

## EM215: Numerical Methods

### Lab Assignment 2



You may use either Python or Matlab to solve the followings.

- (1) (a) Estimate the first derivative of the function,

$$f(x) = -0.1x^4 - 0.5x^2 - 0.5x + 1.2$$

at  $x = 0.5$  with forward, backward and centered difference approximation at  $x = 0.5$ . In each case, start with a step size of 1 and halve the step size and repeat calculations until the step size reaches  $\frac{1}{2^{15}}$ . Given that  $f'(0.5) = -1.05$ , tabulate the values: step size, derivative approximations using the three methods and the absolute errors of the estimates of the three methods. Plot the errors versus step size, in log-log scale, for the three methods.

Explain how you identify the orders of errors in the methods using the gradients of the graphs drawn.

- (b) Estimate the second derivative of the function given in part (a) above at  $x = 0.5$ . Use the centered difference approximation and repeat the calculations as before until the step size reaches  $\frac{1}{2^{17}}$ . Given that  $f''(0.5) = -1.3$ , tabulate the values: step size, the second derivative approximation and the absolute error. As earlier, plot the error versus step size in log-log scale. Explain the behavior of the graph.

- (2) Consider the graphical method to approximate the roots of  $f(x) = 4 \log x - x = 0$  (page 27 of the lecture note). Considering the graphs of,

$$\begin{aligned} f_1(x) &= x \\ f_2(x) &= 4 \log x \\ f_2'(x) &= \frac{4}{x} \end{aligned}$$

explain how/why the fixed point iteration converges/diverges for starting values,

$x_0 < x_{r1}$ ,  $x_{r1} < x_0 \leq 4$ , and  $x_0 > 4$ .  $x_{r1} < x_{r2}$  are the two roots of  $f(x) = 0$ .

**Deadline for submission: 4.00PM on 24<sup>th</sup> of December 2021**