Started Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM

Completed Wednesday, 20 November 2024, 11:52 AM

Duration 33 days 5 hours

Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

GE23131-Programming Using C-

Status Finished

2024

Flag question

Write a program to read two integer values and print true if both the numbers end with the same digit, otherwise print false. Example: If 698 and 768 are given, program should print true as they both end with 8. Sample Input 1 25 53 Sample Output 1 false Sample Input 2 27 77 Sample Output 2 true **Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %) #include<stdio.h> int main() 2 3 ▼ { 4 int a,b; scanf("%d %d",&a,&b); 5 if(a%10==b%10) 6 7 ▼ { printf("true"); 8 9 10 else **11** ▼ { printf("false"); 12 13 14

Passed all tests! ✓

Question 2
Correct
Marked out of 5.00

▼ Flag question

Objective

In this challenge, we're getting started with conditional statements.

Input

25 53

27 77

Expected

false

true

Got

false

true

```
Task
Given an integer, n, perform the following conditional actions:
If n is odd, print Weird
If n is even and in the inclusive range of 2 to 5, print Not Weird
If n is even and in the inclusive range of 6 to 20, print Weird
If n is even and greater than 20,
```

of 6 to 20, print Weird

If n is even and greater than 20, print Not Weird

Complete the stub code provided in your editor to print whether or not n is weird.

Input Format

A single line containing a positive integer, n.

Constraints $1 \le n \le 100$ Output Format

Output Format

Print Weird if the number is weird; otherwise, print Not Weird.

Sample Input 0

3

Weird

Sample Output 0

Sample Case 1: **n = 24**

we print **Not Weird**.

Sample Input 1

24

Sample Output 1

Not Weird

Explanation

Sample Case 0: n = 3

n is odd and odd numbers are weird, so we print Weird.

n > 20 and n is even, so it isn't weird. Thus,

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %) #include<stdio.h> 1 int main() 2 3 ▼ { 4 int n; scanf("%d",&n); 5 if(n%2!=0) 6 7 🔻 { printf("Weird"); 8 9 } 10 else 11 **v** { 12 13 if (n <= 5 & & n >= 2){ **14** ▼ 15 printf("Not Weird" 16 } 17 else if($n \ge 6\&\&n \le 20$) 18 **19 ▼** { printf("Weird"); 20 21 } else if(n>20) 22 23 • { printf("Not Weird"); 24 25 } 26 Input **Expected** Got 3 Weird Weird 24 Not Weird | Not Weird

```
Passed all tests! <
Question 3
Correct
Marked out of 7.00
Flag question
 Three numbers form a Pythagorean triple if
 the sum of squares of two numbers is equal
 to the square of the third. For example, 3, 5
 and 4 form a Pythagorean triple, since 3*3 +
 4*4 = 25 = 5*5 You are given three integers,
 a, b, and c. They need not be given in
 increasing order. If they form a Pythagorean
 triple, then print "yes", otherwise, print "no".
 Please note that the output message is in
 small letters. Sample Input 1 3 5 4 Sample
 Output 1 yes Sample Input 2 5 8 2 Sample
 Output 2 no
 Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
         #include<stdio.h>
     1
         int main()
     2
     3 ▼
         {
     4
              int a,b,c,x,y,z,p;
     5
              6
              x=a*a;
     7
              y=b*b;
     8
              z=c*c;
     9
              p=x*x;
              if(x+y==z)
    10
    11 v
              {
                   printf("yes");
    12
    13
              }
    14
              else if(y+p==z)
    15 •
              {
                   printf("yes");
    16
    17
              }
              else if(x+p==z)
    18
    19 •
              {
                   printf("yes");
    20
    21
              }
              else if(x+z==y)
    22
    23 •
              {
                 printf ("yes");
    24
```

25 } 26 else 27 • { printf("no"); 28 29 30 return 0; 31 } Input **Expected** Got 3 yes yes 5 4 5 no no 8 2 Passed all tests! < Finish review

Quiz navigation

2

Finish review

Show one page at a time