WEEK 1 HANDS-ON

1. Singleton Pattern

```
public class Singleton {
    // Private static variable to hold the single instance
    private static Singleton instance; 3usages

    // Private constructor to prevent instantiation from outside
    private Singleton() { 1usage
        // Print a message for testing
        System.out.println("Singleton instance created.");
}

// Public static method to get the single instance
public static Singleton getInstance() { 2usages
    if (instance == null) {
        instance = new Singleton();
    }
    return instance;
}

// Main method

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Singleton instance1 = Singleton.getInstance();
    Singleton instance2 = Singleton.getInstance();
    if (instance1 == instance2) {
        System.out.println("Both instances are the same.");
    }
}
```

2. Factory method Pattern

```
interface Shape { no usages
    void draw(); 1 usage
}

class Rectangle implements Shape { no usages
    @Override 1 usage
    public void draw() {
        System.out.println("Drawing a Rectangle");
    }
}

class Circle implements Shape { no usages
    @Override 1 usage
    public void draw() {
        System.out.println("Drawing a Circle");
    }
}

// Abstract creator class with the factory method
abstract class ShapeFactory { no usages
        abstract Shape createShape(); no usages

        void drawShape() { no usages
            Shape s = createShape();
            s.draw();
    }
}

// Concrete creators
class RectangleFactory extends ShapeFactory { no usages
    @Override no usages
```

```
class RectangleFactory extends ShapeFactory { no usages
    @Override no usages
    Shape createShape() {
        return new Rectangle();
    }
}
class CircleFactory extends ShapeFactory { no usages
    @Override no usages
    Shape createShape() {
        return new Circle();
    }
}
// Main class
public class FactoryMethodDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ShapeFactory rectangleFactory = new RectangleFactory();
        rectangleFactory.drawShape();

        ShapeFactory circleFactory = new CircleFactory();
        circleFactory.drawShape();
}
```

```
FactoryMethodDemo × :

"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-24\bin\java.exe"

"-javaagent:C:\Users\shalu\OneDrive\Desktop\IntelliJ IDEA Community Edition
2025.1.2\lib\idea_rt.jar=55231" -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Dsun.stdout.encoding=UTF-8
-Dsun.stderr.encoding=UTF-8 -classpath

C:\Users\shalu\IdeaProjects\MyProjects\out\production\MyProjects FactoryMethodDemo
Drawing a Rectangle
Drawing a Circle
```

3. E-commerce platform search function

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Scanner;

// Product class to hold product details

class Product { no usages
    String name; no usages
    double price; no usages

    Product(String name, double price) { no usages
        this.name = name.toLowerCase(); // for case-insensitive search
        this.price = price;
    }

    void display() { no usages
        System.out.println("Product: " + name + ", Price: ₹" + price);
    }
}

// Main class
public class SearchEngine {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        // List to store products
        ArrayList<Product> productList = new ArrayList<>();
```

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-24\bin\java.exe"

"-javaagent:C:\Users\shalu\OneDrive\Desktop\IntelliJ IDEA Community Edition 2025.1
.2\lib\idea_rt.jar=57769" -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Dsun.stdout.encoding=UTF-8 -Dsun
.stderr.encoding=UTF-8 -classpath C:\Users\shalu\IdeaProjects\MyProjects\out\production
\MyProjects SearchEngine
Enter product keyword to search: apple

Search Results:
Product: apple iphone, Price: ₹75000.0
Product: apple watch, Price: ₹35000.0
```

4. Financial Forecasting

```
System.out.print("Enter number of past months revenue data: ");
int n = sc.nextInt();

System.out.println("Enter monthly revenue data:");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    System.out.print("Month " + (i + 1) + ": ₹");
    double revenue = sc.nextDouble();
    revenueList.add(revenue);
}
System.out.print("Enter how many months to base the forecast on: ");
int months = sc.nextInt();
double forecast = calculateForecast(revenueList, months);
if (forecast != -1) {
    System.out.printf("Predicted revenue for next month: ₹%.2f\n", forecast);
}
sc.close();
}
```

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-24\bin\java.exe"

"-javaagent:C:\Users\shalu\OneDrive\Desktop\IntelliJ IDEA Community Edition 2025.1
.2\lib\idea_rt.jar=64574" -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Dsun.stdout.encoding=UTF-8 -Dsun
.stderr.encoding=UTF-8 -classpath C:\Users\shalu\IdeaProjects\MyProjects\out\production
\MyProjects FinancialForecasting

Enter number of past months revenue data: 5
Enter monthly revenue data:

Month 1: \fill 10000

Month 2: \fill 12000

Month 3: \fill 14000

Month 4: \fill 15000

Month 5: \fill 16000

Enter how many months to base the forecast on: 3
Predicted revenue for next month: \fill 15000.00

Process finished with exit code 0
```