

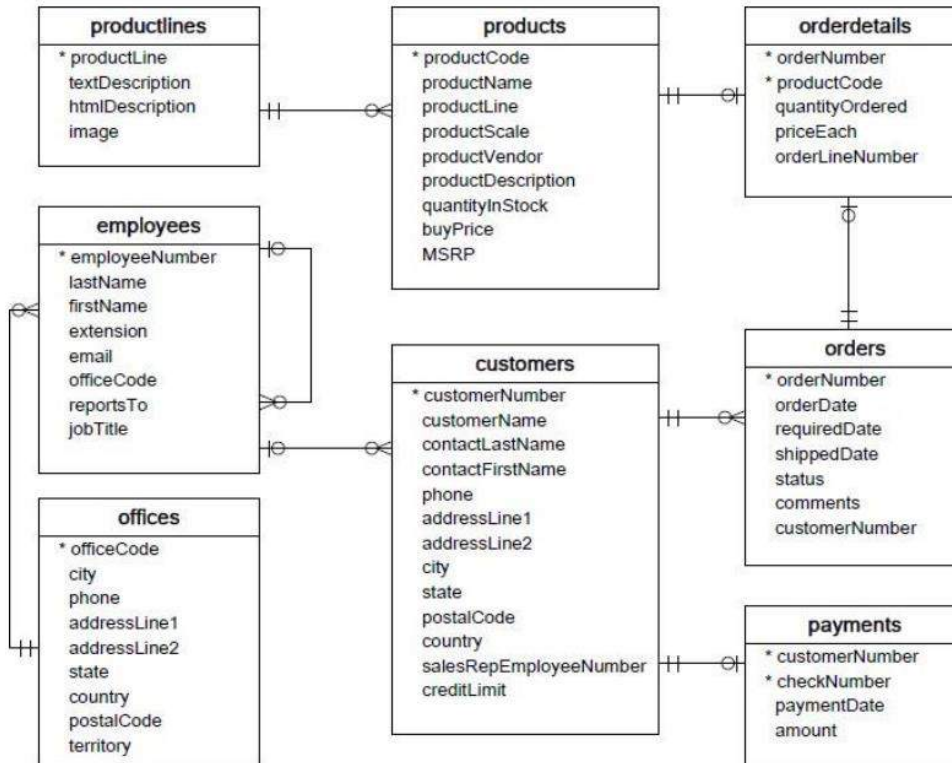
**Name of the Assignment:** SQL (Worksheet 4)

**Submitted by** : Shalini Joshi

**Designation** : Data Science Intern

**Date of Submission** : 7<sup>th</sup> Jan,2023

Refer the following ERD and answer all the questions in this worksheet.



- Customers: stores customer's data.
- Products: stores a list of scale model cars.
- Product Lines: stores a list of product line categories.
- Orders: stores sales orders placed by customers.
- Order Details: stores sales order line items for each sales order.
- Payments: stores payments made by customers based on their accounts.
- Employees: stores all employee information as well as the organization structure such as who reports to whom.
- Offices: stores sales office data.

**QUESTIONS:**

1. Write a SQL query to show average number of orders shipped in a day (use Orders table).

**Ans:**

```
select(select count(shippedDate) from orders)/(select count(distinct(shippedDate)) from orders) as average_shipped_products_per_day;
```

2. Write a SQL query to show average number of orders placed in a day.

**Ans:**

```
select(select count(orderDate) from orders)/(select count(distinct(orderDate)) from orders) as average_order_products_per_day;
```

3. Write a SQL query to show the product name with minimum MSRP (use Productstable).

**Ans:**

```
select productName, MSRP from products order by MSRP limit 1;
```

4. Write a SQL query to show the product name with maximum value of stockQuantity.

**Ans:**

```
Select  
productName,  
quantityInStock  
from products  
order by  
quantityInStock  
desc limit 1;
```

5. Write a query to show the most ordered product Name (the product with maximum number of orders).

**Ans:**

```
SELECT p.productName FROM products as p JOIN orderdetails as o using(productCode) GROUP BY p.productCode ORDER BY Sum(quantityOrdered) DESC LIMIT 1;
```

6. Write a SQL query to show the highest paying customer Name.

**Ans:**

```
select c.customerNumber,c.customerName,p.amount from customers as c JOIN payments as p USING(customerNumber) order by amount desc limit 1;
```

7. Write a SQL query to show customerNumber, customerName of all the customers who are from Melbourne city.

**Ans:**

select customerNumber, customerName from customers where city='Melbourne';

8. Write a SQL query to show name of all the customers whose name start with "N".

**Ans:** select customerNumber, customerName from customers where customerName like "N%";

9. Write a SQL query to show name of all the customers whose phone start with '7' and are from city 'LasVegas'.

**Ans:**

select customerNumber, customerName from customers where city='Las Vegas' and phone like '^7.\*';

10. Write a SQL query to show name of all the customers whose creditLimit < 1000 and city is either "Las Vegas" or "Nantes" or "Stavern".

**Ans:**

select customerNumber, customerName from customers where city='Las vegas' or city='Stavern' or city='Nantes' and creditLimit < 1000;

11. Write a SQL query to show all the orderNumber in which quantity ordered 1000

**Ans:**

select ordernumber from orderDetails where quantityOrdered <10;

12. Write a SQL query to show all the orderNumber whose customer Name start with letter 'N'.

**Ans:**

select o.ordernumber,c.customerName from orders as o JOIN customers as c using(customerNumber) where customerName like 'N%';

13. Write a SQL query to show all the customerName whose orders are "Disputed" in status.

**Ans:**

SELECT c.customerName from customers as c JOIN orders as o using (customerNumber) WHERE status = 'Disputed';

14. Write a SQL query to show the customerName who made payment through cheque with checkNumber startingwith H and made payment on "2004-10-19".

**Ans:**

select c.customerName from customers as c JOIN payments as p using(customerNumber)  
where checkNumber like 'H%';

15. Write a SQL query to show all the checkNumber whose amount > 1000.

**Ans:**

Select checkNumber, amount from payments where amount >1000;

\*\*\*\*\*The End\*\*\*\*\*