```
# Importing the Dependencies
 from IPython import get ipython
 from IPython.display import display
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
# Load the dataset to pandas dataframe
credit card data = pd.read csv('creditcard.csv')
# Read the first 5 rows of the datasets
credit card data.head()
{"type":"dataframe","variable_name":"credit_card_data"}
# Display the last 5 rows
credit card_data.tail()
{"type": "dataframe"}
# Get information from dataset
credit card data.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 284807 entries, 0 to 284806
Data columns (total 31 columns):
#
     Column Non-Null Count
                              Dtype
- - -
 0
     Time
             284807 non-null float64
 1
     ٧1
             284807 non-null float64
 2
             284807 non-null float64
     ٧2
 3
    ٧3
             284807 non-null float64
 4
    ٧4
             284807 non-null float64
 5
    V5
             284807 non-null float64
 6
    ۷6
             284807 non-null float64
 7
             284807 non-null float64
    ٧7
 8
    ٧8
             284807 non-null float64
             284807 non-null float64
 9
    ٧9
 10
    V10
             284807 non-null float64
             284807 non-null float64
 11
    V11
    V12
 12
             284807 non-null float64
 13
    V13
             284807 non-null float64
 14
             284807 non-null float64
    V14
 15
    V15
             284807 non-null float64
             284807 non-null float64
 16
    V16
 17
    V17
             284807 non-null float64
 18
   V18
             284807 non-null float64
```

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19 V19
             284807 non-null float64
 20 V20
             284807 non-null float64
21 V21
             284807 non-null float64
    V22
             284807 non-null float64
 22
23 V23
             284807 non-null float64
24 V24
             284807 non-null float64
25
    V25
             284807 non-null float64
26 V26
             284807 non-null float64
             284807 non-null float64
27 V27
28 V28
             284807 non-null float64
    Amount 284807 non-null float64
29
30 Class
             284807 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(30), int64(1)
memory usage: 67.4 MB
# Checking the number of missing values in each column
credit card data.isnull().sum()
Time
          0
٧1
          0
٧2
          0
          0
٧3
٧4
          0
V5
          0
۷6
          0
٧7
          0
۷8
          0
۷9
          0
V10
          0
V11
          0
V12
          0
V13
          0
V14
          0
V15
          0
V16
          0
          0
V17
V18
          0
          0
V19
V20
          0
V21
          0
V22
          0
V23
          0
V24
          0
V25
          0
          0
V26
V27
          0
V28
          0
Amount
          0
Class
dtype: int64
```

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# Check the distribution of legit transaction and fraudent
transactions
credit_card_data['Class'].value_counts()
Class
     284315
0
1
       492
Name: count, dtype: int64
# Separating data for analysis
legit = credit card data[credit card data == 0]
fraud = credit_card_data[credit_card_data == 1]
# Print the shape of legit and fraud
print(legit.shape)
print(fraud.shape)
(284807, 31)
(284807, 31)
# Get statistical measure of the data
legit.Amount.describe()
        1825.0
count
            0.0
mean
            0.0
std
            0.0
min
25%
            0.0
            0.0
50%
75%
            0.0
            0.0
max
Name: Amount, dtype: float64
# Get statistical measure for the data
fraud.Amount.describe()
count
        13688.0
             1.0
mean
             0.0
std
             1.0
min
25%
             1.0
50%
             1.0
75%
             1.0
             1.0
max
Name: Amount, dtype: float64
# Compare the values for both of these transactions
credit card data.groupby('Class').mean()
{"type": "dataframe"}
```

