Software Requirements Specification (SRS)

1. Introduction

Project Title: LocalServe - Community-Based Local Services Platform

Purpose:

To create a web-based platform that connects users with local service providers (plumbers, electricians, tutors, cleaners, etc.), enabling **service discovery, bookings, secure payments, real-time communication, and reviews**.

Scope:

- **Users (Customers):** Search and filter services, book services, make payments, chat with providers, and leave reviews.
- **Providers (Service Providers):** Register and manage services, update availability, manage bookings, receive payments, and view feedback.
- Admin: Manage users and providers, monitor bookings, oversee payments, and view analytics/statistics.

2. Functional Requirements

- Users
- Register/Login (JWT Authentication)
- Browse/Search/Filter services
- Book services and track booking status
- · Chat with providers in real-time
- Make payments via Razorpay
- · Write reviews with ratings and images
- Manage personal bookings (cancel/reschedule)

Providers

- Register/Login as a provider
- Add, update, delete services
- View and manage bookings
- Chat with customers in real-time
- · Track payments and earnings
- View reviews submitted on their services

Admins

- Manage users and providers (verify, suspend, delete)
- · Manage services and bookings

- Monitor payments and disputes
- · View site statistics and analytics dashboard

3. Non-Functional Requirements

- Performance: Support at least 100+ concurrent users.
- Security: JWT authentication, password hashing, secure payment flow with Razorpay.
- Scalability: Modular REST APIs + real-time communication with Socket.io.
- Usability: Responsive design (mobile-friendly), intuitive dashboard for all roles.
- Reliability: MongoDB indexes for fast lookups, error handling for failed transactions.

4. System Design Overview

- Frontend: Vue.js + Vite + Pinia + TailwindCSS
- Backend: Node.js + Express.js
- Database: MongoDB (with Mongoose ORM)
- Authentication: JWT (Access + Refresh tokens)
- Real-Time: Socket.io (chat + notifications)
- · Payments: Razorpay
- Media Storage: Cloudinary
- Email Notifications: Nodemailer
- Deployment: Vercel (Frontend), Render/Heroku (Backend)

5. UML Diagrams (Overview)

- Use Case Diagram:
- · Actors: User, Provider, Admin
- · Use Cases:
 - User → Search, Book, Pay, Chat, Review
 - ∘ Provider → Add/Manage services, Manage bookings, Chat, View reviews
 - Admin → Manage users, services, bookings, and view analytics
- · Class Diagram (Simplified):
- User(userId, name, email, password, role)
- Service(serviceId, providerId, name, category, price, availability, tags)
- Booking(bookingId, userId, serviceId, status, date, paymentId)
- · Payment(paymentId, bookingId, amount, status, transactionDetails)
- Review(reviewId, userId, serviceId, rating, comment, images)
- · Notification(notificationId, userId, title, body, type, isRead)

- Message(messageId, conversationId, senderId, text, attachments, readBy)
- Sequence Diagram (Booking Flow):
- User searches → System shows services → User selects service
- User books → Provider gets notification → Provider accepts/rejects
- If accepted \rightarrow User makes payment \rightarrow Booking confirmed
- System sends notifications and updates booking status
- ER Diagram (Entities & Relationships):
- Users ↔ Services (1-M)
- Users ↔ Bookings (1-M)
- Services ↔ Bookings (1-M)
- Bookings ↔ Payments (1–1)
- Services ↔ Reviews (1-M)
- Users ↔ Notifications (1-M)
- **Users** ↔ **Messages** (M–M via Conversation)

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