Simplified IBM 1 computation by hand.

*Initialisation step:

derived from a uniform distribution leased on the source vocabulary

ITER1

* counts

$$-C(la)the) = \frac{1/2}{1/2+1/2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$C(\text{maison} \mid \text{the}) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{12 + \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$$
 $C(\text{la | house}) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$

from sent. 1 T from sent. 2

* translation | probabilities:

$$t (maison) the = \frac{\gamma_2}{\gamma_2 + \gamma_2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

1

ITER 2:

* counts

$$c(la) the) = \frac{1/2}{1/2 + 1/4} = 1/2 \times \frac{4}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$c \text{ (maison | house)} = \frac{34}{2} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{5} + 1 = \frac{3}{5}$$

* translation probabilities

translation probabilities
$$t(la) the) = \frac{2/3}{2/3 + 2/5} = \frac{2/3}{10/15} = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{15}{10} = \frac{5}{3} = 0,625$$

$$t(\text{maisou}|\text{the}) = \frac{2/5}{2/3 + 2/5} = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{15}{16} = \frac{3}{8} = 0,375$$

$$t(la | house) = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{15}{15} = \frac{5}{15} \times \frac{15}{15} = \frac{5}{29} \times \frac{15}{29} = \frac{5}{28} \times \frac{0,172}{29}$$

$$+ (\text{maison | house}) = \frac{35}{3+85} = \frac{8}{5} \times \frac{15}{29} = \frac{24}{29} = 0.828$$