USE MCMC TO DO STORY GENERATION

A PREPRINT

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ABSTRACT

This is a review of the papaer Toward Automated Story Generation with Markov Chain Monte Carlo Methods and Deep Neural Networks by Brent Harrison, Christopher Purdy, Mark O. Riedl. This paper tried to use both MCMC and Recurrent Neural Network to generate novel stories. I will apply both of the method to my own insurance data and check the performance. Furthermore, to see if I can modify and generated something on my own.

Keywords Recurrent Neural Network · Bayesian · MCMC

1 Introduction

How do we represent meaning of words? One solution is to use WordNet(a lexical database for the English language), WordNet use human labors to find synoym sets. Then we can know "good" is similar to "nice". But in this way, we cannot calculate a numerical similarity for those words.

The other way is to use word vectors. One way to do so is use one hot encoding to encode words as vectors, then the length of the vector is the size of the vocabulary. For example, the word "you", "me" and "him" can then be represented as

$$you = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} me = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} him = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

A better way to do so is to represent words in a fixed dimension. For example, we can have a dimension to represent tense, a dimension to represent plural, and another dimension to represent negate prefix, etc.... We then let machine to learn the vectors itself.

How does the prediction works? There is the fancy idea "A word's meaning is given by the words that frequently appear close-by", we can build a model to predict occurrence of a word given another word is next to it. We can then use the posterior distribution to sample tokens and generate stories.

One way is to use nerual networks, the other is use Markov Chain

^{*}Shan is David's student)—not for acknowledging funding agencies.

2 Bigram and MCMC

In a bigram setting, the aurthor assume the distribution of tokens is conditional on the word previous to it. [1]

Markov Chain Monte Carlo Simulation

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2.1 Headings: second level

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$$\xi_{ij}(t) = P(x_t = i, x_{t+1} = j | y, v, w; \theta) = \frac{\alpha_i(t) a_{ij}^{w_t} \beta_j(t+1) b_j^{v_{t+1}}(y_{t+1})}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \alpha_i(t) a_{ij}^{w_t} \beta_j(t+1) b_j^{v_{t+1}}(y_{t+1})}$$
(1)

2.1.1 Headings: third level

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Paragraph Sed commodo posuere pede. Mauris ut est. Ut quis purus. Sed ac odio. Sed vehicula hendrerit sem. Duis non odio. Morbi ut dui. Sed accumsan risus eget odio. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Pellentesque non elit. Fusce sed justo eu urna porta tincidunt. Mauris felis odio, sollicitudin sed, volutpat a, ornare ac, erat. Morbi quis dolor. Donec pellentesque, erat ac sagittis semper, nunc dui lobortis purus, quis congue purus metus ultricies tellus. Proin et quam. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos hymenaeos. Praesent sapien turpis, fermentum vel, eleifend faucibus, vehicula eu, lacus.

3 Examples of citations, figures, tables, references

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The documentation for natbib may be found at

http://mirrors.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/natbib/natnotes.pdf

Of note is the command \citet, which produces citations appropriate for use in inline text. For example,

\citet{hasselmo} investigated\dots

produces

Hasselmo, et al. (1995) investigated...

https://www.ctan.org/pkg/booktabs

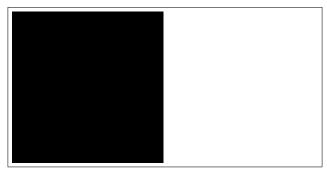


Figure 1: Sample figure caption.

Table 1: Sample table title

	Part	
Name	Description	Size (μm)
Dendrite Axon Soma	Input terminal Output terminal Cell body	$\begin{array}{c} \sim \! 100 \\ \sim \! 10 \\ \text{up to } 10^6 \end{array}$

3.1 Figures

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3.2 Tables

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3.3 Lists

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- consectetur adipiscing elit.
- Aliquam dignissim blandit est, in dictum tortor gravida eget. In ac rutrum magna.

References

- [1] Martin, L. J.; Ammanabrolu, P.; Hancock, W.; Singh, S.; Harrison, B.; and Riedl, M. O. Event representations for automated story generation with deep neural nets. In arXiv:1706.01331.
- [2] George Kour and Raid Saabne. Fast classification of handwritten on-line arabic characters. In *Soft Computing and Pattern Recognition (SoCPaR)*, 2014 6th International Conference of, pages 312–318. IEEE, 2014.

²Sample of the first footnote.

[3] Guy Hadash, Einat Kermany, Boaz Carmeli, Ofer Lavi, George Kour, and Alon Jacovi. Estimate and replace: A novel approach to integrating deep neural networks with existing applications. *arXiv preprint arXiv:1804.09028*, 2018.