

An IT-Theoretic Defusion of Online Offline Fake Government of Telangana (OOFGoT)

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Abstract

Currently, in India and worldwide, the number of cybercrime cases is rapidly increasing, as can be seen in different types of social media such as news groups on the Internet, online news sites, most popular news papers, and magazines we really depend on for latest news. Cybercrime is the crime committed using computer as a tool or a target. We have taken up a cybercrime case study related to JNTUH-JAC cyber criminal organization, as part of our research work, and have been tracking the progression and response against the cybercrimes by the related public authorities namely, JNTUH University administrators, and police personnel of K.P.H.B Police Station, Hyderabad. The two organizations namely i) <http://jntuhjac.com> which is an online organization with the cybercriminal content in the image to the R.H.S of its home page is known as Online Fake Government of Telangana (Online FGoT) and ii) JNTUJAC which is an offline organization, prevalent in the academic premises of the JNTUH academic community continuing its organized activities, is known as Offline Fake Government of Telangana (Offline FGoT). These two organizations were born in 2011 and prevalent during the Telangana Separatist Movement in the years 2011-2014. They are still existing in JNTUH academic community and are collectively known as the Online Offline Fake Government of Telangana (OOFGoT).

We utilized various types of IT devices to defuse the cyber criminal activities of OOFGoT such as ICT approaches, RTI Act 2005, and Information Transparency principle. It is reflected through our research publications over many years in our research group. We also resorted to theoretical approaches such as field reporting and publishing well-indexed research papers etc. We have brought out a “Pronational Workforce” recently in 2018 year, which builds and develops Quality-of-National-Life (QoNL) and paves way to “Road to Information Technology (RIT)” by means of RTI. This way we contribute to the success of right Information Technology, i.e. RIT. We brought awareness about the context of this cybercrime among public authorities, and the response from the public authorities namely, Governor’s Secretariat, the Prime Minister’s Office, A.P Secretariat Office, Rajya Sabha Secretariat, TSPSC, and DST reflect the fact that these kinds of cybercrime incidents were not desirable for any nation. They destroy the national spirit and pave way for more cybercrimes, if the related cybercriminals are left unpunished. We gathered data through RTI Act 2005 from the above mentioned public authorities, and analyzed to bring out the essence and required methods for handling cyber crimes of related types. We sensitized and insisted cyberpolice to pass orders to prohibit the JNTUJAC and FGoT cybercriminal organizations and work for conviction of these cybercriminals.

KEYWORDS

Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad-Joint Action Committee (JNTUH-JAC), Fake Government of Telangana (FGoT), Online-Offline-Fake-Government-of-Telangana (OOFGoT), Government of Telangana 2011 (GoT2011), Cyber laws, Government of Telangana 2014 (GoT2014), Quality-of-National-Life (QoNL), Wayback machine, Web robot, Right-to-Information (RTI) Act 2005.