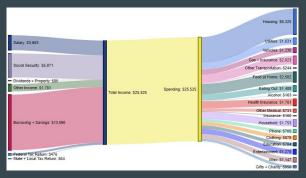
# U.S. Census Insight: Predicting Adult Income

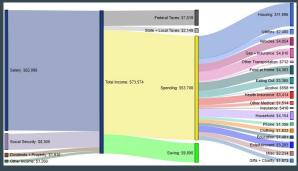
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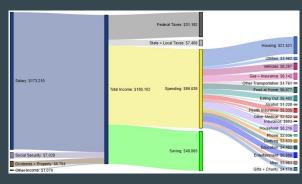
February 19, 2021

## **Proposal**

- Americans income-to-expense ratio varies by income level.
- What factors will allow us to accurately predict the annual income of adults in the US?
- If we can predict income, we can predict expenditure.

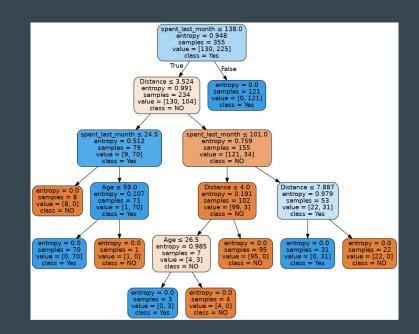






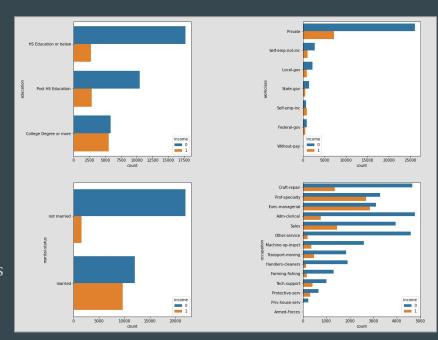
## The Methodology

- Clean the data to be categorical in nature.
- Create a categorical model with a RandomForest algorithm.
- Train a model to correctly categorize the income level of adults.



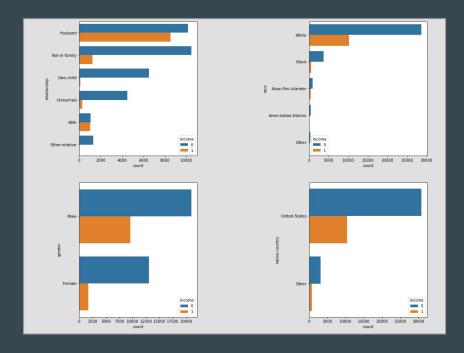
## Cleaning

- Binary Income:
  - 0 assigned <= \$50k/year,</li>1 assigned >\$50k/year
- Education cleaned into 3 categories
  - Little difference and representation in lower/higher education extremes
- Marital status simplified to binary
  - Little variation in income via technical status
    (ex: "widowed" vs. "never married" have
    similar income ratios)



## Cleaning (cont.)

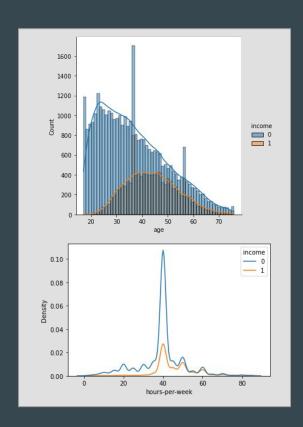
- Race & native country Not enough data representation
  to be reliable in categorical model.
- Gender and relationship show strong trends in relation to income.
  - Relationship is in regards to others in the home.



# Cleaning (cont.)

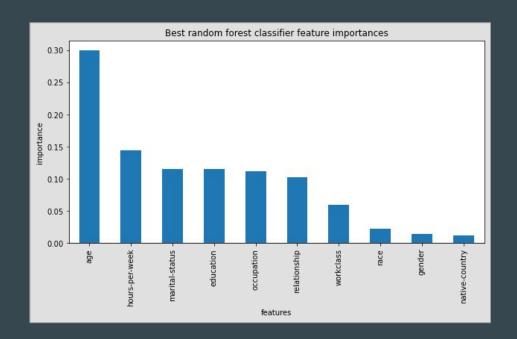
- Age shows strong correlation to income values; with a tail to the outlier ages of 70+.
  - Removed the 1% outliers

- Hours-per-week is focused in on an average of 40;
  as expected.
  - < 40 hours/week not conducive with making >\$50k?



#### **Feature Identification**

- No feature has a higher score than 30% correlation to income.
- As predicted, race had little value in predicting income from this dataset.
- Top 5 features:
  - Age ~ 30%
  - Hours-per-week ~ 15%
  - Marital Status ~12%
  - Education ~ 12%
  - Occupation ~12%



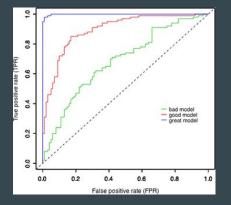
### Results of Random Forest Model

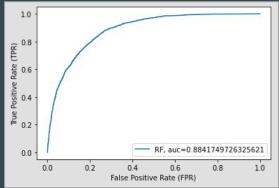
- Trained on 80% of data, tested on 20%.
  - Training accuracy: 85%
  - Testing Accuracy: 83.1%
- Recall or True Positive Rate
  - (TP/(TP+FN): 83%, better w/ <= \$50k data
- Precision
  - (TP/(FP+TN): 82%, better w/ <= \$50k data</p>
- F1-score
  - $\circ$  (2\*P\*R/(P+R): 82%
  - It is a harmonic mean of precision and recall
- Accuracy
  - ((TP+TN)/(N+P)): Overall ~83%
  - Percentage of total items classified correctly



#### **Results of Random Forest Model**

- Great? Good? Bad?!
- ROC-AUC Score:
  - Likelihood of randomly choosing a positive case & negative case where the positive case outranks the negative case according to the classifier.





• Our model's score: 88.4%; pretty good.

#### **Conclusions**

- We can accurately predict the income level of an adult in the US with an error of < 12%.
  - Allows us to predict expenses, savings, and taxes.
  - Enables tailored marketing to demographics according to expenses.
- For the future:
  - Need more representative data of minorities & immigrants
  - Consider adding more income tiers, changing from binary classification to a new model.