EVALUATION OF ANTI OXIDANTACTIVITY OF FLOWER

EXTRACTS OF Parthenium hysterophorus

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ABSTRACT:

Synthetic drugs are potentially toxic and are not free from side effects on the host. Therefore an

attempt has been made to study the antioxidant activity of plants. As plants and plant-based

drugs are less toxic and have acceptable side effects, hence in the present study the crude extracts

of leaf of Parthenium hysterophorus L were selected to study antioxidant activity. The research

works which were carried out during the past were mainly based on the control and elimination

of this weed due to its noxious effect. In the present work the ethanolic flower extract was

extracted by using soxhlet apparatus. Phytochemical screening was carried out qualitatively by

color reactions with different reagents. The Phytochemical screening revealed the presence of

flavonoids, alkaloids, glycosides, Terpenoids, tannins, saponins, cardiac glycosides and

carbohydrates. The antioxidant scavenging activity of this flower extract was determined by

applying two different assay methods: (1) DPPH (1, 1-diphenyl-2-picryl hydrazyl) free radical

method. (2) Hydrogen peroxide assay. The ethanolic extract showed the good antioxidant

activity with IC50 value of 97.2 µg/ml in DPPH method and with IC50 value of 57.2 µg/ml in

Hydrogen peroxide assay method. This study can be basis for the further research to find out

more detail information regarding the relationship between antioxidant activity and other

quantitative phytochemical content which may help to highlight the chemicals which are

responsible for this activity.

Keywords: Parthenium hysterophorus, antioxidant activity, DPPH free radical scavenging

method, Hydrogen peroxide assay method.