



89) Problem Statement :- write a java program that import and use the user defined packages.

Source code :-

```
Greeting mypackage;  
public class Greetings  
{ public void sayHello()  
    { System.out.println("Hello from the Greetings  
      class in my package!");  
    }  
}
```

Main program:-

```
import mypackage.Greeting;  
public class MainProgram  
{ public static void main (String args[])  
    { Greeting greeting = new Greeting();  
      greeting.SayHello();  
    }  
}
```

Compile package :

javac mypackage\Greeting.java

Compile the main program

Javac MainProgram.java

Run the program

java MainProgram

Output :-

~~java main program~~

Hello java the greeting class in mypackage!



8) b

Problem Statement: without writing any code, build a GUI that display text in label and image in an ImageView (use JavaFX)

Step by Step Design outline for JavaFX GUI

1. Create a Main window (Stage):

- The main window (Stage) will contain a layout pane to organize the UI components.

2. use a layout pane (VBox):

- A VBox (vertical box) is a suitable layout pane to stack components vertically.
- Set spacing and alignment properties on the VBox to control the arrangement of the label and image.

3. Add a label:-

- place a label at the top of the VBox to display text.
- Set the text content of the label, such as "welcome to JavaFX!" or any other text.

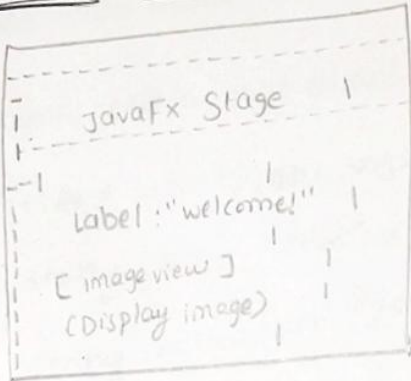
4. Add an ImageView:

- Below the label, add an image view to display an image.
- Set the imageView properties such as fitWidth, fitHeight, or preserveRatio to control how the image appears.
- use an image object (loaded from a URL or file path) to set the imageView.



5. Setup the Scene and Display:-
- Add the VBox (with the label and image view) to the scene
 - Display the stage with the scene.

visual layout:-



6c) Problem Statement:- Build a tip calculator app using several JavaFX components and learn how to respond to user interactions with GUI

Step by Step Design and Functionality outline:

1. Setup the main stage and scene:

use a VBox layout to stack elements vertically setting spacing and alignment for a clean look.

2. Create the UI components:

- Labels: provide text prompts for each field like "Enter Bill Amount" and "select tip percentage".
- TextField: Allow users to input the bill amount
- ComboBox: offers a dropdown with different tip percentages (eg, 10%, 15%, 20%).
- Button: A "calculate" button to compute the total
- Result label: Display the calculated tip amount and total cost

3. Add event Handling:-

- Use event handling for the "calculate" button to perform the calculation based on user input and selection.
- parse input from the textfield and combobox calculate the tip and total & display the results in the result label.

4. Error Handling:

Handle invalid inputs (eg., non-numeric input for the bill amount) to avoid application crashes.

Code Structure:-

1. Layout & Design

- Stage: The main window where the components will be displayed.
- VBox: Used to stack components with spacing
- HBoxes: - Nested within the VBox for organizing components horizontally. eg:- label + TextField in one row.

2. Component List

- Label: "Enter Bill Amount", "select tip percentage", "Tip Amount", "Total Amount".
- TextField: For entering the bill amount
- ComboBox: For selecting the tip percentage
- Button: "calculate" button to perform the calculation
- Result label: to display the tip amount and total amount

3. Event Handling logic:

- Retrieve the entered bill amount from the Text field.
- Retrieve the selected tip percentage from the ComboBox.
- calculate the tip by multiplying the bill amount with the selected percentage.
- calculate the total by adding the tip to the bill amount.
- Display the calculated tip and total in the Result label.

Visual layout of the tip calculator App.

tip calculator

Enter Bill Amount :

[TextField]

Select Tip Percentage :

[ComboBox : 10%, 15%, 20%]

[calculate Button]

Tip amount : \$ calculated

TIP] \$ calculated

Total amount :

Total]



Q.2) Problem Statement:- write a java program that connects to data base using JDBC.

