# 

# CSS LAYOUT - DISPLAY: INLINE-BLOCK

ompared to display: inline, the major difference is that display: inline-block allows to set a width and height on the element.

Also, with display: inline-block, the top and bottom margins/paddings are respected, but with display: inline they are not. Compared to display: block, the major difference is that display: inline-block does not add a line-break after the element, so the element can sit next to other elements.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
   <head>
       <link rel="stylesheet" href="index2.css">
       <style>p{display:inline-block}</style>
   </head>
   <body>
       This is an apple
       hello! How are you doing?Z
   </body>
 /html>
```

This is an apple hello! How are you doing?Z

### 

IN HTML, THERE ARE TWO MAIN TYPES OF LISTS:

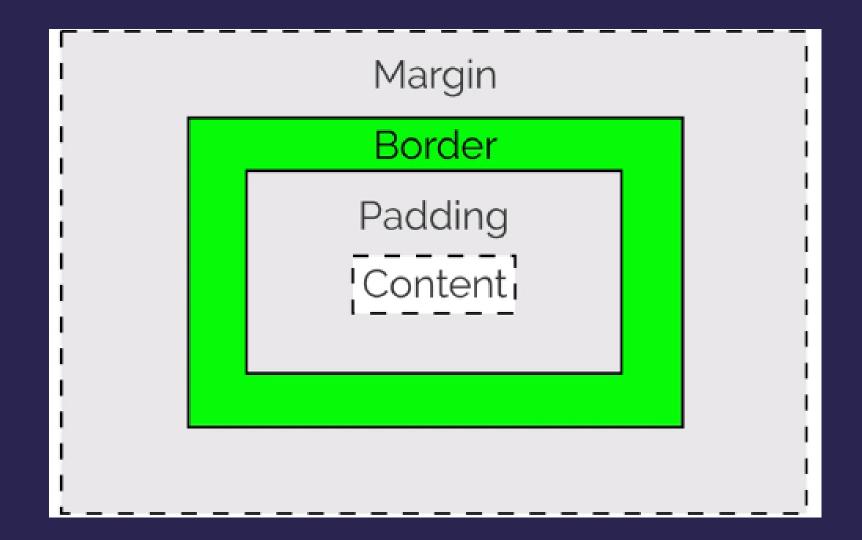
UNORDERED LISTS (<UL>) - THE LIST ITEMS ARE MARKED WITH BULLETS ORDERED LISTS (<OL>) - THE LIST ITEMS ARE MARKED WITH NUMBERS OR LETTERS

```
muexz.num / w mum / w bouy / w u / w m
  <!DOCTYPE html>
  <html>
      <head>
        <title></title>
        <link rel="stylesheet" href="index2.css">
     </head>
     <body>
        Wake up from sleep
           Go Fresh up 
           Study
           Attend classes
           Sleep
        <l
           Wake up from sleep
           Go Fresh up 
           Study
           Attend classes
           Sleep
        </body>
   </html>
```

- 🗀 Bookmarks Bar (Edg... 🗀 Bookmarks Bar (Edg... 🗋
  - 1. Wake up from sleep
  - 2. Go Fresh up
  - 3. Study
  - 4. Attend classes
  - 5. Sleep
  - Wake up from sleep
  - Go Fresh up
  - Study
  - Attend classes
  - Sleep

### CSS BOX MODEL

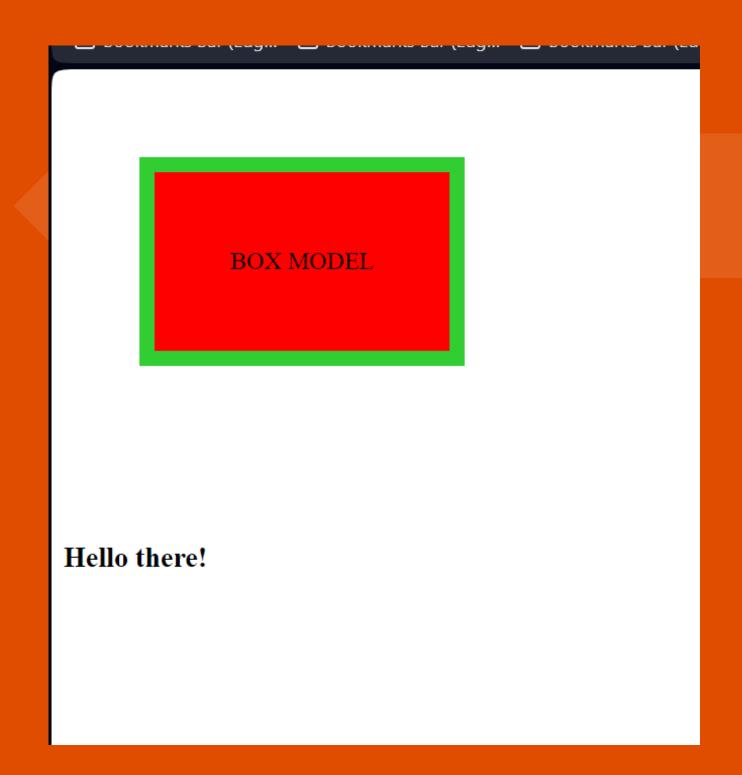
CSS box model consists of content, padding, border and margin



Page

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```
p {
    background-color: red;
    display: inline-block;
    padding: 50px;
    border: 10px solid limegreen;
    margin-top: 50px;
    margin-left: 50px;
h3 {
    margin-top: 100px;
```



```
<u>K</u> [0
                                                           €3
           Elements Console
                              Sources Network >>>
 <!DOCTYPE html>
 <html>
 ▶ <head> • </head>
••• ▼<body> == $0
     box model 
    <!-- Code injected by live-server -->
   ▶<script> •• </script>
   </body>
 </html>
html body
Styles Computed Layout Event Listeners DOM Breakpoints Propert
                                              :hov .cls 🕂 🛱
Filter
element.style {
body {
                                                user agent style
  display: block;
  margin: ▶ 8px;
```

#### VIDEO TAG

The <video> tag is used to embed video content in a document, such as a movie clip or other video streams.

```
<video controls>
  <source src="movie.mp4" type="video/mp4">
  Your browser does not support the html video tag.
</video>
```

Browser	mp4	webM	ogg
Conternet Explorer	yes	no	no
© Google Chrome	yes	yes	yes
Mozilla Firefox	yes	yes	yes
<b>O</b> Opera	no	yes	yes
Apple Safari	yes	no	no

## TEXT FORMATTING

We will look into how can we have our desired text family using google fonts.

- Font size
- Font weight
- Font family
- Font style