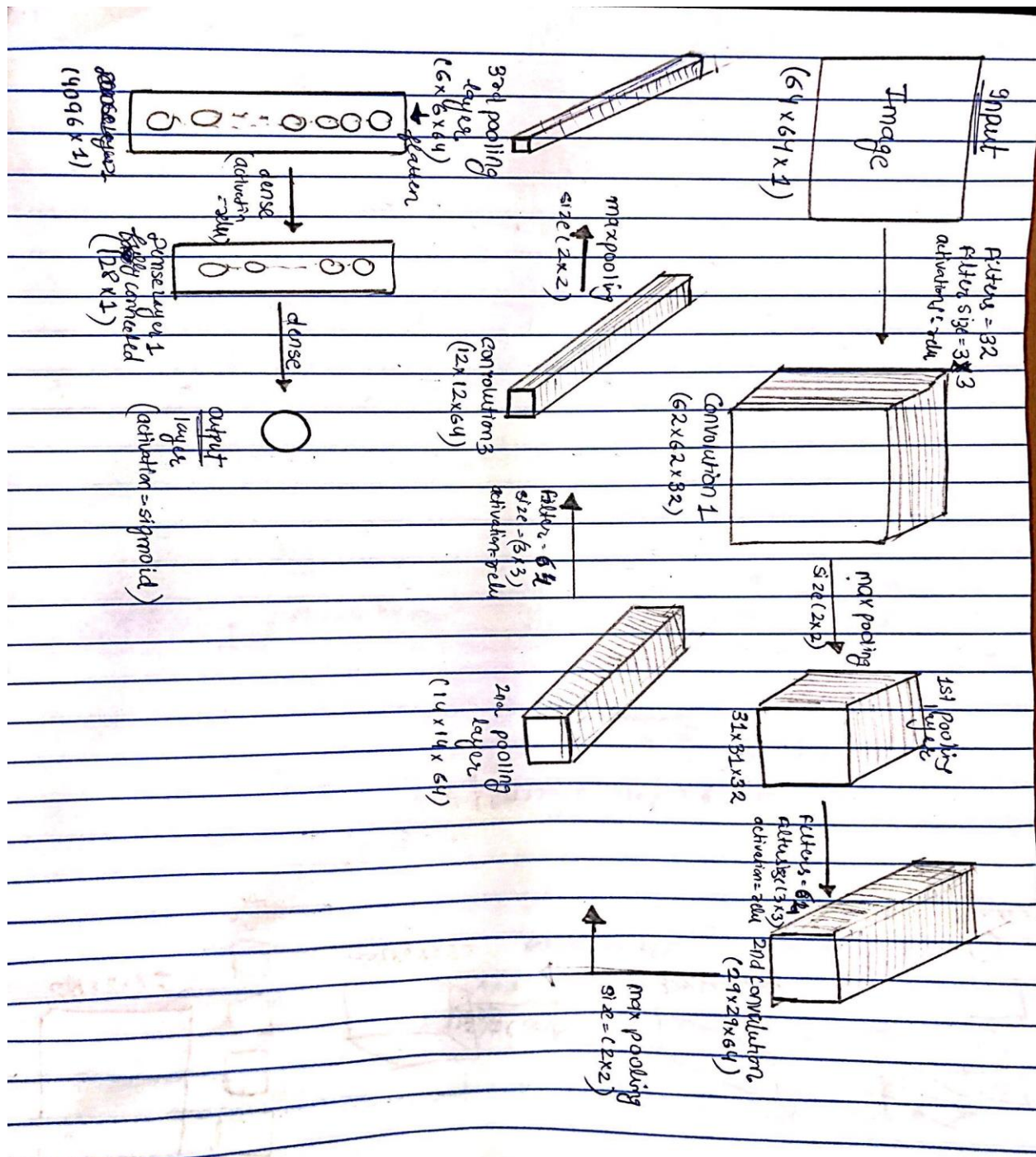
**3 Convolution layers****3 Maxpooling****1 output layer (sigmoid)**

```
03]
->
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_52 (Conv2D)	(None, 62, 62, 32)	320
batch_normalization_16 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 62, 62, 32)	128
activation_52 (Activation)	(None, 62, 62, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_52 (MaxPooling)	(None, 31, 31, 32)	0
conv2d_53 (Conv2D)	(None, 29, 29, 64)	18496
batch_normalization_17 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 29, 29, 64)	256
activation_53 (Activation)	(None, 29, 29, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_53 (MaxPooling)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	0
conv2d_54 (Conv2D)	(None, 12, 12, 64)	36928
batch_normalization_18 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 12, 12, 64)	256
activation_54 (Activation)	(None, 12, 12, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_54 (MaxPooling)	(None, 6, 6, 64)	0
flatten_18 (Flatten)	(None, 2304)	0
dense_29 (Dense)	(None, 1)	2305
Total params: 58,689		
Trainable params: 58,369		
Non-trainable params: 320		