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# Dealing with unbalanced data in the dataset
legit sample = legit.sample(n=492)
# Concatenating two dataframes
fraud sample = fraud.sample(n=492)
new dataset = pd.concat([legit sample,], axis = 0)
# Check the first 5 rows of the new dataframe
new dataset.head()
{"type":"dataframe", "variable name": "new dataset"}
# Display the last five rows of the new dataset
new dataset.tail()
{"type": "dataframe"}
# Check the value count for the new dataset
new dataset['Class'].value counts()
Class
       489
0.0
Name: count, dtype: int64
fraud sample = fraud.sample(n=492)
new dataset = pd.concat([legit sample, fraud sample], axis = 0)
new dataset.groupby('Class').max()
{"type":"dataframe"}
# Splitting data into features and targets
X = new dataset.drop(columns = 'Class', axis = 0)
Y = new dataset['Class']
print(X)
        Time V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6 V7 V8
                                             . . .
                                                  V21
                                                       V22
                                                            V23
                                                                 V24
        V27 V28 Amount
V25 V26
10895
        Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan
                                                       NaN
                                                            NaN
                                                                 NaN
                                                  NaN
NaN NaN NaN NaN
                      NaN
39821
         Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan
                                                  NaN
                                                       NaN
                                                            NaN
                                                                 NaN
                                              . . .
NaN NaN NaN NaN
                       NaN
11708
        Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan
                                                  NaN
                                                       NaN
                                                            NaN
                                                                 NaN
NaN NaN NaN NaN
                      NaN
250355
        Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan
                                                                 NaN
                                              . . .
                                                  NaN
                                                       NaN
                                                            NaN
NaN
    NaN NaN NaN
                       NaN
         Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan
107287
                                                  NaN
                                                       NaN
                                                            NaN
                                                                 NaN
                                              . . .
NaN NaN NaN NaN
                      NaN
868
         Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan ...
                                                  NaN NaN NaN
                                                                 NaN
    NaN NaN NaN
NaN
                       NaN
```

```
249887
         Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan
                                                   NaN
                                                        NaN
                                                             NaN
                                                                  NaN
NaN NaN
         NaN
              NaN
                       NaN
27387
         Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan
                                                   NaN
                                                        NaN
                                                             NaN
                                                                  NaN
NaN NaN
         NaN NaN
172322
         Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan
                                                   NaN
                                                        NaN
                                                             NaN
                                                                  NaN
NaN NaN
        NaN NaN
                       NaN
87045
         Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan Nan
                                                   NaN
                                                        NaN
                                                             NaN
                                                                  NaN
NaN NaN
        NaN
             NaN
                       NaN
[984 rows x 30 columns]
print(Y)
          0.0
10895
39821
          0.0
11708
          0.0
250355
          0.0
107287
          0.0
868
          NaN
249887
          NaN
27387
          NaN
172322
          NaN
87045
          NaN
Name: Class, Length: 984, dtype: float64
# Handling Nan values in the 'class' column
new dataset.dropna(subset=['Class'],inplace=True)
# Split sata into training and testing data
X = new dataset.drop(columns= 'Class', axis = 1)
Y = new dataset['Class']
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X,Y, test_size
=0.2, stratify = Y, random state = 2)
print(X.shape, X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
(492, 30) (393, 30) (99, 30)
# Model training
model = LogisticRegression()
# Handling missing values
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy = 'mean')
X train = imputer.fit transform(X train)
X test = imputer.transform(X test)
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/sklearn/impute/ base.py:635:
UserWarning: Skipping features without any observed values: ['Time'
'V1' 'V2' 'V3' 'V4' 'V5' 'V6' 'V7' 'V8' 'V9' 'V10' 'V11' 'V12'
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'V13' 'V14' 'V15' 'V16' 'V17' 'V18' 'V19' 'V20' 'V21' 'V22' 'V23'
'V24'
 'V25' 'V26' 'V27' 'V28']. At least one non-missing value is needed
for imputation with strategy='mean'.
 warnings.warn(
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/sklearn/impute/_base.py:635:
UserWarning: Skipping features without any observed values: ['Time'
'V1' 'V2' 'V3' 'V4' 'V5' 'V6' 'V7' 'V8' 'V9' 'V10' 'V11' 'V12'
'V13' 'V14' 'V15' 'V16' 'V17' 'V18' 'V19' 'V20' 'V21' 'V22' 'V23'
'V24'
'V25' 'V26' 'V27' 'V28']. At least one non-missing value is needed
for imputation with strategy='mean'.
 warnings.warn(
# Trainng the Logistic Regression model with training data
model.fit(X train, Y train)
LogisticRegression()
# Model Evaluation
model score = model.score(X train, Y train)
X train prediction = model.predict(X train)
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
training_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(X_train_prediction, Y_train)
print(f"Accuracy on training datasset: {training_data_accuracy}")
Accuracy on training datasset: 0.9949109414758269
# Accuracy score for testind data
model_score = model.score(X test, Y test)
X test prediction = model.predict(X test)
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
testing data accuracy = accuracy score(X test prediction, Y test)
print(f"Accuracy on testing dataset: {testing data accuracy}")
Accuracy on testing dataset: 0.98989898989898
```