

The screenshot displays the pgAdmin 4 web interface. On the left, the 'Object Explorer' pane shows a tree structure of the database 'music_database/postgres@PostgreSQL 15'. The 'Tables (11)' folder is selected, showing a list of tables including 'album', 'casts', 'catalogs', 'event_triggers', 'extensions', 'foreign_data_wrappers', 'languages', 'publications', 'schemas', 'sequences', and 'tables'.

The main pane shows the 'Query' editor with the following SQL query:

```
/* Q3: What are top 3 values of total invoice? */
SELECT total
FROM invoice
ORDER BY total DESC
```

The 'Data Output' pane shows the results of the query, which is a single column named 'total' of type 'double precision'. The results are as follows:

total
23.759999999999998
19.8
19.8
19.8
19.8
18.81
17.82
17.82
17.82

The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Total rows: 614 of 614' and 'Query complete 00:00:00.051'.

pgAdmin 4

File Object Tools Help

Object Explorer

Servers (1)

PostgreSQL 15

Databases (2)

music_database

Casts

Catalogs

Event Triggers

Extensions

Foreign Data Wrappers

Languages

Publications

Schemas (1)

public

Aggregates

Collations

Domains

FTS Configurations

FTS Dictionaries

FTS Parsers

FTS Templates

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Functions

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Sequences

Tables (11)

album

Columns

Constraints

Indexes

Dashboard

Properties

SQL

Statistics

music_database/postgres@PostgreSQL 15*

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No limit

Query

Query History

```

1  /* Q5: Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be declared the best customer.
2  Write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money.*/
3
4  SELECT customer.customer_id, first_name, last_name, SUM(total) AS total_spending
5  FROM customer
6  JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
7  GROUP BY customer.customer_id
8  ORDER BY total_spending DESC
9  LIMIT 1;
10

```

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

	customer_id [PK] integer	first_name character	last_name character	total_spending double precision
1	5	R	Madhav	144.54000000000002

Total rows: 1 of 1

Query complete 00:00:00.102

Ln 10, Col

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musicdatabase/postgres@PostgreSQL 15

Query

```
1 /* Q7: Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our dataset.
2 Write a query that returns the Artist name and total track count of the top 10 rock bands. */
3
4 SELECT artist.artist_id, artist.name, COUNT(artist.artist_id) AS number_of_songs
5 FROM track
6 JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album_id
7 JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id
8 JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id
9 WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
10 GROUP BY artist.artist_id
11 ORDER BY number_of_songs DESC
12 LIMIT 10;
```

Data Output

	artist_id [PK] character varying (50)	name character varying (120)	number_of_songs bigint
1	22	Led Zeppelin	114
2	150	U2	112
3	58	Deep Purple	92
4	90	Iron Maiden	81
5	118	Pearl Jam	54
6	152	Van Halen	52
7	51	Queen	45
8	142	The Rolling Stones	41
9	76	Creedence Clearwater Revival	40

Total rows: 10 of 10 Query complete 00:00:00.084 Ln 8, Col 46

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Query

```
1 /* Q8: Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song length.
2 Return the Name and Milliseconds for each track. Order by the song length with the longest songs listed first. */
3
4 SELECT name, milliseconds
5 FROM track
6 WHERE milliseconds > (
7     SELECT AVG(milliseconds) AS avg_track_length
8     FROM track )
9 ORDER BY milliseconds DESC;
```

Data Output

	name character varying (150)	milliseconds integer
1	Occupation / Precipice	5286953
2	Through a Looking Glass	5088838
3	Greetings from Earth, Pt. 1	2960293
4	The Man With Nine Lives	2956998
5	Battlestar Galactica, Pt. 2	2956081
6	Battlestar Galactica, Pt. 1	2952702
7	Murder On the Rising Star	2935894
8	Battlestar Galactica, Pt. 3	2927802
9	Take the Celestra	

Total rows: 494 of 494 Query complete 00:00:00.084

Successfully run. Total query runtime: 84 msec. 494 rows affected.