```
model.fit(X_trainreshaped_w,
y_train,batch_size=32,epochs=20,verbose=1,validation_data=(X_testreshaped_w, y_test))
```





**Conclusion:** F\_1\_train\_bush: 1.0, F\_1\_test\_bush: 0.88622

F\_1\_train\_williams: 1.0, F\_1\_test\_williams: 0.749999999

F\_1 increases for the same dataset if we use CNN and maxpooling and not classifiers like KNN and SVC.



## Phase 4:

In this phase we are performing transfer learning by selecting a different dataset for image classification and then fitting the model as per the data and transforming it using keras libraries into a "initialized-model.keras" and after that we will use the same model to test the accuracy and f1 by trying to fit the given bush and Williams train and test data test using the "initialized-model.keras" saved for metric performance.

URL: <https://www.kaggle.com/c/dogs-vs-cats/data>

Datasets used: **Dogs v/s Cats** which has two files train and test.

Train has 25000 images and 12500 images in test.

Steps performed:

### 1) Labeled the images in binary format

```
Code: if word_label == 'cat': return 0
      elif word_label == 'dog': return 1
```

### 2) Grayscale the images and reshape it into 64 by 64 size of the original data

```
Code: img = cv2.imread(path, cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
      img = cv2.resize(img, (64, 64))
```

### 3) Perform CNN and maxpooling and obtain a initialized-model.keras from the train and test data of dogs and cats images using keras.

Using this initialized-model.keras we will perform on bush and Williams train and test data and gain the f1 obtained using different image classification dataset and the model fit and transformed from that dataset.

Model used is as follows:

4 Convolution layers(relu)

4 Maxpooling

2 Dense Layer(size1 =128,size2=128,relu)

1 output layer(sigmoid)

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_17 (Conv2D)	(None, 62, 62, 32)	320
activation_17 (Activation)	(None, 62, 62, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_17 (MaxPooling)	(None, 31, 31, 32)	0
conv2d_18 (Conv2D)	(None, 29, 29, 32)	9248
activation_18 (Activation)	(None, 29, 29, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_18 (MaxPooling)	(None, 14, 14, 32)	0
conv2d_19 (Conv2D)	(None, 12, 12, 64)	18496
activation_19 (Activation)	(None, 12, 12, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_19 (MaxPooling)	(None, 6, 6, 64)	0
conv2d_20 (Conv2D)	(None, 4, 4, 64)	36928
activation_20 (Activation)	(None, 4, 4, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_20 (MaxPooling)	(None, 2, 2, 64)	0
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None, 2, 2, 64)	0
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 256)	0
dense_13 (Dense)	(None, 128)	32896
dense_14 (Dense)	(None, 128)	16512
dense_15 (Dense)	(None, 1)	129
Total params: 114,529		
Trainable params: 114,529		
Non-trainable params: 0		

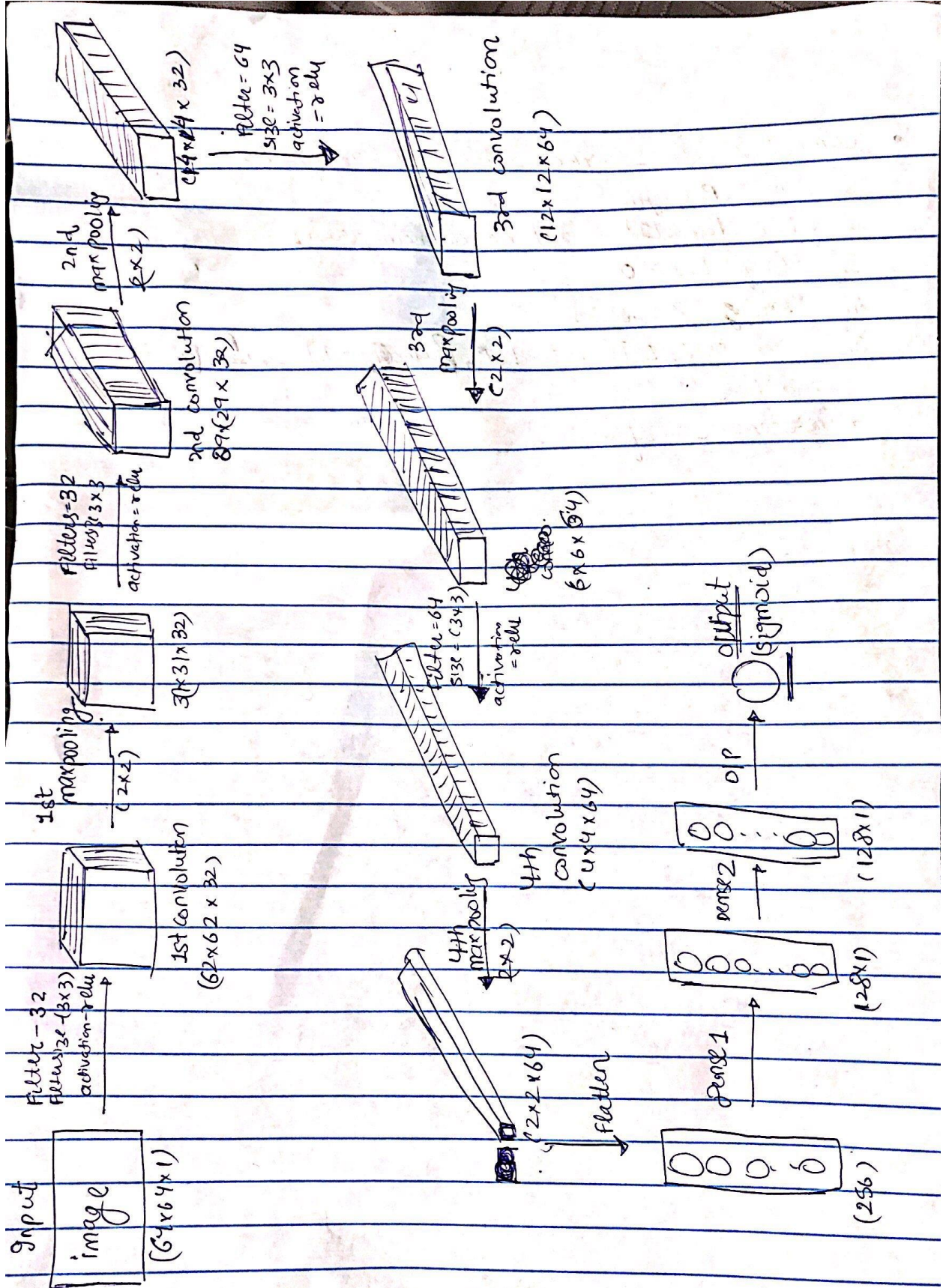
## Parameters for model

