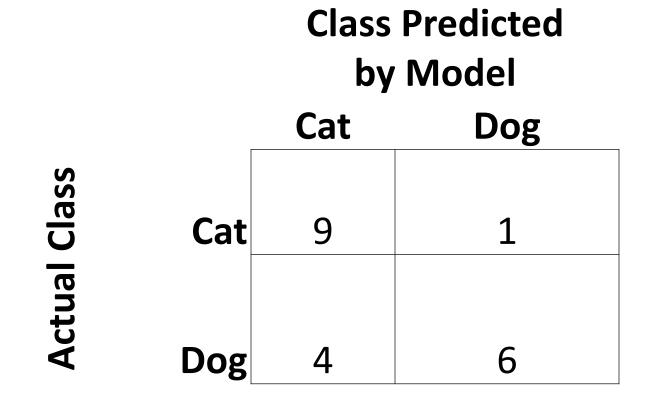
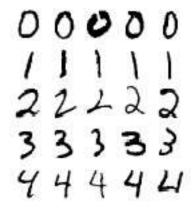
• If n classes, n x n matrix comparing actual versus predicted classes.



# Example: Handwritten Digit Recognition

$\overline{}$											
Class	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	Error Rate
1	191	0	0	5	1	0	1	0	2	0	4.5
2	0	188	2	0	0	1	3	0	0	6	6.0
3	0	3	191	0	1	0	2	0	3	0	4.5
4	8	0	0	187	4	0	1	0	0	0	6.5
5	0	0	0	0	193	0	0	0	7	0	3.5
6	0	0	0	0	1	196	0	2	0	1	2.0
7	2	2	0	2	0	1	190	0	1	2	5.0
8	0	1	0	0	1	2	2	196	0	0	2.0
9	5	0	2	0	8	0	3	0	179	3	10.5
0	1	4	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	192	4.5
Overall error rate 4.85%											



# Example: Handwritten Digit Recognition

Visualization from MathWorks

- For binary classifier, can call one class positive, the other negative.
- Should we call cats positive or negative?

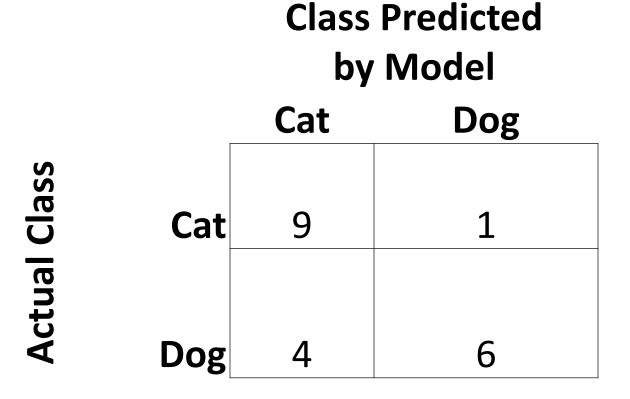
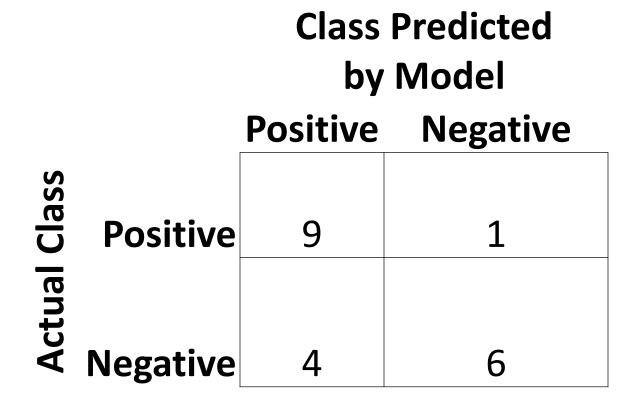


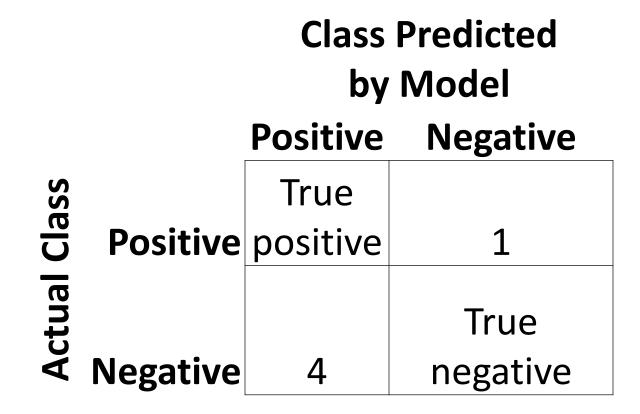


Photo from [1]

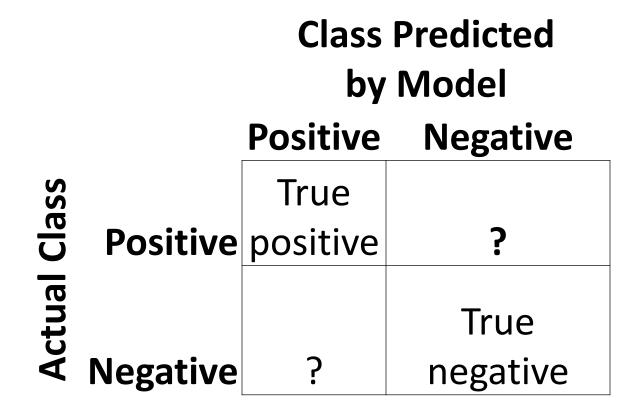
- For binary classifier, can call one class positive, the other negative.
- Cats are cuter, so cats = positive.



For binary classifier, can call one class positive, the other negative.



For binary classifier, can call one class positive, the other negative.



• For binary classifier, can call one class positive, the other negative.

		Class Predicted by Model		
		<b>Positive</b>	Negative	
155		True	False	
Class	<b>Positive</b>	positive	negative	
Actual		False	True	
A	<b>Negative</b>	positive	negative	

#### Classifier Performance

- Accuracy: (TP + TN) / (Population Size)
- Precision: TP / (Predicted Positives) = (TP + FP)
- Recall: TP / (Actual Positives) = TP / (TP + FN)
  (also known as sensitivity, true positive rate)
- Specificity: TN / (Actual Negatives) = TN / (TN + FP)
  (also known as true negative rate)

		<b>Positive</b>	Negative
Class		True	False
<u>8</u>	<b>Positive</b>	positive	negative
ctual		False	True
A	Negative	positive	negative

- Accuracy: (TP + TN) / (Population Size)
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  (also known as sensitivity, true positive rate)
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	Positive	Negative
S Positive	TP: 99	FN: 0
Actra Negative	FP: 1	TN: 0

- Accuracy: (TP + TN) / (Population Size) = ?
- Precision: TP / (Predicted Positives) = (TP + FP)
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Actra Negativ	<b>/e</b> FP: 1	TN: 0

- Accuracy: (TP + TN) / (Population Size) = 99%
- Precision: TP / (Predicted Positives) = (TP + FP) = 99%
- Recall: TP / (Actual Positives) = TP / (TP + FN) = 100%
  (also known as sensitivity, true positive rate)
- Specificity: TN / (Actual Negatives) = 0%
  (also known as true negative rate)

		<b>Positive</b>	Negative
Class	Positive	TP: 99	FN: 0
Actual	Negative	FP: 1	TN: 0