Source code:-

```
import java.sql.Connection;  
import java.sql.DriverManager;  
import java.sql.SQLException;  
public class DatabaseConnectionExample
```

```
{  
    public static void main (String args[])  
    {  
        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb";  
        String user = "root";  
        String password = "your password";  
        Connection connection = null;
```

```
        try {  
            connection = DriverManager.getConnection  
                (url, user, password);  
            System.out.println ("Database Connection  
                successfully.");  
        }
```

```
        catch (SQLException)
```

```
{  
            System.out.println ("failed to connect to  
                the database");  
            e.printStackTrace();  
        }
```

```
    finally
```

```
{  
    try {  
        if (connection != null)
```

```
{  
            connection.close();
```

```
            System.out.println ("Database  
                connection closed");  
        }  
    }
```



```
catch (SQLException ex)
```

```
{  
    ex.printStackTrace();  
}
```

```
}  
}  
}
```

output:-

Successful Connection:-

Database Connection successful.

Database Connection Closed

failed Connection:-

Failed to connect to the database

Com. mysql.jdbc.exceptions.CommunicationsException

Communications link failure

The last packet sent successfully to the server was
0 milliseconds ago. The driver has not received
any packets from the server at-----

9b)

Problem Statement :- write a java program to connect to a data base using JDBC and insert values into it.

Source code :

```
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.SQLException;

public class InsertDataExample
{
    public static void main (String args[])
    {
        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb";
        String user = "root";
        String password = "yourpassword";
        String sqlInsert = "INSERT INTO employees (id,
                                name, position) values (?, ?, ?)";

        Connection connection = null;
        PreparedStatement preparedStatement = null;

        try {
            connection = DriverManager.getConnection (url, user,
                                                        password);
            System.out.println ("Connected to the database");
            preparedStatement = connection.prepareStatement
                (sqlInsert);
            preparedStatement.setInt (1, 1);
            preparedStatement.setString (2, "John Doe");
            preparedStatement.setString (3, "Software Engineering");
            int rowsInserted = preparedStatement.executeUpdate();
            if (rowsInserted > 0)
            {

```

```

    {
        System.out.println("A new employee was inserted
                               successfully");
    }
}
catch (SQLException e)
{
    System.out.println("Data base error occurred");
    e.printStackTrace();
}
finally
{
    try {
        if (preparedStatement != null) preparedStatement.
            close();
        if (Connection != Null) Connection. close();
        System.out.println("Database Connection
                               closed");
    }
    catch (SQLException ex)
    {
        ex.printStackTrace();
    }
}
}
}
}
}

```

Output:-

Connected to the database
 A new employee was inserted successfully
 Database Connection closed



9c) problem statement:- write a java program to connect to a database using JDBC and delete values from it.

source code :-

```
import java.sql.Connection;  
import java.sql.DriverManager;  
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;  
import java.sql.SQLException;  
public class DatabaseDeleteExample
```

```
{  
    private static final String DB_URL =  
        "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/your-database-name";  
    private static final String USERNAME = "your-username";  
    private static final String PASSWORD = "your-password";  
    public static void main(String[] args)
```

```
{  
    Connection connection = null;  
    PreparedStatement preparedStatement = null;
```

```
    try {  
        connection = DriverManager.getConnection(DB_URL,  
            USERNAME, PASSWORD);
```

```
        System.out.println("Connected to the database  
            successfully.");
```

```
        String sql = "DELETE FROM your-table-name  
            WHERE column-name = ?";
```

```
        PreparedStatement = connection.prepareStatement(sql);
```

```
        PreparedStatement.setString(1, "value-to-delete");
```

```
        int rowsAffected = PreparedStatement.executeUpdate();
```

```
        System.out.println("rows affected + " rows deleted.");
```

```
}
```



```
catch (SQLException e)
{
    e.printStackTrace();
}
finally {
    try {
        if (preparedStatement != null)
            preparedStatement.close();
        if (connection != null)
            connection.close();
    }
    catch (SQLException e)
    {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
```

output:-

connected to the database successfully
1 row(s) deleted