Ln 1, Col 6

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Query

```
1 /* Q9: Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists? Write a query to return customer name, artist name and total spent */
2
3 WITH best_selling_artist AS (
4     SELECT artist.artist_id AS artist_id, artist.name AS artist_name, SUM(invoice_line.unit_price*invoice_line.quantity) AS total_sale
5     FROM invoice_line
6     JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoice_line.track_id
7     JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album_id
8     JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id
9     GROUP BY 1
10    ORDER BY 3 DESC
11    LIMIT 1
12 )
13
14 SELECT c.customer_id, c.first_name, c.last_name, bsa.artist_name, SUM(il.unit_price*il.quantity) AS amount_spent
15 FROM invoice i
16 JOIN customer c ON c.customer_id = i.customer_id
17 JOIN invoice_line il ON il.invoice_id = i.invoice_id
18 JOIN track t ON t.track_id = il.track_id
19 JOIN album alb ON alb.album_id = t.album_id
20 JOIN best_selling_artist bsa ON bsa.artist_id = alb.artist_id
21 GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
22 ORDER BY 5 DESC;
```

Data Output

customer_id	first_name	last_name	artist_name
1	46	Hugh	O'Reilly
2	38	Niklas	Schröder
3	3	François	Tremblay
4	34	João	Fernandes
5	53	Phil	Hughes
6	41	Marc	Dubois
7

Successfully run. Total query runtime: 68 msec. 43 rows affected.

Total rows: 43 of 43 Query complete 00:00:00.068 Ln 21, Col 17

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Query

```

1 /* Q10: We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine the most popular genre as the genre
2 with the highest amount of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with the top Genre. For countries where
3 the maximum number of purchases is shared return all Genres. */
4
5 /* Steps to Solve: There are two parts in question- first most popular music genre and second need data at country level. */
6
7 /* Method 1: Using CTE */
8
9 WITH popular_genre AS
10 (
11     SELECT COUNT(invoice_line.quantity) AS purchases, customer.country, genre.name, genre.genre_id,
12     ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY customer.country ORDER BY COUNT(invoice_line.quantity) DESC) AS RowNo
13     FROM invoice_line
14     JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id
15     JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
16     JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoice_line.track_id
17     JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id
18     GROUP BY 2,3,4
19     ORDER BY 2 ASC, 1 DESC
20 )
21 SELECT * FROM popular_genre WHERE RowNo <= 1
22

```

Data Output

purchases	country	name	genre_id
bigint	character varying (50)	character varying (120)	character varying (50)
17	Argentina	Alternative & Punk	4
34	Australia	Rock	1
40	Austria	Rock	1
26	Belgium	Rock	1
205	Brazil	Rock	1
333	Canada	Rock	1
41	Chile	Rock	1

Total rows: 24 of 24 Query complete 00:00:00.049 Ln 22, Col 1

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Query

```

1 /* Q11: Write a query that determines the customer that has spent the most on music for each country.
2 Write a query that returns the country along with the top customer and how much they spent.
3 For countries where the top amount spent is shared, provide all customers who spent this amount. */
4
5 /* Steps to Solve: Similar to the above question. There are two parts in question-
6 first find the most spent on music for each country and second filter the data for respective customers. */
7
8 /* Method 1: using CTE */
9
10 WITH Customer_with_country AS (
11     SELECT customer.customer_id, first_name, last_name, billing_country, SUM(total) AS total_spending,
12     ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY billing_country ORDER BY SUM(total) DESC) AS RowNo
13     FROM invoice
14     JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
15     GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
16     ORDER BY 4 ASC, 5 DESC)
17 SELECT * FROM Customer_with_country WHERE RowNo <= 1
18
19

```

Data Output

customer_id	first_name	last_name	billing_country
integer	character	character	character varying (30)
56	Diego	Gutiérrez	Argentina
55	Mark	Taylor	Australia
7	Astrid	Gruber	Austria
8	Daan	Peeters	Belgium
1	Luis	Gonçalves	Brazil
3	François	Tremblay	Canada
57	Luis	Rojas	Chile
5	R	Madhav	Czech Republic

Total rows: 24 of 24 Query complete 00:00:00.068 Ln 19, Col 1