```
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',optimizer='adam',metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
m_fit = model.fit(X_train, Y_train, epochs = 20, verbose = 1, validation_data = (X_test, Y_test))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.97	0.99	0.98	12178
1	0.99	0.97	0.98	12322
avg / total	0.98	0.98	0.98	24500
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.84	0.91	0.87	240
1	0.91	0.83	0.87	260
avg / total	0.87	0.87	0.87	500

Save this model as “initialized-model.keras”



After performing on bush and Williams with this model we get,

#### BUSH:

```
bush_model = load_model('initialized-model1.keras')
```

```
bushmodel_fit = bush_model.fit(X_bush_train, Y_bush_train, epochs = 80, verbose = 1,
validation_data = (X_bush_test, Y_bush_test))
```

```
Epoch 48/80

[75] #epochs=80
y_pred_train_bush = bush_model.predict_classes(X_bush_train)
f1_score_train_bush = f1_score(Y_bush_train, y_pred_train_bush)
print("F1 score for train split(bush)", f1_score_train_bush)
y_pred_test_bush = bush_model.predict_classes(X_bush_test)
f1_score_test_bush = f1_score(Y_bush_test, y_pred_test_bush)
print("F1 score for test split(bush)", f1_score_test_bush)

bush_model.save('bush6.model')

F1 score for train split(bush) 0.9985855728429986
F1 score for test split(bush) 0.8713450292397662
```

#### WILLIAMS:

```
williams_model = load_model('initialized-model1.keras')
```

```
williamsmodel_fit = williams_model.fit(X_williams_train, Y_williams_train, epochs = 60, verbose
= 1, validation_data = (X_williams_test, Y_williams_test))
```

```
Epoch 49/60
8822/8822 [=====] - 6s 644us/step - loss: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 49/60

[90] #epochs=60
print("F1 score for train split(w)", f1_score_train_w)
print("F1 score for test split(w)", f1_score_test_w)

williams_model.save('williams.model')

F1 score for train split(w) 1.0
F1 score for test split(w) 0.7142857142857143
```

Conclusion: **BUSH: F1 score for train:0.9985855728429986**

**F1 score for test:0.8713450292397662**

**Williams: F1 score for train: 1.0**

**F1 score for test: 0.714285**

The results in Phase 3 varies slightly in bush it was 0.88 and now its 0.87 after applying transfer learning and Williams varies a slight by 0.74 to 0. , thus we can say that transfer learning either improves the results or keeps near to constant for the initial model and not decreases the f1 rate by a huge difference.